



User Guide

Powerdrive F300

Model size 3 to 11

Universal Variable Speed AC drive for induction and permanent magnet motors

Part Number: 0479-0003-02

Issue: 2

Original Instructions

For the purposes of compliance with the EU Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC:

General information

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation or adjustment of the optional operating parameters of the equipment or from mismatching the variable speed drive with the motor.

The contents of this guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interests of a commitment to a policy of continuous development and improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance, or the contents of the guide, without notice.

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Drive firmware version

This product is supplied with the latest firmware version. If this drive is to be connected to an existing system or machine, all drive firmware versions should be verified to confirm the same functionality as drives of the same model already present. This may also apply to drives returned from an Emerson Industrial Automation Service Centre or Repair Centre. If there is any doubt please contact the supplier of the product.

The firmware version of the drive can be checked by looking at Pr 11.029.

Environmental statement

Emerson Industrial Automation is committed to minimising the environmental impacts of its manufacturing operations and of its products throughout their life cycle. To this end, we operate an Environmental Management System (EMS) which is certified to the International Standard ISO 14001. Further information on the EMS, our Environmental Policy and other relevant information is available on request, or can be found at

http://www.emersonindustrial.com/en-EN/controltechniques/aboutus/environment/Pages/environment.aspx

The electronic variable-speed drives manufactured by Emerson Industrial Automation have the potential to save energy and (through increased machine/process efficiency) reduce raw material consumption and scrap throughout their long working lifetime. In typical applications, these positive environmental effects far outweigh the negative impacts of product manufacture and end-of-life disposal.

Nevertheless, when the products eventually reach the end of their useful life, they must not be discarded but should instead be recycled by a specialist recycler of electronic equipment. Recyclers will find the products easy to dismantle into their major component parts for efficient recycling. Many parts snap together and can be separated without the use of tools, while other parts are secured with conventional fasteners. Virtually all parts of the product are suitable for recycling.

Product packaging is of good quality and can be re-used. Large products are packed in wooden crates, while smaller products come in strong cardboard cartons which themselves have a high recycled fibre content. If not re-used, these containers can be recycled. Polythene, used on the protective film and bags for wrapping product, can be recycled in the same way. Emerson Industrial Automations' packaging strategy prefers easily-recyclable materials of low environmental impact, and regular reviews identify opportunities for improvement.

When preparing to recycle or dispose of any product or packaging, please observe local legislation and best practice.

REACH legislation

EC Regulation 1907/2006 on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and restriction of Chemicals (REACH) requires the supplier of an article to inform the recipient if it contains more than a specified proportion of any substance which is considered by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) to be a Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) and is therefore listed by them as a candidate for compulsory authorisation.

For current information on how this requirement applies in relation to specific Emerson Industrial Automations' products, please approach your usual contact in the first instance. Emerson Industrial Automations' position statement can be viewed at:

www.emersonindustrial.com/en-EN/controltechniques/aboutus/environment/reachregulation/Pages/reachregulation.aspx

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Issue Number: 2

Drive Firmware: 01.012.02.00 onwards

For patent and intellectual property related information please go to: www.ctpatents.info.

How to use this guide

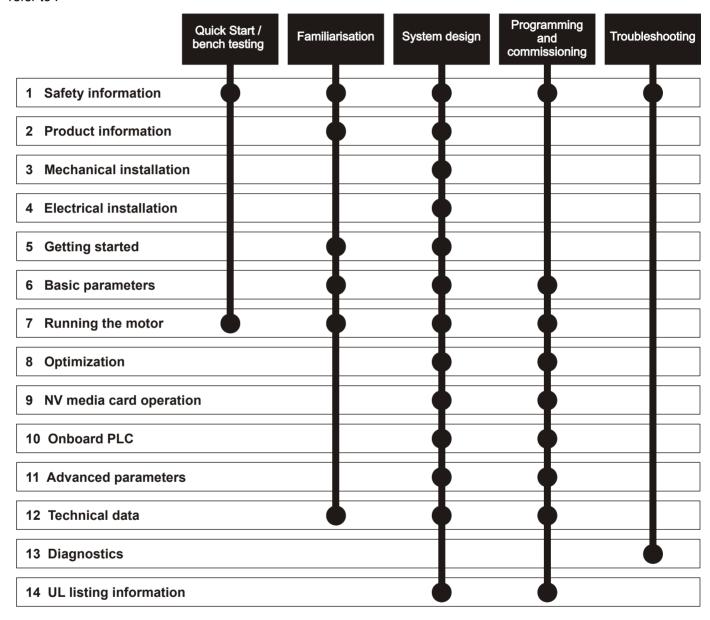
This user guide provides complete information for installing and operating the drive from start to finish.

The information is in logical order, taking the reader from receiving the drive through to fine tuning the performance.

NOTE

There are specific safety warnings throughout this guide, located in the relevant sections. In addition, Chapter 1 *Safety information* contains general safety information. It is essential that the warnings are observed and the information considered when working with or designing a system using the drive.

This map of the user guide helps to find the right sections for the task you wish to complete, but for specific information, refer to:



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Declaration of Conformity

Control Techniques Ltd The Gro Newtown Powys UK SY16 3BE

This declaration applies to Powerdrive F300 variable speed drive products, comprising models numbers as shown below:

Faaa-	bbbbbbbbb Valid characters:
aaa	300
	03200066A, 03200080A, 03200110A, 03200127A, 03400034A, 03400045A, 03400062A, 03400077A, 03400104A, 03400123A
	04200180A, 04200250A, 04400185, 04400240A
	05200300A, 05400300A, 05500039A, 05500061A, 05500100A
	06200500A, 06200580A, 06400380A, 06400480A, 06400630A, 06500120A, 06500170A, 06500220A, 06500270A, 06500340A, 06500430A
bbbbbbbb	07200750A, 07200940A, 07201170A, 07400790A, 07400940A, 07401120A, 07500530A, 07500730A, 07600230A, 07600300A, 07600360A, 07600460A, 07600520A, 07600730A
	082001490A, 08201800A, 08401550A, 08401840A, 08500860A, 08501080A, 08600860A, 08601080A
	09202160A, 09202660A, 09402210A, 09402660A, 09501250A, 09501500A, 09601250A, 09601550A
	09202160E, 09202660E, 09402210E, 09402660E, 09501250E, 09501500E, 09601250E, 09601250E
	10203250E, 10203600E, 10403200E, 10403610E, 10502000E, 10601720E, 10601970E
	11404370E, 11404870E, 11405070E, 11502480E, 11502880E, 11503150E, 11602250E, 11602750E, 11603050E

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The AC variable speed drive products listed above have been designed and manufactured in accordance with the following European harmonized standards:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems - safety requirements - electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-3:2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC product standard including specific test methods
EN 61000-6-2:2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Generic standards. Immunity standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-6-4:2007	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments
EN 61000-3-2:2006	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Limits, Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current <16 A per phase)
EN 61000-3-3:2008	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), Limits, Limitation of voltage fluctuations and flicker in low-voltage supply systems for equipment with rated current <16 A

EN 61000-3-2:2006 Applicable where input current <16 A. No limits apply for professional equipment where input power >1 kW.

These products comply with the requirements of the Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive 2011/65/EU, the Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2004/108/EC

G.Williams

Control Techniques Vice President, Technology

Jugn william

Newtown

Date: 13th July 2015

These electronic drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, controllers, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete end products or systems. Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring drives correctly, including using the specified input filters. The drives must be installed only by professional assemblers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used. Refer to the User Guide. An EMC Data Sheet is also available giving detailed EMC information.

Declaration of Conformity (including 2006 Machinery Directive)

Control Techniques Ltd

The Gro

Newtown

Powys

UK

SY16 3BE

This declaration applies to the Powerdrive F300 variable speed drive product range, comprising model numbers composed as shown below:

Faaa-	bbbbbbbbb Valid characters:
aaa	300
	03200066A, 03200080A, 03200110A, 03200127A, 03400034A, 03400045A, 03400062A, 03400077A, 03400104A, 03400123A
	04200180A, 04200250A, 04400185, 04400240A
	05200300A, 05400300A, 05500039A, 05500061A, 05500100A
	06200500A, 06200580A, 06400380A, 06400480A, 06400630A, 06500120A, 06500170A, 06500220A, 06500270A, 06500340A, 06500430A
bbbbbbbb	07200750A, 07200940A, 07201170A, 07400790A, 07400940A, 07401120A, 07500530A, 07500730A, 07600230A, 07600300A, 07600360A, 07600460A, 07600520A, 07600730A
	082001490A, 08201800A, 08401550A, 08401840A, 08500860A, 08501080A, 08600860A, 08601080A
	09202160A, 09202660A, 09402210A, 09402660A, 09501250A, 09501500A, 09601250A, 09601550A
	09202160E, 09202660E, 09402210E, 09402660E, 09501250E, 09501500E, 09601250E, 09601550E
	10203250E, 10203600E, 10403200E, 10403610E, 10502000E, 10601720E, 10601970E
	11404370E, 11404870E, 11405070E, 11502480E, 11502880E, 11503150E, 11602250E, 11602750E, 11603050E

This declaration relates to these products when used as a safety component of a machine. Only the Safe Torque Off function may be used for a safety function of a machine. None of the other functions of the drive may be used to carry out a safety function.

These products fulfil all the relevant provisions of Directives 2006/42/EC (The Machinery Directive) and 2004/108/EC (The EMC Directive).

EC type-examination has been carried out by the following notified body:

TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH

Am Grauen Stein

D-51105 Köln

Notified Body identification number: 0035

EC type-examination certificate number: 01/205/5270/14

Moteurs Leroy-Somer Usine des Agriers Boulevard Marcellin Leroy CS10015 16915 Angoulême Cedex 9 France

The harmonized standards used are shown below:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Functional
EN ISO 13849-1:2008	Safety of machinery. Safety-related parts of control systems. General principles for design
EN ISO 13849-2:2008	Safety of machinery. Safety-related parts of control systems. Validation
EN 61800-3:2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 62061:2005	Safety of machinery. Functional safety of safety related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems

Person authorised to compile the technical file:

C Hargis

Chief Engineer

Newtown, Powys. UK

G.Wiiliams VP Technology

Date: 13th July 2015

Place: Newtown, Powys. UK

IMPORTANT NOTICE

These drive products are intended to be used with appropriate motors, sensors, electrical protection components and other equipment to form complete systems. It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the design of the complete machine, including its safety-related control system, is carried out in accordance with the requirements of the Machinery Directive and any other relevant legislation. The use of a safety-related drive in itself does not ensure the safety of the machine.

Compliance with safety and EMC regulations depends upon installing and configuring inverters correctly. The inverters must be installed only by professional assemblers who are familiar with requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used. Refer to the User Guide.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting information installation installation of installation installati

1 Safety information

1.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A Warning contains information which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A Caution contains information which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

NOTE

A Note contains information which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

1.2 Electrical safety - general warning

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this User Guide.

1.3 System design and safety of personnel

The drive is intended as a component for professional incorporation into complete equipment or a system. If installed incorrectly, the drive may present a safety hazard.

The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury.

Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning/start-up and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must read this safety information and this User Guide carefully.

The STOP and Safe Torque Off functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit. The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

With the sole exception of the Safe Torque Off function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behavior or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

1.4 Environmental limits

8

Instructions in this User Guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the drive must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

1.5 Access

Drive access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

1.6 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided. For further information, refer to section 3.2.5 *Fire protection* on page 22.

1.7 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective ground (earth) connections.

This User Guide contains instruction for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

2006/42/EC Safety of machinery. 2004/108/EC: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

1.8 Motor

Ensure the motor is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Ensure the motor shaft is not exposed.

Standard squirrel cage induction motors are designed for single speed operation. If it is intended to use the capability of the drive to run a motor at speeds above its designed maximum, it is strongly recommended that the manufacturer is consulted first.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective. The motor should be installed with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive should not be relied upon.

It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr **00.046** motor rated current. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.

1.9 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

Powerdrive F300 User Guide Issue Number: 2

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

1.10 Electrical installation

1.10.1 Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

AC supply cables and connections

Output cables and connections

Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.

1.10.2 Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

2 Product information

2.1 AC drive for fans, pumps and compressors

Powerdrive F300 is an AC drive primarily aimed at energy-saving projects in fan pump and compressor applications. Features include sensor less motor control for both induction and permanent magnet motors for best-in-class energy efficiency. Fan and pump features for easy integration and user programming for application flexibility.

Features

- · Universal high performance drive for induction and sensorless permanent magnet motors
- Integrated fan and pump functionality
- Onboard IEC 61131-3 programmable automation
- · Dual integrated form C relay outputs
- · NV Media Card for parameter copying and data storage
- · 485 serial communications interface
- · Single channel Safe Torque Off (STO) input
- · Fire mode

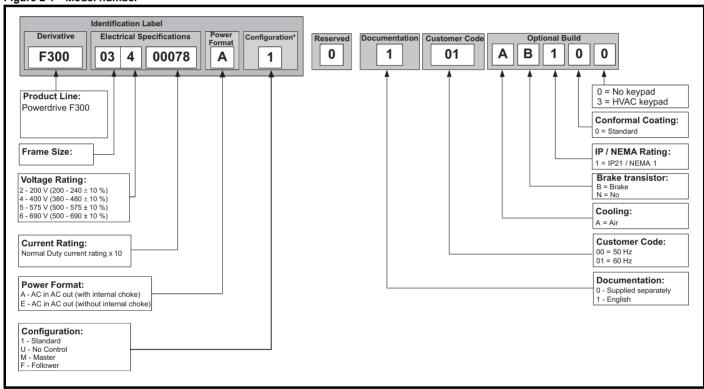
Optional features

· Select up to three option modules

2.2 Model number

The way in which the model numbers for the Powerdrive F300 range are formed is illustrated below:

Figure 2-1 Model number



^{*} Only shown on Frame 9 and above identification label.

NOTE

For simplicity, a Frame 9 drive with no internal choke (i.e. model 09xxxxxxE) is referred to as a Frame 9E and a Frame 9 drive with an internal choke (i.e. model 09xxxxxxA) is referred to as a Frame 9A. Any reference to Frame 9 is applicable to both sizes 9E and 9A. All Frame size 10 and 11 drives are supplied with no internal choke.

<u>10</u>

^{**} For further information on the AC in AC out 12 pulse solution (MXXX -XXXXXXXXT) refer to the F300 Modular Installation Guide.

ı	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
ı	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

2.3 Ratings

Normal Duty

The F300 is optimized for applications which use Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors and require a low overload capability, and full torque at low speeds is not required (e.g. fans, pumps).

Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors require increased protection against overload due to the reduced cooling effect of the fan at low speed. To provide the correct level of protection the I²t software operates at a level which is speed dependent. This is illustrated in the graph below.

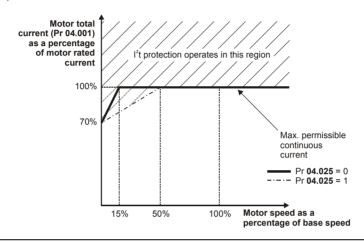
NOTE

The speed at which the low speed protection takes effect can be changed by the setting of *Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode* (04.025). The protection starts when the motor speed is below 15 % of base speed when Pr **04.025** = 0 (default) and below 50 % when Pr **04.025** = 1.

Operation of motor I²t protection

Motor I²t protection is fixed as shown below and is compatible with:

· Self ventilated (TENV/TEFC) induction motors



The continuous current ratings given are for maximum 40 °C (104 °F), 1000 m altitude and 3.0 kHz switching frequency. Derating is required for higher switching frequencies, ambient temperature >40 °C (104 °F) and high altitude. For further information, refer to Chapter 12 *Technical data* on page 232.

Table 2-1 200 V drive ratings (200 V to 240 V ±10 %)

			Normal Dut	у		
Mod	lel	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 230 V	Motor power at 230 V	Peak current	
		Α	kW	hp	Α	
	03200066	6.6	1.1	1.5	7.2	
Frame size 3	03200080	8	1.5	2	8.8	
Frame Size 3	03200110	11	2.2	3	12.1	
	03200127	12.7	3	3	13.9	
Frame size 4	04200180	18	4	5	19.8	
Frame Size 4	04200250	25	5.5	7.5	27.5	
Frame size 5	05200300	30	7.5	10	33	
Frame size 6	06200500	50	11	15	55	
Frame Size 6	06200580	58	15	20	63.8	
	07200750	75	18.5	25	82.5	
Frame size 7	07200940	94	22	30	103.4	
	07201170	117	30	40	128.7	
Frame size 8	08201490	149	37	50	163.9	
Fraille Size 0	08201800	180	45	60	198	
Every eige 0	09202160	216	55	75	237.6	
Frame size 9	09202660	266	75	100	292.6	
Eromo oizo 10	10203250	325	90	125	357.5	
Frame size 10	10203600	360	110	150	396	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 2-2 400 V drive ratings (380 V to 480 V ±10 %)

			Normal Du	•		
Mode	·I	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 400 V	Motor power at 460 V	Peak current	
		Α	kW	hp	Α	
	03400034	3.4	1.1	1.5	3.7	
	03400045	4.5	1.5	2.0	4.9	
Frame size 3	03400062	6.2	2.2	3.0	6.8	
Frame Size 3	03400077	7.7	3.0	5.0	8.4	
	03400104	10.4	4.0	5.0	11.4	
	03400123	12.3	5.5	7.5	13.5	
Frame size 4	04400185	18.5	7.5	10.0	20.3	
Frame Size 4	04400240	24.0	11.0	15.0	26.4	
Frame size 5	05400300	30.0	15.0	20.0	33.0	
	06400380	38.0	18.5	25.0	41.8	
Frame size 6	06400480	48.0	22.0	30.0	52.8	
	06400630	63.0	30.0	40.0	69.3	
	07400790	79	37	50	86.9	
Frame size 7	07400940	94	45	60	103.4	
	07401120	112	55	75	123.2	
Frame size 8	08401550	155	75	100	170.5	
Frame Size o	08401840	184	90	125	202.4	
Frame size 9	09402210	221	110	150	243.1	
riaille Size 9	09402660	266*	132	200	292.6	
Frame size 10	10403200	320	160	250	352	
Fraille Size IV	10403610	361	200	300	397.1	
	11404370	437	225	350	480.7	
Frame size 11	11404870	487*	250	400	535.7	
	11405070	507*	280	450	557.7	

^{*} These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to section 12.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 232.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
informatio	n information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 2-3 575 V drive ratings (500 V to 575 V ±10 %)

			Normal Dut	ty	
Мс	odel	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 575 V	Motor power at 575 V	Peak current
		Α	kW	hp	Α
	05500039	3.9	2.2	3	4.3
Frame size 5	05500061	6.1	4	5	6.7
	05500100	10	5.5	7.5	11
	06500120	12	7.5	10	13.2
	06500170	17	11	15	18.7
Frame size 6	06500220	22	15	20	24.2
Frame Size 6	06500270	27	18.5	25	29.7
	06500340	34	22	30	37.4
	06500430	43	30	40	47.3
Frame size 7	07500530	53	37	50	58.3
Frame Size /	07500730	73	45	60	80.3
Frame size 8	08500860	86	55	75	94.6
Frame Size o	08501080	108	75	100	118.8
Frame size 9	09501250	125	90	125	137.5
Frame Size 9	09501500	150	110	150	165
Frame size 10	10502000	200	130	200	220
	11502480	248	185	250	272.8
Frame size 11	11502880	288*	225	300	316.8
	11503150	315*	250	350	346.5

^{*} These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to section 12.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 232.

Table 2-4 690 V drive ratings (500 V to 690 V ±10 %)

			Normal Dut	y	
Мо	del	Maximum continuous output current	Nominal power at 690 V	Motor power at 690 V	Peak current
		Α	kW	hp	Α
	07600230	23	18.5	25	25.3
	07600300	30	22	30	33
Frame size 7	07600360	36	30	40	39.6
Frame size 7	07600460	46	37	50	50.6
	07600520	52	45	60	57.2
	07600730	73	55	75	80.3
Frame size 8	08600860	86	75	100	94.6
Frame Size o	08601080	108	90	125	118.8
Frame size 9	09601250	125	110	150	137.5
France Size 9	09601550	155	132	175	170.5
Frame size 10	10601720	172	160	200	189.2
Fraille Size IV	10601970	197	185	250	216.7
	11602250	225	200	250	247.5
Frame size 11	11602750	275*	250	300	302.5
	11603050	305*	280	400	335.5

^{*} These ratings are for 2 kHz switching frequency. For ratings at 3 kHz switching frequency refer to section 12.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)* on page 232.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Toohnical		III licting
Salety	Flouuci	iviecnanicai	Electrical	Getting	Dasic	Kullillig	Optimization	INV IVIEUIA CATU	Olibbalu	Auvanceu	recrimical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	inotallation	inotallation	atartad	naramatara	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	narametera	doto	Diagnostics	information
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	-	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	_	information
					-			-		-			

2.3.1 Typical short term overload limits

The maximum percentage overload limit changes depending on the selected motor. Variations in motor rated current, motor power factor and motor leakage inductance all result in changes in the maximum possible overload. The exact value for a specific motor can be calculated using the equations detailed in Menu 4 in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Typical values are shown in the table below for RFC (RFC-A or RFC-S) and open loop (OL) modes:

Table 2-5 Typical overload limits

Operating mode	RFC from cold	RFC from 100 %	Open loop from cold	Open loop from 100 %
Overload with motor rated current = drive rated current	110 % for 165 s	110 % for 9 s	110 % for 165 s	110 % for 9 s

Generally the drive rated current is higher than the matching motor rated current allowing a higher level of overload than the default setting. The time allowed in the overload region is proportionally reduced at very low output frequency on some drive ratings.

NOTE

The maximum overload level which can be attained is independent of the speed.

2.4 Operating modes

The drive is designed to operate in any of the following modes:

Open loop mode

Open loop vector mode Fixed V/F mode (V/Hz) Quadratic V/F mode (V/Hz)

RFC - A

Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

RFC - S

Without position feedback sensor (Sensorless)

2.4.1 Open loop mode

The drive applies power to the motor at frequencies varied by the user. The motor speed is a result of the output frequency of the drive and slip due to the mechanical load. The drive can improve the speed control of the motor by applying slip compensation. The performance at low speed depends on whether V/F mode or open loop vector mode is selected.

Open loop vector mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where the drive uses motor parameters to apply the correct voltage to keep the flux constant under varying load conditions.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 1 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Fixed V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for multi-motor applications.

Typically 100 % torque is available down to 4 Hz for a 50 Hz motor.

Quadratic V/F mode

The voltage applied to the motor is directly proportional to the square of the frequency except at low speed where a voltage boost is provided which is set by the user. This mode can be used for running fan or pump applications with quadratic load characteristics or for multi-motor applications. This mode is not suitable for applications requiring a high starting torque.

2.4.2 RFC-A mode

Rotor Flux Control for Asynchronous (induction) motors (RFC-A) encompasses closed loop vector control without a position feedback device.

Sensorless mode provides closed loop control without the need for position feedback by using current, voltages and key operating motor parameters to estimate the motor speed. It can eliminate instability traditionally associated with open loop control such as operating large motors with light loads at low frequencies.

2.4.3 RFC-S

Rotor Flux Control for Synchronous (permanent magnet brushless) motors (RFC-S) provides closed loop control without a position feedback device.

For use with permanent magnet brushless motors without a feedback device installed.

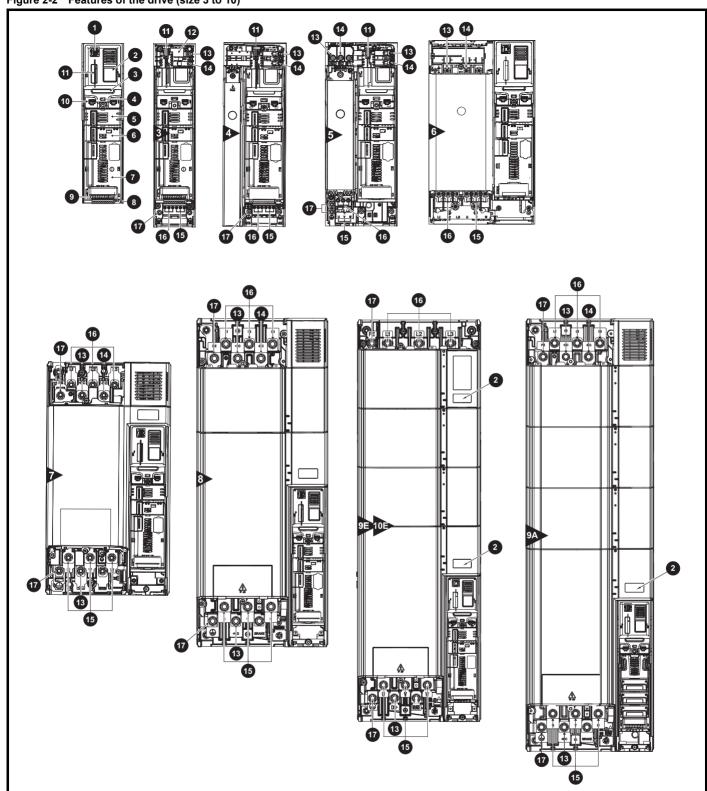
Flux control is not required because the motor is self excited by the permanent magnets which form part of the rotor.

Full torque is available all the way down to zero speed, with salient motors.

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2.5 Drive features

Figure 2-2 Features of the drive (size 3 to 10)

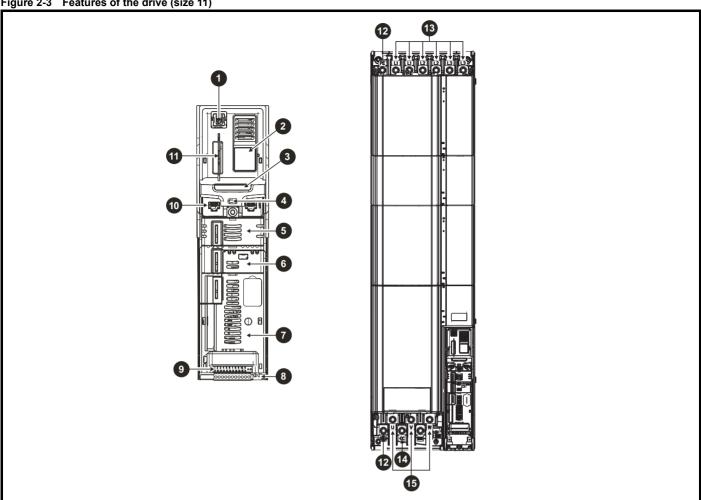


Key

- 1. Keypad connection
- 2. Rating label
- 3. Identification label
- 4. Status LED
- 5. Option module slot 1
- 6. Option module slot 2
- 7. Option module slot 3
- 8. Relay connections
- 9. Control connections
- 10. Communications port
- 11. NV media card slot
- 12. Internal EMC filter
- 13. DC bus +
- 14. DC bus -
- 15. Motor connections
- 16. AC supply connections
- 17. Ground connections



Figure 2-3 Features of the drive (size 11)



Key

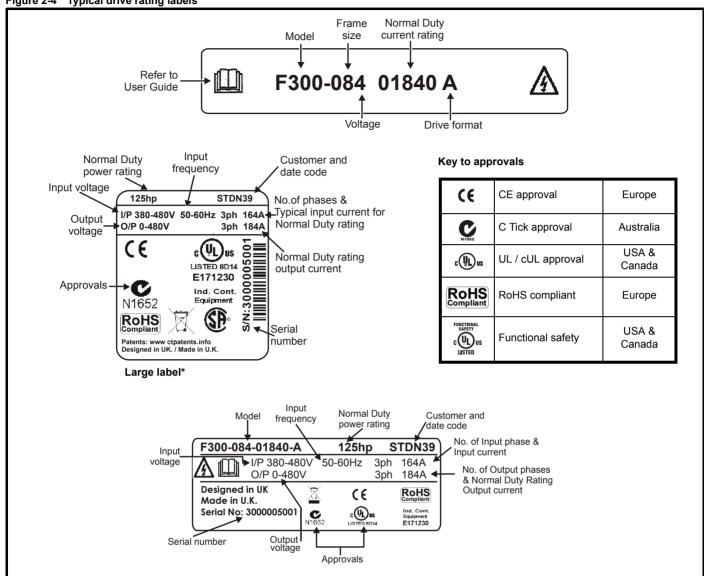
- 1. Keypad connection
- 2. Rating label
- 3. Identification label
- 4. Status LED
- 5. Option module slot 1
- 6. Option module slot 2
- 7. Option module slot 3
- 8. Relay connections
- * Common AC supply connections are internally linked on 6 pulse drives.
- 9. Control connections
- 10. Communications port
- 11. NV media card slot
- 12. Ground connections
- 13. AC supply connections*
- 14. DC bus +
- 15. Motor connections

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

2.6 Nameplate description

See Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3 for location of rating labels.

Figure 2-4 Typical drive rating labels



^{*} This label is only applicable to Size 7 and above.

Refer to Figure 2-1 *Model number* on page 10 for further information relating to the labels.

NOTE

Date code format

The date code is split into two sections: a letter followed by a number. The letter indicates the year, and the number indicates the week number (within the year) in which the option module was built. The letters go in alphabetical order, starting with A in 1990 (B in 1991, C in 1992 etc).

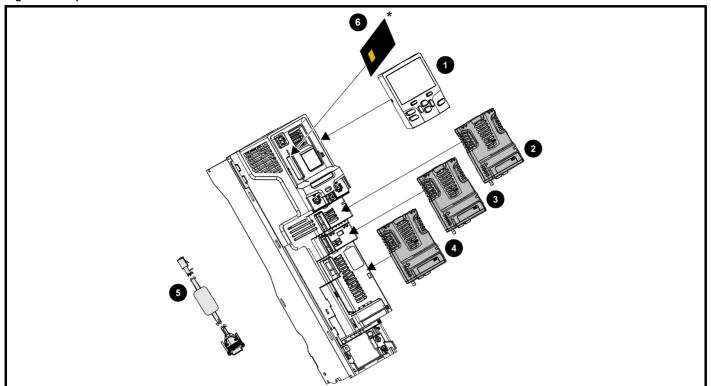
Example

A date code of W28 would correspond to week 28 of year 2013.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

2.7 **Options**

Figure 2-5 Options available with the drive



- 1. 2.
- Keypad Option module slot 1 Option module slot 2

- Option module slot 3
- 5. CT Comms cable
- 6. NV media card



Be aware of possible live terminals when inserting or removing the NV media card.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

All standard option modules are color-coded in order to make identification easy. All modules have an identification label on top of the module. Standard option modules can be installed to any of the available option slots on the drive. The following tables shows the color-code key and gives further details on their function.

Table 2-6 Option module identification

Туре	Option module	Color	Name	Further Details
		N/A	KI-485 Adaptor	485 Comms Adaptor 485 Comms adaptor provides 485 communication interface. This adaptor supports 115 k Baud, node addresses between 1 to 16 and 8 1 NP M serial mode.
		Purple	SI-PROFIBUS	Profibus option PROFIBUS adapter for communications with the drive
Fieldbus		Medium Grey	SI-DeviceNet	DeviceNet option DeviceNet adapter for communications with the drive
Fiological		Light Grey	SI-CANopen	CANopen option CANopen adapter for communications with the drive
	Beige		SI-Ethernet	External Ethernet module that supports EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP/IP and RTMoE. The module can be used to provide high speed drive access, global connectivity and integration with IT network technologies, such as wireless networking
		Yellow Green	SI-PROFINET SI-PROFINET V2	PROFINET option PROFINET adapter for communications with the drive
Automation (I/O expansion)	manual birth	Orange	SI-I/O	Extended I/O Increases the I/O capability by adding the following combinations: Digital I/O Digital Inputs Analog Inputs (differential or single ended) Analog Output Relays

Table 2-7 Keypad identification

Туре	Keypad	Name	Further Details
Keypad			LCD keypad option Keypad with a LCD display and Hand / Off / Auto buttons and RTC

Table 2-8 Additional options

Type	Option	Name	Further Details
Back-up		I SI) Card Adaptor	SD Card Adaptor Allows the drive to use an SD card for drive back-up
Баск-ир	EMERICAN POTTO-	LSMARTCARD	SMARTCARD Used for parameter back-up with the drive

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
info	rmation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

2.8 Items supplied with the drive
The drive is supplied with a copy of the Getting Started Guide, a safety information booklet, the Certificate of Quality and an accessory kit box including the items shown in Table 2-9.

Table 2-9 Parts supplied with the drive

Description	Size 3	Size 4	Size 5	Size 6	Size 7	Size 8
Control connectors				x1 x1		
Relay connector				x1 x1		
24 V power supply connector					x 1	
Grounding bracket			•	x1		
Surface mounting brackets	© © © © © X 2	x 2	x 2	x 2	x 2	x 2
Grounding clamp		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	x 1	x 1		
DC terminal cover grommets		x 2				
Terminal nuts				M6 x 11	M8 x 12	M10 x 12
Supply and motor connector		x 1	×1 ×1			
Finger guard grommets			x3	x 2		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 2-10 Parts supplied with the drive (size 9A, 9E, 10E and 11E)

Description	Size 9A/9E	Size 10E	Size 11E
Control connectors			
		x1 x1	
Relay connector		x1 x1	
		A1 A1	
24 V power supply connector		# P	
		x 1	
Grounding bracket			
		x1	
Fan power supply connector			
	х	.1	
	~		x 1
Surface mounting brackets	M	√ x1	
			x 1

Safety information information

3 Mechanical installation

This chapter describes how to use all mechanical details to install the drive. The drive is intended to be installed in an enclosure. Key features of this chapter include:

- · Through-hole mounting
- · High IP as standard or through-panel mounting
- · Enclosure sizing and layout
- · Option module installing
- · Terminal location and torque settings

3.1 Safety information



Follow the instructions

The mechanical and electrical installation instructions must be adhered to. Any questions or doubt should be referred to the supplier of the equipment. It is the responsibility of the owner or user to ensure that the installation of the drive and any external option unit, and the way in which they are operated and maintained, comply with the requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act in the United Kingdom or applicable legislation and regulations and codes of practice in the country in which the equipment is used.



Competence of the installer

The drive must be installed by professional assemblers who are familiar with the requirements for safety and EMC. The assembler is responsible for ensuring that the end product or system complies with all the relevant laws in the country where it is to be used.



Enclosure

The drive is intended to be mounted in an enclosure which prevents access except by trained and authorized personnel, and which prevents the ingress of contamination. It is designed for use in an environment classified as pollution degree 2 in accordance with IEC 60664-1. This means that only dry, non-conducting contamination is acceptable.

3.2 Planning the installation

The following considerations must be made when planning the installation:

3.2.1 Access

Access must be restricted to authorized personnel only. Safety regulations which apply at the place of use must be complied with.

The IP (Ingress Protection) rating of the drive is installation dependent. For further information, refer to section 3.9 *Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection* on page 50.

3.2.2 Environmental protection

The drive must be protected from:

- Moisture, including dripping water or spraying water and condensation. An anti-condensation heater may be required, which must be switched off when the drive is running.
- · Contamination with electrically conductive material
- Contamination with any form of dust which may restrict the fan, or impair airflow over various components
- Temperature beyond the specified operating and storage ranges
- Corrosive gasses

NOTE

During installation it is recommended that the vents on the drive are covered to prevent debris (e.g. wire off-cuts) from entering the drive.

3.2.3 Cooling

The heat produced by the drive must be removed without its specified operating temperature being exceeded. Note that a sealed enclosure gives much reduced cooling compared with a ventilated one, and may need to be larger and/or use internal air circulating fans.

For further information, refer to section 3.6 *Enclosure for standard drives* on page 46.

3.2.4 Electrical safety

The installation must be safe under normal and fault conditions. Electrical installation instructions are given in Chapter 4 *Electrical installation on page 68*.

3.2.5 Fire protection

The drive enclosure is not classified as a fire enclosure. A separate fire enclosure must be provided.

For installation in the USA, a NEMA 12 enclosure is suitable.

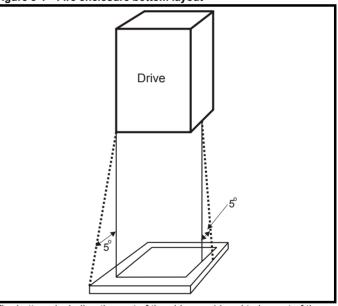
For installation outside the USA, the following (based on IEC 62109-1, standard for PV inverters) is recommended.

Enclosure can be metal and/or polymeric, polymer must meet requirements which can be summarized for larger enclosures as using materials meeting at least UL 94 class 5VB at the point of minimum thickness.

Air filter assemblies to be at least class V-2.

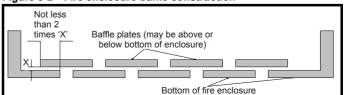
The location and size of the bottom shall cover the area shown in Figure 3-1. Any part of the side which is within the area traced out by the 5° angle is also considered to be part of the bottom of the fire enclosure.

Figure 3-1 Fire enclosure bottom layout



The bottom, including the part of the side considered to be part of the bottom, must be designed to prevent escape of burning material - either by having no openings or by having a baffle construction. This means that openings for cables etc. must be sealed with materials meeting the 5VB requirement, or else have a baffle above. See Figure 3-2 for acceptable baffle construction. This does not apply for mounting in an enclosed electrical operating area (restricted access) with concrete floor.

Figure 3-2 Fire enclosure baffle construction



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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.2.6 Electromagnetic compatibility

Variable speed drives are powerful electronic circuits which can cause electromagnetic interference if not installed correctly with careful attention to the layout of the wiring.

Some simple routine precautions can prevent disturbance to typical industrial control equipment.

If it is necessary to meet strict emission limits, or if it is known that electromagnetically sensitive equipment is located nearby, then full precautions must be observed. In-built into the drive, is an internal EMC filter, which reduces emissions under certain conditions. If these conditions are exceeded, then the use of an external EMC filter may be required at the drive inputs, which must be located very close to the drives. Space must be made available for the filters and allowance made for carefully segregated wiring. Both levels of precautions are covered in section 4.10 *EMC* (*Electromagnetic compatibility*) on page 88.

3.2.7 Hazardous areas

The drive must not be located in a classified hazardous area unless it is installed in an approved enclosure and the installation is certified.

3.3 Terminal cover removal



Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



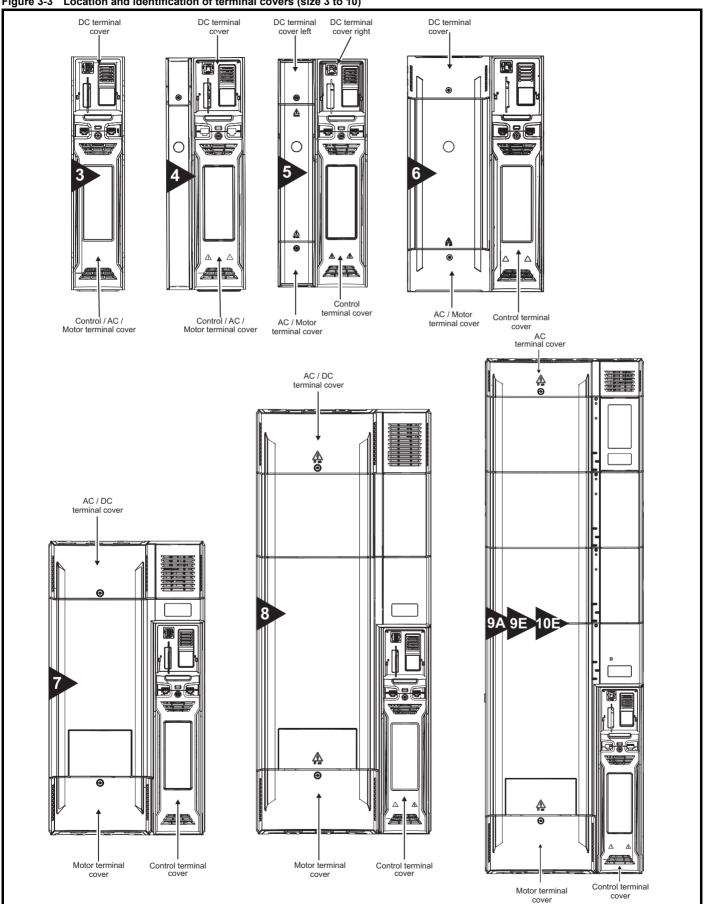
Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge, or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.

3.3.1 Removing the terminal covers

Figure 3-3 Location and identification of terminal covers (size 3 to 10)



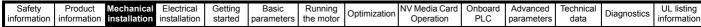


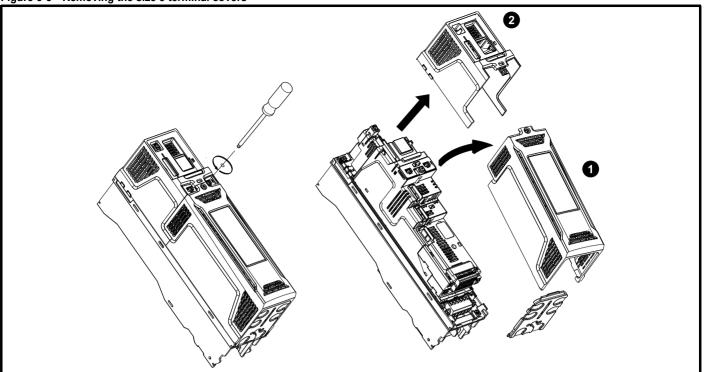
Figure 3-4 Location and identification of terminal covers (size 11) AC terminal cover 1113

Control terminal cover

Motor terminal cover

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

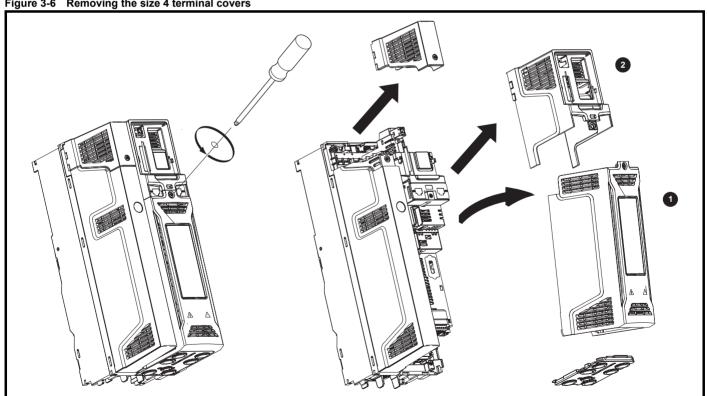
Figure 3-5 Removing the size 3 terminal covers



- Control / AC / Motor terminal cover
- 2. DC cover

On size 3 drives, the Control / AC / Motor terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Terminal cover. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Figure 3-6 Removing the size 4 terminal covers

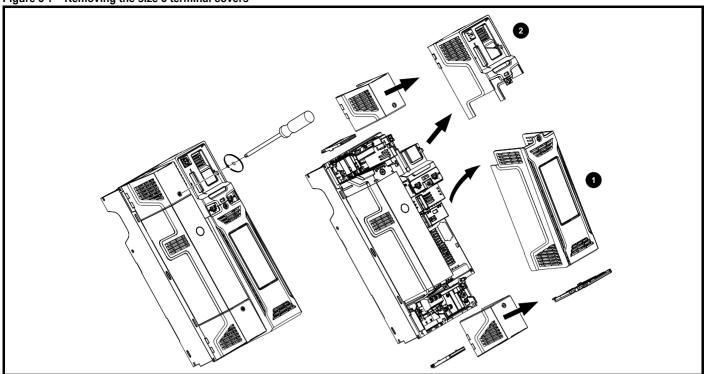


- Control / AC / Motor terminal cover
- DC cover

On size 4 drives, the Control / AC / Motor terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Terminal cover. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	n information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

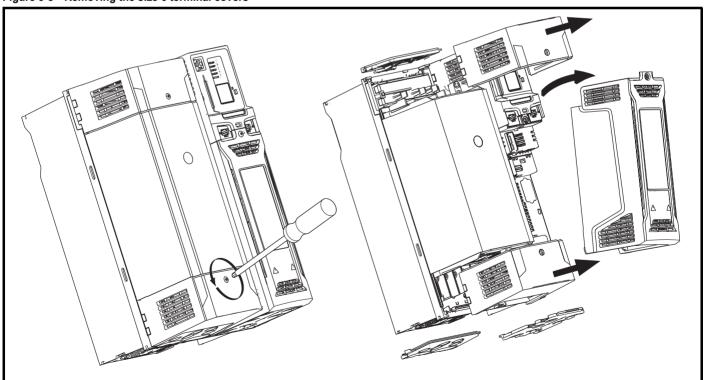
Figure 3-7 Removing the size 5 terminal covers



- 1. Control terminal cover
- 2. DC cover

On size 5 drives, the Control terminal cover must be removed before removal of the DC / Terminal cover right. When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

Figure 3-8 Removing the size 6 terminal covers



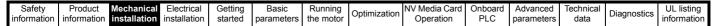
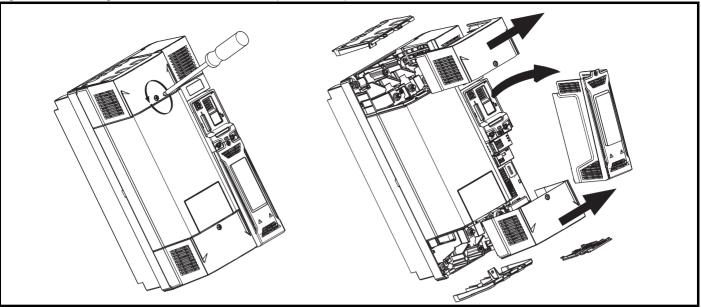


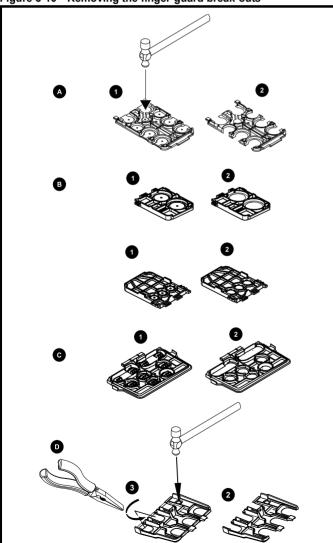
Figure 3-9 Removing the size 7 to 11 terminal covers (size 7 shown)



When replacing the terminal covers, the screws should be tightened to a maximum torque of 1 N m (0.7 lb ft).

3.3.2 Removing the finger-guard and DC terminal cover break-outs

Figure 3-10 Removing the finger-guard break-outs



A: All sizes. B: Size 5 only. C: Size 6 only. D: Size 7 to 10.

Place finger-guard on a flat solid surface and hit relevant break-outs with hammer as shown (1). Continue until all required break-outs are removed (2). Remove any flash / sharp edges once the break-outs are removed.

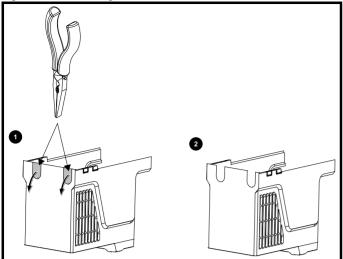
Grommet kits are available for size 7 to 10 finger guards. For size 8 to 10, two versions are available allowing for either single or double cable entries.

Table 3-1 Grommet kits

Drive size	Quantity of kits	Part number	Picture
Size 7 - Kit of 8 x single entry grommets	1	3470-0086-00	
Size 8 - Kit of 8 x single entry grommets	1	3470-0089-00	
Size 8 - Kit of 8 x double entry grommets	1	3470-0090-00	
Size 9E and 10E - Kit of 8 x double entry grommets	1	3470-0107-00	
Size 11E- Kit of 8 x double entry grommets	2	3470 0107-00	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-11 Removing the size 3 and 4 DC terminal cover break-outs



Grasp the DC terminal cover break-outs with pliers as shown (1) and pull down in the direction shown to remove. Continue until all required break-outs are removed (2). Remove any flash / sharp edges once the break-outs are removed. Use the DC terminal cover grommets supplied in the accessory box (Table 2-9 on page 20) to maintain the seal at the top of the drive.

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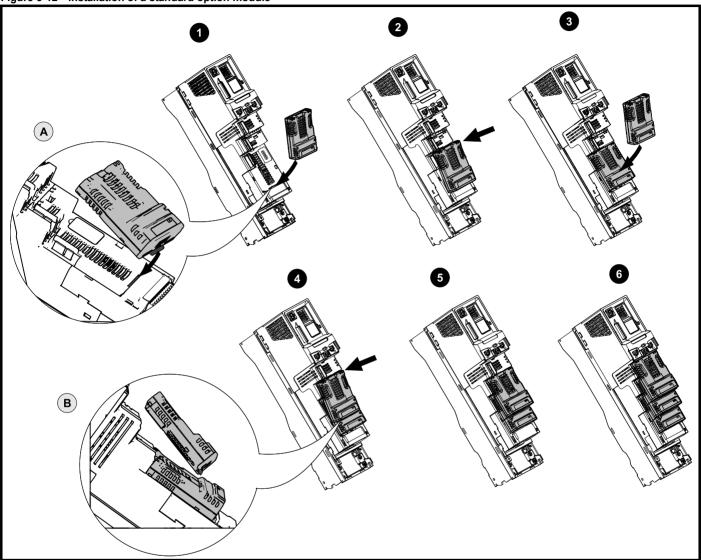
Safety Product information installation installation installation in the parameters in the motor of the motor in the motor in the motor in the motor of the motor in the motor of the motor

3.4 Installing / removing option modules and keypads



Power down the drive before installing / removing the option module. Failure to do so may result in damage to the product.

Figure 3-12 Installation of a standard option module



Installing the first option module

NOTE

Option module slots must be used in the following order: slot 3, slot 2 and slot 1 (refer to Figure 2-2 Features of the drive (size 3 to 10) on page 15 for slot numbers).

- Move the option module in direction shown (1).
- · Align and insert the option module tab in to the slot provided (2), this is highlighted in the detailed view (A).
- · Press down on the option module until it clicks into place.

Installing the second option module

- Move the option module in direction shown (3).
- · Align and insert the option module tab in to the slot provided on the already installed option module (4), this is highlighted in the detailed view (B).
- Press down on the option module until it clicks into place. Image (5) shows two option modules fully installed.

Installing the third option module

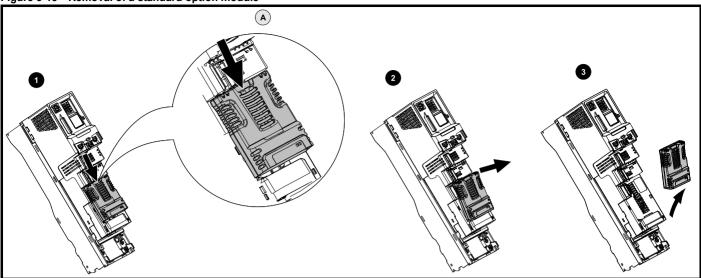
Repeat the above process.

The drive has the facility for all three option module slots to be used at the same time, image (6) shows the three option modules installed.

30

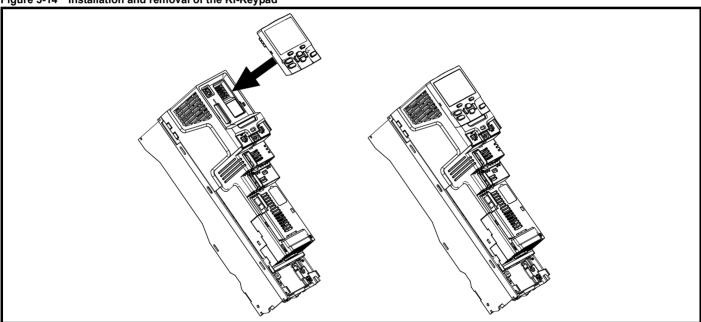
Safety		Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	DI C	Advanced		Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	o puimeauoii	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnoonoo	information

Figure 3-13 Removal of a standard option module



- Press down on the tab (1) to release the option module from the drive housing, the tab is highlighted in the detailed view (A).
- Tilt the option module towards you as shown (2).
- Totally remove the option module in direction shown (3).

Figure 3-14 Installation and removal of the KI-Keypad



To install, align the keypad and press gently in the direction shown until it clicks into position.

To remove, reverse the installation instructions.

NOTE

The keypad can be installed / removed while the drive is powered up and running a motor, providing that the drive is not operating in keypad mode.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.5 **Dimensions and mounting methods**

The drive can be either surface or through-panel mounted using the appropriate brackets. The following drawings show the dimensions of the drive and mounting holes for each method to allow a back plate to be prepared.

The Through-panel mounting kit is not supplied with the drive and can be purchased separately, below are the relevant part numbers:

Size	CT part number
3	3470-0053
4	3470-0056
5	3470-0067
6	3470-0055
7	3470-0079
8	3470-0083
9A	3470-0119
9E/10E	3470-0105
11E	3470-0126



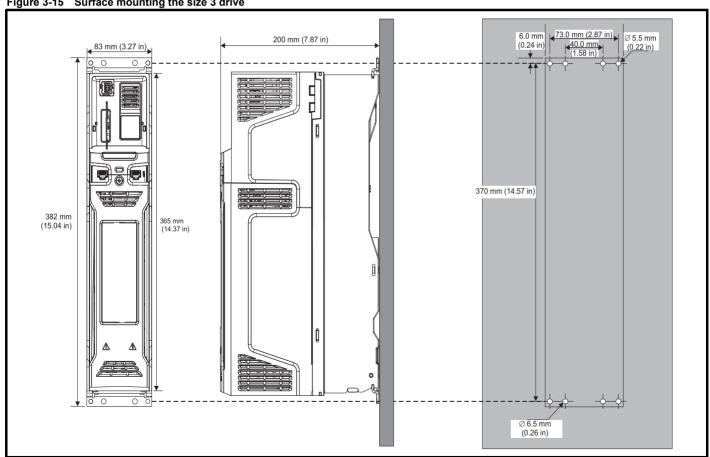
If the drive has been used at high load levels for a period of time, the heatsink can reach temperatures in excess of 70 °C (158 °F). Human contact with the heatsink should be prevented.



Many of the drives in this product range weigh in excess of 15 kg (33 lb). Use appropriate safeguards when lifting these models. A full list of drive weights can be found in section 12.1.19 Weights on page 244.

3.5.1 Surface mounting

Figure 3-15 Surface mounting the size 3 drive

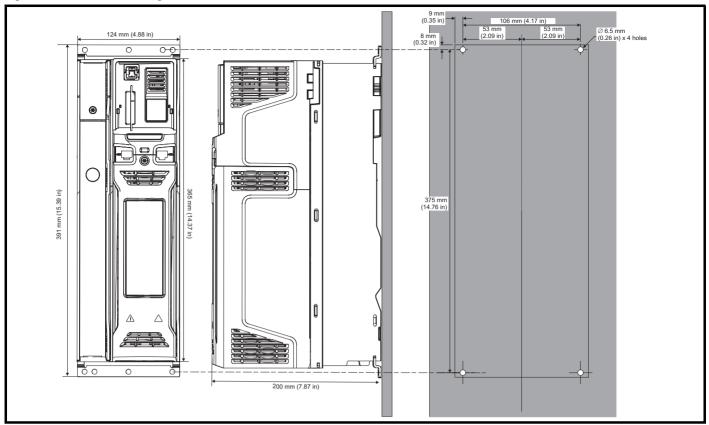


Each mounting bracket contains 4 mounting holes, the outer holes (5.5 mm) x 2 should be used for mounting the drive to the backplate as this allows the heatsink fan to be replaced without removing the drive from the backplate. The inner holes (6.5 mm) x 2 are used for Unidrive SP size 1 retrofit applications. See Table 3-2 for further information.

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

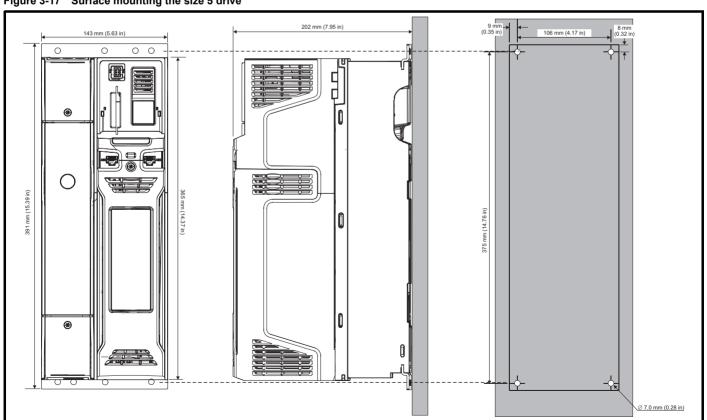
Figure 3-16 Surface mounting the size 4 drive



NOTE

The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-2 for further information.

Figure 3-17 Surface mounting the size 5 drive

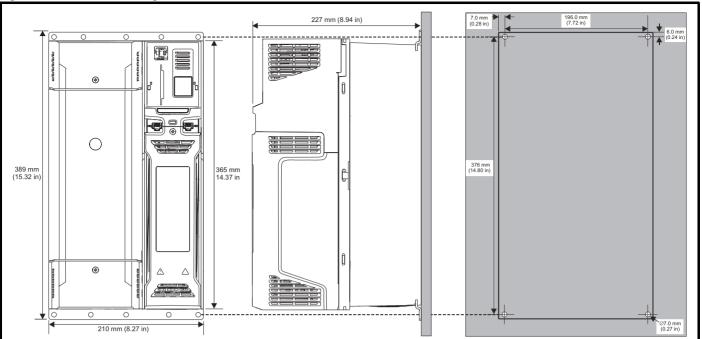


NOTE

The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-2 for further information.



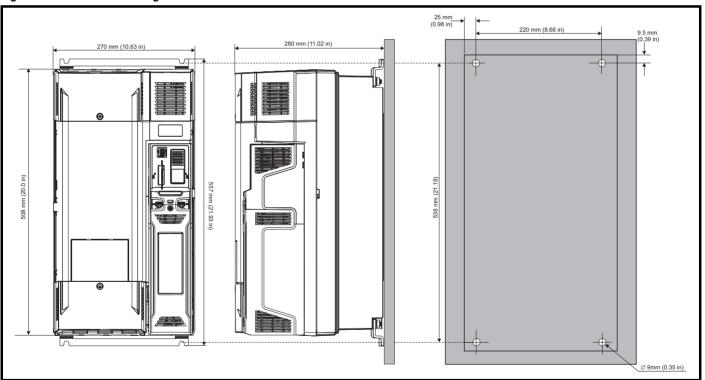
Figure 3-18 Surface mounting the size 6 drive



NOTE

The outer holes in the mounting bracket are to be used for surface mounting. See Table 3-2 for further information.

Figure 3-19 Surface mounting the size 7 drive



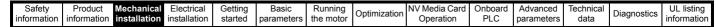


Figure 3-20 Surface mounting the size 8 drive

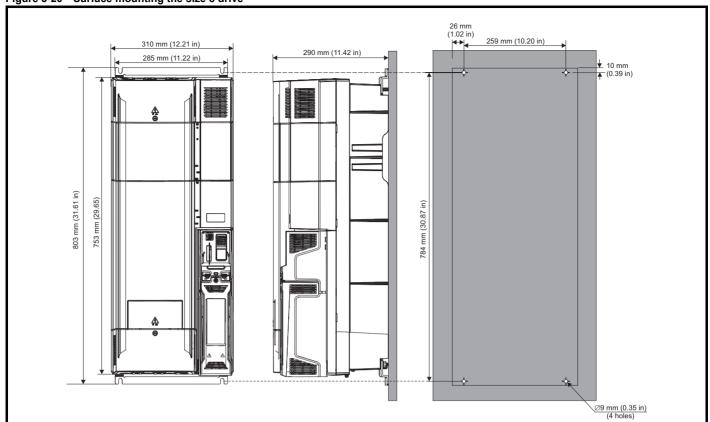
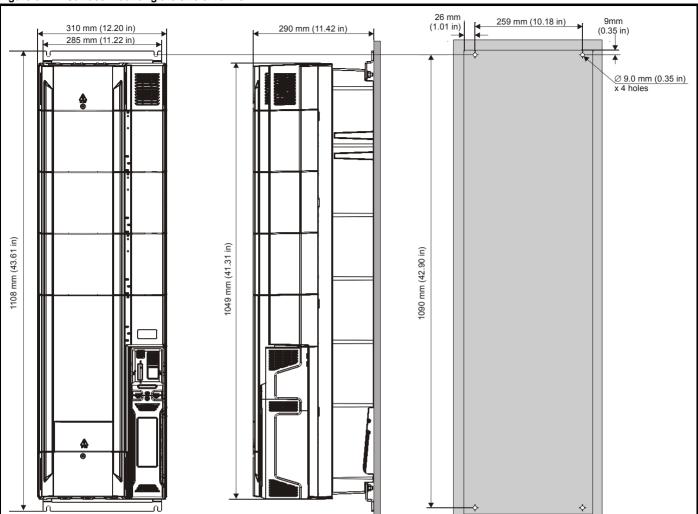




Figure 3-21 Surface mounting the size 9A drive



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-22 Surface mounting the size 9E and 10

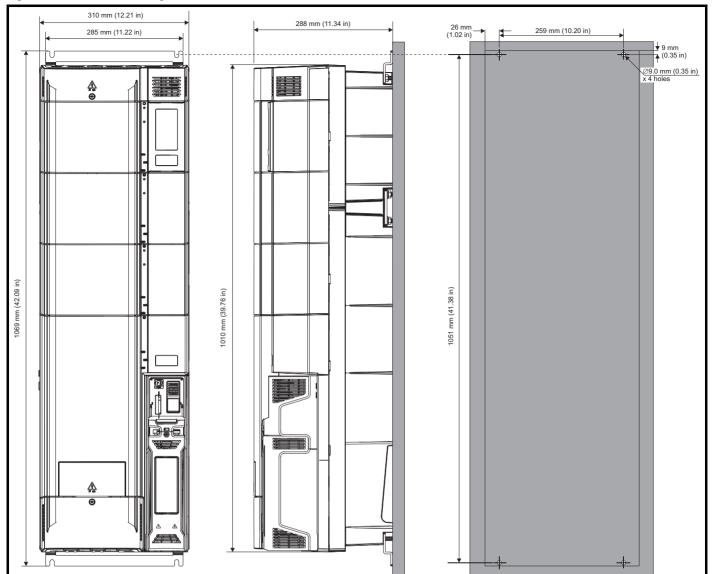
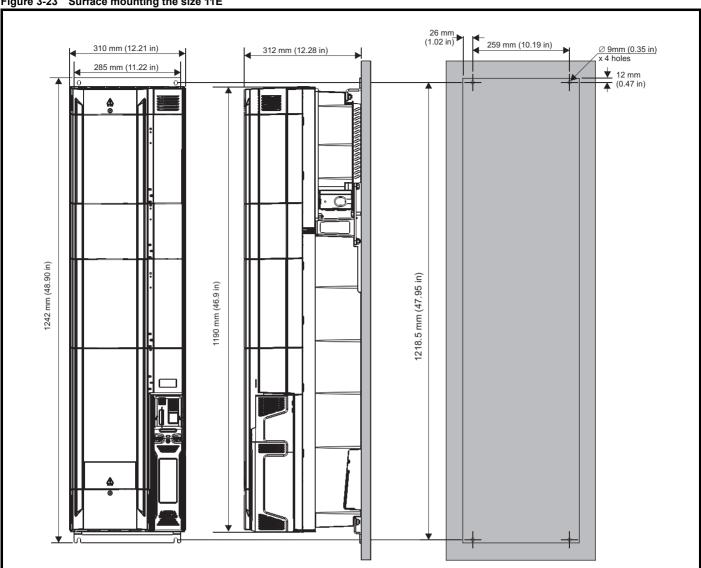


Figure 3-23 Surface mounting the size 11E



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.5.2 Through-panel mounting

Figure 3-24 Through-panel mounting the size 3 drive

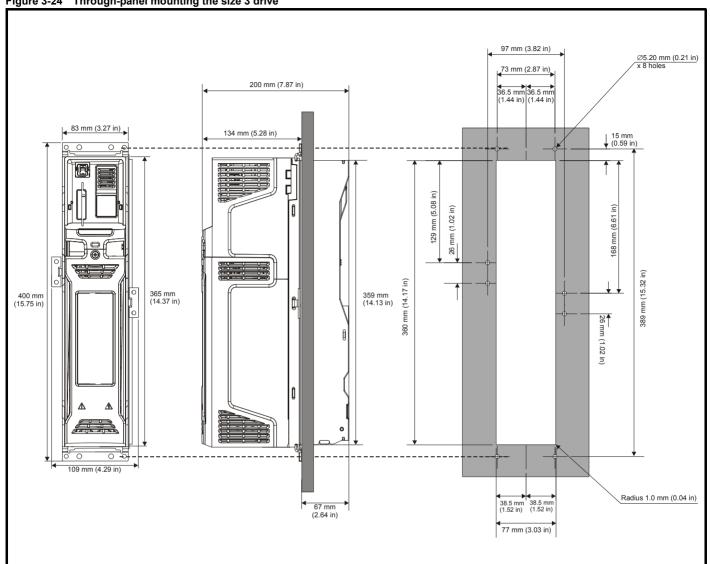


Figure 3-25 Through panel mounting the size 4 drive

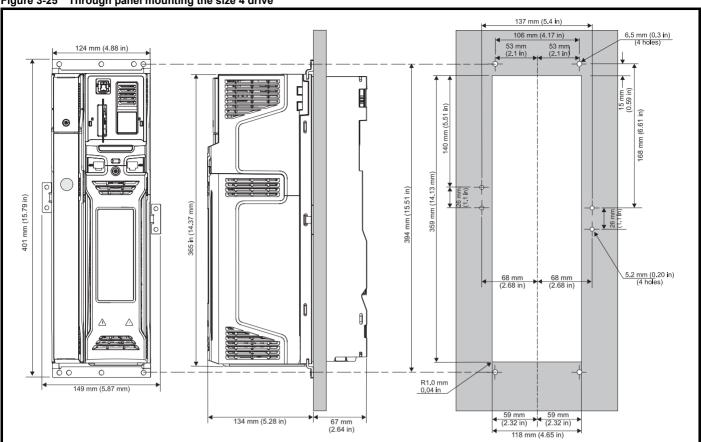
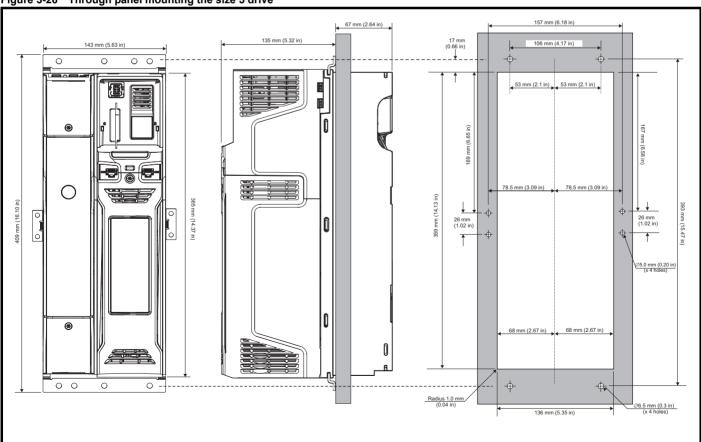
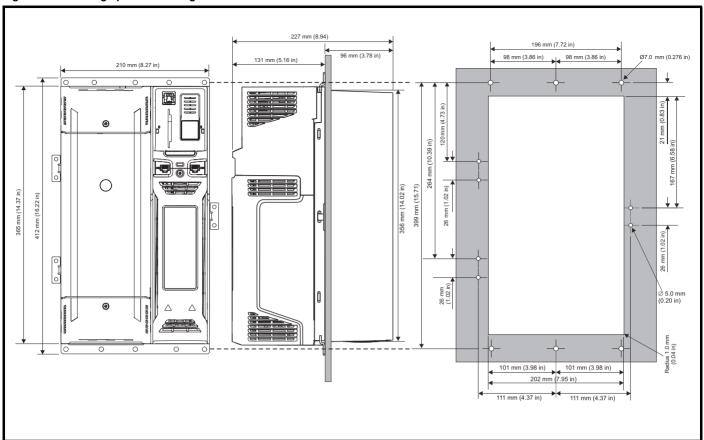


Figure 3-26 Through panel mounting the size 5 drive



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-27 Through panel mounting the size 6 drive



NOTE

The outer holes plus the hole located in the center of the bracket are to be used for through panel mounting.

Figure 3-28 Through panel mounting the size 7 drive

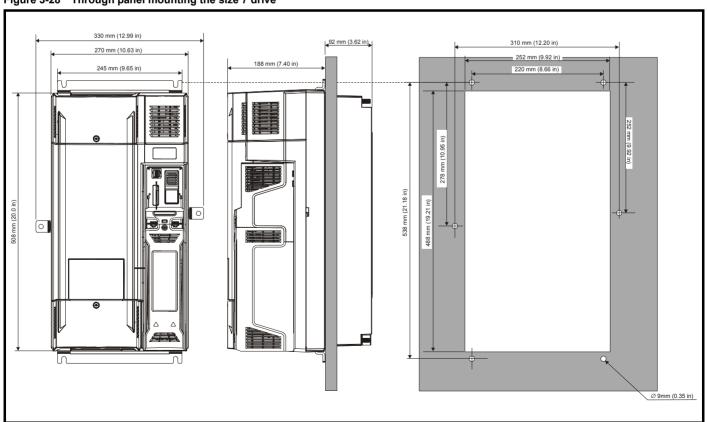
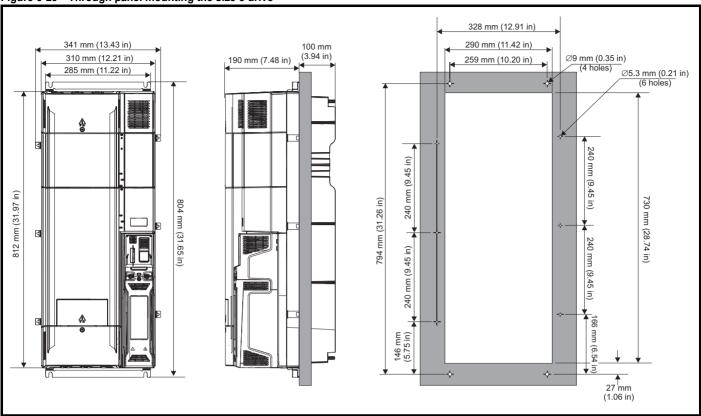
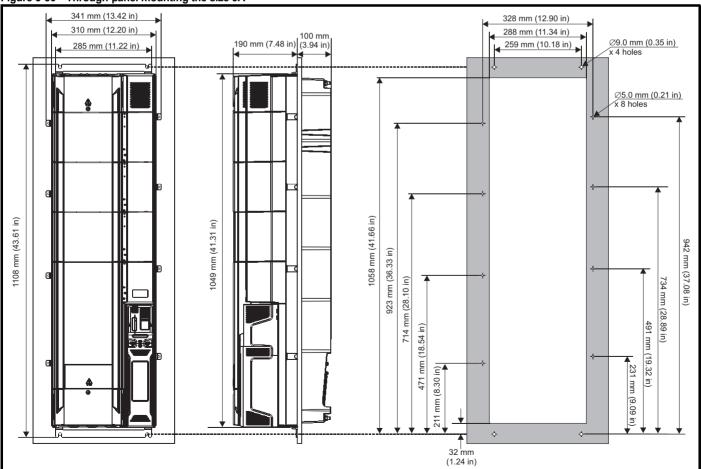


Figure 3-29 Through panel mounting the size 8 drive







Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-31 Through-panel mounting the size 9E and 10

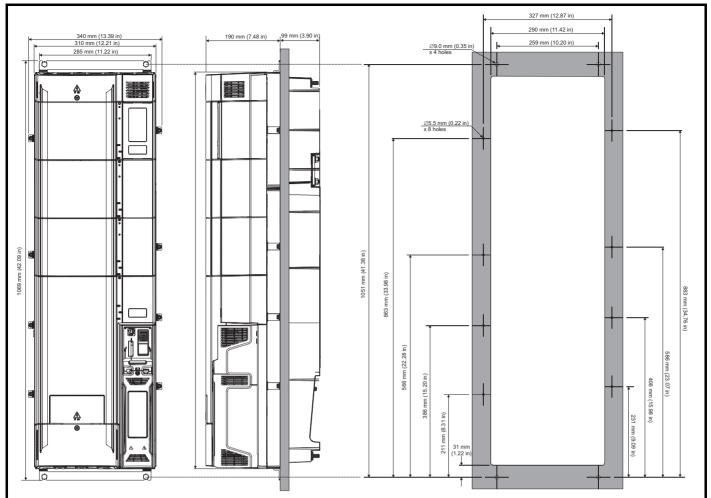
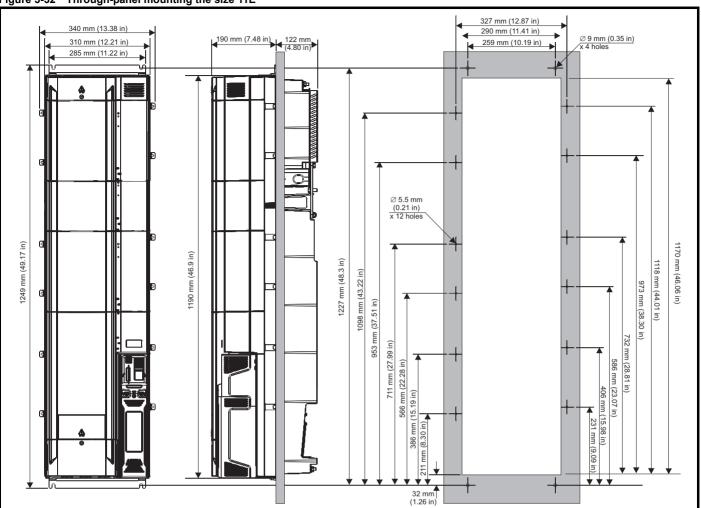


Figure 3-32 Through-panel mounting the size 11E



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.5.3 Mounting brackets

Table 3-2 Mounting brackets (size 3 to 10)

3 Inner hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in) Outer hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 4 Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in) x 2	Hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in) Inner hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in) Outer hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in) Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in) Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in) Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x:
Inner hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in) Outer hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in) 4 Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	Inner hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in) Outer hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in) Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in) Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	x
4 Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	x
	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	
_	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x
Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	x
6 x 2	Hole size: 5.2 mm (0.21 in)	x
Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	Hole size: 6.5 mm (0.26 in)	x
7 x2	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x
Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x
8 x2	Hole size: 5.3 mm (0.21 in)	x
Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x
	Hole size: 5.5 mm (0.22 in)	x
9A, 9E and 10E		x



Table 3-3 Mounting brackets (size 11)

Frame size	Surface	Qty	Through-panel	Qty
11E	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x 1		x 12
112	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x 1	Hole size: 9 mm (0.35 in)	x 2

3.6 Enclosure for standard drives

3.6.1 Recommended spacing between the drives

Figure 3-33 Recommended spacing between the drives

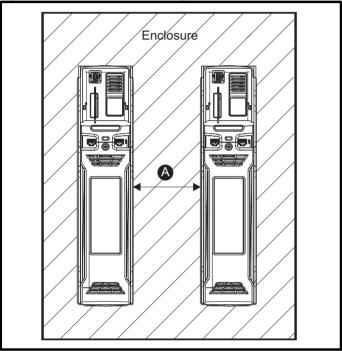


Table 3-4 Spacing required between the drives (without high IP bung)

Drive Size	Spaci	ng (A)					
Drive Size	40°C	50°C*					
3	0 mm (0.00 in)					
4	0 mm (0.00 in)					
5	0 mm (0.00 in)	30 mm (1.18 in)					
6	0 mm (0.00 in)					
7	30 mm ((1.18 in)					
8	30 mm ((1.18 in)					
9A/9E	60 mm (2.27 in)						
10E/11E	— 60 mm (2.37 in)						

^{* 50°}C derating applies, refer to Table 12-3 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50°C (122°F) on page 235.

NOTE

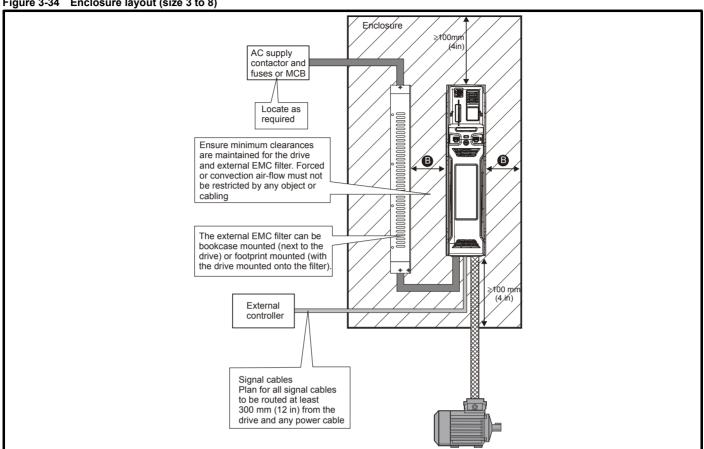
When through-panel mounted, ideally drives should be spaced 45 mm (1.77 in) to maximize panel stiffness.

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
ı	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.6.2 **Enclosure layout**

Please observe the clearances in the diagram below taking into account any appropriate notes for other devices / auxiliary equipment when planning the installation.

Figure 3-34 Enclosure layout (size 3 to 8)



For EMC compliance:

- 1. When using an external EMC filter, one filter is required for each drive.
- Power cabling must be at least 100 mm (4 in) from the drive in all directions

Table 3-5 Spacing required between drive / enclosure and drive / EMC filter (size 3 to 8)

Drive Size	Spacing (B)
3	0 mm (0.00 in)
4	
5	
6	30 mm (1.18 in)
7	
8	



Figure 3-35 Enclosure layout (size 9 to 11)

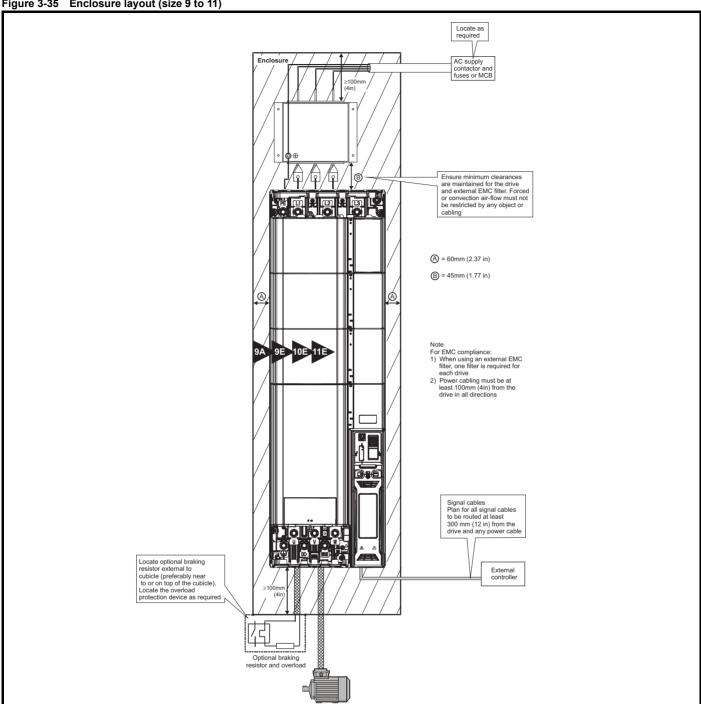


Table 3-6 Spacing required between drive / enclosure and drive / EMC filter (size 9 to 11)

Drive Size	Spacing (B)
9A/9E	45 mm (1.77 in)
10E/11E	75 11111 (1.77 111)

3.6.3 Enclosure sizing

- 1. Add the dissipation figures from section 12.1.2 *Power dissipation* on page 237 for each drive that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- If an external EMC filter is to be used with each drive, add the dissipation figures from section 12.2.1 EMC filter ratings on page 258 for each external EMC filter that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- If the braking resistor is to be mounted inside the enclosure, add the average power figures from for each braking resistor that is to be installed in the enclosure.
- Calculate the total heat dissipation (in Watts) of any other equipment to be installed in the enclosure.
- Add the heat dissipation figures obtained above. This gives a figure in Watts for the total heat that will be dissipated inside the enclosure.

Calculating the size of a sealed enclosure

The enclosure transfers internally generated heat into the surrounding air by natural convection (or external forced air flow); the greater the surface area of the enclosure walls, the better is the dissipation capability. Only the surfaces of the enclosure that are unobstructed (not in contact with a wall or floor) can dissipate heat.

Calculate the minimum required unobstructed surface area $\mathbf{A_e}$ for the enclosure from:

$$\mathbf{A_e} = \frac{\mathbf{P}}{\mathbf{k}(\mathbf{T_{int}} - \mathbf{T_{ext}})}$$

Where:

 A_e Unobstructed surface area in m² (1 m² = 10.9 ft²)

T_{ext} Maximum expected temperature in ^oC *outside* the enclosure

T_{int} Maximum permissible temperature in ^oC *inside* the enclosure

P Power in Watts dissipated by all heat sources in the enclosure

k Heat transmission coefficient of the enclosure material in W/m²/°C

Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- · Two drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- External EMC filter for each drive
- · Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40°C
- · Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30°C

For example, if the power dissipation from each drive is 187 W and the power dissipation from each external EMC filter is 9.2 W.

Total dissipation: 2 x (187 + 9.2) = 392.4 W

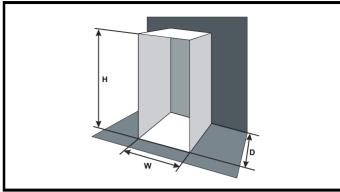
NOTE

Power dissipation for the drives and the external EMC filters can be obtained from Chapter 12 *Technical data* on page 232.

The enclosure is to be made from painted 2 mm (0.079 in) sheet steel having a heat transmission coefficient of $5.5~\text{W/m}^2/^{\circ}\text{C}$. Only the top, front, and two sides of the enclosure are free to dissipate heat.

The value of 5.5 W/m²/°C can generally be used with a sheet steel enclosure (exact values can be obtained by the supplier of the material). If in any doubt, allow for a greater margin in the temperature rise.

Figure 3-36 Enclosure having front, sides and top panels free to dissipate heat



Insert the following values:

T_{int} 40 °C T_{ext} 30 °C k 5.5 P 392.4 W

The minimum required heat conducting area is then:

$$A_{e} = \frac{392.4}{5.5(40 - 30)}$$

= 7.135
$$m^2$$
 (77.8 ft^2) (1 m^2 = 10.9 ft^2)

Estimate two of the enclosure dimensions - the height (H) and depth (D), for instance. Calculate the width (W) from:

$$W \,=\, \frac{A_e - 2HD}{H + D}$$

Inserting $\mathbf{H} = 2m$ and $\mathbf{D} = 0.6$ m, obtain the minimum width:

$$W = \frac{7.135 - (2 \times 2 \times 0.6)}{2 + 0.6}$$

If the enclosure is too large for the space available, it can be made smaller only by attending to one or all of the following:

- Using a lower PWM switching frequency to reduce the dissipation in the drives
- Reducing the ambient temperature outside the enclosure, and/or applying forced-air cooling to the outside of the enclosure
- · Reducing the number of drives in the enclosure
- · Removing other heat-generating equipment

Calculating the air-flow in a ventilated enclosure

The dimensions of the enclosure are required only for accommodating the equipment. The equipment is cooled by the forced air flow.

Calculate the minimum required volume of ventilating air from:

$$V = \frac{3kP}{T_{int} - T_{ext}}$$

Where:

V Air-flow in m³ per hour $(1 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr} = 0.59 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min})$

T_{ext} Maximum expected temperature in °C *outside* the enclosure

T_{int} Maximum permissible temperature in °C *inside* the enclosure

P Power in Watts dissipated by all heat sources in the enclosure

k Ratio of $\frac{P_0}{P_1}$

Where:

P₀ is the air pressure at sea level

 $\mathbf{P_{I}}$ is the air pressure at the installation

Typically use a factor of 1.2 to 1.3, to allow also for pressure-drops in dirty air-filters.

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	D: "	UL listina
information		installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
momation	illioilliation	motanation	motanation	Started	parameters	tile illotoi		Operation	FLC	parameters	uata		iiiioiiiiatioii

Example

To calculate the size of an enclosure for the following:

- · Three drives operating at the Normal Duty rating
- · External EMC filter for each drive
- · Braking resistors are to be mounted outside the enclosure
- Maximum ambient temperature inside the enclosure: 40 °C
- Maximum ambient temperature outside the enclosure: 30 °C

For example, dissipation of each drive: 101 W and dissipation of each external EMC filter: 6.9 W (max).

Total dissipation: 3 x (101 + 6.9) = 323.7 W

Insert the following values:

T_{int} 40 °C T_{ext} 30 °C k 1.3 P 323.7 W

Then:

$$V = \frac{3 \times 1.3 \times 323.7}{40 - 30}$$

= 126.2 m^3/hr (74.5 ft^3/min) (1 m^3/hr = 0.59 ft^3/min)

3.7 Enclosure design and drive ambient temperature

Drive derating is required for operation in high ambient temperatures Totally enclosing or through panel mounting the drive in either a sealed cabinet (no airflow) or in a well ventilated cabinet makes a significant difference on drive cooling.

The chosen method affects the ambient temperature value (T_{rate}) which should be used for any necessary derating to ensure sufficient cooling for the whole of the drive.

The ambient temperature for the four different combinations is defined below:

- 1. Totally enclosed with no air flow (<2 m/s) over the drive $T_{rate} = T_{int} + 5 \, ^{\circ}C$
- Totally enclosed with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = T_{int}
- 3. Through panel mounted with no airflow (<2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = the greater of T_{ext} +5 °C, or T_{int}
- Through panel mounted with air flow (>2 m/s) over the drive T_{rate} = the greater of T_{ext} or T_{int}

Where:

T_{ext} = Temperature outside the cabinet

T_{int} = Temperature inside the cabinet

T_{rate} = Temperature used to select current rating from tables in Chapter 12 *Technical data* on page 232.

3.8 Heatsink fan operation

The drive is ventilated by an internal heatsink mounted fan. The fan housing forms a baffle plate, channelling the air through the heatsink chamber. Thus, regardless of mounting method (surface mounting or through-panel mounting), the installing of additional baffle plates is not required.

Ensure the minimum clearances around the drive are maintained to allow air to flow freely.

The heatsink fan on all sizes is a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system. The maximum speed at which the fan operates can be limited in Pr **06.045**. This could incur an output current derating. Refer to section 3.13.2 *Fan removal procedure* on page 67 for information on fan removal. Size 6 to 11 are also installed with a variable speed fan to ventilate the capacitor bank.

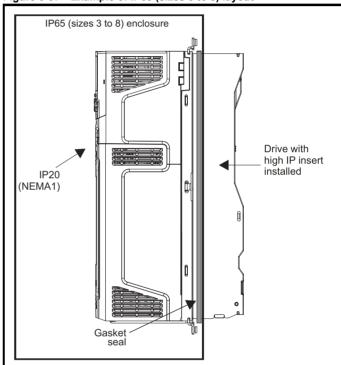
3.9 Enclosing standard drive for high environmental protection

An explanation of environmental protection rating is provided in section 12.1.9 $\it IP/UL\ Rating\ .$

The standard drive is rated to IP20 pollution degree 2 (dry, non-conductive contamination only) (NEMA 1). However, it is possible to configure the drive to achieve IP65 rating (sizes 3 to 8) or IP54 (size 9, 10 and 11) (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting (some current derating is required). Refer to section 12.1.1 *Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature*) on page 232.

This allows the front of the drive, along with various switchgear, to be housed in a high IP enclosure with the heatsink protruding through the panel to the external environment. Thus, the majority of the heat generated by the drive is dissipated outside the enclosure maintaining a reduced temperature inside the enclosure. This also relies on a good seal being made between the heatsink and the rear of the enclosure using the gaskets provided.

Figure 3-37 Example of IP65 (sizes 3 to 8) layout



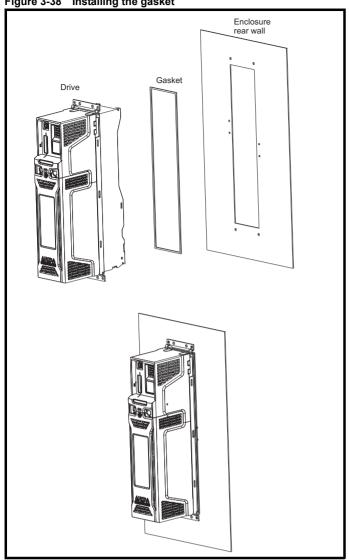
The main gasket should be installed as shown in Figure 3-38.

On drive sizes 3, 4 and 5, in order to achieve the high IP rating at the rear of the heatsink it is necessary to seal a heatsink vent by installing the high IP insert as shown in Figure 3-40, Figure 3-41 and Figure 3-42.

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Issue Number: 2

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-38 Installing the gasket



To seal the space between the drive and the backplate, use two sealing brackets as shown in Figure 3-39.

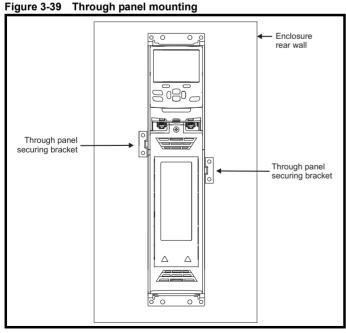
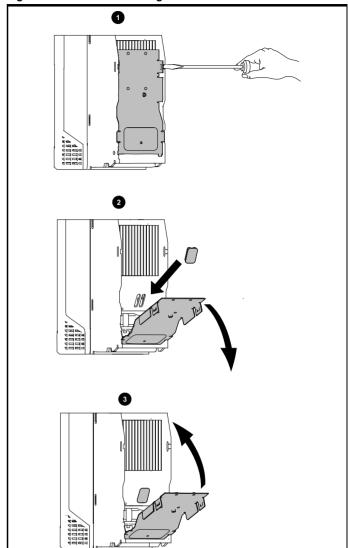


Figure 3-40 Installation of high IP insert for size 3



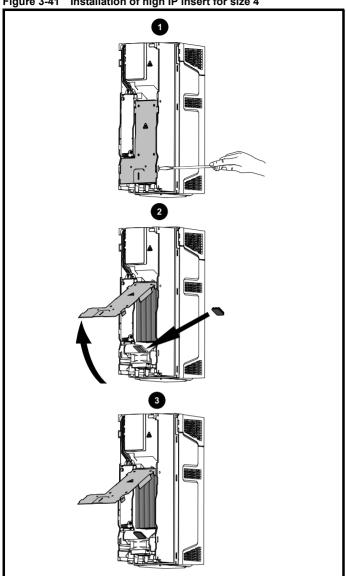
- To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- Pull the hinged baffle down to expose the ventilation hole, install the high IP insert into the ventilation hole in the heatsink (2). Ensure the high IP insert is securely installed by firmly pressing it into place (3).
- 3. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-7 should be followed.

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina	O	INV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	lechnical	D:	UL listina
							Optimization					Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation		parameters	data	Diagnoonoo	information
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Installation of high IP insert for size 4 Figure 3-41

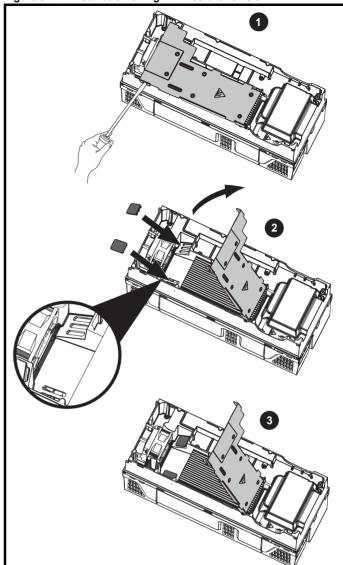


- To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- Pull the hinged baffle up to expose the ventilation hole, install the high IP insert into the ventilation hole in the heatsink (2).
- 3. Ensure the high IP insert is securely installed by firmly pressing it into place (3).
- Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-7 should be followed.

Figure 3-42 Installation of high IP insert for size 5



- To install the high IP insert, firstly place a flat head screwdriver into the slot highlighted (1).
- Pull the hinged baffle up to expose the ventilation holes, install the high IP inserts into the ventilation holes in the heatsink (2).
- 3. Ensure the high IP inserts are securely installed by firmly pressing them into place (3).
- 4. Close the hinged baffle as shown (1).

To remove the high IP insert, reverse the above instructions.

The guidelines in Table 3-7 should be followed.

Table 3-7 Environment considerations

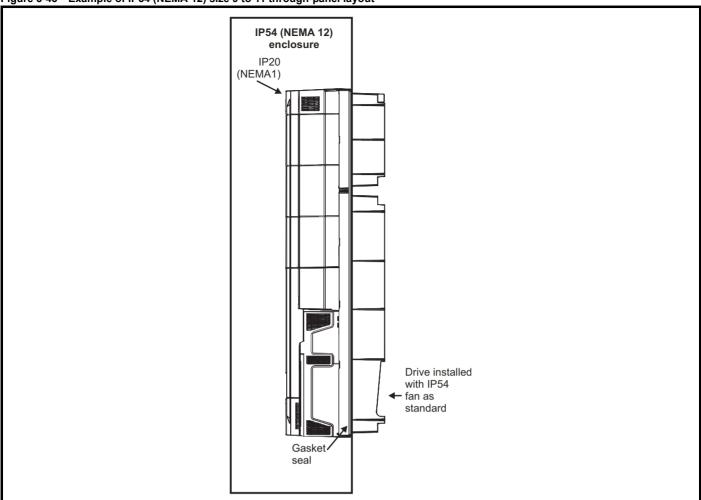
Environment	High IP insert	Comments
Clean	Not installed	
Dry, dusty (non-conductive)	Installed	Regular cleaning
Dry, dusty (conductive)	Installed	recommended
IP65 compliance	Installed	rocommonada

A current derating must be applied to the drive if the high IP insert is installed. Derating information is provided in section 12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 232.

Failure to do so may result in nuisance tripping.



Figure 3-43 Example of IP54 (NEMA 12) size 9 to 11 through-panel layout



The main gasket should be installed as shown in Figure 3-38. Any screws / bolts that are used for mounting should be installed with M8 flat nylon washers to maintain a seal around the screw hole. See Figure 3-44 for details regarding IP54 protection.

It may be necessary to improve the rigidity of the through panel mounting surface due to the larger distance between the top and bottom mounting brackets and the need to maintain compression on the gasket.

When the drive is mounted, if the gap between the drive flange (which the gasket rests on) and the rear wall of the enclosure is \geq 6 mm at any point around the drive then the following methods can be used to compress the gasket further:

- 1. Use a thicker panel for the mounting wall of the enclosure through which the drive is mounted.
- 2. Use an internal backplate to pull the rear wall of the enclosure up to the drive gasket. See Figure 3-44 for details. (M8 flat nylon washers must be installed to the standard drive for sealing off any nut and bolt mountings that exit through the rear wall of the panel).
- 3. If an internal backplate is not available a separate clamp can be used to simulate option 2. See Figure 3-45 on page 55. 4 off sealing clamps are supplied in the through panel mounting kit.

Figure 3-44 Option 2 for achieving IP54 (NEMA 12) size 9 to 11 through-panel mounting

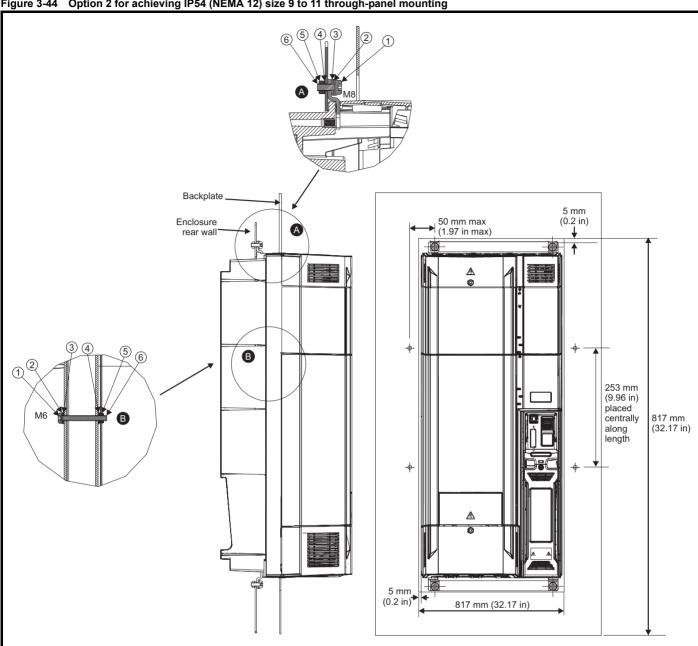
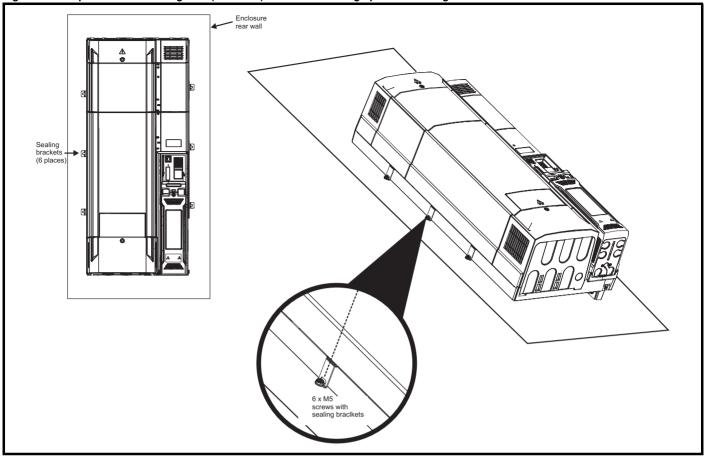


Table 3-8 Description of fixings

Item	Description
1	Bolt
2	Flat washer
3	Nylon washer
4	Flat washer
5	Spring washer
6	Nut

I	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-45 Option 3 for achieving IP54 (NEMA 12) size 9 to 11 through panel mounting



The guidelines in Table 3-9 should be followed.

NOTE

For detailed information regarding IP54 (NEMA 12) Through Panel Mounting see Figure 3-30 *Through-panel mounting the size 9A* on page 42, Figure 3-31 *Through-panel mounting the size 9E and 10* on page 43 and Figure 3-32 *Through-panel mounting the size 11E* on page 44.

Table 3-9 Environmental considerations

Environment	Fan	Comments
Clean	Standard	
Dry, dusty (non-conductive)	Standard	Regular cleaning recommended. Fan lifetime may be reduced.
Dry, dusty (conductive)	Standard / IP54	Regular cleaning recommended. Fan lifetime may be reduced.
IP54 compliance	IP54	Regular cleaning recommended.

NOTE

When designing an IP65 (NEMA 12) enclosure (Figure 3-37 Example of IP65 (sizes 3 to 8) layout on page 50), consideration should be made to the dissipation from the front of the drive.

Table 3-10 Power losses from the front of the drive when through-panel mounted

Frame size	Power loss
3	≤ 50 W
4	≤ 75 W
5	≤ 100 W
6	≤ 100 W
7	≤ 204 W
8	≤ 347 W
9A/9E/10E/11E	≤ 480 W

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
							Optimization					Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	- p	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	g	information
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3.10 External EMC filter

The external EMCfilter details for each drive rating are provided in the table below.

Table 3-11 External EMC filter data

Model	CT part number	We	eight
Wiodel	or part number	kg	lb
00 V			
03200066 to 03200127	4200-3230	1.9	4.20
04200180 to 04200250	4200-0272	4.0	8.82
05200300	4200-0312	5.5	12.13
06200500 to 06200580	4200-2300	6.5	14.3
07200750 to 07201170	4200-1132	6.9	15.2
08201490 to 08201800	4200-1972	9.6	21.1
09202160 to 09202660 (9A)	4200-3021		
09202160 to 09202660 (9E)	4200-4460		
10203250 to 10203600	4200-4460	12	26.46
00 V			
03400034 to 03400123	4200-3480	2.0	4.40
04400185 to 04400240	4200-0252	4.1	9.04
05400300	4200-0402	5.5	12.13
06400380 to 06400630	4200-4800	6.7	14.8
07400790 to 07401120	4200-1132	6.9	15.2
08401550 to 08401840	4200-1972	9.6	21.1
09402210 to 09402660 (9A)	4200-3021		
09402210 to 09402660 (9E)	4200-4460		
10403200 to 10403610	4200-4460		
11404370 to 11405070	4200-0400		
75 V			
05500039 to 05500100	4200-0122	7.0	15.4
06500120 to 06500430	4200-3690	7.0	15.4
07500530 to 07500730	4200-0672		
08500860 to 08501080	4200-1662	9.35	9.35
09501250 to 09501500 (9A)	4200-1660		
09501250 to 09501500 (9E)	4200-2210		
10502000	4200-2210		
11502480 to 11503150	4200-0690		
90 V		•	
07600230 to 07600730	4200-0672		
08600860 to 08601080	4200-1662	9.35	9.35
09601250 to 09601550 (9A)	4200-1660		
09601250 to 09601550 (9E)	4200-2210		
10601720 to 10601970	4200-2210		
11602250 to 11603050	4200-0690		

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The external EMC filters for sizes 0 to 6 can be footprint mounted or bookcase mounted as shown in Figure 3-46 and Figure 3-47. The external EMC filters for sizes 7 to 10, are designed to be mounted above the drive as shown in Figure 3-48.

Mount the external EMC filter following the guidelines in section 4.10.6 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 94.

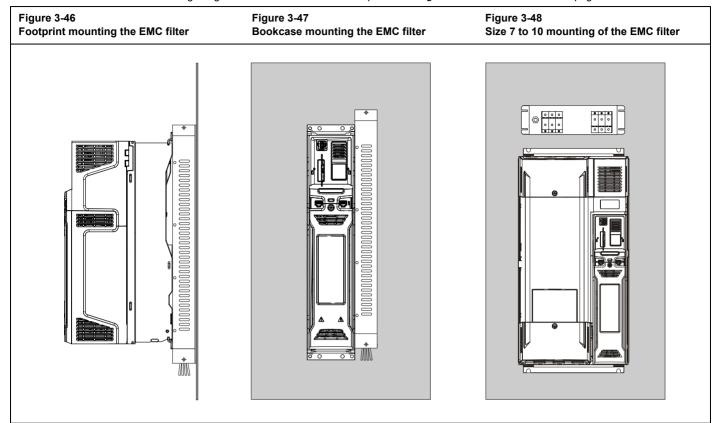
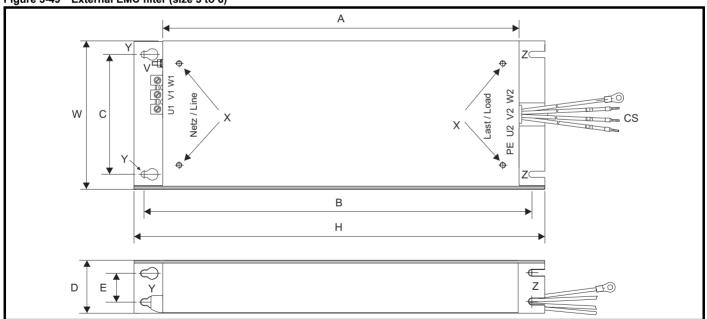


Figure 3-49 External EMC filter (size 3 to 6)



V: Ground stud

- X: Threaded holes for footprint mounting of the drive
- Z: Bookcase mounting slot diameter. CS: Cable size

Y: Footprint mounting hole diameter

Table 3-12 Size 3 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	Н	w	V	Х	Y	Z	cs
4200-3230 4200-3480	384 mm (15.12 in)	414 mm (16.30 in)	56 mm (2.21 in)	41 mm (1.61 in)		426 mm (16.77 in)	83 mm (3.27 in)	M5	M5	5.5 mm (0.22 in)	5.5 mm (0.22 in)	2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 3-13 Size 4 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	Н	W	٧	X	Y	Z	cs
4200-0272 4200-0252	395 mm (15.55 in)	425 mm (16.73 in)	100 mm (3.94 in)	60 mm (2.36 in)	33 mm (1.30 in)	437 mm (17.2 in)	123 mm (4.84 in)	М6	М6	6.5 mm (0.26 in)	6.5 mm (0.26 in)	6 mm ² (10 AWG)

Table 3-14 Size 5 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	Н	W	٧	Х	Y	Z	cs
4200-0312												10 mm ²
4200-0402	395 mm	425 mm	106 mm	60 mm	33 mm	437 mm	143 mm	M6	M6	6.5 mm	6.5 mm	(8 AWG)
4200-0122	(15.55 in)	(16.73 in)	(4.17 in)	(2.36 in)	(1.30 in)	(17.2 in)	(5.63 in)	IVIO	IVIO	(0.26 in)	(0.26 in)	2.5 mm ² (14 AWG)

Table 3-15 Size 6 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	Н	w	V	X	Y	Z	cs
4200-2300	392 mm	420 mm	180 mm	60 mm	33 mm	434 mm	210 mm			C E mm	6 E mm	10 2
4200-4800	(15.43 in)	(16.54 in)	(7.09 in)	(2.36 in)	(1.30 in)	(17.09 in)	(8.27 in)	M6	M6	6.5 mm (0.26 in)	6.5 mm (0.26 in)	16 mm ² (6 AWG)
4200-3690	(1010 111)	(10.04 111)	(7.00 111)	(2.00 111)	(1.00 111)	(17.00 111)	(0.27 111)			(0.20 111)	(0.20 111)	(U AWG)

Figure 3-50 External EMC filter (size 7 to 8)

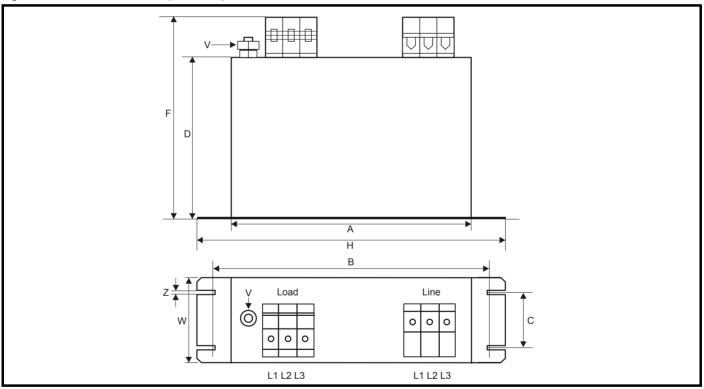


Table 3-16 Size 7 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	A	В	С	D	E	F	Н	w	٧	X	Y	Z
4200-1132	240 mm	255 mm	55 mm	150 mm		205 mm	270 mm	90 mm	M10			6.5 mm
4200-0672	(9.45 in)	(10.04 in)	(2.17 in)	(5.90 in)		(8.07 in)	(10.63 in)	(3.54 in)	IVITO			(0.26 in)

Table 3-17 Size 8 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	F	Н	w	V	X	Y	Z
4200-1972	240 mm	255 mm	55 mm	150 mm		205 mm	270 mm	90 mm	M10			6.5 mm
4200-1662	(9.45 in)	(10.04 in)	(2.17 in)	(5.90 in)		(8.07 in)	(10.63 in)	(3.54 in)	WITO			(10.26 in)

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Figure 3-51 External EMC filter (size 9A)

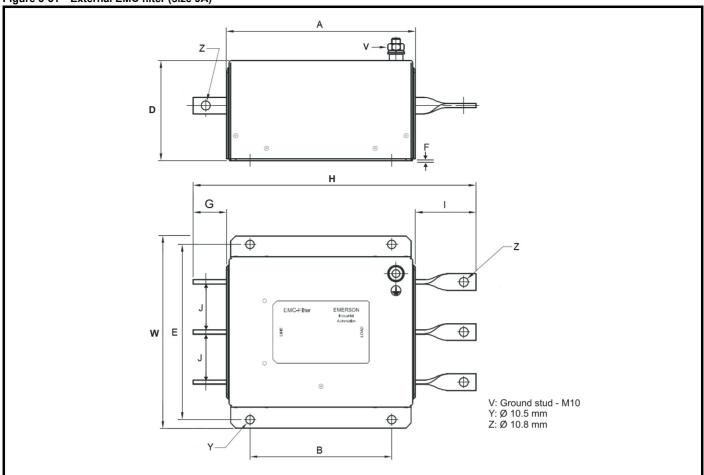


Table 3-18 Size 9A external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	w
4200-3021	220 mm	170 mm	120 mm	210 mm	2 mm	40 mm	339 mm	73 mm	60 mm	230 mm
4200-1660	(8.66 in)	(6.70 in)	(4.72 in)	(8.27 in)	(0.08 in)	(1.57 in)	(13.34)	(2.87 in)	(2.36 in)	(9.06 in)



Figure 3-52 External EMC filter (size 9E and 10)

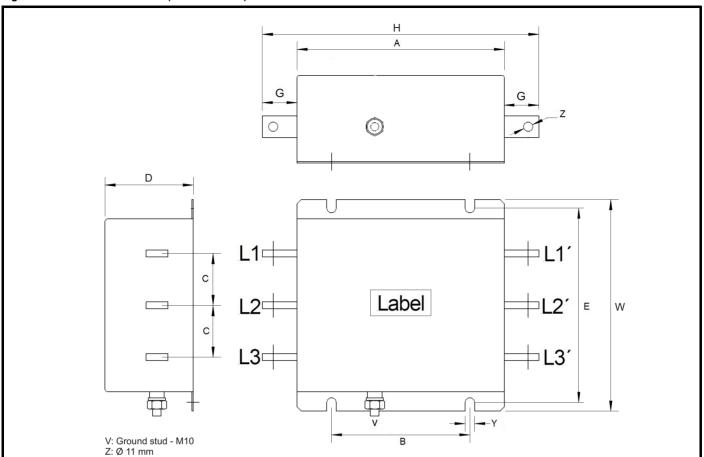


Table 3-19 Size 9E and 10 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	Α	В	С	D	E	G	Н	w	Υ
4200-4460	240 mm	160 mm	60 mm	102 mm	225 mm	40 mm	320 mm	245 mm	11 mm
	(9.45 in)	(6.30 in)	(2.36 in)	(4.02 in)	(8.86 in)	(1.57 in)	(12.6 in)	(9.65 in)	(0.43 in)
4200-2210	280 mm	180 mm	57 mm	105 mm	225 mm	40 mm	360 mm	245 mm	11 mm
	(11.02)	(7.09)	(2.24 mm)	(4.13 in)	(8.86 in)	(1.57 in)	(14.7 in)	(9.65 in)	(0.43 in)

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 3-53 External EMC filter (size 11)

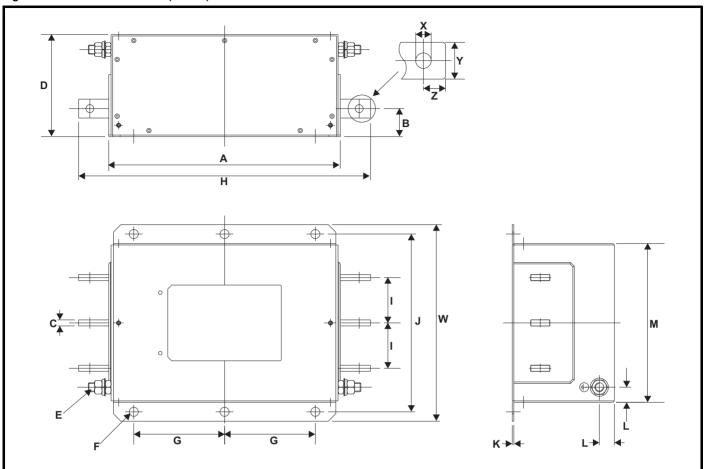


Table 3-20 Size 11 external EMC filter dimensions

CT part number	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	к	L	М	w	х	Y	Z
4200-0400	306 mm	37 mm	8 mm	135 mm	M12	12 mm	120 mm	386 mm	60 mm	235 mm	2 mm	20 mm		260 mm	10.5 mm	25 mm	15 mm
4200-0690	(12.05 in)	(1.46 in)	(0.32 in)	(5.32 in)	IVIIZ	(0.47 in)	(4.72 in)	(15.20 in)	(2.36 in)	(9.25 in)	(0.08 in)	(0.79 in)	(8.27 in)	(10.2 in)	(0.41 in)	(0.98 in)	(0.59 in)

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Line reactor mounting dimensions for size 9E, 10E and 11E 3.11

Figure 3-54 Input line reactor (INLX0X) for size 9 and 10

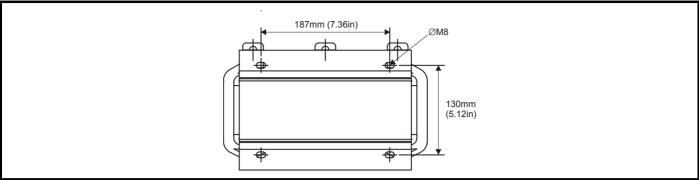


Figure 3-55 Input line reactor force cooled (INLX0XW)

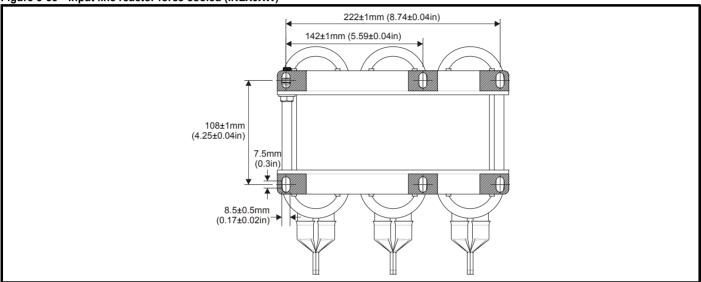
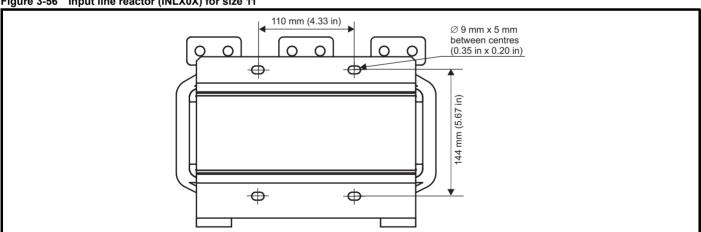


Figure 3-56 Input line reactor (INLX0X) for size 11

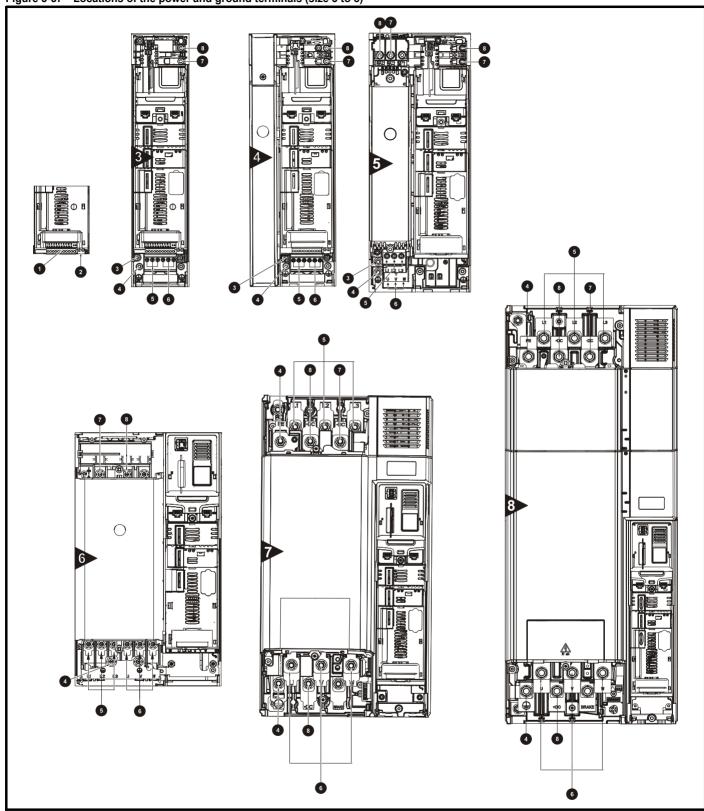


For overall dimensions and other details, refer to section 4.2.3 Input line reactor specification for size 9E, 10E and 11E on page 78.

Safety information Product Mechanical installation Electrical installation Getting started Running the motor Onboard PLC UL listing information NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics parameters Operation parameters data

3.12 **Electrical terminals**

3.12.1 Location of the power and ground terminals Figure 3-57 Locations of the power and ground terminals (size 3 to 8)



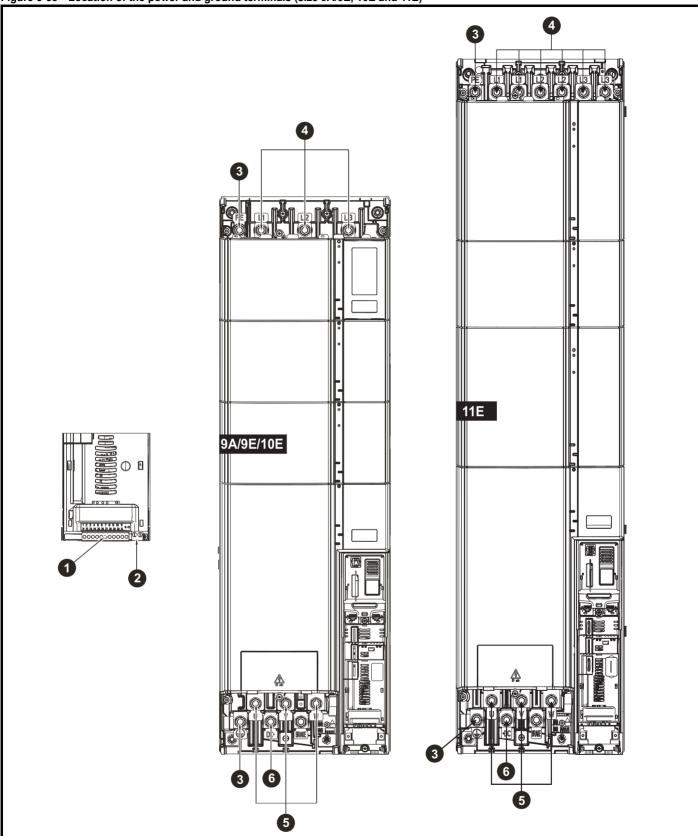
Key

- 1. Control terminals
- 2. Relay terminals
- 3. Additional ground connection
- 4. Ground connections
- 5. AC power terminals
- 6. Motor terminals

- 7. DC bus -
- 8. DC bus +

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Figure 3-58 Location of the power and ground terminals (size 9A/9E, 10E and 11E)



Key

- 1. Control terminals
- 2. Relay terminals

- 3. Ground connections
- 4. AC power terminals

- 5. Motor terminals
- 6. DC bus +

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.12.2 Terminal sizes and torque settings



To avoid a fire hazard and maintain validity of the UL listing, adhere to the specified tightening torques for the power and ground terminals. Refer to the following tables.

Table 3-21 Drive power terminal data

Powerdrive	AC and mot	or terminals	DC and	braking	Ground	terminal
F300 frame size	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum
3 and 4	Plug-in ter	minal block	T20 To	rx (M4)	T20 Torx (M4) / M	4 Nut (7 mm AF)
3 and 4	0.7 N m (0.5 lb ft)	0.8 N m (0.6 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)
5	Plug-in ter	minal block	T20 Torx (M4) / M	4 Nut (7 mm AF)	M5 Nut (8	3 mm AF)
	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	1.8 N m (1.3 lb ft)	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)
6	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)
	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m(4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)
7	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)
	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)
8 to 11	M10 Nut (17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (1	17 mm AF)
0 10 11	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)

Table 3-22 Drive control and relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Plug-in terminal block	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

Table 3-23 Plug-in terminal block maximum cable sizes

Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size
All	11 way control connectors	1.5 mm ² (16 AWG)
7 111	2 way relay connector	2.5 mm ² (12 AWG)
3	6 way AC power connector	6 mm ² (10 AWG)
4	o may has perior definication	Ollilli (10 AVVG)
5	3 way AC power connector	8 mm ² (8 AWG)
	3 way motor connector	· · · · · · · (074170)
6		
7	2 way low voltage power	
8	24 V supply connector	1.5 mm ² (16 AWG)
9A/9E	2. 7 3355.9 33730.01	
10E/11E		

Table 3-24 External EMC filter terminal data

CT part		wer ctions		ound ections	
number	Max cable size	Max torque	Ground stud size	Max torque	
4200-1132	50 mm ²	8.0 N m			
4200-0672	(1/0 AWG)	(6.0lb ft)	M10	18 N m	
4200-1972	95 mm ²	20 N m	WITO	(13.3 lb ft)	
4200-1662	(3/0 AWG)	(14.8 lb ft)			
4200-0122		2.3 N m (1.7 lb ft)			
4200-0252	16 mm ²		M6	5.0 N m	
4200-0272	(6 AWG)	1.8 N m	IVIO	(3.7 lb ft)	
4200-0312]	(1.4 lb ft)			
4200-0402]				
4200-3230	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	2.5 N m	
4200-3480	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	(1.8 lb ft)	
4200-2300	10 2	2.3 N m		5.0 N m	
4200-4800	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	(1.70 lb ft)	M6	(3.7 lb ft)	
4200-3690	(0 AVVO)	(1.70 15 11)		(0.7 15 11)	
4200-3021	TBC	TBC		TBC	
4200-4460	TBC	25 N m (18.4 lb ft)	M10	TBC	
4200-1660	TBC	TBC	IVITO	TBC	
4200-2210	TBC	25 N m (18.4 lb ft)		TBC	
4200-0400	TBC	TBC	M12	25 N m	
4200-0690	TBC	TBC	IVIIZ	(18.4 lb ft)	

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information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data	_	information
										•			

3.13 Routine maintenance

The drive should be installed in a cool, clean, well ventilated location. Contact of moisture and dust with the drive should be prevented.

Regular checks of the following should be carried out to ensure drive / installation reliability are maximized:

Environment	
Ambient temperature	Ensure the enclosure temperature remains at or below maximum specified
Dust	Ensure the drive remains dust free – check that the heatsink and drive fan are not gathering dust. The lifetime of the fan is reduced in dusty environments.
Moisture	Ensure the drive enclosure shows no signs of condensation
Enclosure	
Enclosure door filters	Ensure filters are not blocked and that air is free to flow
Electrical	
Screw connections	Ensure all screw terminals remain tight
Crimp terminals	Ensure all crimp terminals remains tight – check for any discoloration which could indicate overheating
Cables	Check all cables for signs of damage

3.13.1 Real time clock battery replacement

Those keypads which have the real time clock feature contain a battery to ensure the clock works when the drive is powered down. The battery has a long life time but if the battery needs to be replaced or removed, follow the instructions below.

Low battery voltage is indicated by 📋 low battery symbol on the keypad display.



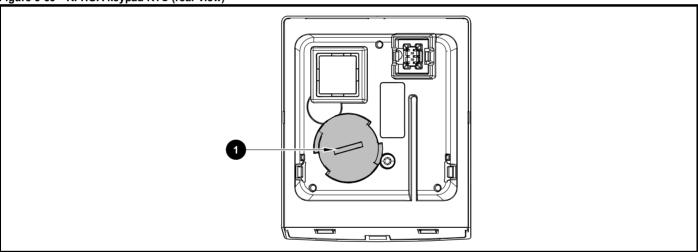


Figure 3-59 above illustrates the rear view of the KI-HOA keypad RTC.

- 1. To remove the battery cover insert a flat head screwdriver into the slot as shown (1), push and turn anti-clockwise until the battery cover is released.
- 2. Replace the battery (the battery type is: CR2032).
- 3. Reverse point 1 above to replace battery cover.

NOTE

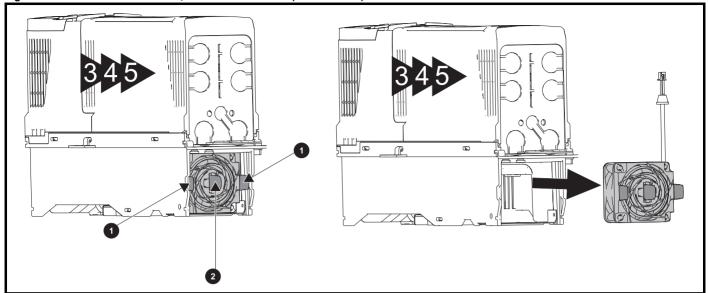
Ensure the battery is disposed of correctly.

66

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	n information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

3.13.2 Fan removal procedure

Figure 3-60 Removal of the size 3, 4 and 5 heatsink fan (size 3 shown)



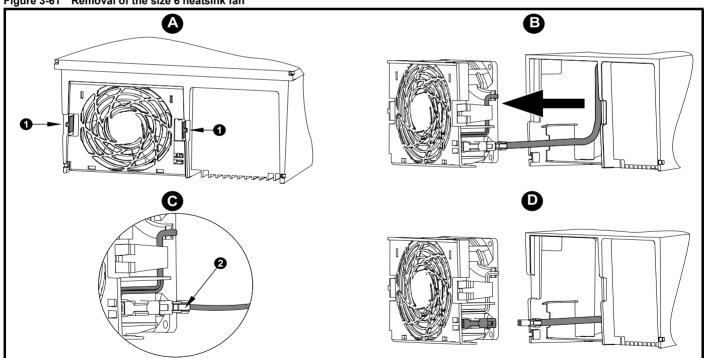
Ensure the fan cable is disconnected from the drive prior to attempting fan removal.

- 1. Press the two tabs inwards to release the fan from the drive frame.
- 2. Using the central fan tab, withdraw the fan assembly from the drive housing.

Replace the fan by reversing the above instructions.

If the drive is surface mounted using the outer holes on the mounting bracket, then the heatsink fan can be replaced without removing the drive from the backplate.

Figure 3-61 Removal of the size 6 heatsink fan



- A: Press the tabs (1) inwards to release the fan assembly from the underside of the drive.
- **B**: Use the tabs (1) to withdraw the fan by pulling it away from the drive.
- C: Depress and hold the locking release on the fan cable lead as shown (2).
- D: With the locking release depressed (2), take hold of the fan supply cable and carefully pull to separate the connectors.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

4 Electrical installation

Many cable management features have been incorporated into the product and accessories, this chapter shows how to optimize them. Key features include:

- · Safe Torque Off function
- Internal EMC filter
- · EMC compliance with shielding / grounding accessories
- · Product rating, fusing and cabling information



Electric shock risk

The voltages present in the following locations can cause severe electric shock and may be lethal:

- AC supply cables and connections
- DC cables and connections
- · Output cables and connections
- Many internal parts of the drive, and external option units

Unless otherwise indicated, control terminals are single insulated and must not be touched.



Isolation device

The AC and / or DC power supply must be disconnected from the drive using an approved isolation device before any cover is removed from the drive or before any servicing work is performed.



STOP function

The STOP function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



Safe Torque Off function

The Safe Torque Off function does not remove dangerous voltages from the drive, the motor or any external option units.



Stored charge

The drive contains capacitors that remain charged to a potentially lethal voltage after the AC and / or DC power supply has been disconnected. If the drive has been energized, the AC and / or DC power supply must be isolated at least ten minutes before work may continue.

Normally, the capacitors are discharged by an internal resistor. Under certain, unusual fault conditions, it is possible that the capacitors may fail to discharge,

or be prevented from being discharged by a voltage applied to the output terminals. If the drive has failed in a manner that causes the display to go blank immediately, it is possible the capacitors will not be discharged. In this case, consult Control Techniques or their authorized distributor.



Equipment supplied by plug and socket

Special attention must be given if the drive is installed in equipment which is connected to the AC supply by a plug and socket. The AC supply terminals of the drive are connected to the internal capacitors through rectifier diodes which are not intended to give safety isolation. If the plug terminals can be touched when the plug is disconnected from the socket, a means of automatically isolating the plug from the drive must be used (e.g. a latching relay).



Permanent magnet motors

Permanent magnet motors generate electrical power if they are rotated, even when the supply to the drive is disconnected. If that happens then the drive will become energized through its motor terminals.

If the motor load is capable of rotating the motor when the supply is disconnected, then the motor must be isolated from the drive before gaining access to any live parts.

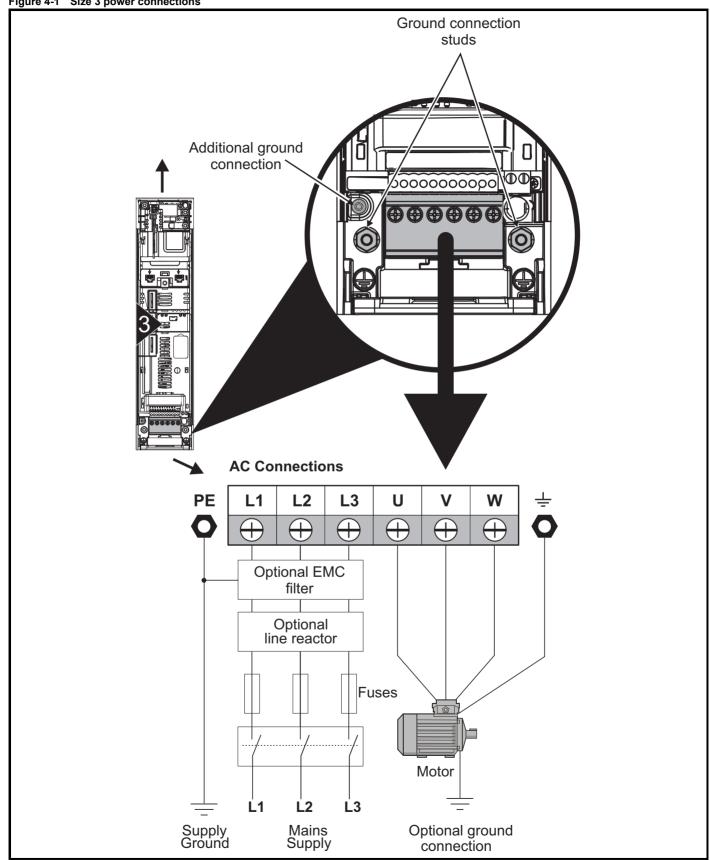
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Issue Number: 2

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

4.1 **Power connections**

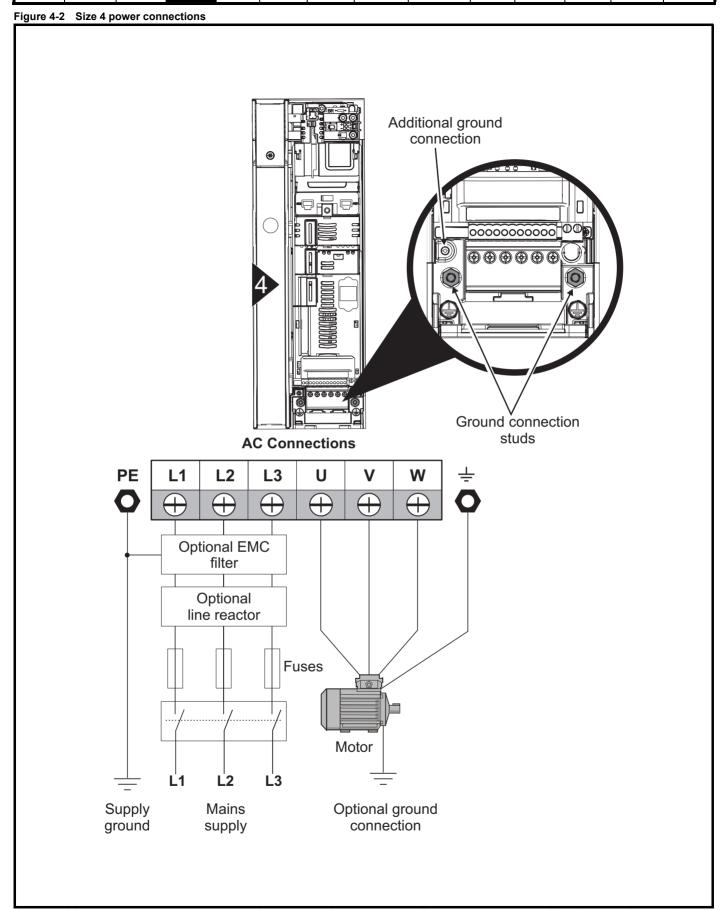
4.1.1 **AC and DC connections**

Figure 4-1 Size 3 power connections

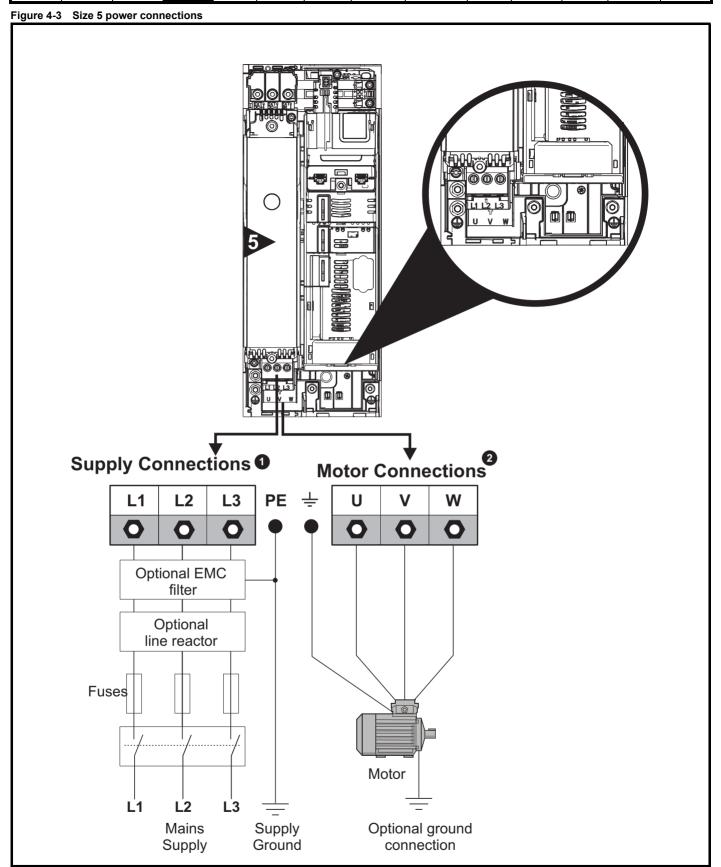


See Figure 4-9 for information on ground connections.

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If the heatsink mounted resistor is used, an overload protection device is not required. The resistor is designed to fail safely under fault conditions. See Figure 4-9 for information on ground connections.

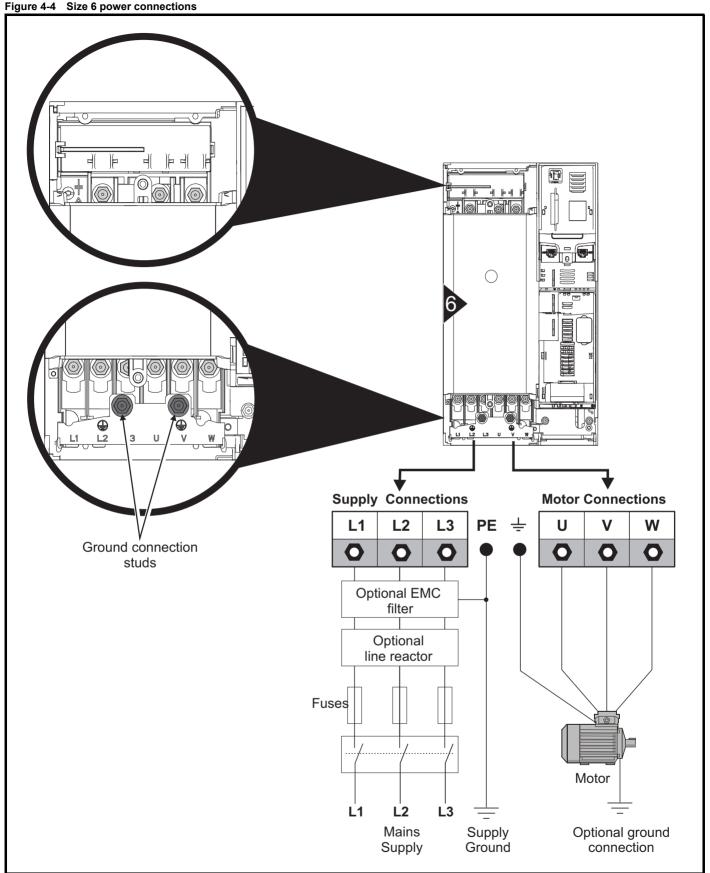


The upper terminal block (1) is used for AC supply connection.

The lower terminal block (2) is used for Motor connection.

If the heatsink mounted resistor is used, an overload protection device is not required. The resistor is designed to fail safely under fault conditions. See Figure 4-10 for further information on ground connections.

Firms 4.4. Oirs Commentions



See Figure 4-11 for further information on ground connections.

Figure 4-5 Size 7 and 8 power connections (Size 7 shown)

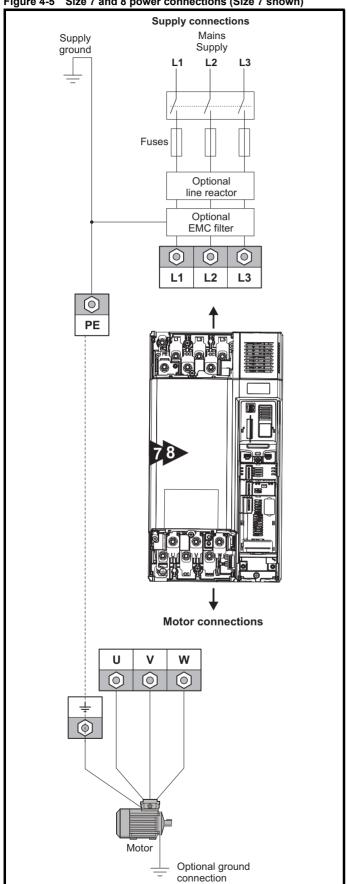
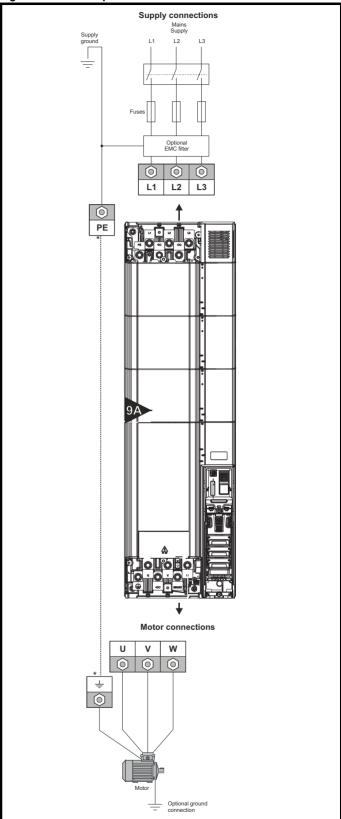
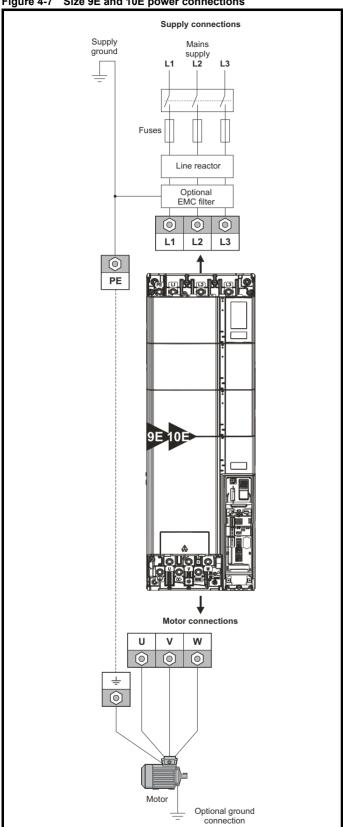


Figure 4-6 Size 9A power connections



See Figure 4-12 for further information on ground connections.

Figure 4-7 Size 9E and 10E power connections

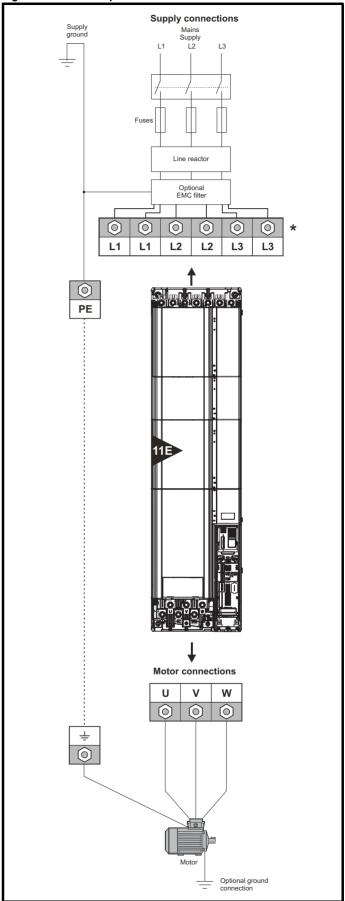


See Figure 4-12 for further information on ground connections.



A separate line reactor (INLXXX) of at least the value shown in Table 4-3 and Table 4-2 on page 78 must be used with size 9E and 10E. Failure to provide sufficient reactance could CAUTION damage or reduce the service life of the drive.

Figure 4-8 Size 11E power connections



* Connect to either terminal.

Safety Product NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics installation information installation PLC information information started parameter the motor Operation parameters

4.1.2 Ground connections

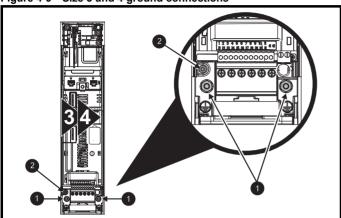


Electrochemical corrosion of grounding terminals Ensure that grounding terminals are protected against corrosion i.e. as could be caused by condensation.

Size 3 and 4

On sizes 3 and 4, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M4 studs located either side of the drive near the plug-in power connector. Refer to Figure 4-9 for additional ground connection.

Figure 4-9 Size 3 and 4 ground connections

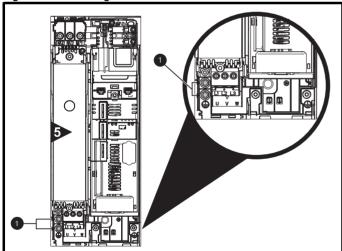


- 1. Ground connection studs.
- 2. Additional ground connection.

Size 5

On size 5, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M5 studs located near the plug-in power connector. Refer to Figure 4-10 for additional ground connection.

Figure 4-10 Size 5 ground connections

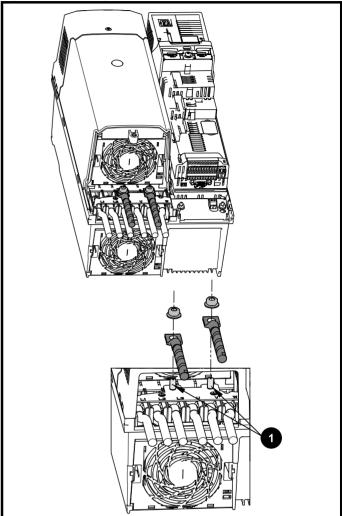


Ground connection studs.

Size 6

On a size 6, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M6 studs located above the supply and motor terminals. Refer to Figure 4-11 below.

Figure 4-11 Size 6 ground connections



1. Ground connection studs

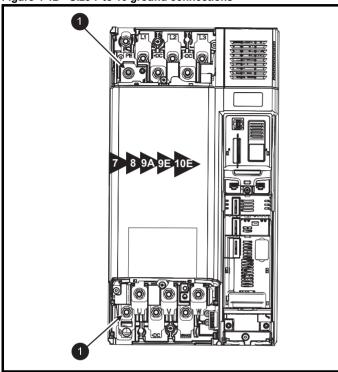
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Size 7

On size 7, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M8 studs located by the supply and motor connection terminals.

On size 8 to 11, the supply and motor ground connections are made using the M10 studs located by the supply and motor connection

Figure 4-12 Size 7 to 10 ground connections



Ground connection studs



The ground loop impedance must conform to the requirements of local safety regulations.

The drive must be grounded by a connection capable of carrying the prospective fault current until the protective device (fuse, etc.) disconnects the AC supply.

The ground connections must be inspected and tested at appropriate intervals.

Figure 4-13 Size 11E ground connections

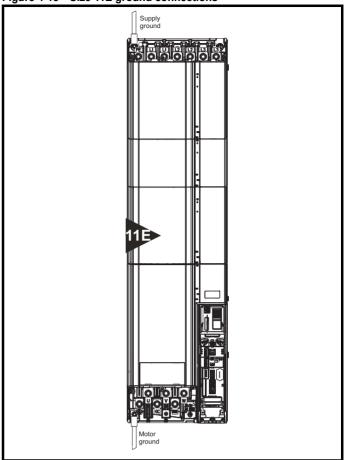


Table 4-1 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size					
≤ 10 mm ²	Either 10 mm ² or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor.					
> 10 mm ² and ≤ 16 mm ²	The same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor					
$> 16 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ and } \le 35 \text{ mm}^2$	16 mm ²					
> 35 mm ²	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor					

4.2 **AC supply requirements**

Voltage:

200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V ±10 % 380 V to 480 V ±10 % 400 V drive: 575 V drive: 500 V to 575 V ±10 % 690 V drive: 500 V to 690 V ±10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 45 to 66 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

4.2.1 Supply types

All drives are suitable for use on any supply type i.e TN-S, TN-C-S, TT and IT.

- Supplies with voltage up to 600 V may have grounding at any potential, i.e. neutral, centre or corner ("grounded delta")
- Supplies with voltage above 600 V may not have corner grounding

Drives are suitable for use on supplies of installation category III and lower, according to IEC60664-1. This means they may be connected permanently to the supply at its origin in a building, but for outdoor installation additional over-voltage suppression (transient voltage surge suppression) must be provided to reduce category IV to category III.



Operation with IT (ungrounded) supplies:

Special attention is required when using internal or external EMC filters with ungrounded supplies, because in the event of a ground (earth) fault in the motor circuit the drive may not trip and the filter could be over-stressed. In this case, either the filter must not be used (removed) or additional independent motor ground fault protection must be provided.

For instructions on removal, refer to section 4.10.2 *Internal EMC filter* on page 90. For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

A ground fault in the supply has no effect in any case. If the motor must continue to run with a ground fault in its own circuit then an input isolating transformer must be provided and if an EMC filter is required it must be located in the primary circuit.

Unusual hazards can occur on ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

4.2.2 Supplies requiring line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5% voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- · Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- · Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %.

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA:

03200066, 03200080, 03200110, 03200127,

03400034, 03400045, 03400062, 03400077

Model sizes 03400104 to 07600730 have an internal DC choke and model sizes 08201490 to 0801080 and frame 9A have internal AC line chokes so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions. Drive sizes 9E,10E and 11E do not have internal input line reactors hence an external input line reactor must be used. For more information refer to section 4.2.3 *Input line reactor specification for size* 9E, 10E and 11E on page 78.

When required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

Reactor current ratings

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

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·UC	Diagnostic	data	parameters	PLC	Operation	Optimization	the motor	parameters	started	installation	installation	information	information

4.2.3 Input line reactor specification for size 9E, 10E and 11E



A separate line reactor (INLXXX) of at least the value shown in Table 4-3 and Table 4-2 must be used with size 9E, 10E and 11E. Failure to provide sufficient reactance could damage or reduce the service life of the drive.

Table 4-2 Size 9E, 10E and 11E Model and Line reactor part number

Size	Drive model	Inductor model	Line reactor part number		
	09202160, 09202660, 09402210, 09402660	INL 401	4401-0181		
9E	09202100, 09202000, 09402210, 09402000	INL 401W**	4401-0208		
	09501250, 09501500, 09601720, 09601970	INL 601	4401-0183		
	10203250, 10203600, 10403200, 10403610	INL 402	4401-0182		
10E	10203230, 10203000, 10403200, 10403010	INL 402W**	4401-0209		
	10502000, 10601720, 10601970	INL 602	4401-0184		
	11404370	INL 403L***	4401-0274		
11E	11404370, 11404870, 11405070	INL 403*	4401-0259		
	11502480, 11502880, 11503150, 11602250, 11602750, 11603050	INL 603*	4401-0261		

^{*} Natural cooling.

Figure 4-14 Input line reactor dimensions

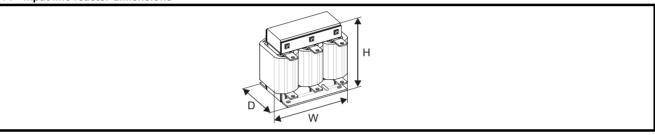


Table 4-3 Input line reactor ratings

Part number	Model	Current	Inductance μH	Overall width (W)	Overall depth (D)	Overall height (H) mm	Weight kg	Max ambient temp °C	Min airflow m/s	Maximum losses W	Quantity required
4401-0181	INL 401	245	63	240	190	225	32	50	1	148	1
4401-0182	INL 402	339	44	276	200	225	36	50	1	205	1
4401-0208	INL 401W**	245	63	255	235	200	27	40	3		1
4401-0209	INL 402W**	339	44	255	235	200	27	40	3		1
4401-0274	INL 403L*	420	30	300	216	264	57	40	0		1
4401-0259	INL403*	557	30	300	216	264	57	40	0		1
4401-0183	INL 601	145	178	240	190	225	33	50	1	88	1
4401-0184	INL 602	192	133	276	200	225	36	50	1	116	1
4401-0261	INL 603*	331	93	300	216	264	58	40	0		1

^{*} Natural cooling.

NOTE

If symmetrical fault current exceeds 38 kA then a line reactor with a higher inductance must be used, consult the supplier of the drive.

4.2.4 Input inductor calculation

To calculate the inductance required (at Y%), use the following equation:

$$L = \frac{Y}{100} \times \frac{V}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{2\pi fI}$$

Where:

I = drive rated input current (A)

L = inductance (H)

f = supply frequency (Hz)

V = voltage between lines

^{**} May represent a more economic solution where operating temperature and cooling requirements are observed.

^{***} May represent a more economic solution when operating below 420 A.

^{**} May represent a more economic solution where operating temperature and cooling requirements are observed.

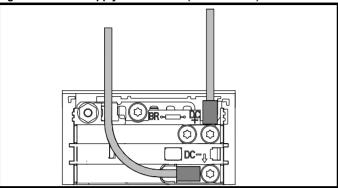
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

4.3 Supplying the drive with DC

All drive sizes have the option to be powered from an external DC power supply. Refer to section 3.12 *Electrical terminals* on page 63 to identify the location of DC supply connections.

The DC supply connections for size 3 and 4 are located under the DC / Terminal cover. Figure 4-15 below shows DC supply connections and cable routing.

Figure 4-15 DC supply connections (size 3 shown)



NOTE

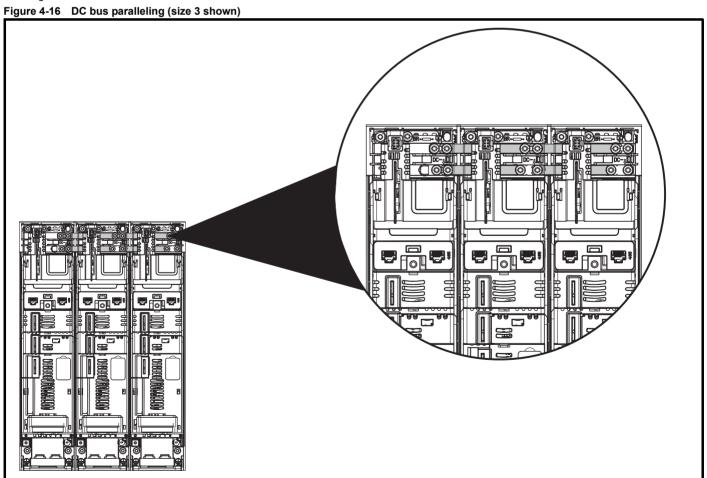
The Internal EMC filter and plastics have been removed from the above Figure 4-15 to demonstrate the routing of the DC cables.

4.4 DC bus paralleling

DC bus paralleling using standard cable / busbars is supported by all frame sizes.

On frame sizes 3, 4, 5 and 6, terminal and enclosure design enables the DC bus of a number of drives to be connected together using pre-made busbars. The diagram below shows how the busbar links connect the DC bus of several drives together.

The connecting of the DC bus between several drives is typically used to return energy from a drive which is being overhauled by the load to a second motoring drive.



There are limitations to the combinations of drives which can be used in this configuration.

For application data, contact the supplier of the drive.

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

NOTE

The DC bus paralleling kit is not supplied with the drive but available to order

Table 4-4 DC bus paralleling kit part numbers

Size	CT part number
3	3470-0048-00
4	3470-0061-00
5	3470-0068-00
6	3470-0063-00

4.5 24 Vdc supply

The 24 Vdc supply connected to control terminals 1 & 2 provides the following functions:

- It can be used to supplement the drive's own internal 24 V supply when multiple option modules are being used and the current drawn by these module is greater than the drive can supply.
- It can be used as a back-up power supply to keep the control circuits
 of the drive powered up when the line power supply is removed. This
 allows any fieldbus modules, application modules, or serial
 communications to continue to operate.
- It can be used to commission the drive when the line power supply is not available, as the display operates correctly. However, the drive will be in the Under voltage trip state unless either line power supply or low voltage DC operation is enabled, therefore diagnostics may not be possible. (Power down save parameters are not saved when using the 24 V back-up power supply input).
- If the DC bus voltage is too low to run the main SMPS in the drive, then the 24 V supply can be used to supply all the low voltage power requirements of the drive. Low Under Voltage Threshold Select (06.067) must also be enabled for this to happen.

NOTE

On size 6 and larger, the power 24 Vdc supply (terminals 51, 52) must be connected to enable the 24 Vdc supply to be used as a backup supply, when the line power supply is removed. If the power 24 Vdc supply is not connected none of the above mentioned functions can be used, "Waiting For Power Systems" will be displayed on the keypad and no drive operations are possible. The location of the power 24 Vdc can be identified from Figure 4-17 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 6 on page 80.

Table 4-5 24 Vdc Supply connections

Function	Sizes 3-5	Sizes 6-11
Supplement the drive's internal supply	Terminal 1, 2	Terminal 1, 2
Back-up supply for the control circuit	Terminal 1, 2	Terminal 1, 2 51, 52

The working voltage range of the control 24 V power supply is as follows:

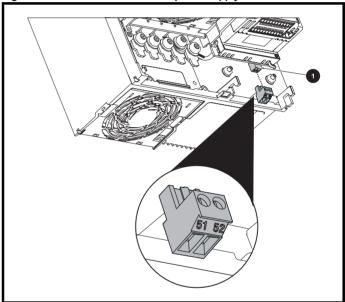
1	0 V				
2	+24 Vdc				
Nomina	operating voltage	24.0 Vdc			
Minimur	n continuous operating voltage	19.2 V			
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	28.0 V			
Minimur	n start up voltage	21.6 V			
Maximum power supply requirement at 24 V 40 W					
Recomr	nended fuse	3 A, 50 Vdc			

Minimum and maximum voltage values include ripple and noise. Ripple and noise values must not exceed $5\,\%$.

The working range of the 24 V power supply is as follows:

51	0 V	0 V							
52	+24 Vdc								
Size 6	Size 6								
Nomina	l operating voltage	24.0 Vdc							
Minimur	n continuous operating voltage	18.6 Vdc							
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	28.0 Vdc							
Minimur	n startup voltage	18.4 Vdc							
Maximu	m power supply requirement	40 W							
Recomm	mended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc							
Size 7 t	o 11								
Nomina	l operating voltage	24.0 Vdc							
Minimur	n continuous operating voltage	19.2 Vdc							
Maximu	m continuous operating voltage	30 Vdc (IEC), 26 Vdc (UL)							
Minimur	n startup voltage	21.6 Vdc							
Maximu	m power supply requirement	60 W							
Recomm	mended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc							

Figure 4-17 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 6



1. 24 Vdc power supply connection

Figure 4-18 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 7

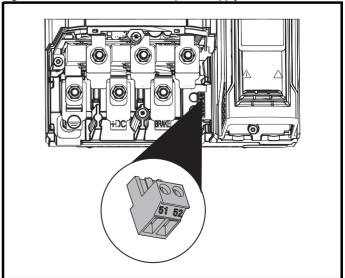
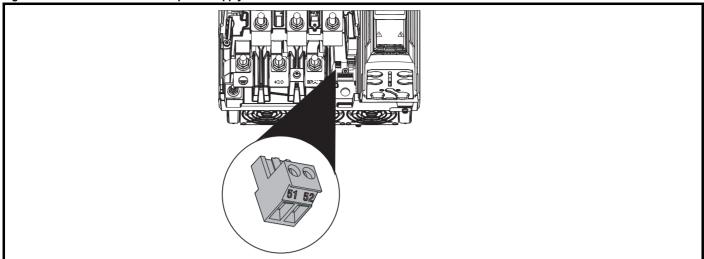




Figure 4-19 Location of the 24 Vdc power supply connection on size 8 to 11



4.6 Heatsink fan supply

The heatsink fan on all drive sizes is supplied internally by the drive.

4.7 Ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

Typical input current

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the supply fault current given in Table 4-6.

Table 4-6 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100



The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 4-7 shows recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	- p	Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

Table 4-7 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			F	use rating		
Model	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Wodei	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
03200066	8.2	10.4	15.8	16			20		
03200080	9.9	12.6	20.9	20	25	gG	20	25	CC, J or T**
03200110	14	17	25	20	25	gG	25	25	CC, J 01 1
03200127	16	20	34	25			25		
04200180	17	20	30	25	25	gG	25	25	CC, J or T**
04200250	23	28	41	32	32	y G	30	30	CC, 3 01 1
05200300	24	31	52	40	40	gG	40	40	CC, J or T**
06200500	42	48	64	63	63	gG	60	60	CC, J or T**
06200580	49	56	85	03	03	go	60		CC, 3 01 1
07200750	58	67	109	80	80		80	80	
07200940	73	84	135	100	100	gG	100	100	CC, J or T**
07201170	91	105	149	125	125		125	125	
08201490	123	137	213	200	200	gR	200	200	HSJ
08201800	149	166	243	200	200	giv	225	225	1100
09202160	172	205	270	250	250	gR	250	250	HSJ
09202660	228	260	319	315	315	giv	300	300	1100
10203250	277	305	421	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ
10203600	333	361	494	450	450	gi\	450	450	1100

^{**} These fuses are fast acting.

Table 4-8 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fus	se rating		
	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Ciass	Α	Α	Class
03400034	5	5	7						
03400045	6	7	9	10	10		10	10	
03400062	8	9	13			gG			CC, J or T**
03400077	11	13	21			- gG			CC, 3 01 1
03400104	12	- 13	20	20	20		20	20	
03400123	14	16	25						
04400185	17	19	30	25	25	~C	25	25	CC Los T**
04400240	22	24	35	32	32	gG	30	30	CC, J or T**
05400300	26	29	52	40	40	gG	35	35	CC, J or T**
06400380	32	36	67				40		
06400480	41	46	80	63	63	gG	50	60	CC, J or T**
06400630	54	60	90			-	60	1	
07400790	67	74	124	100	100		80	80	
07400940	80	88	145	100	100	gG	100	100	CC, J or T**
07401120	96	105	188	125	125	-	125	125	1
08401550	137	155	267	250	250	~D	225	225	HSJ
08401840	164	177	303	250	250	gR	225	225	ПОЛ
09402210	211	232	306	315	315	~D	300	300	1101
09402660	245	267	359	315	315	gR	350	350	HSJ
10403200	306	332	445	400	400	αD	400	400	HSJ
10403610	370	397	523	450	450	gR	450	450	ПОЛ
11404370	424	499	579	500	500				
11404870	455	492	613	500	500	gR	600	600	HSJ
11405070	502	539	752	550	550	1			

^{**} These fuses are fast acting.

Safety		Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 4-9 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating			
Model	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA		
Wodei	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class	
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class	
05500039	4	4	7	10			10	10		
05500061	6	7	9	10	20	gG	10	10	CC, J or T**	
05500100	9	11	15	20			20	20		
06500120	12	13	22	20			20			
06500170	17	19	33	32	40		25	30	- CC, J or T**	
06500220	22	24	41	40		gG	30			
06500270	26	29	50	50		y G	35		00, 3011	
06500340	33	37	63	30	63		40	50		
06500430	41	47	76	63			50			
07500530	41	45	75	50	50	gG	50	50	CC, J or T**	
07500730	57	62	94	80	80	go	80	80	00,001	
08500860	74	83	121	125	125	gR	100	100	HSJ	
08501080	92	104	165	160	160	giv	150	150	1100	
09501250	145	166	190	150	150	gR	150	150	HSJ	
09501500	145	166	221	200	200	giv	175	175	1100	
10502000	177	197	266	250	250	gR	250	250	HSJ	
11502480	240	265	327							
11502880	285	310	395	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ	
11503150	313	338	473							

^{**} These fuses are fast acting.

Table 4-10 AC Input current and fuse ratings (690 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fuse ra	ating			
Madal	input	continuous	overload input		IEC		ı	UL / USA		
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class	
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class	
07600230	18	20	32	25			25			
07600300	23	26	41	32	50		30	50		
07600360	28	31	49	40	50		35	50	CC, J	
07600460	36	39	65	50	1	gG _	50		or T**	
07600520	40	44	75	50	80		50	80	1	
07600730	57	62	92	80	- 00		80	- 60		
08600860	74	83	121	125	125	αD	100	100	HSJ	
08601080	92	104	165	160	160	gR _	150	150	ПОО	
09601250	124	149	194	150	150	αD	150	150	HSJ	
09601550	145	171	226	200	200	gR _	200	200	ПОО	
10601720	180	202	268	225	225	gR	250	250	HSJ	
10601970	202	225	313	250	250	aR*	250	250	1101	
11602250	225	256	379							
11602750	217	302	425	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ	
11603050	298	329	465							

^{*} Class aR fuses do not provide branch circuit protection. Ensure that the input cables are suitably protected using HRC fuses or breaker.

NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

^{**} These fuses are fast acting.

Cofoty	Droduct	Machanical	Flootrical	Cotting	Dooio	Dunning		NV Media Card	Onhoord	Advanced	Toobnical		UL listina
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	lechnical	D:	UL listing
							Optimization					Diagnostics	
information	information	l installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	D.ag001.00	information
IIIIOIIIIalioii	IIIIOIIIIatioii	motanation	motanation	Started	parameters	tile illotoi		Орстаноп	1 LO	parameters	uata		iiiioiiiiatioii

Table 4-11 Cable ratings (200 V)

			Cable siz mn						ize (UL) WG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03200066	4.5			4.5			4.4		4.4	
03200080	1.5	4	DO.	1.5		DO.	14	40	14	10
03200110	4	4	B2	4	4	B2	40	10	40	10
03200127	4			4			12		12	
04200180	6	8	D2	6	8	D2	10	8	10	0
04200250	8	ŏ	B2	8	Ö	B2	8	ŏ	8	8
05200300	10	10	B2	10	10	B2	8	8	8	8
06200500	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06200580	25	25	D2	25	25	D2	3	3	3	
07200750	35			35			2		2	
07200940	33	70	B2	33	70	B2	1	1/0	1	1/0
07201170	70			70			1/0		1/0	Ī
08201490	95	2 x 70	B2	95	2 x 70	B2	3/0	2 x 1	3/0	2 x 1
08201800	2 x 70	2 X 7 0	62	2 x 70	2 X 7 0	62	2 x 1	2 % 1	2 x 1	2 % 1
09202160	2:	x 70	B1	2)	¢ 95	B2	2 >	2/0	2 x	2/0
09202660	2:	x 95	ы	2 x	120	D2	2 >	4/0	2 x	4/0
10203250	2 x	(120	B1	2 x	120	С	2 x	250	2 x	250
10203600	2 x	(150	С	2 x	120		2 x	300	2 x	250

Table 4-12 Cable ratings (400 V)

			Cable size mm						ize (UL) NG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03400034							18		18	
03400045	1.5			1.5			16		16	
03400062		4	B2		4	B2		10		10
03400077		1 4	DZ		1 7	DZ	14	10	14	10
03400104	2.5			2.5						
03400123							12		12	
04400185	4	6	B2	4	6	B2	10	8	10	8
04400240	6	0	DZ	6		62	8		8	0
05400300	6	6	В2	6	6	B2	8	8	8	8
06400380	10			10			6		6	
06400480	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06400630	25	1		25			3	1	3	
07400790	35			35			1		1	
07400940	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
07401120	70	1		70			1/0	1	1/0	
08401550	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 1	2 x 1/0	2 x 1	2 x 1/0
08401840	2 x 70	2 X / U	DZ	2 x 70	2 % / 0	62	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/U
09402210	2 x	70	B1	2)	x 95	B2	2 x	3/0	2 x	2/0
09402660	2 x	(95		2 x	120	D2	2 x	4/0	2 x	4/0
10403200	2 x	120	С	2 x	120	B2	2 x	300	2 x	250
10403610	2 x	150		2 x	150	52	2 x	350	2 x	300
11404370				2 x	185		4 x	3/0		
11404870	4 x	(95	С	2 v	240	С	1 v	1/0	2 x	400
11405070				2 x	2 4 0		4 x 4/0			

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
information	mormation	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

Table 4-13 Cable ratings (575 V)

			Cable size mm						ize (UL) NG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
05500039	0.75			0.75			16		16	
05500061	1	1.5	B2	1	1.5	B2	14	16	14	16
05500100	1.5			1.5			14		14	
06500120	2.5			2.5			14		14	
06500170	4			4	25		10		10	1
06500220	6	25	B2	6		B2	10	3	10	3
06500270	10		DZ			62	8]	8]
06500340	10			10			6		6	1
06500430	16						6		6	1
07500530	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
07500730	25	25	DZ	25	25	52	3	3	3	3
08500860	35	50	B2	35	50	B2	1	1	1	1
08501080	50	30	DZ	50	30	52	1	'	1	ļ ,
09501250	2.	¢ 70	B2	2)	¢ 35	B2	2	x 1	2	x 3
09501500] 2,	(10	DZ	2)	< 50	52	2	X 1	2	x 1
10502000	2)	¢ 70	B2	2)	k 70	B2	2 x	2/0	2 x	2/0
11502480	2)	¢ 70	С	2 x 70		2 x	3/0	2 x	3/0	
11502880	2>	95 120			С	2 x 4/0	2 x	4/0		
11503150	2 x						2 x	250	2 x	250

Table 4-14 Cable ratings (690 V)

			Cable siz mn					Cable size	` '	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Output	
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
07600230							8		8	
07600300	10			10		[6	1	6	
07600360	1	25	B2	25	B2	6	3	6	3	
07600460	16	- 25 - -	B2	16	25	DZ	4	٥	4	3
07600520	16			16	1		4	1	4	
07600730	25			25			3		3	
08600860	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
08601080	70	10	D2	70	10	DZ	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0
09601250	2)	x 50	B2	2)	¢ 35	B2	2	x 1	2 :	x 3
09601550	2>	x 70	DΔ	2)	k 50	D2	2 x 1/0		2 :	x 1
10601720	2)	x 70	B2	2 \	₹70	B2	2 x	2/0	2 x	1/0
10601970	2)	x 95	D2	۷ /	(/ 0	D2	2 x	3/0	2 x	2/0
11602250	2)	x 70		2)	k 70		2 x	3/0	2 x	3/0
11602750	2,	x 95	С	2)	k 95	С	2 x	4/0	2 x	4/0
11603050		(95		2)	k 95	1	2 x	250	2 x	250

NOTE

PVC insulated cable should be used.

NOTE

Cable sizes are from IEC60364-5-52:2001 table A.52.C with correction factor for 40° C ambient of 0.87 (from table A52.14) for cable installation method as specified.

Installation class (ref: IEC60364-5-52:2001)

B1 - Separate cables in conduit.

B2 - Multicore cable in conduit.

C - Multicore cable in free air.

Cable size may be reduced if a different installation method is used, or if the ambient temperature is lower.

NOTE

The nominal output cable sizes assume that the motor maximum current matches that of the drive. Where a motor of reduced rating is used the cable rating may be chosen to match that of the motor. To ensure that the motor and cable are protected against overload, the drive must be programmed with the correct motor rated current.

A fuse or other protection must be included in all live connections to the AC supply.

Safety	Product	Mechanical		Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	opui.ii.zauoii	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Fuse types

The fuse voltage rating must be suitable for the drive supply voltage.

Ground connections

The drive must be connected to the system ground of the AC supply. The ground wiring must conform to local regulations and codes of practice.

NOTE

For information on ground cable sizes, refer to Table 4-1 *Protective ground cable ratings* on page 76.

4.7.1 Main AC supply contactor

The recommended AC supply contactor type is AC1.

4.8 Output circuit and motor protection

The output circuit has fast-acting electronic short-circuit protection which limits the fault current to typically no more than five times the rated output current, and interrupts the current in approximately 20 μs . No additional short-circuit protection devices are required.

The drive provides overload protection for the motor and its cable. For this to be effective, *Rated Current* (**00.046**) must be set to suit the motor.



Rated Current (00.046) must be set correctly to avoid a risk of fire in the event of motor overload.

There is also provision for the use of a motor thermistor to prevent overheating of the motor, e.g. due to loss of cooling.

4.8.1 Cable types and lengths

Since capacitance in the motor cable causes loading on the output of the drive, ensure the cable length does not exceed the values given in Table 4-15 to Table 4-18.

Use 105 °C (221 °F) (UL 60/75 °C temp rise) PVC-insulated cable with copper conductors having a suitable voltage rating, for the following power connections:

- AC supply to external EMC filter (when used)
- AC supply (or external EMC filter) to drive
- · Drive to motor
- · Drive to braking resistor

Table 4-15 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

	20	0 V Non	ninal AC	supply	voltage						
Model	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies										
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz				
03200066			5 m (210	ft)							
03200080		100 m	(330 ft)			50 m	37 m				
03200110	13	0 m (425	ft)	100 m	75 m	(165 ft)	(120 ft)				
03200127	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	,	,				
04200180	(000 %)		150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m				
04200250	200 m (660 ft)		(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)				
05200300	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)				
06200500	300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m					
06200580	(984 ft)	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)					
07200750			185 m	125 m	90 m						
07200940	250 m	(820 ft)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)						
07201170			(001.17)	(,	(====,						
08201490	250 m	(820 ft)	185 m	125 m	90 m						
08201800	250 m (820 ft)		(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)						
09202160	250 m (820 ft)										
09202660	250 HI (820 II)										
10203250	250 m	(820 ft)									
10203600	230 111	(02011)									

Table 4-16 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

	40	0 V Non	ninal AC	supply	voltage		
Model	Maxim	•		motor c switchin		gth for e	each of
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
03400034			5 m (210	ft)			
03400045		100 m	(330 ft)				
03400062	130 m (425		ft)		75	50 m	37 m
03400077			150 m	100 m	75 m (245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
03400104	200 m (660 ft) 200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	(330 ft)	(24011)		
03400123			(10011)				
04400185			150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
04400240			(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
05400300	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 ft)
06400380	300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	
06400480	(984 ft)	(660 ft)		(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	
06400630	(0011)	(00011)	(10011)	(00011)	(= : - : - ;	(10011)	
07400790			185 m	125 m	90 m		
07400940	250 m	(820 ft)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)		
07401120							
08401550	250 m	(820 ft)	185 m (607 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	90 m (295 ft)		
08401840			(607 11)	(41011)	(295 11)	i	i
09402210 09402660	250 m	(820 ft)					
10403200		, ,					
10403200	250 m (820 ft)						
11404370		250 m (820 ft)					
11404870	250 m						
11405070							

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card		Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

Table 4-17 Maximum motor cable lengths (575 V drives)

14510 1 11	575 V Nominal AC supply voltage										
Model	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies										
Wodel	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz				
05500039	200) m									
05500061) ft)									
05500100	(00)	,									
06500120											
06500170											
06500220	300 m (984 ft)	200 m (660 ft)	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m					
06500270			(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)					
06500340											
06500430											
07500530	200										
07500730	(66)	Oft)									
08500860	250 m	(820 ft)									
08501080	200 111	(020 11)									
09501250	250 m	(820 ft)									
09501500	250 m (820 ft)										
10502000	250 m (820 ft)										
11502480											
11502880	250 m	(820 ft)									
11503150											

Table 4-18 Maximum motor cable lengths (690 V drives)

	690 V Nominal AC supply voltage										
Model	Maximum permissible motor cable length for each of the following switching frequencies										
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz				
07600230											
07600300											
07600360	250) m	185 m	125 m	90 m						
07600460	(820	Oft)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)						
07600520											
07600730											
08600860	250) m	185 m	125 m	90 m						
08601080	(820	Oft)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)						
09601250	250) m									
09601550	(820	Oft)									
10601720	250) m									
10601970	(820 ft)										
11602250	250) m									
11602750	250 m (820 ft)										
11603050	(62)	J II)									

4.8.2 High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in Section 4.8.1 *Cable types and lengths* if high capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used. For further information, refer to section 4.8.2 *High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables* on page 87.

Most cables have an insulating jacket between the cores and the armor or shield; these cables have a low capacitance and are recommended. Cables that do not have an insulating jacket tend to have high capacitance; if a cable of this type is used, the maximum cable length is half that quoted in the tables, (Figure 4-20 shows how to identify the two types).

Figure 4-20 Cable construction influencing the capacitance



Normal capacitance Shield or armour separated from the cores



High capacitance Shield or armour close to the cores

The maximum motor cable lengths specified in Section 4.8.1 *Cable types and lengths* is shielded and contains four cores. Typical capacitance for this type of cable is 130 pF/m (i.e. from one core to all others and the shield connected together).

4.8.3 Motor winding voltage

The PWM output voltage can adversely affect the inter-turn insulation in the motor. This is because of the high rate of change of voltage, in conjunction with the impedance of the motor cable and the distributed nature of the motor winding.

For normal operation with AC supplies up to 500 Vac and a standard motor with a good quality insulation system, there is no need for any special precautions. In case of doubt the motor supplier should be consulted. Special precautions are recommended under the following conditions, but only if the motor cable length exceeds 10 m:

- · AC supply voltage exceeds 500 V
- DC supply voltage exceeds 670 V
- Operation of 400 V drive with continuous or very frequent sustained braking
- Multiple motors connected to a single drive

For multiple motors, the precautions given in section 4.8.4 *Multiple motors* on page 87 should be followed.

For the other cases listed, it is recommended that an inverter-rated motor be used taking into account the voltage rating of the inverter. This has a reinforced insulation system intended by the manufacturer for repetitive fast-rising pulsed voltage operation.

Users of 575 V NEMA rated motors should note that the specification for inverter-rated motors given in NEMA MG1 section 31 is sufficient for motoring operation but not where the motor spends significant periods braking. In that case an insulation peak voltage rating of 2.2 kV is recommended.

If it is not practical to use an inverter-rated motor, an output choke (inductor) should be used. The recommended type is a simple iron-cored component with a reactance of about 2 %. The exact value is not critical. This operates in conjunction with the capacitance of the motor cable to increase the rise-time of the motor terminal voltage and prevent excessive electrical stress.

4.8.4 Multiple motors

Open-loop only

If the drive is to control more than one motor, one of the fixed V/F modes should be selected (Pr **05.014** = Fixed or Squared). Make the motor connections as shown in Figure 4-21 and Figure 4-22. The maximum motor cable lengths specified in section 4.8.1 *Cable types and lengths* on page 86 apply to the sum of the total cable lengths from the drive to each motor.

It is recommended that each motor is connected through a protection relay since the drive cannot protect each motor individually. For $\ \ \ \$ connection, a sinusoidal filter or an output inductor must be connected as shown in Figure 4-22, even when the cable lengths are less than the maximum permissible. For details of inductor sizes refer to the supplier of the drive.

Optimization Diagnostics parameters data information information installation installation started the motor Operation PLC parameters information

Figure 4-21 Preferred chain connection for multiple motors

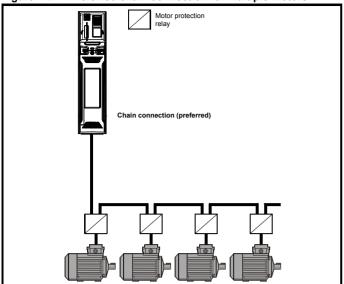
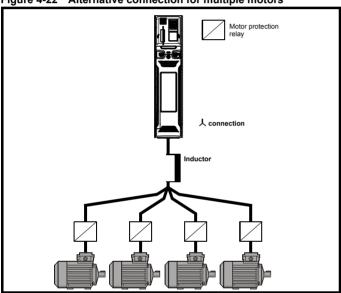


Figure 4-22 Alternative connection for multiple motors



4.8.5 \downarrow / Δ motor operation

The voltage rating for $oldsymbol{\curlywedge}$ and Δ connections of the motor should always be checked before attempting to run the motor.

The default setting of the motor rated voltage parameter is the same as the drive rated voltage, i.e.

400 V drive 400 V rated voltage 230 V drive 230 V rated voltage

A typical 3 phase motor would be connected in 人 for 400 V operation or Δ for 230 V operation, however, variations on this are common e.g. 人 690 V Δ 400 V.

Incorrect connection of the windings will cause severe under or over fluxing of the motor, leading to a very poor output torque or motor saturation and overheating respectively.

4.8.6 **Output contactor**



If the cable between the drive and the motor is to be interrupted by a contactor or circuit breaker, ensure that the drive is disabled before the contactor or circuit breaker is opened or closed. Severe arcing may occur if this circuit is interrupted with the motor running at high current and low speed.

A contactor is sometimes required to be installed between the drive and motor for safety purposes.

The recommended motor contactor is the AC3 type.

Switching of an output contactor should only occur when the output of the drive is disabled.

Opening or closing of the contactor with the drive enabled will lead to:

- 1. Of ac trips (which cannot be reset for 10 seconds)
- High levels of radio frequency noise emission
- Increased contactor wear and tear

The Drive Enable terminal (T31) when opened provides a Safe Torque Off function. This can in many cases replace output contactors.

For further information see section 4.13 Safe Torque Off (STO) on page 102.

4.9 Ground leakage

The ground leakage current depends upon whether the internal EMC filter is installed or not. The drive is supplied with the filter installed. Instructions for removing the internal filter are given in section 4.10.2 Internal EMC filter on page 90.

With internal filter installed:

28 mA* AC at 400 V 50 Hz Size 3 to 5:

30 μ A DC with a 600 V DC bus (10 $M\Omega$)

56 mA* AC at 400 V 50 Hz Size 7 to 11:

18 uA DC with a 600 V DC bus (33 M Ω)

* Proportional to the supply voltage and frequency.

With internal filter removed:

<1 mA



When the internal filter is installed the leakage current is high. In this case a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided, or other suitable measures taken to prevent a safety hazard occurring if the connection is lost.

Use of residual current device (RCD)

There are three common types of ELCB / RCD:

- 1 AC detects AC fault currents
- A detects AC and pulsating DC fault currents (provided the DC current reaches zero at least once every half cycle)
- B detects AC, pulsating DC and smooth DC fault currents
 - Type AC should never be used with drives.
 - Type A can only be used with single phase drives
 - Type B must be used with three phase drives



Only type B ELCB / RCD are suitable for use with 3 phase inverter drives.

If an external EMC filter is used, a delay of at least 50 ms should be incorporated to ensure spurious trips are not seen. The leakage current is likely to exceed the trip level if all of the phases are not energized simultaneously.

EMC (Electromagnetic compatibility) 4.10

The requirements for EMC are divided into three levels in the following

Section 4.10.3, General requirements for all applications, to ensure reliable operation of the drive and minimise the risk of disturbing nearby equipment. The immunity standards specified in Chapter 12 Technical data on page 232 will be met, but no specific emission standards are applied. Note also the special requirements given in Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building on page 96 for increased surge immunity of control circuits where control wiring is extended.

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Section 4.10.5, Requirements for meeting the EMC standard for power drive systems, IEC61800-3 (EN 61800-3:2004).

Section 4.10.6, Requirements for meeting the generic emission standards for the industrial environment, IEC61000-6-4, EN 61000-6-4:2007.

The recommendations of section 4.10.4 will usually be sufficient to avoid causing disturbance to adjacent equipment of industrial quality. If particularly sensitive equipment is to be used nearby, or in a nonindustrial environment, then the recommendations of section 4.10.5 or section 4.10.6 should be followed to give reduced radio-frequency

In order to ensure the installation meets the various emission standards described in:

- The EMC data sheet available from the supplier of the drive
- The Declaration of Conformity at the front of this manual
- Chapter 12 Technical data on page 232

The correct external EMC filter must be used and all of the guidelines in section 4.10.4 General requirements for EMC on page 93 and section 4.10.6 Compliance with generic emission standards on page 94 must be followed

Table 4-19 Drive and EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT part number
200 V	
09202160 to 09202660 (9A)	4200-3021
09202160 to 09202660 (9E)	4200-4460
10203250 to 10203600	4200-4460
400 V	
09402210 to 09402660 (9A)	4200-3021
09402210 to 09402660 (9E)	4200-4460
10403200 to 10403610	4200-4460
11404370 to 11405070	4200-0400
575 V	
09501250 to 09501500 (9A)	4200-1660
09501250 to 09501500 (9E)	4200-2210
10502000	4200-2210
11502480 to 11503150	4200-0690
690 V	
09601250 to 09601550 (9A)	4200-1660
09601250 to 09601550 (9E)	4200-2210
10601720 to 10601970	4200-2210
11602250 to 11603050	4200-0690



High ground leakage current

When an EMC filter is used, a permanent fixed ground connection must be provided which does not pass through a connector or flexible power cord. This includes the internal WARNING EMC filter.

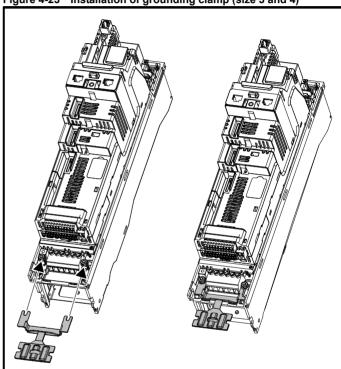
The installer of the drive is responsible for ensuring compliance with the EMC regulations that apply in the country in which the drive is to be used.

4.10.1 **Grounding hardware**

The drive is supplied with a grounding bracket and grounding clamp to facilitate EMC compliance. They provide a convenient method for direct grounding of cable shields without the use of "pig-tails". Cable shields can be bared and clamped to the grounding bracket using metal clips or clamps¹ (not supplied) or cable ties. Note that the shield must in all cases be continued through the clamp to the intended terminal on the drive, in accordance with the connection details for the specific signal.

- ¹ A suitable clamp is the Phoenix DIN rail mounted SK14 cable clamp (for cables with a maximum outer diameter of 14 mm).
- See Figure 4-23, Figure 4-24 and Figure 4-25 for details on installing the grounding clamp.
- See Figure 4-26 for details on installing the grounding bracket.

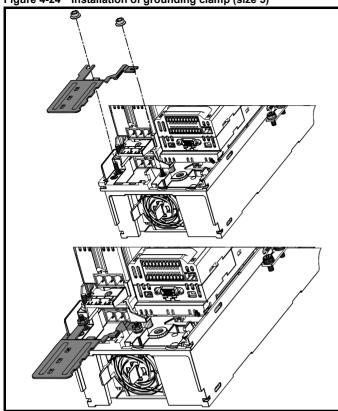
Figure 4-23 Installation of grounding clamp (size 3 and 4)



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding clamp in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

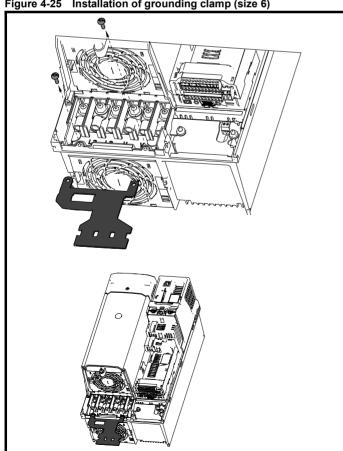
NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation the motor Operation PLC parameters data

Figure 4-24 Installation of grounding clamp (size 5)



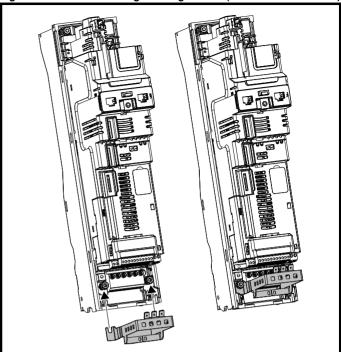
Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding clamp down onto the pillars in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

Figure 4-25 Installation of grounding clamp (size 6)



The grounding clamp is secured using the provided 2 x M4 x 10 mm fasteners. The fasteners should be tightened with the maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

Figure 4-26 Installation of grounding bracket (all sizes -size 3 shown)



Loosen the ground connection nuts and slide the grounding bracket in the direction shown. Once in place, the ground connection nuts should be tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).



On size 3 the grounding bracket is secured using the power ground terminal of the drive. Ensure that the supply ground connection is secure after installing / removing the grounding bracket. Failure to do so will result in the drive not WARNING being grounded.

A faston tab is located on the grounding bracket for the purpose of connecting the drive 0 V to ground should the user require to do so.

Internal EMC filter

It is recommended that the internal EMC filter be kept in place unless there is a specific reason for removing it.



If the drive is used with ungrounded (IT) supplies, the internal EMC filter must be removed unless additional motor ground fault protection is installed.

For instructions on removal refer to section 4.10.2. For details of ground fault protection contact the supplier of the drive.

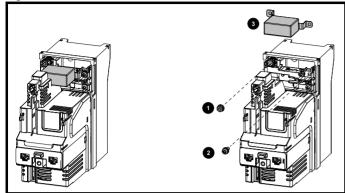
The internal EMC filter reduces radio-frequency emission into the line power supply. Where the motor cable is short, it permits the requirements of EN 61800-3:2004 to be met for the second environment - see section 4.10.5 Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems) on page 94 and section 12.1.26 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) on page 255. For longer motor cables the filter continues to provide a useful reduction in emission levels, and when used with any length of shielded motor cable up to the limit for the drive. it is unlikely that nearby industrial equipment will be disturbed. It is recommended that the filter be used in all applications unless the instructions given above require it to be removed, or where the ground leakage current of 28 mA for size 3 is unacceptable. See section 4.10.2 for details of removing and installing the internal EMC filter.

Safety Product Mechanical information information installation installation in the match of the motor in the



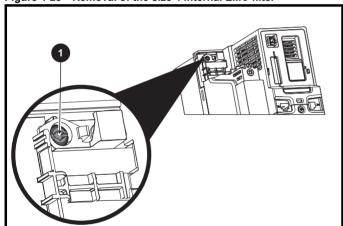
The supply must be disconnected before removing the internal EMC filter.

Figure 4-27 Removal of the size 3 internal EMC filter



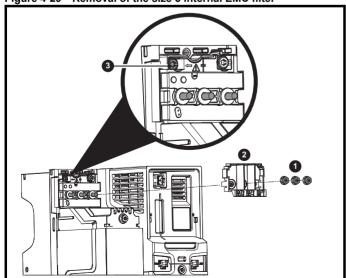
Remove the screw and nut (1) and (2) as shown above. Lift away from the securing points and rotate away from the drive. Ensure the screw and nut are replaced and re-tightened with a maximum torque of 2 N m (1.47 lb ft).

Figure 4-28 Removal of the size 4 internal EMC filter



To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

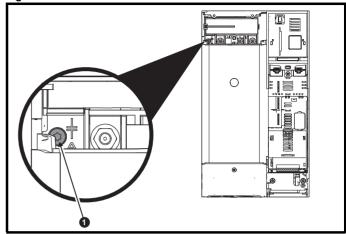
Figure 4-29 Removal of the size 5 internal EMC filter



Remove the three M4 terminal nuts (1). Lift away the cover (2) to expose the M4 Torx internal EMC filter removal screw. Finally remove the M4

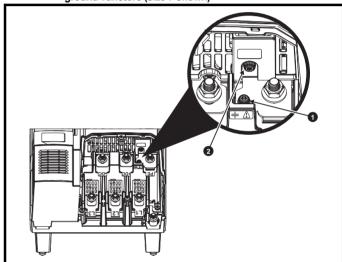
Torx internal EMC filter removal screw (3) to electrically disconnect the internal EMC filter.

Figure 4-30 Removal of the size 6 internal EMC filter



To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

Figure 4-31 Removal of the size 7, 8 and 9A internal EMC filter and line to ground varistors (size 7 shown)



To electrically disconnect the Internal EMC filter, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the screw as highlighted above (2).

NOTE

The Internal EMC filter on size 9E, 10E and 11E cannot be removed.

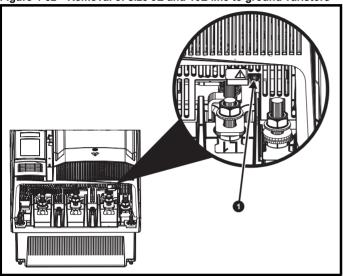
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontinoination	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diamastica	UL listing
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation		Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information

4.10.3 Line to ground varistors



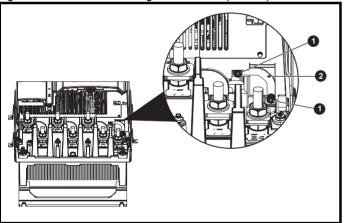
The line to ground varistors should only be removed in special circumstances such as ungrounded supplies with more than one source, for example on ships. Where the line to ground varistors are removed, ensure that line to ground transients are limited to values of category II. This is to ensure that line to ground transients do not exceed 4 kV as the drive insulation system from power to ground is designed to category II. Contact the supplier of the drive for more information.

Figure 4-32 Removal of size 9E and 10E line to ground varistors



To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the screw as highlighted above (1).

Figure 4-33 Removal of line to ground varistors (size 11E)



To electrically disconnect the line to ground varistors, remove the two screws highlighted (1) above and remove the bracket (2).

NOTE

The line to ground varistors should only be removed in special circumstances.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

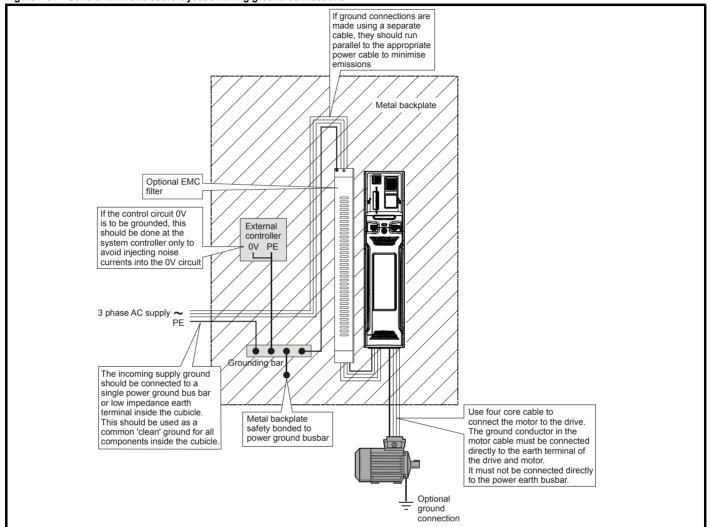
4.10.4 General requirements for EMC

Ground (earth) connections

The grounding arrangements should be in accordance with Figure 4-34, which shows a single drive on a back-plate with or without an additional enclosure.

Figure 4-34 shows how to configure and minimise EMC when using unshielded motor cable. However shielded cable is a better option, in which case it should be installed as shown in section 4.10.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 94.

Figure 4-34 General EMC enclosure layout showing ground connections

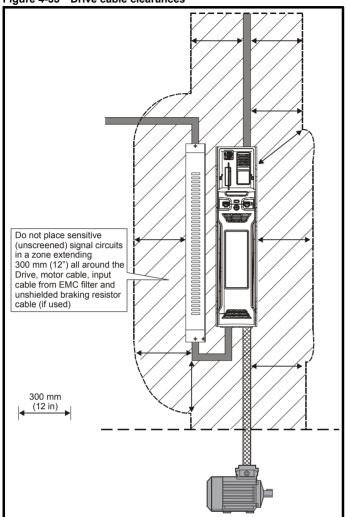


Safety Product Information Information Installation Insta

Cable layout

Figure 4-35 indicates the clearances which should be observed around the drive and related 'noisy' power cables by all sensitive control signals / equipment.

Figure 4-35 Drive cable clearances



NOTE

Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

4.10.5 Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004 (standard for Power Drive Systems)

Meeting the requirements of this standard depends on the environment that the drive is intended to operate in, as follows:

Operation in the first environment

Observe the guidelines given in section 4.10.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards* on page 94. An external EMC filter will always be required.



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3

In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Operation in the second environment

In all cases a shielded motor cable must be used, and an EMC filter is required for all drives with a rated input current of less than 100 A.

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. In some cases feeding the motor cables (U, V and W) once through a ferrite ring can maintain compliance for longer cable lengths.

For longer motor cables, an external filter is required. Where a filter is required, follow the guidelines in Section 4.10.6 *Compliance with generic emission standards*.

Where a filter is not required, follow the guidelines given in section 4.10.4 *General requirements for EMC* on page 93.



The second environment typically includes an industrial low-voltage power supply network which does not supply buildings used for residential purposes. Operating the drive in this environment without an external EMC filter may cause interference to nearby electronic equipment whose sensitivity has not been appreciated. The user must take remedial measures if this situation arises. If the consequences of unexpected disturbances are severe, it is recommended that the guidelines in Section 4.10.6 Compliance with generic emission standards be adhered to.

Refer to section 12.1.26 *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)* on page 255 for further information on compliance with EMC standards and definitions of environments.

Detailed instructions and EMC information are given in the *EMC Data Sheet* which is available from the supplier of the drive.

4.10.6 Compliance with generic emission standards

The following information applies to frame sizes 3 to 10.

Use the recommended filter and shielded motor cable. Observe the layout rules given in Figure 4-36 and Figure 4-39. Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and motor cable.

Figure 4-36 Supply and ground cable clearance (sizes 3 to 6)

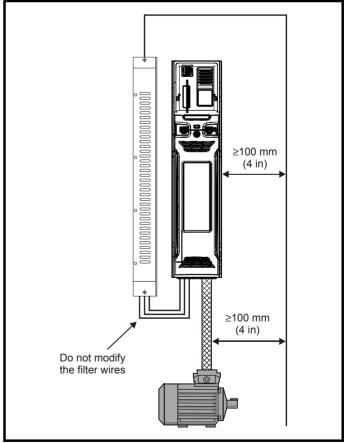
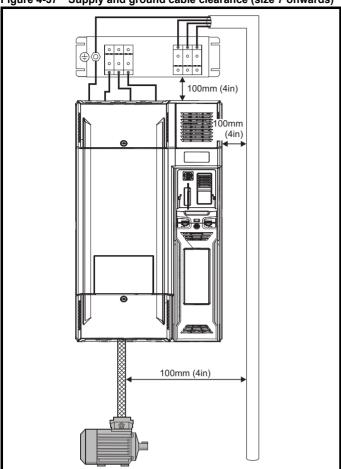


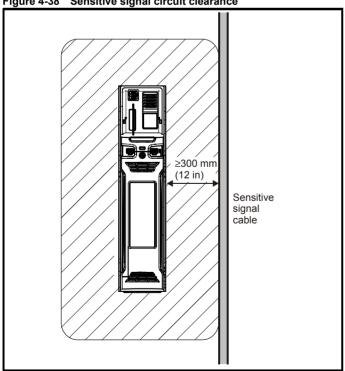


Figure 4-37 Supply and ground cable clearance (size 7 onwards)



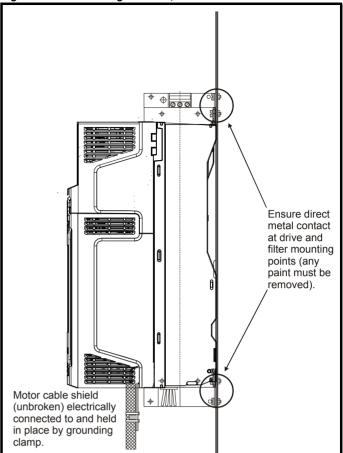
Ensure the AC supply and ground cables are at least 100 mm from the power module and motor cable.

Figure 4-38 Sensitive signal circuit clearance



Avoid placing sensitive signal circuits in a zone 300 mm (12 in) in the area immediately surrounding the power module. Ensure good EMC grounding.

Figure 4-39 Grounding the drive, motor cable shield and filter



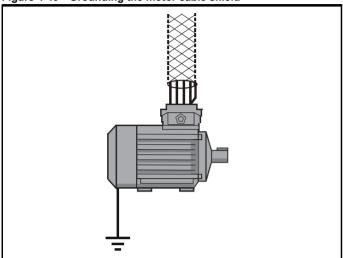
Connect the shield of the motor cable to the ground terminal of the motor frame using a link that is as short as possible and not exceeding 50 mm (2 in) long.

Safety Product Mechanical information information installation installation in the match of the motor in the

A complete 360° termination of the shield to the terminal housing of the motor is beneficial.

From an EMC consideration it is irrelevant whether the motor cable contains an internal (safety) ground core, or if there is a separate external ground conductor, or where grounding is through the shield alone. An internal ground core will carry a high noise current and therefore it must be terminated as close as possible to the shield termination.

Figure 4-40 Grounding the motor cable shield

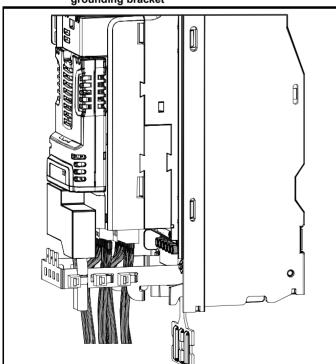


Unshielded wiring to the optional braking resistor(s) may be used provided the wiring runs internally to the enclosure.

If the control wiring is to leave the enclosure, it must be shielded and the shield(s) clamped to the drive using the grounding bracket as shown in Figure 4-41. Remove the outer insulating cover of the cable to ensure the shield(s) make direct contact with the bracket, but keep the shield(s) intact until as close as possible to the terminals

Alternatively, wiring may be passed through a ferrite ring, part number 3225-1004.

Figure 4-41 Grounding of signal cable shields using the grounding bracket



4.10.7 Variations in the EMC wiring Interruptions to the motor cable

The motor cable should ideally be a single length of shielded or armored cable having no interruptions. In some situations it may be necessary to interrupt the cable, as in the following examples:

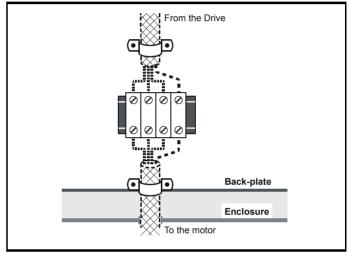
- · Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the drive enclosure
- Installing a motor isolator / disconnect switch for safety when work is done on the motor

In these cases the following guidelines should be followed.

Terminal block in the enclosure

The motor cable shields should be bonded to the back-plate using uninsulated metal cable-clamps which should be positioned as close as possible to the terminal block. Keep the length of power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away from the terminal block.

Figure 4-42 Connecting the motor cable to a terminal block in the enclosure



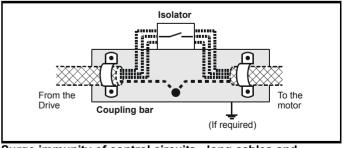
Using a motor isolator / disconnect-switch

The motor cable shields should be connected by a very short conductor having a low inductance. The use of a flat metal coupling-bar is recommended; conventional wire is not suitable.

The shields should be bonded directly to the coupling-bar using uninsulated metal cable-clamps. Keep the length of the exposed power conductors to a minimum and ensure that all sensitive equipment and circuits are at least 0.3 m (12 in) away.

The coupling-bar may be grounded to a known low-impedance ground nearby, for example a large metallic structure which is connected closely to the drive ground.

Figure 4-43 Connecting the motor cable to an isolator / disconnect switch



Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building

The input/output ports for the control circuits are designed for general use within machines and small systems without any special precautions.

These circuits meet the requirements of EN 61000-6-2:2005 (1 kV surge) provided the 0 V connection is not grounded.

In applications where they may be exposed to high-energy voltage surges, some special measures may be required to prevent malfunction or damage. Surges may be caused by lightning or severe power faults in association with grounding arrangements which permit high transient voltages between nominally grounded points. This is a particular risk where the circuits extend outside the protection of a building.

As a general rule, if the circuits are to pass outside the building where the drive is located, or if cable runs within a building exceed 30 m, some additional precautions are advisable. One of the following techniques should be used:

- 1. Galvanic isolation, i.e. do not connect the control 0 V terminal to ground. Avoid loops in the control wiring, i.e. ensure every control wire is accompanied by its return (0 V) wire.
- 2. Shielded cable with additional power ground bonding. The cable shield may be connected to ground at both ends, but in addition the ground conductors at both ends of the cable must be bonded together by a power ground cable (equipotential bonding cable) with cross-sectional area of at least 10 mm², or 10 times the area of the signal cable shield, or to suit the electrical safety requirements of the plant. This ensures that fault or surge current passes mainly through the ground cable and not in the signal cable shield. If the building or plant has a well-designed common bonded network this precaution is not necessary.
- 3. Additional over-voltage suppression for the analog and digital inputs and outputs, a zener diode network or a commercially available surge suppressor may be connected in parallel with the input circuit as shown in Figure 4-44 and Figure 4-45.

If a digital port experiences a severe surge its protective trip may operate (I/O Overload trip). For continued operation after such an event, the trip can be reset automatically by setting Pr 10.034 to 5.

Figure 4-44 Surge suppression for digital and unipolar inputs and

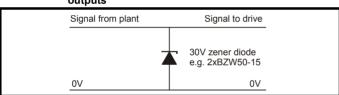
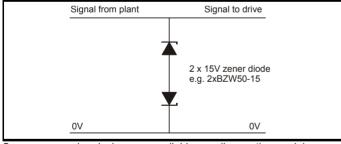


Figure 4-45 Surge suppression for analog and bipolar inputs and outputs



Surge suppression devices are available as rail-mounting modules, e.g. from Phoenix Contact:

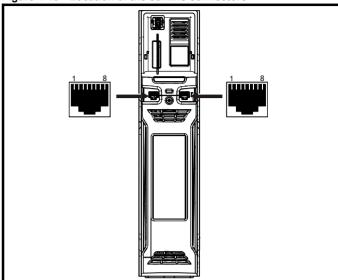
Unipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 DC Bipolar TT-UKK5-D/24 AC

These devices are not suitable for fast digital data networks, because the capacitance of the diodes adversely affects the signal. For data networks, follow the specific recommendations for the particular network.

4.11 Communications connections

The drive offers a 2 wire 485 interface. This enables the drive set-up. operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller if

Figure 4-46 Location of the comms connectors



The 485 option provides two parallel RJ45 connectors are provided allowing easy daisy chaining. The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol. See Table 4-20 for the connection details.

Standard Ethernet cables are not recommended for use when connecting drives on a 485 network as they do not have the correct twisted pairs for the pinout of the serial comms port.

Table 4-20 Serial communication port pin-outs

Pin	Function
1	120 Ω Termination resistor
2	RX TX
3	Isolated 0 V
4	+24 V (100 mA)
5	Isolated 0 V
6	TX enable
7	RX\ TX\
8	RX\ TX\ (if termination resistors are required, link to pin 1)
Shell	Isolated 0 V

Minimum number of connections are 2, 3, 7 and shield.

4.11.1 Isolation of the 485 serial communications port

The serial PC communications port is double insulated and meets the requirements for SELV in EN 50178:1998.



In order to meet the requirements for SELV in IEC60950 (IT equipment) it is necessary for the control computer to be grounded. Alternatively, when a lap-top or similar device is used which has no provision for grounding, an isolation WARNING device must be incorporated in the communications lead.

An isolated serial communications lead has been designed to connect the drive to IT equipment (such as laptop computers), and is available from the supplier of the drive. See below for details:

Table 4-21 Isolated serial comms lead details

Part number	Description
4500-0096	CT USB Comms cable

The "isolated serial communications" lead has reinforced insulation as defined in IEC60950 for altitudes up to 3,000 m.

Safety NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics information data information installation installation parameter the motor Operation PLC parameters information

4.12 **Control connections**

4.12.1 General

Table 4-22 The control connections consist of:

Function	Qty	Control parameters available	Terminal number
Single ended analog input	2	Mode, offset, invert, scaling, destination	5, 6
Analog output	2	Source, scaling, mode	7, 8
Digital input	3	Destination, invert, logic select	25, 26, 27
Digital input / output	3	Input / output mode select, destination / source, invert, logic select	22, 23, 24
Relay	2	Source, invert	41, 42, 71, 72
Drive enable (Safe Torque Off)	1		29
+24 V User output	1	Source, invert	3
0V common	5		1, 4, 9, 21, 28
+24 V External input	1	Destination, invert	2

Key:

Destination parameter:	Indicates the parameter which is being controlled by the terminal / function
Source parameter:	Indicates the parameter being output by the terminal
Mode parameter:	Analog - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. voltage 0-10 V, current 4-20 mA etc. Digital - indicates the mode of operation of the terminal, i.e. positive / negative logic (the Drive Enable terminal is fixed in positive logic), open collector.

All analog terminal functions can be programmed in menu 7. All digital terminal functions (including the relay) can be programmed in menu 8.



The control circuits are isolated from the power circuits in the drive by basic insulation (single insulation) only. The installer must ensure that the external control circuits are insulated from human contact by at least one layer of insulation (supplementary insulation) rated for use at the AC supply voltage.



If the control circuits are to be connected to other circuits classified as Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) (e.g. to a personal computer), an additional isolating barrier must be included in order to maintain the SELV classification.



If any of the digital inputs (including the drive enable input) are connected in parallel with an inductive load (i.e. contactor coil), then suitable suppression (i.e. diode or varistor) should be used on the coil of the load. If no suppression is used then over voltage spikes can cause damage to the digital inputs and outputs on the drive.



Ensure the logic sense is correct for the control circuit to be used. Incorrect logic sense could cause the motor to be started unexpectedly.

Positive logic is the default state for the drive.

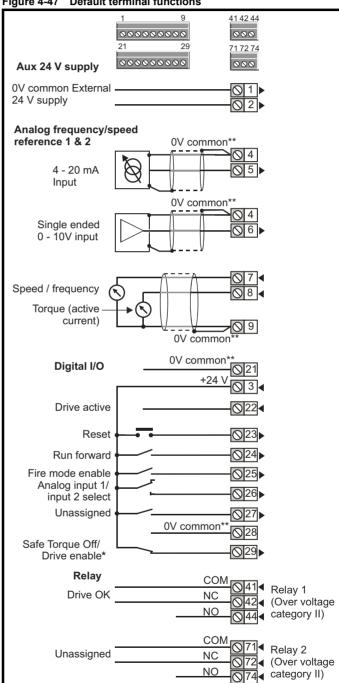
Any signal cables which are carried inside the motor cable (i.e. motor thermistor) will pick up large pulse currents via the cable capacitance. The shield of these signal cables must be connected to ground close to the point of exit of the motor cable, to avoid this noise current spreading through the control system.

NOTE

The Safe Torque Off drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only. It is not affected by the setting of Input Logic Polarity (08.029).

The common 0 V from analog signals should, wherever possible, not be connected to the same 0 V terminal as the common 0 V from digital signals. Terminals 1, 4 and 9 should be used for connecting the 0V common of analog signals, and terminals 21 and 28 for digital signals. This is to prevent small voltage drops in the terminal connections causing inaccuracies in the analog signals.

Figure 4-47 Default terminal functions



*The Safe Torque Off / Drive enable terminal is a positive logic input only.

^{** 0}V common is connected to ground internally on Frame size 9 and 10.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card		Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

4.12.2 Control terminal specification

1	0V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

2 +24V external input					
Function	To supply the control circuit without providing a supply to the power stage				
Programmability	Can be switched on or off to act as a digital input by setting the source Pr 08.063 and input invert Pr 08.053				
Nominal voltage	+24.0 Vdc				
Minimum continuous operating voltage	+19.2 Vdc				
Maximum continuous operating voltage	+28.0 Vdc				
Minimum start-up voltage	21.6 Vdc				
Recommended power supply	40 W 24 Vdc nominal				
Recommended fuse	3 A, 50 Vdc				

3	+24 V user output (selectable)					
Termin	nal 3 default function	+24 V user output				
Program	nmability	Can be switched on or off to act as a fourth digital output (positive logic only) by setting the source Pr 08.028 and source invert Pr 08.018				
Nomina	l output current	100 mA combined with DIO3				
Maximu	ım output current	100 mA 200 mA (total including all Digital I/O)				
Protection	on	Current limit and trip				
Sample	/ update period	2 ms when configured as an output (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter if slower)				

4	0V common	
Functi	on	Common connection for all external devices

5 Analog input 1				
6 Analog input 2				
Terminal 5 Default function	Frequency / speed reference (Pr 1.036)			
Terminal 6 Default function	Frequency / speed reference (Pr 1.037)			
Type of input Al 1 [Al 2]	Unipolar current and Bipolar single-ended analog voltage			
Mode controlled by	Pr 07.007 [07.011]			
Operating in current mode (D	Default for terminal 5)			
Current ranges	0 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 0 mA ±5 %, 4 to 20 mA ±5 %, 20 to 4 mA ±5 %			
Maximum offset	250 μΑ			
Absolute maximum voltage (reverse bias)	±36 V relative to 0V			
Absolute maximum current	±30 mA			
Equivalent input resistance	≤ 300 Ω			
Operating in voltage mode (I	Default for terminal 6)			
Full scale voltage range	±10 V ±2 %			
Maximum offset	±10 mV			
Absolute maximum voltage range	±36 V relative to 0 V			
Input resistance	≥100 k Ω			
Common to all modes				
Resolution	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)			
Sample / update	250 μs with destinations Pr 01.036 , Pr 01.037 or Pr 03.022 , Pr 04.008 in RFC-A or RFC-S. 4 ms for open loop mode and all other destinations in RFC-A or RFC-S mode.			
Operating in thermistor input	t mode			
Voltage range ±10 V ±2 %	D: 4400 (/TV 04 DT 100 DT 1000			
Supported thermistor types	Din 4408, KTY 84, PT100, PT 1000, PT 2000, NI 1000			
Internal pull-up voltage 5 V	THE R. P. CT			
Trip threshold resistance	User defined in Pr 07.055 [07.060]			
Reset resistance Short-circuit detection resistance	User defined in Pr 07.056 [07.061] $50 \Omega \pm 40 \%$			
Common to all modes	30 12 I 40 %			
Resolution	12 bits (11 bits plus sign)			
Sample / update period	4 ms			
cample / upuate periou	טווו ד			

			-										
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
Calcty	1 Todact	Micchailicai	Liccuitcai	Octimig	Dasic	rturining	Optimization	IVV IVICUIA CAIA	Oliboala	Advanced	recrimear	Diagnostics	OL Hourig
information	information	inctallation	installation	ctarted	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
information	IIIIOIIIIalioii	installation	mstanation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	FLC	parameters	data		information
					i					-			

7	Analog output 1				
8	Analog output 2				
Termi	nal 7 default function	OL> Motor FREQUENCY output signal RFC> SPEED output signal			
Termi	nal 8 default function	Motor active current			
Type of	f output	Bipolar single-ended analog voltage or unipolar current			
AOI [A	O2] Mode controlled by	Pr 07.024 [07.024]			
Opera	nting in Voltage mode (d	default)			
Voltage	e range	±10 V ±5 %			
Maximı	um offset	±120 mV			
Maximi	um output current	±20 mA			
Load re	esistance	≥1 k Ω			
Protect	ion	20 mA max. Short circuit protection			
Opera	nting in current mode				
Curren	nt ranges	0 to 20 mA ±5%, 20 to 0 mA ±5% 4 to 20 mA ±5%, 20 to 4 mA ±5%			
Comn	non to all modes				
Resolu	tion	10-bit			
Sample	e / update period	250 μs (output will only change at update the rate of the source parameter if slower)			

9	0V common	
Function		Common connection for all external
		devices

21	0V common	
Function		Common connection for all external
FullCti	UII	devices

22	Digital I/O 1				
23	Digital I/O 2				
24	Digital I/O 3				
Termin	al 22 default function	DRIVE ACTIVE output			
Termin	nal 23 default function	DRIVE RESET input			
Termin	al 24 default function	RUN FORWARD input			
Туре		Positive or negative logic digital inputs, positive logic voltage source outputs			
Input / o	utput mode controlled by	Pr 08.031, Pr 08.032 and Pr 08.033			
Operat	ing as an input				
Logic m	ode controlled by	Pr 08.029			
Absolute voltage	e maximum applied range	-3 V to +30 V			
Impedar	nce	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω			
Input thr	esholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1			
Operat	ing as an output				
Nominal	maximum output current	100 mA (DIO1 & 2 combined) 100 mA (DIO3 & 24 V User Output Combined)			
Maximu	m output current	100 mA 200 mA (total including all Digital I/O)			
Comm	on to all modes				
Voltage	range	0 V to +24 V			
Sample	/ Update period	2 ms (output will only change at the update rate of the source parameter)			

25	Digital Input 4				
26	Digital Input 5				
Termi	nal 25 default function	FIRE MODE ENABLE input			
Termi	nal 26 default function	Analog INPUT 1 / INPUT 2 select			
Type		Negative or positive logic digital inputs			
Logic mode controlled by		Pr 08.029			
Voltage range		0 V to +24 V			
Absolute maximum applied voltage range		-3 V to +30 V			
Impeda	ance	>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω			
Input th	nresholds	10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1			
Sample	e / Update period	2 ms			

27	Digital Input 6					
Termin	nal 27 default function	Unassigned input				
Туре		Negative or positive logic digital inputs				
Logic m	ode controlled by	Pr 08.029				
Voltage	range	0 V to +24 V				
Absolute maximum applied voltage range		-3 V to +30 V				
Impedance		>2 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 6.6 k Ω				
Input thresholds		10 V ±0.8 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1				
Sample / Update period		2 ms				

28	0V common	
Funct	ion	Common connection for all external devices

Refer to section 4.13 $\it Safe\ Torque\ Off\ (STO)$ on page 102 for further information.

29	Safe Torque Off function (drive enable)							
Туре		Positive logic only digital input						
Voltage	range	0 V to +24 V						
Absolute maximum applied voltage		30 V						
Logic Th	nreshold	10 V ± 5 V						
Low state maximum voltage for disable to SIL3 and PL e		5 V						
Impedance		>4 mA @15 V from IEC 61131-2, type 1, 3.3 k Ω						
Low state maximum current for disable to SIL3 and PL e		0.5 mA						
Response time		Nominal: 8 ms Maximum: 20 ms						

The Safe Torque Off function may be used in a safety-related application in preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor to a high level of integrity. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards. If the Safe Torque Off function is not required, this terminal is used for enabling the drive.

41						
42	Relay 1					
44						
Defaul	t function	Drive OK indicator				
Contact	voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II				
Contact maximum current rating		2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms				
Contact rating	minimum recommended	12 V 100 mA				
Contact	type	Common - 41 Normally closed - 42 Normally open - 44				
Default	contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive OK				

4 ms

51	0 V*						
52	+24 Vdc*						
Size 6							
Nomina	al operating voltage	24.0 Vdc					
Minimu	m continuous operating voltage	18.6 Vdc					
Maximu	um continuous operating voltage	28.0 Vdc					
Minimu	m startup voltage	18.4 Vdc					
Maximu	Maximum power supply requirement 40 W						
Recommended fuse 4 A @ 50 Vdc							
Size 7	to 11						
Nomina	al operating voltage	24.0 Vdc					
Minimu	m continuous operating voltage	19.2 Vdc					
Maximu	um continuous operating voltage	30 Vdc (IEC), 26 Vdc (UL)					
Minimu	m startup voltage	21.6 Vdc					
Maximu	um power supply requirement	60 W					
Recom	mended fuse	4 A @ 50 Vdc					

^{*}See Figure 4-17 to Figure 4-19 on page 81 for location.

/ 1						
72 74	Relay 2					
Defaul	t function	UNASSIGNED				
Contact	voltage rating	240 Vac, Installation over-voltage category II				
Contact maximum current rating		2 A AC 240 V 4 A DC 30 V resistive load 0.5 A DC 30 V inductive load (L/R = 40 ms)				
Contact rating	minimum recommended	12 V 100 mA				
Contact	type	Common - 71 Normally closed - 72 Normally open - 74				
Default (contact condition	Closed when power applied and drive OK				
Update	period	4 ms				



To prevent the risk of a fire hazard in the event of a fault, a fuse or other over-current protection must be installed in the relay circuit.

Update period

Safety Product Mechanical installation started information information installation started installation installation installation started installation started installation installation started installation installation started installation installatio

4.13 Safe Torque Off (STO)

NOTE

The F300 STO input uses the same circuitry as an existing approved product. The F300 STO Function (sizes 3 to 10) have been approved by TUV, however at the time of writing frame 11 is still under review.

The Safe Torque Off function provides a means for preventing the drive from generating torque in the motor, with a very high level of integrity. It is suitable for incorporation into a safety system for a machine. It is also suitable for use as a conventional drive enable input.

The safety function is active when the STO input is in the logic-low state as specified in the control terminal specification. The function is defined according to EN 61800-5-2 and IEC 61800-5-2 as follows. (In these standards a drive offering safety-related functions is referred to as a PDS(SR)):

'Power, that can cause rotation (or motion in the case of a linear motor), is not applied to the motor. The PDS(SR) will not provide energy to the motor which can generate torque (or force in the case of a linear motor)'.

This safety function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with stop category 0 of IEC 60204-1.

The Safe Torque Off function makes use of the special property of an inverter drive with an induction motor, which is that torque cannot be generated without the continuous correct active behavior of the inverter circuit. All credible faults in the inverter power circuit cause a loss of torque generation.

The Safe Torque Off function is fail-safe, so when the Safe Torque Off input is disconnected the drive will not operate the motor, even if a combination of components within the drive has failed. Most component failures are revealed by the drive failing to operate. Safe Torque Off is also independent of the drive firmware. This meets the requirements of the following standards, for the prevention of operation of the motor.

Data as verified by TÜV Rheinland:

According to EN ISO 13849-1:

PL = e

Category = 4

 $MTTF_D = High$

DCay = High

Mission Time and Proof Test Interval = 20 years

The calculated MTTF_D for the complete STO function is:

STO1 2574 yr

According to EN 61800-5-2:

SIL = 3

PFH = $4.21 \times 10^{-11} h^{-1}$

The Safe Torque Off input also meets the requirements of EN 81-1 (clause 12.7.3 b) as part of a system for preventing unwanted operation of the motor in a lift (elevator).

Safe Torque OfF can be used to eliminate electro-mechanical contactors, including special safety contactors, which would otherwise be required for safety applications.

The function can be used in safety-related machines or systems which have been designed according to IEC 62061 or IEC 61508, or other standards which are compatible with IEC 61508, since the analysis and the integrity metrics used in EN 61800-5-2 are the same.

Note on response time of Safe Torque Off, and use with safety controllers with self-testing outputs.

Safe Torque Off has been designed to have a response time of greater than 1 ms, so that it is compatible with safety controllers whose outputs are subject to a dynamic test with a pulse width not exceeding 1 ms.

Note on the use of servo motors, other permanent-magnet motors, reluctance motors and salient-pole induction motors.

When the drive is disabled through Safe Torque Off, a possible (although highly unlikely) failure mode is for two power devices in the inverter circuit to conduct incorrectly.

This fault cannot produce a steady rotating torque in any AC motor. It produces no torque in a conventional induction motor with a cage rotor. If the rotor has permanent magnets and/or saliency, then a transient alignment torque may occur. The motor may briefly try to rotate by up to 180° electrical, for a permanent magnet motor, or 90° electrical, for a salient pole induction motor or reluctance motor. This possible failure mode must be allowed for in the machine design.



The design of safety-related control systems must only be done by personnel with the required training and experience. The safe torque off function will only ensure the safety of a machine if it is correctly incorporated into a complete safety system. The system must be subject to a risk assessment to confirm that the residual risk of an unsafe event is at an acceptable level for the application.



Safe Torque Off inhibits the operation of the drive, this includes inhibiting braking. If the drive is required to provide both braking and Safe Torque Off in the same operation (e.g. for emergency stop) then a safety timer relay or similar device must be used to ensure that the drive is disabled a suitable time after braking. The braking function in the drive is provided by an electronic circuit which is not fail-safe. If braking is a safety requirement, it must be supplemented by an independent fail-safe braking mechanism.



Safe Torque Off does not provide electrical isolation. The supply to the drive must be disconnected by an approved isolation device before gaining access to power connections.

With Safe Torque Off there are no single faults in the drive which can permit the motor to be driven. Therefore it is not necessary to have a second channel to interrupt the power connection, nor a fault detection circuit.

It is important to note that a single short-circuit from the Safe Torque Off input to a DC supply of approximately +24 V would cause the drive to be enabled. This can be excluded under EN ISO 13849-2 by the use of protected wiring. The wiring can be protected by either of the following methods:

- By placing the wiring in a segregated cable duct or other enclosure.
 or
- By providing the wiring with a grounded shield in a positive-logic grounded control circuit. The shield is provided to avoid a hazard from an electrical fault. It may be grounded by any convenient method; no special EMC precautions are required.



It is essential to observe the maximum permitted voltage of 5 V for a safe low (disabled) state of Safe Torque Off. The connections to the drive must be arranged so that voltage drops in the 0 V wiring cannot exceed this value under any loading condition. It is strongly recommended that the Safe Torque Off circuit be provided with a dedicated 0 V conductor which should be connected to terminal 28 at the drive.

Safe Torque Off over-ride

The drive does not provide any facility to over-ride the Safe Torque Off function, for example for maintenance purposes.

Powerdrive F300 User Guide

Safety Product NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics informatio information installation started parameters the moto Operation PLC parameters information

5 Getting started

This chapter introduces the user interfaces, menu structure and security levels of the drive.

5.1 Understanding the display

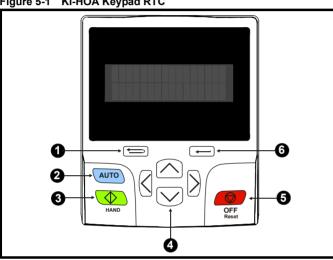
The keypad can only be mounted on the drive.

KI-HOA Keypad RTC

The KI-HOA Keypad RTC display consists of two rows of text. The upper row shows the drive status or the menu and parameter number currently being viewed. The lower row of the display line shows the parameter value or the specific trip type. The last two characters on the first row may display special indications. If more than one of these indications is active then the indications are prioritized as shown in Table 5-2.

When the drive is powered up the lower row will show the power up parameter defined by Parameter Displayed At Power-Up (11.022).

Figure 5-1 KI-HOA Keypad RTC



- 1. Escape button
- 2. Auto button
- 3. Start forward
- 4 Navigation keys (x4)
- 5. Off / Reset (red) button
- 6 Enter button

NOTE

The red stop button is also used to reset the drive.

The parameter value is correctly displayed in the lower row of the keypad display, see table below.

Table 5-1 Keypad display formats

Display formats	Value
IP Address	127.000.000.000
MAC Address	01ABCDEF2345
Time	12:34:56
Date	31-12-11 or 12-31-11
Version number	01.02.02.00
Character	ABCD
32 bit number with decimal point	21474836.47
16 bit binary number	0100001011100101

Table 5-2 Active action icon

Active action icon	Description	Row (1=top)	Priority in row
	Accessing non-volatile media card	1	1
*	Alarm active	1	2
•	Keypad real-time clock battery low	1	3
A or A	Drive security active and locked or unlocked	1	4
44	User program running	3	1
4	Keypad reference active	4	1

5.2 **Keypad operation**

5.2.1 **Control buttons**

The keypad consists of:

- Navigation Keys Used to navigate the parameter structure and change parameter values.
- Enter / Mode button Used to toggle between parameter edit and
- Escape / Exit button Used to exit from parameter edit or view mode. In parameter edit mode, if parameter values are edited and the exit button is pressed, the parameter value will be restored to the value it had on entry to edit mode.

Three control buttons are used to select Hand / Off / Auto modes (see below).

NOTE

Low battery voltage is indicated by \(\begin{picture}(1) & \ldots display. Refer to section 3.13.1 Real time clock battery replacement on page 66 for information on battery replacement.

Figure 5-2 Display modes on page 104, shows an example of moving between menus and editing parameters.

5.2.2 Hand / Off / Auto

Hand / Off / Auto functions are enabled if Pr 01.052 is set to a non-zero value, otherwise the keypad buttons are allocated as follows:

- Blue @ Forward/Reverse
- Green 0 Run
- Red 🔘 Reset

When Hand / Off / Auto functions are enabled (Pr 01.052 set to either 1, 2 or 3), then the keypad buttons will be allocated as follows:

- Blue Auto Auto
- Green
 Hand
- Red 🔘 Off/Reset

The value in Pr 01.052 selects Hand/Off/Auto mode on power-up as shown in Table 5-3.

Table 5-3 Hand/Off/Auto mode

Pr 01.052	Power up
0	Hand/Off/Auto disabled
1	Auto Mode
2	Off Mode
3	See table Table 5-4

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 5-4 Power-up modes if Pr 01.052 = 3

Power-down	Power-up
Hand	Off
Off	Off
Auto	Auto

Auto

In Auto mode, the reference for the motor speed/frequency will be selected by the value set in Pr 00.005.

Hand

The speed/frequency reference Pr **00.005** is automatically set to keypad reference. The motor speed is determined by the value in the keypad control mode reference Pr **01.017**, which can be adjusted by pressing the Up/Down arrows on the keypad.

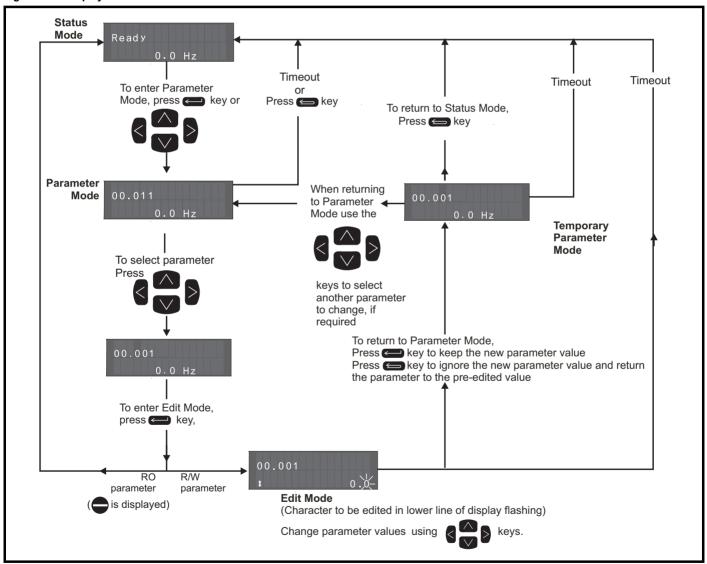
When Hand is selected from Auto, Pr 01.017 will be set to the value of the *Pre-ramp reference* (Pr 01.003) on mode transition, so the current motor speed is maintained.

If Hand mode is selected from Off mode, the motor will ramp up to the speed determined by the value in Pr 01.017.

Off

In Off mode, the motor will be stopped. The speed/frequency reference (Pr 00.005) is automatically set to keypad reference allowing the value in the *keypad control mode reference* (Pr 01.017) to be modified by pressing the Up/Down arrow keys. If Hand mode is then selected, the motor will ramp up to the speed determined by the value in Pr 01.017.

Figure 5-2 Display modes



NOTE

The navigation keys can only be used to move between menus if Pr **00.049** has been set to show 'All Menus'. Refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 109.

Safety Product NV Media Card **UL** listina Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation PLC parameters information

5.2.3 Quick access mode

The quick access mode allows direct access to any parameter without scrolling through menus and parameters.

To enter the quick access mode, press and hold the Enter button on the keypad while in 'parameter mode'.

Figure 5-3 Quick access mode



5.2.4 Keypad shortcuts

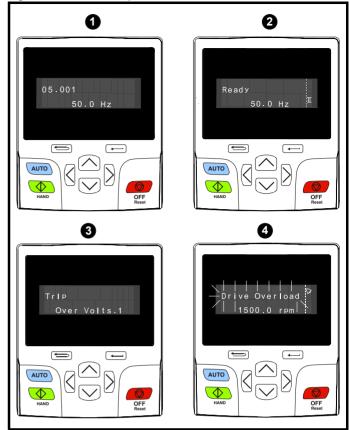
In 'parameter mode':

- If the up and down keypad buttons are pressed together, then the keypad display will jump to the start of the parameter menu being viewed, i.e. Pr 05.005 being viewed, when the above buttons pressed together will jump to Pr 05.000.
- If the left and right keypad buttons are pressed together, then the keypad display will jump to the last viewed parameter in Menu 0.

In 'parameter edit mode':

- If the up and down keypad buttons are pressed together, then the parameter value of the parameter being edited will be set to 0.
- If the left and right keypad buttons are pressed together, the least significant digit (furthest right) will be selected on the keypad display for editing.

Figure 5-4 Mode examples



1. Parameter view mode: Read write or Read only

2. Status mode: Drive OK status

If the drive is ok and the parameters are not being edited or viewed, the upper row of the display will show one of the following:

'Inhibit', 'Ready' or 'Run'.

3. Status mode: Trip status

When the drive is in trip condition, the upper row of the display will indicate that the drive has tripped and the lower row of the display will show the trip code. For further information regarding trip codes. refer to Table 13-3 *Trip indications* on page 262.

4. Status mode: Alarm status

During an 'alarm' condition the upper row of the display flashes between the drive status (Inhibit, Ready or Run, depending on what is displayed) and the alarm.



Do not change parameter values without careful consideration; incorrect values may cause damage or a safety hazard.

NOTE

When changing the values of parameters, make a note of the new values in case they need to be entered again.

NOTE

For new parameter-values to apply after the line power supply to the drive is interrupted, new values must be saved. Refer to section 5.7 *Saving parameters* on page 108.

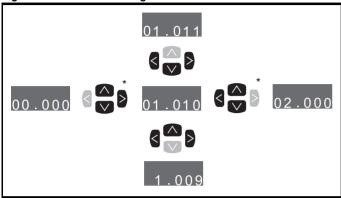
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5.3 Menu structure

The drive parameter structure consists of menus and parameters.

The drive initially powers up so that only Menu 0 can be viewed. The up and down arrow buttons are used to navigate between parameters and once Pr 00.049 has been set to 'All Menus' the left and right buttons are used to navigate between menus. For further information, refer to section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 109

Figure 5-5 Parameter navigation





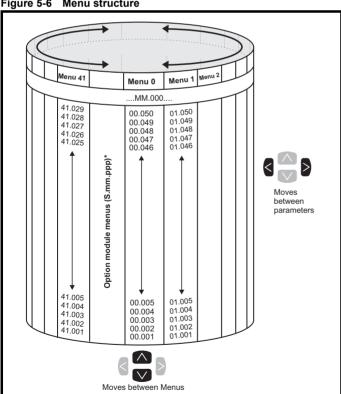
Can only be used to move between menus if all menus have been enabled (Pr 00.049). Refer to section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 109.

The menus and parameters roll over in both directions.

i.e. if the last parameter is displayed, a further press will cause the display to rollover and show the first parameter.

When changing between menus the drive remembers which parameter was last viewed in a particular menu and thus displays that parameter.

Figure 5-6 Menu structure



^{*} The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and the parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

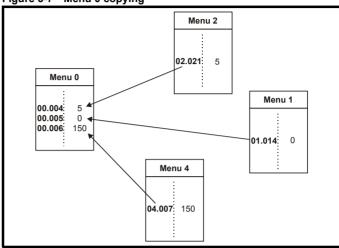
5.4 Menu 0

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. The parameters displayed in Menu 0 can be configured in Menu 22

Appropriate parameters are copied from the advanced menus into Menu 0 and thus exist in both locations.

For further information, refer to Chapter 6 Basic parameters on page 111.

Figure 5-7 Menu 0 copying



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running Ontimize		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

5.5 Advanced menus

The advanced menus consist of groups or parameters appropriate to a specific function or feature of the drive. Menus 0 to 41 can be viewed on the KI-HOA Keypad RTC.

The option module menus (S.mm.ppp) are only displayed if option modules are installed. Where S signifies the option module slot number and the mm.ppp signifies the menu and parameter number of the option module's internal menus and parameter.

Table 5-5 Advanced menu descriptions

Menu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy
U	programming
1	Frequency / Speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O, Temperature monitoring
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and
J	scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
28	Reserved menu
29	Pumping functions
30	Onboard user programming application menu
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus*
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus*

^{*}Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

5.5.1 KI-HOA Keypad RTC

To enter the keypad set-up menu press and hold the escape button on the keypad from status mode. All the keypad parameters are saved to the keypad non-volatile memory when exiting from the keypad set-up menu.

To exit from the keypad set-up menu press the escape or < or





button. Below are the keypad set-up parameters.

Table 5-6 KI-Keypad set-up parameters

	Parameters	Range	Type
Keypad.00	Language	Classic English (0) English (1)	RW
Keypad.01	Show Units	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.02	Backlight Level	0 to 100 %	RW
Keypad.03	Keypad Date	01.01.10 to 31.12.99	RO
Keypad.04	Keypad Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	RO
Keypad.05	Show Raw Text Parameter Values	Off (0), On (1)	RW
Keypad.06	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 99.99.99.99	RO

It is not possible to access the keypad parameters via any communications channel.

Display messages

The following tables indicate the various possible mnemonics which can be displayed by the drive and their meaning.

Table 5-7 Status indications

Upper row string	Description	Drive output stage
Inhibit	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0. The other conditions that can prevent the drive from enabling are shown as bits in <i>Enable Conditions</i> (06.010)	
Ready	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed	Enabled
Run	The drive is active and running	Enabled
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated	Enabled
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display	Disabled
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode	Disabled
Heat	The motor pre-heat function is active	Enabled
Phasing	The drive is performing a 'phasing test on enable'	Enabled

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
Salety	1 Toduct	Mechanican	Electrical	Getting	Dasic	Running	Ontimization		Olibbalu	Auvanceu	recrimical	Diagnostics	OL listing
information	information	inotallation	inotallation	started	naramatara	the meter	Optimization	Operation	DI C	naramatara	data	Diagnostics	information
information	information	installation	installation	Started	parameters	the motor	-	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	_	information
					-					1 *			

5.5.3 Alarm indications

An alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the upper row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the upper row. Alarms strings are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

Table 5-8 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Motor Overload	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.

Table 5-9 Option module and NV media card and other status indications at power-up

	indications at power	-up				
First row string	Second row string	Status				
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded				
Drive param	eters are being loade	d from a NV Media Card				
Booting	User Program	User program being loaded				
User progra	m is being loaded fror	m a NV Media Card to the drive				
Booting Option User program being loaded						
User progra module in sl	•	n a NV Media Card to the option				
Writing To	NV Card	Data being written to NV Media Card				
	•	ia Card to ensure that its copy of the se the drive is in Auto or Boot mode				
Waiting For	Power System	Waiting for power stage				
The drive is waiting for the processor in the power stage to respond after power-up						
Waiting For	Options	Waiting for an option module				
The drive is	The drive is waiting for the options modules to respond after power-up					
Uploading From	Options	Loading parameter database				

At power-up it may be necessary to update the parameter database held by the drive because an option module has changed or because an applications module has requested changes to the parameter structure. This may involve data transfer between the drive an option modules. During this period 'Uploading From Options' is displayed

5.6 Changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. *User security status* (00.049) and *User security code* (00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 29 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF (0)
- Enter either of the following values in Pr mm.000, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency) 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency)
- 3. Change the setting of Pr 00.048 as follows:

Pr 00.048 setting	Operating mode	
00.048 t Open-loop	1	Open-loop
00.048 t RFC-A	2	RFC-A
00.048 t RFC-S	3	RFC-S

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are used.

- 4. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- · Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100.

NOTE

Entering 1253 or 1254 in Pr mm.000 will only load defaults if the setting of Pr 00.048 has been changed.

5.7 Saving parameters

When changing a parameter in Menu 0, the new value is saved when pressing the Enter button to return to parameter view mode from parameter edit mode.

If parameters have been changed in the advanced menus, then the change will not be saved automatically. A save function must be carried out.

Procedure

- Select 'Save Parameters'* in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000* in Pr mm.000)
- 2. Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input, or
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

* If the drive is in the under voltage state (i.e. when the control terminal 1 & 2 are being supplied from a low voltage DC supply) a value of 1001 must be entered into Pr mm.000 to perform a save function.

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5.8 Restoring parameter defaults

Restoring parameter defaults by this method saves the default values in the drives memory. *User security status* (00.049) and *User security code* (00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

- Ensure the drive is not enabled, i.e. terminal 29 is open or Pr 06.015 is OFF (0)
- Select 'Reset 50 Hz Defs' or 'Reset 60 Hz Defs' in Pr mm.000. (alternatively, enter 1233 (50 Hz settings) or 1244 (60 Hz settings) in Pr mm.000).
- 3 Fither:
- Press the red reset button
- · Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100

5.9 Parameter access level and security

The parameter access level determines whether the user has access to Menu 0 only or to all the advanced menus (Menus 1 to 41) in addition to Menu 0.

The User Security determines whether the access to the user is read only or read write.

Both the User Security and Parameter Access Level can operate independently of each other as shown in Table 5-10.

Table 5-10 Parameter access level and security

User security status (11.044)	Access level	User security	Menu 0 status	Advanced menu status
0	Menu 0	Open	RW	Not visible
	IVICITA O	Closed	RO	Not visible
1	All Menus	Open	RW	RW
'	All Merius	Closed	RO	RO
2	Read-only	Open	RO	Not visible
2	Menu 0	Closed	RO	Not visible
3	Read-only	Open	RO	RO
3	Reau-Only	Closed	RO	RO
4	Status only	Open	Not visible	Not visible
-	Olalus Offiy	Closed	Not visible	Not visible
5	No access	Open	Not visible	Not visible
3	INO access	Closed	Not visible	Not visible

The default settings of the drive are Parameter Access Level Menu 0 and user Security Open i.e. read / write access to Menu 0 with the advanced menus not visible.

5.9.1 User Security Level / Access Level

The drive provides a number of different levels of security that can be set by the user via *User Security Status* (11.044); these are shown in the table below

User Security Status (Pr 11.044)	Description
Menu 0 (0)	All writable parameters are available to be edited but only parameters in Menu 0 are visible
All menus (1)	All parameters are visible and all writable parameters are available to be edited
Read- only Menu 0 (2)	Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only. All parameters are read-only
Read-only (3)	All parameters are read-only however all menus and parameters are visible
Status only (4)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited
No access (5)	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be accessed via a comms/ fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module

5.9.2 Changing the User Security Level /Access Level

The security level is determined by the setting of Pr **00.049** or Pr **11.044**. The Security Level can be changed through the keypad even if the User Security Code has been set.

5.9.3 User Security Code

The User Security Code, when set, prevents write access to any of the parameters in any menu.

Setting User Security Code

Enter a value between 1 and 2147483647 in Pr 00.034 and press the

button; the security code has now been set to this value. In order to activate the security, the Security level must be set to desired level in Pr 00.049. When the drive is reset, the security code will have been

activated and the drive returns to Menu 0 and the symbol is displayed in the right hand corner of the keypad display. The value of Pr 00.034 will return to 0 in order to hide the security code.

Unlocking User Security Code

Select a parameter that need to be edited and press the button, the upper display will now show 'Security Code'. Use the arrow buttons

to set the security code and press the button. With the correct security code entered, the display will revert to the parameter selected in edit mode.

If an incorrect security code is entered, the following message 'Incorrect security code' is displayed, then the display will revert to parameter view mode.

Disabling User Security

Unlock the previously set security code as detailed above. Set Pr 00.034

to 0 and press the button. The User Security has now been disabled, and will not have to be unlocked each time the drive is powered up to allow read / write access to the parameters.

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5.10 Displaying parameters with nondefault values only

By selecting 'Show non-default' in Pr mm.000 (Alternatively, enter 12000 in Pr mm.000), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be those containing a non-default value. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr mm.000 and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0). Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 109 for further information regarding access level.

5.11 Displaying destination parameters only

By selecting 'Destinations' in Pr mm.000 (Alternatively enter 12001 in Pr mm.000), the only parameters that will be visible to the user will be destination parameters. This function does not require a drive reset to become active. In order to deactivate this function, return to Pr mm.000 and select 'No action' (alternatively enter a value of 0).

Please note that this function can be affected by the access level enabled, refer to section 5.9 *Parameter access level and security* on page 109 for further information regarding access level.

5.12 Communications

The Powerdrive F300 drive offers a 2 wire 485 interface. This enables the drive set-up, operation and monitoring to be carried out with a PC or controller if required.

5.12.1 485 Serial communications

The EIA485 option provides two parallel RJ45 connectors allowing easy daisy chaining. The drive only supports Modbus RTU protocol.

The serial communications port of the drive is a RJ45 socket, which is isolated from the power stage and the other control terminals (see section 4.11 *Communications connections* on page 97 for connection and isolation details).

The communications port applies a 2 unit load to the communications network

USB/EIA232 to EIA485 Communications

An external USB/EIA232 hardware interface such as a PC cannot be used directly with the 2-wire EIA485 interface of the drive. Therefore a suitable converter is required.

Suitable USB to EIA485 and EIA232 to EIA485 isolated converters are available from Control Techniques as follows:

- CT USB Comms cable (CT Part No. 4500-0096)
- CT EIA232 Comms cable (CT Part No. 4500-0087)

NOTE

When using the CT EIA232 Comms cable the available baud rate is limited to 19.2 k baud.

When using one of the above converters or any other suitable converter with the drive, it is recommended that no terminating resistors be connected on the network. It may be necessary to 'link out' the terminating resistor within the converter depending on which type is used. The information on how to link out the terminating resistor will normally be contained in the user information supplied with the converter.

Serial communications set-up parameters

The following parameters need to be set according to the system requirements.

Seria	I communications	set-up parameters
Serial Mode (11.024) {00.035}	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 EP (2), 8 1 OP (3), 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M (5), 8 1 EP M (6), 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (8), 7 1 NP (9), 7 1 EP (10), 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP M (12), 7 1 NP M (13), 7 1 EP M (14), 7 1 OP M (15)	The drive only supports the Modbus RTU protocol and is always a slave. This parameter defines the supported data formats used by the 485 comms port (if installed) on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself.
Serial Baud Rate (11.025) {00.036}	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 2400 (3), 4800 (4), 9600 (5), 19200 (6), 38400 (7), 57600(8), 76800(9), 115200 (10)	This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a option module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before sending a new message using the new baud rate.
Serial Address (11.023) {00.037}	1 to 247	This parameter defines the serial address and an addresses between 1 and 247 are permitted.

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information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

6 Basic parameters

Menu 0 is used to bring together various commonly used parameters for basic easy set up of the drive. All the parameters in Menu 0 appear in other menus in the drive (denoted by $\{...\}$). Menus 22 can be used to configure the parameters in Menu 0.

6.1 Menu 0: Basic parameters

	Parameter		Ra	inge		Defa	ault				Tur	۰-		
	Parameter		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	je		
00.001	Minimum Reference Clamp	{01.007}	±VM_NEGATIVE_R	EF_CLAMP1	Hz / rpm	0 Hz	/ rpm		RW	Num				US
00.002	Maximum Reference Clamp1	{01.006}	±VM_POSITIVE_RI	EF_CLAMP1	Hz / rpm	50 Hz: 50.0 Hz 60 Hz: 60.0 Hz	rp 60 Hz:	1500.0 m 1800.0 m	RW	Num				US
00.003	Acceleration Rate 1	{02.011}	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s to Pr 01.006		01.006	20.0 s to Pr 01.006		000 s 01.006	RW	Num				US
00.004	Deceleration Rate 1	{02.021}	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s to Pr 01.006		01.006	20.0 s to Pr 01.006		000 s 01.006	RW	Num				US
00.005	Reference Selector	{01.014}		A2 Preset (2) Precision (5) d Ref (6)		A1 A	2 (0)		RW	Txt				US
00.006	Symmetrical Current Limit	{04.007}	±VM_MOTOR1_0	CURRENT_LI	MIT %	110 %	110) %	RW	Num		RA		US
00.007	Open-loop Control Mode / Action On Enable	{05.014}	Ur S (0),Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5), Current 1P (6)			Ur I (4)			RW	Txt				US
	Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1	{03.010}			200.000 rad		0.030) s/rad	RW	Num				US
00.008	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	{05.015}	0.0 to 25.0 %			3.0 %			RW	Num				US
00.000	Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1	{03.011}			655.35 rad		0.10	s ² /rad	RW	Num				US
	Dynamic V to F Select	{05.013}	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
00.009	Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd 1	{03.012}			o 0.65535 rad		0.0000	0 1/rad	RW	Num				US
00.040	Motor Rpm	{05.004}	±180000 rpm						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.010	Speed Feedback	{03.002}		±VM_SP	EED rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.011	Output Frequency	{05.001}	±VM_SPEED_FREQ	_REF Hz					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.012	Current Magnitude	{04.001}	±VM_DRIVE_CUR	RENT_UNIP	OLAR A				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	FI
00.013	Torque Producing Current	{04.002}	±VM_DRIVE	_CURRENT	A				RO	Bit	ND	NC	РТ	FI
00.015	Ramp Mode Select	{02.004}	Standard (1), Std boost (2)	Standa	ard (1)	Standa	ard (1)		RW	Txt				US
00.017	Digital Input 6 Destination	{08.026}	0.000 to 59.999			0.000			RW	Num	DE		PT	US
	Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant	{04.012}			25.0 ms		1.0	ms	RW	Num				US
00.019	Analog Input 1 Mode	{07.007}	4-20mA Low (-4) 4-20mA Hold (-2) 0-20mA (0), 20-0mA 20-4mA Trip (3), 4-2 Volt (6), Therm Short Therm N	, 20-4mA Hol A (1), 4-20mA 20mA (4), 20-	ld (-1), Trip (2), 4mA (5),	4-20m	nA (4)		RW	Txt				US
00.020	Analog Input 1 Destination	{07.010}	00.000	to 59.999		01.0	036		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
00.021	Analog Input 2 Mode	{07.011}	4-20mA Low (-4) 4-20mA Hold (-2) 0-20mA (0), 20-0mA 20-4mA Trip (3), 4-2 Volt (6), Therm Short Therm N	, 20-4mA Hol A (1), 4-20mA 20mA (4), 20-	ld (-1), Trip (2), 4mA (5),	Volt	(6)		RW	Txt				US
00.022	Bipolar Reference Enable	{01.010}	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off	(0)		RW	Bit				US
00.024	Preset Reference 1	{01.021}	±VM_SPEED_FF	REQ_REF Hz	: / rpm	0.0 Hz	: / rpm		RW	Num				US
00.025	Preset Reference 2	{01.022}	±VM_SPEED_FF	REQ_REF Hz	: / rpm	0.0 Hz	: / rpm		RW	Num				US
00.026	Preset Reference 3	{01.023}	±VM_SPEED_ FREQ_REF Hz			0.0 Hz			RW					US
	Overspeed Threshold	{03.008}		0 to 400	000 rpm		0 r	pm	RW	Num				US

March Mar	Safety information				Basic rameter	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation			vanced imeters	Technio data		agnos		UL lis	
March Mar					Rar	nge			Defa	ault							
11.00 11.00		Parameter		OL		RFC-A	RFC-S	OL		RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	oe		
Marcoland Mar	00.027		{01.024}		REQ_			0.0 Hz				RW	Num				US
Mate	00.029		{11.036}		0 to	999			0)		RO	Num		NC	PT	
0.033 Catch A Catch A			{11.042}	A	uto (3),	Boot (4)			None	e (0)					NC		US
0.033 Spring Motor (06.009)	00.031	Rated Voltage	{11.033}	. , , .		575 V (2), 6	90 V (3)					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
20.035 Serial Mode	00.033		{06.009}	Enable (1), Fwd Only (2)),			Disable (0))			RW	Txt				US
Serial Mode	00.034	User Security Code	{11.030}	0	to 2147	7483647			0)		RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
09.09.5 Serial Baud Rate	00.035	Serial Mode	{11.024}	8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 OP M (7 7 1 EP (10), 7 1 NP M (13),	8 1 NP 7), 7 2 I 7 1 OP 7 1 EP	M (5), 8 1 E NP (8), 7 1 N (11), 7 2 NP M (14), 7 1	EP M (6), NP (9), M (12), OP M (15)		3 2 N	P (0)		RW	Txt				US
0.0.03 Gurrent Controller Kp (04.013) 0 to 30000	00.036	Serial Baud Rate	{11.025}	9600 (5), 1920	00 (6), 3	38400 (7), 5			1920	0 (6)		RW	Txt				US
Second Communications Communicati	00.037		{11.023}		1 to	247			1			RW	Num				US
Seal	00.038	Gain	{04.013}		0 to 3	0000		20		15	50	RW	Num				US
Maximum Switching (05.018) 2 kHz (1), 3 kHz (1), 4 kHz (2), 6 kHz (3), 3 kHz (1)	00.039		{04.014}		0 to 3	0000		40		20	00	RW	Num				US
Section Sec	00.040		{05.012}						C			RW	Num		NC		
Mated Power Factor Mated	00.041	Frequency	{05.018}						3 kH	z (1)	6 Dalas	RW	Txt		RA		US
00.044 Rated Voltage 05.009 ±VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET V	00.042		{05.011}	Automatio	c (0) to	480 Poles (2	240)	Automa	atic (0	0)		RW	Num				US
Mare	00.043	Rated Power Factor	{05.010}	0.000 t	to 1.000)						RW	Num		RA		US
00.045 Rated Speed (05.008) 0 to 33000 rpm 0.00 to 33000 rpm Eur - 1500 rpm USA - 1800 rpm USA - 1800 rpm 1450.00 rpm USA - 1750.00 rpm PUSA - 1750.00 rp	00.044	Rated Voltage	{05.009}	±VM_A	vC_VOL	.TAGE_SET	V	400V drive 400 575	: 400 V driv V driv	V 60Hz do ve: 460V ve: 575V ve: 690V		RW	Num		RA		US
Rated Current (95.007) EVM_RATED_CURRENT (111.06∪) RW Num RA US	00.045	Rated Speed	{05.008}	0 to 33000 rpi	m	0.00 to 330	000.00 rpm			1450.00 rpm USA - 1750.00		RW	Num				US
National Prequency National Prequency National Preparation	00.046	Rated Current	{05.007}	±VM_F	RATED_	CURRENT	A	(11.06	60) A	nt	RW	Num		RA		US
Volts per 1000 rpm {05.033} {05.		Rated Frequency	{05.006}	0.0 to 5	550.0 H	Z						RW	Num				US
Output O	00.047	Volts per 1000 rpm	{05.033}				V				1000	RW	Num				US
Non-salient (1) Non-salien	00.048	User Drive Mode	{11.031}		· //	. ,,	` '	Open-loop (1)			RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
00.051 Action On Trip Detection {10.037} 00000 to 11111 00000 RW Bin US 00.052 Reset Serial Communications {11.020} Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) RW Bit ND NC 00.053 Motor Thermal Time Constant 1 {04.015} 1.0 to 3000.0 s 89.0 s RW Num US 00.054 RFC Low Speed Mode {05.064} 1.0 to 3000.0 s Injection (0) Non-salient (1) Non-salient (1) RW Txt US 00.055 Low Speed Mode Sensorless Mode Current {05.071} 0.0 to 1000.0 % 0.0 to 1000.0 % 20.0 % RW Num RA US 00.056 No-load Lq {05.072} 0.000 to 500.000 0.000 to 500.000 0.000 mH RW Num RA US	00.049	User Security Status	{11.044}					1	Лепи	0 (0)		RW	Txt	ND		PT	
Detection Quantification Detection Quantification Quantification	00.050		{11.029}	(0 to 999	999999						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
Communications Comm	00.051	Detection	{10.037}	(00000 t	o 11111			000	000		RW	Bin				US
00.053 Time Constant 1 {04.015} 1.0 to 3000.0 s 89.0 s RW Num US 00.054 RFC Low Speed Mode {05.064} Injection (0) , Non-salient (1) RW Txt US 00.055 Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current {05.071} 0.0 to 1000.0 % 20.0 % RW Num RA US 00.056 No-load Lq {05.072} 0.000 to 500.000 0.000 mH RW Num RA US	00.052		{11.020}	C	Off (0) o	r On (1)			Off	(0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC		
00.054 RFC Low Speed Mode {05.064} , Non-salient (1) RW Txt US 00.055 Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current {05.071} 0.0 to 1000.0 % 20.0 % RW Num RA US 00.056 No-load Lq {05.072} 0.000 to 500.000 0.000 mH RW Num RA US	00.053		{04.015}		1.0 to 3	000.0 s			89.	0 s		RW	Num				US
00.055 Sensorless Mode Current {05.071} 0.0 to 1000.0 % 20.0 % RW Num RA US 00.056 No-load Lq {05.072} 0.000 to 500.000 0.000 mH RW Num RA US	00.054	Speed Mode	{05.064}				, Non- salient				salient	RW	Txt				US
00.056 No-load Lq (05.072) 500.000 0.000 RW Num RA US	00.055	Sensorless	{05.071}				1000.0 %				20.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
	00.056	No-load Lq	{05.072}				500.000					RW	Num		RA		US

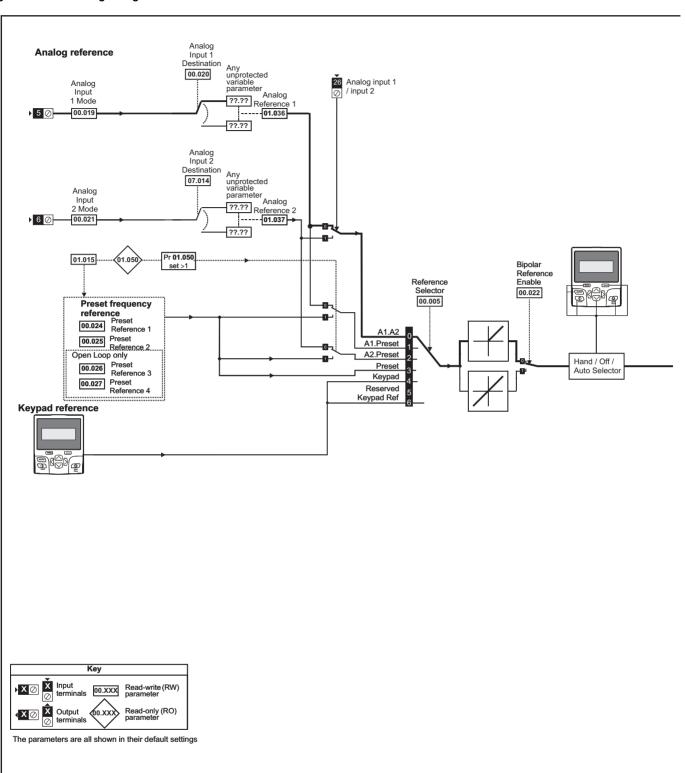
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	Parameter			Range		De	fault				Тур	20	
	Farameter		OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ıyı	Je	
00.057	lq Test Current or Inductance Measurement	{05.075}			0 to 200 %			100 %	RW	Num			US
00.058	Phase Offset At Iq Test Current	{05.077}			±90.0 °			0.0 °	RW	Num		RA	US
00.059	Lq At The Defined Iq Test Current	{05.078}			0.000 to 500.000 m H			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA	US
00.060	Id Test Current for Inductance Measurement	{05.082}			-100 to 0 %			-50 %	RW	Num			US
00.061	Lq At The Defined Id Test Current	{05.084}			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA	US

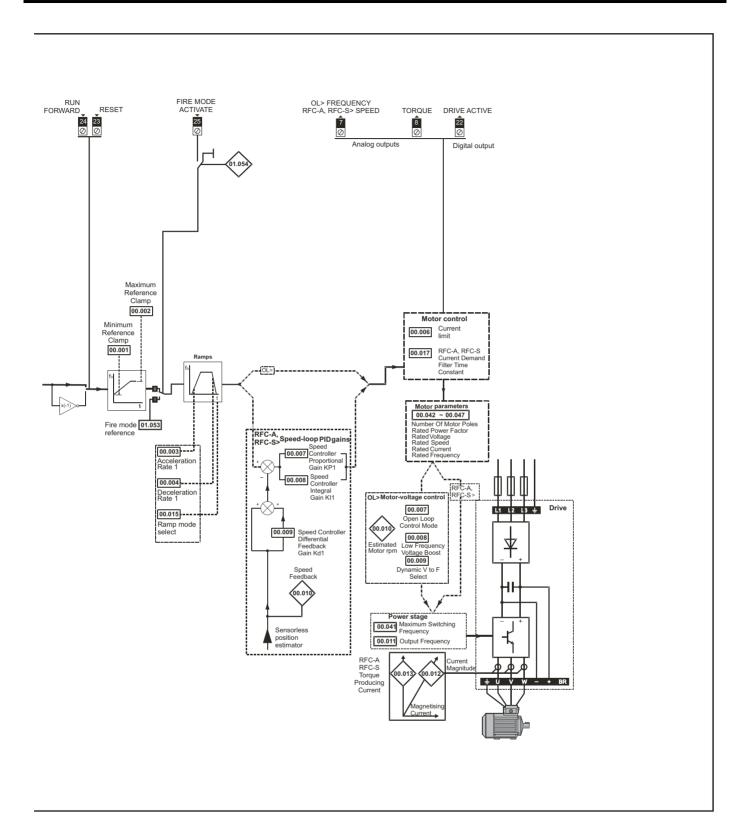
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter						

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 6-1 Menu 0 logic diagram



Onboard PLC Safety Product Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Diagnostics Optimization parameters information information installation the motor information installation started Operation parameters data



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

6.2 Parameter descriptions

6.2.1 Pr mm.000

Pr mm.000 is available in all menus, commonly used functions are provided as text strings in Pr mm.000 shown in Table 6-1. The functions in Table 6-1 can also be selected by entering the appropriate numeric values (as shown in Table 6-2) in Pr mm.000. For example, enter 7001 in Pr mm.000 to erase the file in NV media card location 001.

Table 6-1 Commonly used functions in xx.000

Value	Equivalent value	String	Action
0	0	[No Action]	
1000	1	[Save parameters]	Save parameters when under voltage is not active and low voltage threshold is not active
6001	2	[Load file 1]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 001
4001	3	[Save to file 1]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001
6002	4	[Load file 2]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 002
4002	5	[Save to file 2]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 002
6003	6	[Load file 3]	Load the drive parameters or user program file from NV media card file 003
4003	7	[Save to file 3]	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 003
12000	8	[Show non-default]	Displays parameters that are different from defaults
12001	9	[Destinations]	Displays parameters that are set
1233	10	[Reset 50Hz Defs]	Load parameters with standard (50 Hz) defaults
1244	11	[Reset 60Hz Defs]	Load parameters with US (60 Hz) defaults
1070	12	[Reset modules]	Reset all option modules
11001	13	[Read Enc. NP P1]	No function on the F300
11051	14	[Read Enc. NP P2]	TWO TURNOUTH OFF THE FEMALES.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 6-2 Functions in Pr mm.000

	Functions III F1 IIIII.000
Value	Action
1000	Save parameters when <i>Under Voltage Active</i> (Pr 10.016) is not active and <i>Low Under Voltage Threshold Select</i> mode (Pr 06.067 = Off)
1000	is not active.
1001	Save parameter under all conditions
1070	Reset all option modules
1233	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1234	Load standard (50 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1244	Load US (60 Hz) defaults
1245	Load US (60 Hz) defaults to all menus except option module menus (i.e 15 to 20 and 24 to 28)
1253	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults
1254	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults
1255	Change drive mode and load standard (50 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
1256	Change drive mode and load US (60 Hz) defaults except for menus 15 to 20 and 24 to 28
1299	Reset {Stored HF} trip.
2001*	Create a boot file on a non-volatile media card based on the present drive parameters including all Menu 20 parameters
4yyy*	NV media card: Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file xxx
5yyy*	NV media card: Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file xxx
6yyy*	NV media card: Load the drive parameters from parameter file xxx or the onboard user program from onboard user program file xxx
7yyy*	NV media card: Erase file xxx
8yyy*	NV Media card: Compare the data in the drive with file xxx
9555*	NV media card: Clear the warning suppression flag
9666*	NV media card: Set the warning suppression flag
9777*	NV media card: Clear the read-only flag
9888*	NV media card: Set the read-only flag
9999*	NV media card: Erase and format the NV media card
12000**	Only display parameters that are different from their default value. This action does not require a drive reset.
12001**	Only display parameters that are used to set-up destinations (i.e. DE format bit is 1). This action does not require a drive reset.
40yyy	Back-up all drive data.
60ууу	Load all drive data.
	or 0 NI/ Madia Card Operation on page 162 for more information on those functions

^{*} See Chapter 9 NV Media Card Operation on page 162 for more information on these functions.

To allow easy access to some commonly used functions, refer to the table overleaf. Equivalent values and strings are also provided in the table above.

^{**} These functions do not require a drive reset to become active. All other functions require a drive reset to initiate the function.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

6.3 Full descriptions

Table 6-3 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Mac	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) trip occurs.

6.3.1 Parameter x.00

	00.0 nm.	000 000}	Param	eter ze	ero					_	-
R۱	N	Num				N	D	NC	PT		
\hat{v}	0 to 65,535					\Rightarrow					

6.3.2 Speed limits

00.001	{01	.007}	Minim	um Re	eferenc	e C	lam	р			
RW		Num								US	
OL			NEOA	TD /F	DEE				0.0 F	lz	
RFC-A	Û		_NEGA _AMP1			\Rightarrow			0.0 rp	m	
RFC-S									0.01	,,,,,	

(When the drive is jogging, [00.001] has no effect.)

Open-loop

Set Pr 00.001 at the required minimum output frequency of the drive for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr 00.001 and Pr 00.002. [00.001] is a nominal value; slip compensation may cause the actual frequency to be higher.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Set Pr **00.001** at the required minimum motor speed for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr **00.001** and Pr **00.002**.

00.002	{01	.006}	Maxin	num R	eferen	ce (Clar	np			
RW		Num								US	
OL		+\/\/	_POSI	TIVE F	REE					t: 50.0 t: 60.0	
RFC-A	Û		_n oon _AMP1			\Diamond	50)Hz de	efault:1	1500.0	rpm
RFC-S							60)Hz de	efault:1	1800.0	rpm

(The drive has additional over-speed protection).

Open-loop

Set Pr 00.002 at the required maximum output frequency for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr 00.001 and Pr 00.002. [00.002] is a nominal value; slip compensation may cause the actual frequency to be higher.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Set Pr 00.002 at the required maximum motor speed for both directions of rotation. The drive speed reference is scaled between Pr 00.001 and Pr 00.002.

For operating at high speeds see section on page 160.

6.3.3 Ramps, speed reference selection, current limit

00.003	{02	2.011}	Accel	eration	Rate	1					
RW		Num					US				
OL								20 :	s to Pr	1.006	
RFC-A	Û	±۷۱	M_ACC	EL_RA	ATE	\Rightarrow		20.6	s to Pr	1 006	
RFC-S	RFC-S							20 3	5 IU F1	1.000	

Set Pr 00.003 at the required rate of acceleration.

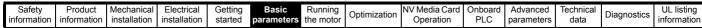
Note that larger values produce lower acceleration. The rate applies in both directions of rotation.

00.004	{02	.021}	Decel	eratior	Rate '	1					
RW										US	
OL								20 9	s to Pr	1.006	
RFC-A	Û	±VI	M_ACC	EL_RA	ATE	\Diamond		20.4	e to Dr	1.006	
RFC-S	FC-S							203	3 IU FI	1.000	

Set Pr 00.004 at the required rate of deceleration.

Note that larger values produce lower deceleration. The rate applies in both directions of rotation.

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00.005	{01	1.014}	Refer	ence S	electo	•				
RW		Txt							US	
OL RFC-A	î	A2 Pre	eset (1) eset (2)),		☆		A1 A2	(0)	
RFC-S	~	Preset Precis Keypa			(4),	·	•		(0)	

Use Pr **00.005** to select the required frequency/speed reference as follows:

Setting		Description
A1 A2	0	Analog input 1 OR analog input 2 selectable by digital input, terminal 26
A1 Preset	1	Analog input 1 OR preset frequency/speed
A2 Preset	2	Analog input 2 OR preset frequency/speed
Preset (3)	3	Pre-set frequency/speed
Keypad (4)	4	Keypad mode
Precision (5)	5	Precision reference
Keypad Ref (6)	6	Keypad Reference

00.006	{04	.007}	Symn	netrical	l Curre	nt L	.imi	t				
RW		Num								US		
OL									165 9	%		
RFC-A	Û		±VM_MOTOR1_ CURRENT_LIMIT %					175 %				
RFC-S									170	70		

Pr **00.006** limits the maximum output current of the drive (and hence maximum motor torque) to protect the drive and motor from overload. Set Pr **00.006** at the required maximum torque as a percentage of the rated torque of the motor, as follows:

$$[00.006] = \frac{T_R}{T_{RATED}} \times 100 \text{ (\%)}$$

Where:

T_R Required maximum torque

T_{RATED} Motor rated torque

Alternatively, set Pr **00.006** at the required maximum active (torque-producing) current as a percentage of the rated active current of the motor, as follows:

$$[00.006] = \frac{I_R}{I_{RATED}} \times 100 \, (\%)$$

Where:

I_R Required maximum active current

I_{RATED} Motor rated active current

6.3.4 Voltage boost, (open-loop), Speed-loop PID gains (RFC-A / RFC-S)

00.007 {	05.	014}	Open	-loop	Contr	ol N	/lod	le (OL)		
00.007 {	03.	010}	Spee	d Con	troller	Pro	opo	rtiona	al Gain	Kp1 (RFC)
RW		Txt / Num								US	
OL	\$	Ur S (Fixed Ur I (4 Curre		r Auto ıare (5	(3),	仓			Ur I (4)	
RFC-A RFC-S	Û	0.000	0 to 20	00.000	s/rad	\Diamond		0	.0300 :	s/rad	

Open-loop

There are seven voltage modes available, which fall into three categories, vector control, fixed boost and single phase current output. For further details, refer to section 8.1.1 *Open loop motor control* on page 151.

RFC-A/ RFC-S

Pr **00.007** (**03.010**) operates in the feed-forward path of the speed-control loop in the drive. See Figure 11-4 *Menu 3 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram* on page 188 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to section 8 *Optimization* on page 151.

800.00	05.0	015}	Low	Frequ	ency \	/olta	age	Boos	t (OL)		
00.008 {	03.0	011}	Spee	d Con	troller	Int	egr	al Gai	n Ki1 (RFC)	
RW		Num								US	
OL	Û	(0.0 to 25.0 %						3.0 %	%	
RFC-A RFC-S	Û	0.00	-					(0.10 s ²	/rad	

Open-loop

When *Open-loop Control Mode* (00.007) is set at **Fd** or **SrE**, set Pr **00.008** (**05.015**) at the required value for the motor to run reliably at low speeds.

Excessive values of Pr 00.008 can cause the motor to be overheated.

RFC-A/ RFC-S

Pr **00.008** (**03.011**) operates in the feed-forward path of the speed-control loop in the drive. For information on setting up the speed controller gains See section 11-4 *Menu 3 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram* on page 188. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to section 8 *Optimization* on page 151.

00.009 {	05.0	013}	Dynamic V to F Select (OL)									
00.009 {	03.0	012}	•	d Con (RFC)	troller	Dif	fere	ential	Feedb	ack G	ain	
RW		Bit								US		
OL	ŷ	0	Off (0) or On (1)				Off (0)					
RFC-A RFC-S	Û	(0.00000 to 0.65535 1/rad			\Rightarrow	0.00000 1/rad					

Open-loop

Set Pr **00.009** (**05.013**) at 0 when the V/f characteristic applied to the motor is to be fixed. It is then based on the rated voltage and frequency of the motor.

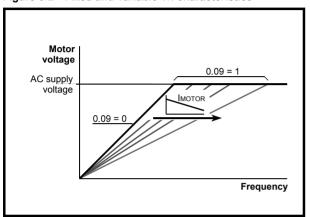
Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Information Information Installation Installat

Set Pr **00.009** at 1 when reduced power dissipation is required in the motor when it is lightly loaded. The V/f characteristic is then variable resulting in the motor voltage being proportionally reduced for lower motor currents. Figure 6-2 shows the change in V/f slope when the motor current is reduced.

RFC-A / RFC-S

Pr **00.009** (**03.012**) operates in the feedback path of the speed-control loop in the drive. See Figure 11-4 *Menu 3 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram* on page 188 for a schematic of the speed controller. For information on setting up the speed controller gains, refer to Figure 8 *Optimization* on page 151.

Figure 6-2 Fixed and variable V/f characteristics



6.3.5 Monitoring

00.01	0 {0	5.004}	Motor	Rpm				
R۱	V	Bit					US	
OL	Û		±1800	00 rpm	\Diamond			

Open-loop

Pr **00.010** (**05.004**) indicates the value of motor speed that is estimated from the following:

02.001 Post Ramp Reference **00.042** Number Of Motor Poles

00.010	{03	3.002}	Speed	l Feed	back					
RO		Num	FI			Ν	D	NC	PT	
RFC-A	⇧	+/	/M SP	EED rr	m	U O				
RFC-S	❖	Τ,	/ IVI_OI	,,,,	-v					

RFC-A / RFC-S

 \mbox{Pr} 00.010 (03.002) indicates the value of motor speed that is obtained from the speed feedback.

00.011 {	05.0	001}	Outp	ut Fre	quenc	y (C	DL)			
RO	RO Num					N	D	NC	PT	
OL	⇧	±VM_	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_							
RFC-A	*		REF	Hz		,				

Open-loop and RFC-A

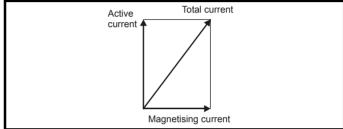
Pr 00.011 displays the frequency at the drive output.

RFC-S

Pr **00.011** displays the position of the encoder in mechanical values of 0 to 65,535. There are 65,536 units to one mechanical revolution.

	00.012	{04	.001}	Curre	nt Mag	nitude					
	RO		Bit	FI			N	D	NC	PT	
C	L RFC-A	ĵ;	_		_CURF	_	\Diamond				
F	FC-S	>		UNIPC)LAR A						

Pr **00.012** displays the rms value of the output current of the drive in each of the three phases. The phase currents consist of an active component and a reactive component, which can form a resultant current vector as shown in the following diagram:



The active current is the torque producing current and the reactive current is the magnetizing or flux-producing current.

00.013	{04	.002}	Torqu	e Prod	ucing	Cur	ren	t		
RO		Bit	FI			N	ID	NC	PT	
OL			DD1) /5		DENT					
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	±VIVI_	DRIVE	:_CURI A	KENI	\Rightarrow				
RFC-S										

When the motor is being driven below its rated speed, the torque is proportional to [00.013].

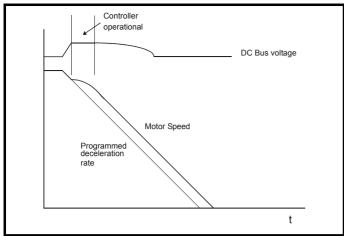
6.3.6 Ramp mode selector, Stop and torque mode selectors

00.015	{02	2.004}	Ramp	Mode	Select					
RW									US	
OL	Û	Standa	ard (1),	Std bo	ost (2)	\Diamond	St	andar	d (1)	
RFC-A RFC-S	Û		Standa	ard (1)		\Diamond	St	andar	d (1)	

Pr 00.015 sets the ramp mode of the drive as shown below:

1: Standard ramp

Standard ramp is used. During deceleration, if the voltage rises to the standard ramp level (Pr **02.008**) it causes a controller to operate, the output of which changes the demanded load current in the motor. As the controller regulates the link voltage, the motor deceleration increases as the speed approaches zero speed. When the motor deceleration rate reaches the programmed deceleration rate the controller ceases to operate and the drive continues to decelerate at the programmed rate. If the standard ramp voltage (Pr **02.008**) is set lower than the nominal DC bus level the drive will not decelerate the motor, but it will coast to rest. The output of the ramp controller (when active) is a current demand that is fed to the frequency changing current controller (Open-loop modes) or the torque producing current controller (RFC-A or RFC-S modes). The gain of these controllers can be modified with Pr **04.013** and Pr **04.014**.



2: Standard ramp with motor voltage boost

This mode is the same as normal standard ramp mode except that the motor voltage is boosted by 20 %. This increases the losses in the motor, dissipating some of the mechanical energy as heat giving faster deceleration.

	00.0 08.0)17)26}	Digita	Digital Input 6 Destination											
R۱	Ν	Num		DE					PT	US					
OL	${\bf \hat{U}}$	00	0.000 to	o 59.99	99	\Rightarrow			06.03	1					

Open-loop

Pr 00.017 sets the destination of digital input T27.

00.017	{04	.012}	Curre	nt Ref	erence	Filt	er 1	ime C	onsta	nt	
RW		Num								US	
RFC-A	⇧		0.0 to 2	25 0 ms	2	U			1.0 m	ic.	
RFC-S	₩.	· '	0.0 10 2	-5.0 m	•	-v			1.0 111		

RFC-A / RFC-S

A first order filter, with a time constant defined by Pr **00.017**, is provided on the current demand to reduce acoustic noise and vibration produced as a result of position feedback quantisation noise. The filter introduces a lag in the speed loop, and so the speed loop gains may need to be reduced to maintain stability as the filter time constant is increased.

00.019	{07	7.011}	Analo	g Inpu	ıt 1 Mo	de				
RW		Num							US	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	\$	20 4-: 20 4- 21 20	20-0 r -20 mA 0-4 mA	Low (- Hold (- nA (0), nA (1), Trip (2 Trip (3 nA (4), 5), Volt ort Cct stor (8	3), -2), -1), 2), 3), (6), (7),	⇧	2	1-20 m	nA (4)	

In modes 2 and 3, a current loop loss trip is generated if the current falls below 3 mA.

In modes -4, -3, $\,2$ and 3 the analog input level goes to 0.0 % if the input current falls below 3 mA.

In modes -2 and -1 the analog input remains at the value it had in the previous sample before the current fell below 3 mA.

Pr Value	Pr string	Comments
-4	4-20 mA Low	4-20 mA low value on current loss (1)
-3	20-4 mA Low	20-4 mA low value on current loss (1)
-2	4-20 mA Hold	4-20 mA hold at level before loss on current loss
-1	20-4 mA Hold	20-4 mA hold at level before loss on current loss
0	0-20 mA	
1	20-0 mA	
2	4-20 mA Trip	4-20 mA trip on current loss
3	20-4 mA Trip	20-4 mA trip on current loss
4	4-20 mA	
5	20-4 mA	
6	Volt	
7	Therm Short Cct	Temperature Measurement Input With Short Circuit Detection
8	Thermistor	Temperature Measurement Without Short Circuit Detection
9	Therm No Trip	Temperature Measurement Input With No Trips

00.020	{07	'.010}	Analo	Analog Input 1 Destination										
RW		Num		DE					PT	US				
OL														
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	0	0.000 to	59.99	99	\Rightarrow			01.03	36				
RFC-S														

Pr 00.020 sets the destination of analog input 1.

00.021	{07	7.011}	Analo	Analog Input 2 Mode									
RW		Txt								US			
OL RFC-A RFC-S		20 4- 20 4 2	20 mA)-4 mA 20 mA)-4 mA 0-20 n 20-0 n -20 mA 0-4 mA 4-20 n 4 mA (Low (- Hold (- Hold (- nA (0), nA (1), Trip (2 nA (4),	3), -2), -1), -2), -3),	仓			Volt (6)			

In modes 2 and 3, a current loop loss trip is generated if the current falls below 3 $\,\mathrm{mA}.$

In modes -4, -3, 2 and 3 the analog input level goes to 0.0 % if the input current falls below 3 mA.

In modes -2 and -1 the analog input remains at the value it had in the previous sample before the current fell below 3 mA.

Pr Value	Pr string	Comments
ri value	Frauing	
-4	4-20 mA I ow	4-20 mA low value on
•	. 20 20	current loss (1)
-3	20-4 mA Low	20-4 mA low value on
Ŭ	20 1 110 (200	current loss (1)
-2	4-20 mA Hold	4-20 mA hold at level before
-2	4-20 IIIA I Iolu	loss on current loss
-1	20-4 mA Hold	20-4 mA hold at level before
-1	20-4 IIIA Hold	loss on current loss
0	0-20 mA	
1	20-0 mA	
2	4-20 mA Trip	4-20 mA trip on current loss
3	20-4 mA Trip	20-4 mA trip on current loss
4	4-20 mA	
5	20-4 mA	
6	Volt	
		Temperature Measurement
7	Therm Short Cct	Input With Short Circuit
		Detection
		Temperature Measurement
8	Thermistor	Without Short Circuit
		Detection
9	Therm No Trip	Temperature Measurement
J	memino mp	Input With No Trips

00.022	{01	.010}	Bipola	ar Refe	rence	Ena	ble			
RW		Bit							US	
OL										
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	0	FF (0)	or On (1)	\Diamond		OFF (0)	
RFC-S										

Pr **00.022** determines whether the reference is uni-polar or bi-polar as follows:

Pr 00.022	Function	
0	Unipolar speed/frequency reference	
1	Bipolar speed/frequency reference	

00.024	{01	.021}	Prese	t Refer	ence 1					
RW		Num							US	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	≎		1_SPEE REF H	_	_	仓	0.	0 Hz /	rpm	

00.025	{01	.022}	Prese	t Refer	ence 2						
RW	RW Num									US	
OL											
RFC-A	Û		_	ED_FR z/rpm	_	\Rightarrow		0.	0 Hz /	rpm	
RFC-S											

00.026 {	00.026 {01.023}			Preset Reference 3 (OL)									
00.026 {	00.026 {03.008}			Overspeed Threshold (RFC)									
RW		Num								US			
OL	Û	±VM _.	REQ_										
RFC-A RFC-S	₿	0	0 to 40000 rpm					0	.0 Hz /	rpm			

Open-loop

If the preset reference has been selected (see Pr **00.005**), the speed at which the motor runs is determined by these parameters.

RFC-A / RFC-S

If the speed feedback (Pr **03.002**) exceeds this level in either direction, an overspeed trip is produced. If this parameter is set to zero, the overspeed threshold is automatically set to 120 % x SPEED_FREQ_MAX.

00.027 {	01.0	024}	Preset Reference 4 (OL)								
RW		Num								US	
OL	Û	±VM _.	_	ED_FF Hz	REQ_	ightharpoons			0.0		
RFC-A	℩					₽					
RFC-S	₩.					~					

Open-loop

Refer to Pr 00.024 to Pr 00.026.

00.029	{11	.036}	NV Media Card Data Previously Loaded										
RO		Num						NC	PT	US			
OL													
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		0 to 999						0				
RFC-S													

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from a SMARTCARD to the drive.

00.030	(1 ′	1.42}	Paran	neter C	loning						
RO		Txt						NC		US*	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	\$		ne (0), gram (2 Boo		. ,	⇧			None	(0)	

^{*} Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

NOTE

If Pr 00.030 is equal to 1 or 2, this value is not transferred to the EEPROM or the drive. If Pr 00.030 is set to a 3 or 4 the value is transferred.

Pr String	Pr value	Comment
None	0	Inactive
Read	1	Read parameter set from the NV Media Card
Program	2	Programming a parameter set to the NV Media Card
Auto	3	Auto save
Boot	4	Boot mode

For further information, please refer to section 9 NV Media Card Operation on page 162.

1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

00.031	{11	.033}	Drive Rated Voltage									
RO		Txt				N	D	NC	PT			
OL RFC-A RFC-S	\$			400 V 690 V		介						

Pr 00.031 indicates the voltage rating of the drive.

00.033 {	06.0	009}	Catch A Spinning Motor (OL)								
RW		Num								US	
OL	Û		ole (0), Fwd O Rev O			\Rightarrow		[Disable	e (0)	

Open-loop

When the drive is enabled with Pr **00.033** = 0, the output frequency starts at zero and ramps to the required reference. When the drive is enabled when Pr **00.033** has a non-zero value, the drive performs a start-up test to determine the motor speed and then sets the initial output frequency to the synchronous frequency of the motor. Restrictions may be placed on the frequencies detected by the drive as follows:

Pr 00.033	Pr string	Function
0	Disable	Disabled
1	Enable	Detect all frequencies
2	Fwd only	Detect positive frequencies only
3	Rev only	Detect negative frequencies only

00.034	{11	.030}	User security code								
RW	RW Num					N	D	NC	PT	US	
OL											
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	0	to 214	748364	17	\Rightarrow			0		
RFC-S											

If any number other than 0 is programmed into this parameter, user security is applied so that no parameters except Pr **00.049** can be adjusted with the keypad. When this parameter is read via a keypad it appears as zero. For further details refer to section 5.9.3 *User Security Code* on page 109.

00.035	{11	.024}	Serial	Mode	á.					
RW		Txt							US	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	\$	81 I 81 O 71 N	EP (2), 8 2 NF 8 1 NF 8 1 EP P M (7 IP (9), 7 1 OI 7 2 NP 7 1 NP 7 1 EP	8 1 NF 8 1 OF 9 M (4), 9 M (5), 9 M (6), 17 1 EP 7 1 EP P (11), M (12) M (13) M (14)	P (3), IP (8), (10),	⇧	{	3 2 NP	' (0)	

This parameter defines the communications protocol used by the EIA485 comms port on the drive. This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a Solutions Module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original protocol. The master should wait at least 20 ms before send a new message using the new protocol. (Note: ANSI uses 7 data

bits, 1 stop bit and even parity; Modbus RTU uses 8 data bits, 2 stops bits and no parity).

Pr Value	Pr String
0	8 2 NP
1	8 1 NP
2	8 1 EP
3	8 1 OP
4	8 2 NP M
5	8 1 NP M
6	8 1 EP M
7	8 1 OP M
8	7 2 NP
9	7 1 NP
10	7 1 EP
11	7 1 OP
12	7 2 NP M
13	7 1 NP M
14	7 1 EP M
15	7 1 OP M

The core drive always uses the Modbus rtu protocol and is always a slave. *Serial Mode* (11.024) defines the data format used by the serial comms interface. The bits in the value of *Serial Mode* (11.024) define the data format as follows. Bit 3 is always 0 in the core product as 8 data bits are required for Modbus rtu. The parameter value can be extended in derivative products which provide alternative communications protocols if required.

Bits	3	2	1 and 0
			Stop bits and Parity
	Number of data bits	Register mode	0 = 2 stop bits, no parity
Format	0 = 8 bits	0 = Standard	1 = 1 stop bit, no parity
	1 = 7 bits	1 = Modified	2 = 1 stop bit, even parity
			3 = 1 stop bit, odd parity

Bit 2 selects either standard or modified register mode. The menu and parameter numbers are derived for each mode as given in the following table. Standard mode is compatible with Unidrive SP. Modified mode is provided to allow register numbers up to 255 to be addressed. If any menus with numbers above 63 should contain more than 99 parameters, then these parameters cannot be accessed via Modbus rtu.

Register mode	Register address
Standard	(mm x 100) + ppp - 1 where mm ≤ 162 and ppp ≤ 99
Modified	(mm x 256) + ppp - 1 where mm ≤ 63 and ppp ≤ 255

Changing the parameters does not immediately change the serial communications settings. See *Reset Serial Communications* (11.020) for more details.

00.036	{11	.025}	Serial Baud Rate									
RW		Txt								US		
OL		,	0), 600 00 (3),	. , .	. , .							
RFC-A	Û	960	00 (5),	19200	(6),	⇒			19200	(6)		
RFC-S			00 (7), 00 (9), 1									

This parameter can be changed via the drive keypad, via a Solutions Module or via the comms interface itself. If it is changed via the comms interface, the response to the command uses the original baud rate. The master should wait at least 20 ms before send a new message using the new baud rate.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

00.037	{11	.023}	Serial	Addre	ess				
RW								US	
OL									
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		1 to 247			\Rightarrow	1		
RFC-S	-C-S								

Used to define the unique address for the drive for the serial interface. The drive is always a slave address 0 is used to globally address all slaves, and so this address should not be set in this parameter

00.038	{04	.013}	Curre	nt Con	troller	r Kp Gain						
RW		Num								US		
OL							20					
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		0 to 30000					150				
RFC-S	FC-S								130			

00.039	{04	.014}	Curre	nt Con	troller	Ki (Gair	1			
RW	RW Num									US	
OL	Û					\Rightarrow			40		
RFC-A RFC-S	Û		0 to 30000						2000)	

These parameters control the proportional and integral gains of the current controller used in the open loop drive. The current controller either provides current limits or closed loop torque control by modifying the drive output frequency. The control loop is also used in its torque mode during line power supply loss, or when the controlled mode standard ramp is active and the drive is decelerating, to regulate the flow of current into the drive.

	.04 .01		Auto-	tune						
RW		Num				NC				
OL	Û	0 to 2				\Box				
RFC-A	Û		0 to 5		5			0		
RFC-S	RFC-S ①		0 t		\Box					

Open-Loop

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test measures the Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and current at Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table). If Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) = 1, then Stator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A
 rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then
 a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with
 currently selected ramps up to a frequency of Rated Frequency

(05.006) x ²/₃, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate *Rated Power Factor* (05.010). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the *Control Word* (06.042) and *Control Word Enable* (06.043).

RFC-A

There are four autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test and two inertia measurement tests. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. An inertia measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.040 set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the Stator Resistance (05.017) and Transient Inductance (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060) for the drive are also measured. Additionally, if Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) = 1, then Stator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046). A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x ²/₃, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 06.062 and Pr 05.063) are modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Following the completion of an autotune test, the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

RFC-S

There are two autotune tests available in RFC-S sensorless mode, a stationary autotune and an inertia measurement test.

 The stationary autotune can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for basic control. The tests measures Stator Resistance (05.017), Ld (05.024), No Load Lq (05.068), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060). If Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) =

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1 then Stator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046). The Stator Resistance (05.017) and the Ld (05.024) are then used to set up Current controller Kp Gain (04.013) and Current Controller Ki Gain (04.014). To perform a Stationary autotune, set **Pr 00.040** to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

 In sensorless mode, if Rotating autotune is selected (Pr 00.040 = 2), then a stationary autotune is performed.

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the drive *Enable Parameter* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**).

00 {05	.04 .01		Maxin	num S	witchir	ng F	req	uency	/		
RW		Num						NC			
OL			Hz (0),		. ,.						
RFC-A	Û		Hz (2), Iz (4), 1	. , .	⇨			3 kHz	(1)		
RFC-S			16 kF								

This parameter defines the required switching frequency. The drive may automatically reduce the actual switching frequency (without changing this parameter) if the power stage becomes too hot. A thermal model of the IGBT junction temperature is used based on the heatsink temperature and an instantaneous temperature drop using the drive output current and switching frequency. The estimated IGBT junction temperature is displayed in Pr 07.034. If the temperature exceeds 145 °C the switching frequency is reduced if this is possible (i.e >3 kHz). Reducing the switching frequency reduces the drive losses and the junction temperature displayed in Pr 07.034 also reduces. If the load condition persists the junction temperature may continue to rise again above 145 °C and the drive cannot reduce the switching frequency further the drive will initiate an 'OHt Inverter' trip. Every second the drive will attempt to restore the switching frequency to the level set in Pr 00.041.

The full range of switching frequencies are not available on all ratings of the Powerdrive F300. See section 8.3 *Switching frequency* on page 160 for the maximum available switching frequency for each drive rating.

6.3.7 Motor parameters

00.042	{05	5.011}	Numb	er Of I	Motor F	ole	s				
RW		Num	n						US		
OL						Û		Δι	ıtomat	ic (0)	
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		Automa 80 Pol	` '		ì		AL	itomat	ic (0)	
RFC-S				`	,	\Diamond		6	Poles	(3)	

Open-loop

This parameter is used in the calculation of motor speed, and in applying the correct slip compensation. When Automatic (0) is selected, the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the Rated Frequency (00.047) and the Rated Speed rpm (00.045). The number of poles = 120 * rated frequency / rpm rounded to the nearest even number.

RFC-A

This parameter must be set correctly for the vector control algorithms to operate correctly. When Automatic (0) is selected, the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the *Rated Frequency* (00.047) and the *Rated Speed* rpm (00.045) rpm. The number of poles = 120 * rated frequency / rpm rounded to the nearest even number.

RFC-S

This parameter must be set correctly for the vector control algorithms to operate correctly. When auto is selected the number of poles is set to 6.

00.043 {	05.	010}	Rated	d Pow	er Fac	tor				
RW									US	
OL	Û	C	.000 t	o 1.00	0	\Diamond		0.85	0	
RFC-A	Û	C	0.000 to 1.00		0	\Rightarrow		0.85	0	
RFC-S	RFC-S (1)					\Rightarrow				

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current.

Open-loop

The power factor is used in conjunction with the motor rated current (Pr **00.046**) to calculate the rated active current and magnetizing current of the motor. The rated active current is used extensively to control the drive, and the magnetizing current is used in vector mode Rs compensation. It is important that this parameter is set up correctly.

This parameter is obtained by the drive during a rotational autotune. If a stationary autotune is carried out, then the nameplate value should be entered in Pr **00.043**.

RFC-A

If the stator inductance (Pr **05.025**) contains a non-zero value, the power factor used by the drive is continuously calculated and used in the vector control algorithms (this will not update Pr **00.043**).

If the stator inductance is set to zero (Pr **05.025**) then the power factor written in Pr **00.043** is used in conjunction with the motor rated current and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetizing currents which are used in the vector control algorithm.

This parameter is obtained by the drive during a rotational autotune. If a stationary autotune is carried out, then the nameplate value should be entered in Pr 00.043.

00.044	{05	.009}	Rated	d Volta	age	_								
RW		Num				F	RA			US				
OL							501		V drive		400.14			
RFC-A	Û	±VM.	_AC_\ SE		AGE_	⇒	50Hz default 400 V drive: 400 V 60Hz default 400 V drive: 460 V							
RFC-S			0.						V drive V drive					

Open-loop and RFC-A

Enter the value from the rating plate of the motor.

00.045 {	05.	008}	Rate	l Spe	ed						
RW		Num				N	D			US	
OL	OL 🔃			0 to 33000 rpm					default: default:		
RFC-A	Û	0.00	.00 to 33000.00 rpm			\Diamond			default: default:		
RFC-S	Û	0.00	to 330	00.00	rpm	\Diamond		3	000.00	rpm	

Open-loop

This is the speed at which the motor would rotate when supplied with its base frequency at rated voltage, under rated load conditions (= synchronous speed - slip speed). Entering the correct value into this parameter allows the drive to increase the output frequency as a function of load in order to compensate for this speed drop.

Slip compensation is disabled if Pr **00.045** is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, or if Pr **05.027** is set to 0.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

If slip compensation is required this parameter should be set to the value from the rating plate of the motor, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. Sometimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will operate correctly both below base speed and within the field weakening region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.

RFC-A

Rated load rpm is used with motor rated frequency to determine the full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm. Incorrect setting of this parameter can result in the following:

- · Reduced efficiency of motor operation
- · Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor
- · Failure to reach maximum speed
- Over-current trips
- · Reduced transient performance
- · Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes

The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot machine, however, some adjustment may be required when the drive is commissioned if the nameplate value is inaccurate. The rated full load rpm can be optimized by the drive (For further information, refer to section on page 153). RFC-S

The rated speed is not used by the motor control algorithms, but is used by the motor thermal protection system.

00.046	{05	5.007}	Rated	Curre	nt						
RW						R	ŀΑ			US	
OL											
RFC-A	Û	±VM_	RATED	_CUR	RENT	⇨	M	laximu	m Rate (11.06		rent
RFC-S									,	,	

Enter the name-plate value for the motor rated current.

00.047	•	•		Frequ							
00.047 {05.033} Volts per 1000 rpn										US	
OL	Û	(0.0 to 5	50.0 H	Z	Û	_	50 Hz default: 50.0 Hz			
RFC-A	Û	().0 to 5	.0 to 550.0 Hz				60 Hz	default	t: 60.0	Hz
RFC-S	Û	0 to 1	10000 \	0 rpm	\Rightarrow	98 V / 1000 rpm					

Enter the value from the rating plate of the motor.

6.3.8 Operating-mode selection

00.048 {11.031}			User Drive Mode									
RW Txt					ND		NC	PT	US			
OL		_				仚	Open-loop (1)					
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	Open-loop (1), RFC-A (2), RFC-S (3)					RFC-A (2)					
RFC-S				. ,		\Diamond		F	RFC-S	(3)		

The settings for Pr 0.48 are as follows:

Setting	Operating mode
1	Open-loop
2	RFC-A
3	RFC-S

This parameter defines the drive operating mode. Pr mm.000 must be set to '1253' (European defaults) or '1254' (USA defaults) before this parameter can be changed. When the drive is reset to implement any change in this parameter, the default settings of all parameters will be set according to the drive operating mode selected and saved in memory.

6.3.9 Status information

00.049	00.049 {11.044}		User Security Status								
RW Txt							ND	PT			
OL			0 (0), <i>A</i> d-only								
RFC-A	Û	Read-only Menu 0 (2), Read-only (3),				⇒	Menu 0 (0)				
RFC-S	Only (4) cess (5)										

This parameter controls access via the drive keypad as follows:

Security level	Description
0	All writable parameters are available to be edited but
(Menu 0)	only parameters in Menu 0 are visible.
1	All writable parameters are visible and available to be
(All Menus)	edited.
2 (Read-only Menu 0)	All parameters are read-only. Access is limited to Menu 0 parameters only.
3	All parameters are read-only however all menus and
(Read-only)	parameters are visible.
4	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters
(Status Only)	can be viewed or edited.
	The keypad remains in status mode and no parameters
5	can be viewed or edited. Drive parameters cannot be
(No Access)	accessed via a comms / fieldbus interface in the drive or any option module.
	any option module.

The keypad can adjust this parameter even when user security is set.

00.050 {11.029}			Software Version							
RO		Num				ND		NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		0 to 99999999							
RFC-S										

The parameter displays the software version of the drive.

00.051	{10	.037}	Action On Trip Detection										
RW		Bin								US			
OL													
RFC-A	Û	00000 to 11111						00000					
RFC-S													

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Each bit in this parameter has the following functions:

Bit	Function
0	Stop on non-important trips
1	Disable braking resistor overload detection
2	Disable phase loss stop
3	Disable braking resistor temperature monitoring
4	Disable parameter freeze on trip

Example

Pr 10.037=8 (1000_{binary}) Th Brake Res trip is disabled

Pr 10.037=12 (1100_{binary}) Th Brake Res and phase loss trip is disabled

Stop on non-important trips

If bit 0 is set to one the drive will attempt to stop before tripping if any of the following trip conditions are detected: I/O Overload, An Input 1 Loss, An Input 2 Loss or Keypad Mode.

Disable braking resistor overload detection

For details of braking resistor overload detection mode see Pr 10.030.

Disable phase loss trip

Normally the drive will stop when the input phase loss condition is detected. If this bit is set to 1 the drive will continue to run and will only trip when the drive is brought to a stop by the user.

Disable braking resistor temperature monitoring

Size 3, 4 and 5 drives have an internal user install braking resistor with a thermistor to detect overheating of the resistor. As default bit 3 of Pr 10.037 is set to zero, and so if the braking resistor and its thermistor is not installed the drive will produce a trip (Th Brake Res) because the thermistor appears to be open-circuit. This trip can be disabled so that the drive can run by setting bit 3 of Pr 10.037 to one. If the resistor is installed then no trip is produced unless the thermistor fails, and so bit 3 of Pr 10.037 can be left at zero. This feature only applies to size 3, 4 and 5 drives. For example if Pr 10.037 = 8, then Th Brake Res trip will be disabled

Disable parameter freeze on trip

If this bit is 0 then the parameters listed below are frozen on trip until the trip is cleared. If this bit is 1 then this feature is disabled.

Open-loop mode	RFC-A and RFC-S modes
Reference Selected (01.001)	Reference Selected (01.001)
Pre-skip Filter Reference (01.002)	Pre-skip Filter Reference (01.002)
Pre-ramp Reference (01.003)	Pre-ramp Reference (01.003)
Post Ramp Reference (02.001)	Post Ramp Reference (02.001)
Frequency Slaving Demand (03.001)	Final Speed Reference (03.001)
	Speed Feedback (03.002)
	Speed Error (03.003)
	Speed Controller Output (03.004)
Current Magnitude (04.001)	Current Magnitude (04.001)
Torque Producing Current	Torque Producing Current
(04.002)	(04.002)
Magnetising Current (04.017)	Magnetising Current (04.017)
Output Frequency (05.001)	Output Frequency (05.001)
Output Voltage (05.002)	Output Voltage (05.002)
Output Power (05.003)	Output Power (05.003)
D.c. Bus Voltage (05.005)	DC Bus Voltage (05.005)
Analog Input 1 (07.001)*	Analog Input 1 (07.001)*
Analog Input 2 (07.002)*	Analog Input 2 (07.002)*

00.052 {11.020}			Reset Serial Communications									
RW		Bit				ND NC		NC				
OL												
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	C	Off (0) or On (1)				Off (0)					
RFC-S			., .,									

When Serial Address (11.023), Serial Mode (11.024), Serial Baud Rate (11.025), Minimum Comms Transmit Delay (11.026) or Silent Period (11.027) are modified the changes do not have an immediate effect on the serial communications system. The new values are used after the next power-up or if Reset Serial Communications (11.020) is set to one. Reset Serial Communications (11.020) is automatically cleared to zero after the communications system is updated.

00.053 {04.015}			Motor Thermal Time Constatnt									
RW Num									US			
OL												
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		1.0 to 3000.0 s				89.0 s					
RFC-S												

Pr 00.053 is the motor thermal time constant of the motor, and is used (along with the motor rated current Pr 00.046, and total motor current Pr 00.012) in the thermal model of the motor in applying thermal protection to the motor.

Setting this parameter to 0 disables the motor thermal protection.

For further details, refer to section 8.4 Motor thermal protection on page 132.

6.3.10 Additional parameters for RFC-S sensorless control

00.054	{0	5.064}	RFC L	RFC Low Speed Mode									
RW	RW Txt									US			
OL RFC-A	₿					宁							
RFC-S	Û	Inject	ion (0), N	Non sali	ent (1)	$\qquad \qquad $		Nor	n salie	ent (1)			

If sensorless mode is being used and is active (i.e. *Sensorless Mode Active* (03.078) = 1) and the motor speed is below *Rated Speed* (00.045) / 10 then a special low speed algorithm must be used to control the motor. *RFC Low Speed Mode* (00.054) is used to select the algorithm to be used.

0: Injection

A high frequency signal is injected into the motor to detect the motor flux axis. This can be used in a similar way to operation with position feedback except that for the drive to remain stable the speed controller bandwidth may need to be limited to 10 Hz or less and the current limit may need to be limited (see *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (00.055)).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical		Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

1: Non-salient

If the ratio Lq/Ld < 1.1 on no load then the injection mode cannot be used and this mode should be used instead. This mode does not provide the same level of control as injection mode and has the following restrictions:

- · Speed control is possible, but not torque control.
- Spinning start is not possible and the motor must start from standstill.
- Below Rated Speed (00.045) / 10 it will not be possible to produce more than approximately 60 % to 70 % of rated torque.
- There may be some movement of the motor shaft in either direction as the motor starts
- It is not possible to measure the motor inertia using auto-tuning with *Auto-tune* (00.040) = 4.
- Normally the ramp rate should not be slower than 5 s/1000 rpm when operating in the region below Rated Speed (00.045) / 10.
- This mode is not intended to control the motor for prolonged periods below Rated Speed (00.045) / 10, but is intended to allow the motor to be started from standstill to run outside the low speed region.
- This mode is not intended to allow motor reversals. If the direction
 does need to be reversed, the motor should be stopped and any
 oscillations must die away, before the motor is restarted in the other
 direction.

Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current (00.055) defines a current applied in the motor d axis to aid starting. The default value is suitable for most motors with a load of up to 60% rated torque. However, in some applications this level may need to be adjusted.

00.055	{0	5.071}	Low S	peed S	ensorle	ss N	/lod	e Cu	rrent	Limit	
RW		Num				RA	Ą			US	
OL	⇧										
RFC-A	>					Ť					
RFC-S	Û		0.0 to 1000.0 %						20.0	%	

Injection mode

For low speed sensorless operation with signal injection ($RFC\ Low\ Speed\ Mode\ (05.064)=0$) it is necessary to have a ratio of Lq/Ld = 1.1. Even if a motor has a larger ratio on no load, this ratio normally reduces as the q axis current is increased from zero. Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current Limit (05.071) should be set at a level that is lower than the point where the inductance ratio falls to 1.1. The value of this parameter is used to define the drive current limits when signal injection is active and prevent loss of control of the motor.

Non-salient mode

For low speed sensorless operation for non-salient motors ($RFC\ Low\ Speed\ Mode\ (05.064)$ = 1) defines a current applied in the d axis to aid starting. For most motors and applications requiring up to 60 % torque on starting, the default value is suitable. However the level of current may need to be increased to make the motor start.

00.056	{05	.072}	No-loa	ad Lq							
RW		Num				R	ĽΑ			US	
OL	⇧										
RFC-A	>					\Rightarrow					
RFC-S	Û	0.00	000 to 500.000 mH					(1 000.C	mH	

Motor q axis inductance with no current in the motor.

00.057	{05	.075}	Iq Tes	t Curre	ent For	Inc	luct	ance l	Measu	remer	nt
RW		Num								US	
OL	⇧					7					
RFC-A	❖					ì					
RFC-S	Û		0 to 2	200 %		\Diamond			100 %	6	

Maximum test current level used for Iq during auto-tuning when measuring the motor inductance and phase offset as a percentage of *Rated Current* (00.046). This value is also used by the sensorless control algorithm to define the motor inductance and a reference frame phase offset at different levels of Iq. The values of *Lq At The Defined Iq Test Current* (00.059), and Phase Offset At Iq Test Current (00.058), should be the values which correspond to the test current level. For most motors, *Phase Offset At Iq Test Current* (00.058) will be zero and have little effect on the performance, however Lq is likely to vary significantly with Iq and should be set up correctly for good performance. *If Lq At The Defined Iq Test Current* (00.059), or *Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement* (00.057) are zero, then the estimate of Lq will not be affected by the level of Iq, and if *Phase Offset At Iq Test Current* (00.058) or *Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement* (00.057) are zero the phase offset will not be affected by the level of Iq.

00.058	{05	5.077}	Phase	Offset	At Iq Te	est (Cur	rent			
RW		Num				R	Α			US	
OL	ĵ;					仓					
RFC-A	*					•					
RFC-S	RFC-S ①			0.0 °		仓			0.0	0	

This parameter defines the offset of the point of minimum inductance as an electrical angle from the point with no current in the motor, to the point with a level of Iq equivalent to *Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement* (00.057). When the value is left at its default value of zero, no compensation for phase offset with changes in Iq are made. *Phase Offset At Iq Test Current* (00.058) is used for low speed RFC sensorless control using injection mode. A positive value advances the point of minimum inductance with positive Iq. See *RFC Low Speed Mode* (00.054). For most motors a value of zero is acceptable.

00.059	{05	5.078}	Lq At	The De	fined Iq	Tes	st C	urren	it		
RW		Num				R	Α			US	
OL	Ω										
RFC-A	*					•					
RFC-S	RFC-S			.000 to 500.000 mH				C	0.000	mΗ	

Motor q axis inductance with no current in the d axis and the current defined by *Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement* (00.057) in the q axis of the motor. If this parameter is left at its default value of zero, then no compensation is made to the value of Lq with changes in Iq.

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00.060	{05	5.082}	Id Test	t Curre	nt For Ir	ndu	cta	nce M	leasu	remei	nt
RW		Num								US	
OL	ᡎ					3					
RFC-A	>					7					
RFC-S	RFC-S 🔃			0 %		$\qquad \qquad $			- 50 °	%	

Minimum test current level used for Id during auto-tuning when measuring the motor inductance as a percentage of Rated Current (00.046). This is then used in a similar way as *Ia Test Current For* Inductance Measurement (00.057), to estimate the value of Lg used in the control algorithms as Id changes. If Lq At The Defined Id Test Current (00.061), or Id Test Current for Inductance Measurement (00.060) are set to zero, then no compensation is made for changes in Lg with Id.

00.061	{0	5.084}	Lq At	The Id 1	Test Cu	rrer	nt				
RW		Num								US	
OL	℩										
RFC-A	*										
RFC-S	RFC-S 🔃 0.000 to 500.000 mH							C	.000 ו	mΗ	

Motor g axis inductance with no current in the g axis and the current defined by Id Test Current for Inductance Measurement (00.060) in the d axis of the motor. If this parameter is left at its default value of zero then no compensation is made to the value of Lq with changes in Id.

6.3.11 Fire mode



Fire Mode - Important Warning.

When Fire Mode is active the motor overload and thermal protection are disabled, as well as a number of drive protection functions. Fire Mode is provided for use only in emergency situations where the safety risk from disabling protection is less than the risk from the drive tripping typically in smoke extraction operation to permit evacuation of a building. The use of Fire Mode itself causes a risk of fire from overloading of the motor or drive, so it must only be used after careful consideration of the balance of risks.

Care must be taken to prevent inadvertent activation or deactivation of Fire Mode. Fire Mode is indicated by a flashing display text warning "Fire mode active".

Care must be taken to ensure that parameters Pr 01.053 or Pr 01.054 are not inadvertently re-allocated to different inputs or variables. It should be noted that, by default, Pr 01.054 is controlled from digital input 4 and changing Pr 08.024 can reallocate this digital input to another parameter. These parameters are at access level 2 in order to minimize the risk of inadvertent or unauthorized changes. It is recommended that User Security be applied to further reduce the risk (see section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 109). These parameters may also be changed via serial communications so adequate precautions should be taken if this functionality is utilized.

	1.0	53	Fire m	ode re	ferenc	е				
R۷	N	Uni							US	
OL	⇧	±SPEED_FREQ_MAX	MAX	Û		0.0 H	z			
RFC	V		Hz/ı	rpm		,		0.0 rp	m	

	1.0	54	Fire m	ode ac	tivatio	n				
R	0	Bit						NC	US	
Û	OFF (0) or On					\Rightarrow				

Emergency ventilation or fire mode allows for the purging of air from a structure during a fire. It is enabled if Pr 01.053 is set to a non zero value and activated when Pr 01.054 is set to one. When activated, the preramp reference (Pr 01.003) is set to the value of Pr 01.053 and the normal drive controls are overridden as follows:

- 1. Drive enable is only controlled by the Enable input (Pr 06.015). The control word (Pr 06.043) cannot be used to disable the drive.
- The internal run command is forced to be active. The normal drive sequencing bits (Pr 06.030 to Pr 06.034) and the control word have no effect
- The limit switch functions (Pr 06.035 and Pr 06.036) have no effect and will not stop the motor.
- The hard speed reference is forced to zero. The hard speed reference should not be used when fire mode is likely to be activated as this will cause an abrupt change of speed.
- 5. The hand/off/auto function is disabled. If this system is in the hand state when fire mode is activated it will be forced to the off state, so that hand state is not active when fire mode is de-activated.
- Keypad mode is disabled.
- All latching mode states are reset.

When Pr 01.054 is subsequently set to zero the drive returns to normal operation.

Pr 01.054 can only be changed from a digital input and the default configuration allocates this to digital input 4.



Care should be taken when modifying parameters as setting Pr 01.053 to zero inhibits the fire mode function and changing Pr 08.024 (Digital Input 4 source) could result in digital input 4 source to be allocated to a parameter other than Pr 01.054.

If fire mode is activated when the drive is in a tripped state then the trip is

Only the trips listed in the following table can be initiated while fire mode is active.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
information	information	installation	installation		parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Tuin		
Trip number	String	Cause of trip
2	OU	DC bus over-voltage
3	OI.AC	AC instantaneous over-current
4	Ol.br	Braking resistor instantaneous over current
5	PS	Drive power supply fault
8	PS.10V	10V user power supply overload
9	PS.24V	24V internal power supply overload
21	O.ht1	Power device over temperature based on thermal model
31	EEF	EEProm failure
36	SAVE.Er	User parameter save error
37	PSAVE.Er	Power down save parameter error
103	Olbr.P	Power module braking IGBT over current
104	OIAC.P	Power module over current detected from the module output currents
105	Oht2.P	Power module heatsink over temperature
106	OU.P	Power module DC bus over-voltage
107	Ph.P	Power module phase loss detection
108	PS.P	Power module power supply fail
109	Oldc.P	Power module over current detected from on state voltage monitoring
110	Unid.P	Power module unidentified trip
200	SL1.HF	Slot 1 Option Module failure
205	SL2.HF	Slot 2 Option Module failure
210	SL3.HF	Slot 3 Option Module failure
217 to 232	HF17 to HF32	Hardware faults



It is possible for the drive or motor to become damaged when operating in fire mode because some of the drive thermal protection trips are disabled.

6.3.12 Advanced process PID

The Advanced Process PID comprises two PID controllers. PID 1 can be configured to operate as follows (refer to Pr **14.059** for details).

- · Single setpoint and single feedback
- · Single setpoint and dual feedback
- Dual setpoints and dual feedback

PID 2 always operates as a single setpoint, single feedback controller.

When a feedback signal requires square root conversion (e.g. airflow), square root scaling can be applied to PID 1 feedback (see Pr 14.058, Pr 14.060, Pr 14.061 and Pr 14.062). PID 1 also includes a pre-sleep boost level facility (see Pr 14.028 and Pr 14.029) to reduce frequent transitions into sleep mode when the PID is used.

The PID system is always active even when the output destination parameters are not set to a valid destination parameter. This allows the PID controllers to be used independently from the drive via a building automation network.

14.0	001	PID 1	output				
14.0	031	PID 2	output				
RO	Bi				NC	PT	
Û		±100.	\Diamond				

Pr **14.001** is the output (limited by Pr **14.013** and Pr **14.014**) from PID 1 before scaling (Pr **14.015**) is applied. It is derived from the following algorithm:

Output = Error x [Kp + Ki/s + Kds/(0.064s + 1)]

Where:

Error = Reference (Pr **14.003**, Pr **14.025**) - Feedback (Pr **14.004**)

Kp = proportional gain (Pr 14.010)

Ki = integral gain (Pr 14.011)

Kd = differential gain (Pr 14.012)

Therefore with an error of 100% and Kp = 1.000, the output produced by the proportional term is 100%. With an error of 100% and Ki = 1.000 the output produced by the integral term will increase linearly by 100% every second. With an error that is increasing by 100% per second and Kd = 1.000 the output produced by the differential term will be 100%. A filter with a 64 ms time constant is applied to the differential term to reduce noise

I	,	14.0	002	PID m	ain ref	erence	so	urc	e paran	neter		
	R۷	٧	Uni							PT	US	
	\$	Pr 0.000 to Pr 50.099					\Diamond			Pr 0.0	00	

	14.0	003	PID 1	referer	ice sol	ırce	ра	ramete	r		
	14.0	33	PID 2	referer	ice sol	ırce	pa	ramete	r		
R۱	W	Uni				PT	US				
Û		Pr 0. 0	000 to F	Pr 50.0 9	99	\Rightarrow			Pr 0.0	00	

The PID reference is the sum of the digital reference (Pr 14.025) and the value from the location defined by the source parameter (Pr 14.003). Before the reference is applied to the controller algorithm, it can be scaled by setting Pr 14.023 to a value other than one and/or inverted by setting Pr 14.005 = 1.

	14.0	04	PID 1	feedba	ick sou	rce	pai	ramete	r						
	14.0	34	PID 2	PID 2 feedback source parameter											
R۱	Ν	Uni		PT US											
Û	Pr 0.000 to Pr 50.099								Pr 0.0	00					

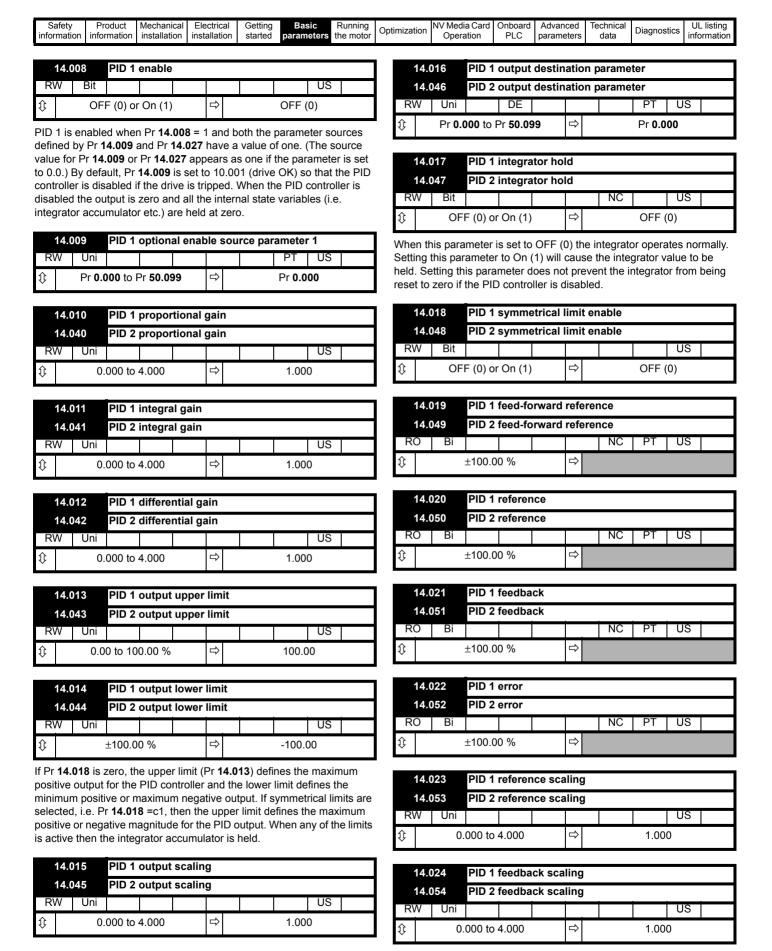
The feedback is the sum of the digital feedback (Pr 14.026) and the value from the location defined by the source parameter (Pr 14.004). Before the reference is applied to the controller algorithm, it can be scaled by setting Pr 14.024 to a value other than one and/or inverted by setting Pr 14.006 = 1.

1	14.0	05	PID 1	referer	nce inv	ert									
1	14.0	35	PID 2	ID 2 reference invert											
RV	٧	Bit		US											
Û		OF	F (0) or	On (1)		\Rightarrow			OFF ((0)					

	14.0	006	PID 1	feedba	ck inve	ert						
•	14.0	36	PID 2	feedba	ck inve	ert						
R۱	N	Bit US										
Û		OF	F (0) or	On (1)		\Diamond			OFF (0)		

	14.	007	PID 1	referer	ice sle	w-ra	ate	limit			
	14.	037	PID 2	referer	ice slev	w-ra	ate	limit			
	RW	Uni								US	
Û	0.0 to 3200.0 s					\Rightarrow			0.0		

Pr 14.007 defines the time taken for the reference input to ramp from 0 to 100% following a 0 to 100% step change in input.



Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
illioilliatioil	IIIIOIIIIatioii	IIIStaliation	IIIStaliation	Starteu	parameters	tile illotoi		Operation	I LC	parameters	uala		IIIIOIIIIalioii

	14.0	25	PID 1	digital	referer	псе								
	14.0)55	PID 2	ID 2 digital reference										
R۱	Ν	Bi						NC						
\hat{v}			±100.0	100.00 % 🕏 0.00										

	14.0	26	PID 1	digital	feedba	ıck								
	14.0)55	PID 2	PID 2 digital feedback										
R۱	N	Bi		NC										
Û			±100.0	0 %		$\hat{\Gamma}$			0.00)				

	14.0	27	PID 1	option	al enak	ole s	sou	rce par	ameter	· 2	
R۱	Ν	Uni							PT	US	
\hat{v}		0	.00 to 5	50.99		\Rightarrow			0.00)	

•	14.0	28	PID 1 pre-sleep boost level								
R۷	RW Uni									US	
Û	0.00 to 100.00 %				\Rightarrow			0.00)		

	14.0	29	Maximum boost time								
R۱	RW Uni US										
Û	0.0 to 250.0 s					$\hat{\Box}$			0.0		

14.030 PID 1 pre-sleep boost level enable											
R	RO Bit							NC	PT		
Û	Û OFF (0) or On (1)				\Diamond						

If PID is used to control the motor output via Menu 1 and sleep mode is enabled, then the drive will automatically stop the motor when the output drops below the sleep/wake threshold. The feedback may then fall causing the output and hence the feedback to rise again. Setting Pr 14.028 and Pr 14.029 to non zero values results in the value in Pr 14.028 being added to the PID reference for a length of time defined in Pr 14.029 when the drive attempts to enter sleep mode.. This will reduce the frequency of the transitions into sleep mode. Pr 14.030 indicates when the boost system is enabled.

	•	14.038 PID 2 enable										
I	R۷	N	Uni								US	
	Û	0 to 2			\Rightarrow			0				

Parameter value	PID enable state
0	PID 2 disabled; output is zero and integrator reset to zero
1	PID 2 enabled
2	PID 2 enable state follows PID 1 enable state

	14.	058	PID 1 feedback output scaling								
R۱	N	Uni								US	
	0.000 to 4.000								0.000		

Pr 14.058 allows scaling to be applied to the combined feedback signal from PID controller 1 and PID controller 2 after the square root function has been applied.

14	1.059	PID m	ode se	lector					
RW	Uni		US						
		0 to 7	7				0		

Single setpoint, single feedback (Pr 14.059 = 0 or 1)

The two PID controllers operate independently. The feedback for PID2 is always from the PID2 feedback input. PID1 feedback can select one of two sensors as shown in the table below.

Parameter 14.059	Final PID1 feedback
0	PID1 feedback
1	PID2 feedback

Single setpoint, dual feedback (Pr 14.059 = 2 to 5)

PID1 feedback is from two sensors, which can be configured as shown in the table below.

Parameter 14.059	Final PID1 feedback
2	PID1 feedback + PID2 feedback
3	Lowest of PID1 feedback and PID2 feedback
4	Highest of PID1 feedback and PID2 feedback
5	(PID1 feedback + PID2 feedback) / 2

Dual setpoint, dual feedback (Pr 14.059 = 6 to 7)

When PID mode 6 or 7 is selected the controller operates in a dual zone mode. In this mode the reference and feedback quantities from each PID controller are used to calculate two controller errors. These two errors are then checked and the zone with the larger or smaller absolute value of error (depending upon mode selected) is used as the error signal to the PID1 controller.

Parameter 14.059	PID1 Error
6	Lowest of PID1 Error or PID2 Error
7	Highest of PID1 Error or PID2 Error

14.	060	PID 1	Square	e root e	enable					
14.	061	PID 2	PID 2 Square root enable							
RW	Bit							US		
	OFF	(0) or	On (1)				OFF (0)		

	14.0	062	Comb	ined P	ID squ	are roo	t enabl	е		_
R۱	Ν	Uni	i US							
	OFF (0) or On (1)							OFF (0)	

The square root functions in the feedback paths are enabled or disabled with Pr 14.060, Pr 14.061 and Pr 14.062.

When the square root function is enabled, the following algorithm is applied to the feedback.

Square root function output = Sign(Feedback) x 100.00% x v(|Feedback| / 100.00%)

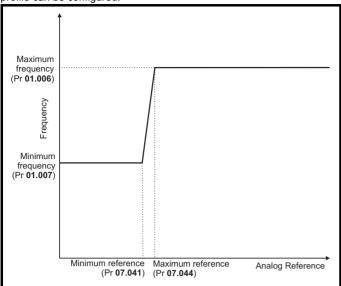
where Sign(Feedback) is 1 if the feedback is positive or -1 is the feedback is negative.

Analog reference profile

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1	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

If analog input 2 is used as a reference, then the following reference profile can be configured.



For example, if the following is required:

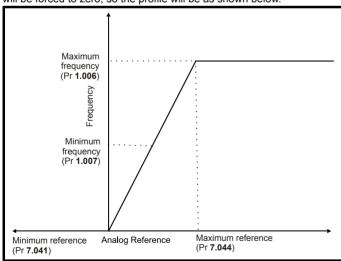
- Output frequency = 20 Hz when analog reference < 25 %,
- Output frequency = 60 Hz when analog reference > 75 %,
- Output frequency = linear ramp between 20 and 60 Hz when analog reference is between 25 and 75 %, then the parameters should be set as follows:
- Pr **01.006** = 60
- Pr 01.007 = 20
- Pr **07.041** = 25
- Pr **07.044** = 75

NOTE

If Pr **7.041** is greater than or equal to Pr **07.044**, analog input 2 (Pr **07.002**) will be forced to 0%, so the output frequency will always be equal to the value in Pr **01.007**.

NOTE

If Pr **07.041** is negative and Pr **07.044** positive, the minimum reference will be forced to zero, so the profile will be as shown below.



NOTE

Parameters Pr 07.041 and Pr 07.044 are 8 bit parameters so these only have a resolution of 1%.

Safety Running VV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics information installation information installation Operation PLC parameters information

Running the motor

This chapter takes the new user through all the essential steps to running a motor for the first time, in each of the possible operating modes

For information on tuning the drive for the best performance, see Chapter 8 Optimization on page 151.



Ensure that no damage or safety hazard could arise from the motor starting unexpectedly.



The values of the motor parameters affect the protection of

The default values in the drive should not be relied upon. It is essential that the correct value is entered in Pr 00.046 Rated Current. This affects the thermal protection of the motor



If the drive is started using the keypad it will run to the speed defined by the keypad reference (Pr 01.017). This may not be acceptable depending on the application. The user must check in Pr 01.017 and ensure that the keypad reference has been set to 0.



If the intended maximum speed affects the safety of the machinery, additional independent over-speed protection must be used.

7.1 Quick start connections



Fire Mode - Important Warning

When Fire Mode is active the motor overload and thermal protection are disabled, as well as a number of drive protection functions. Fire Mode is provided for use only in emergency situations where the safety risk from disabling protection is less than the risk from the drive tripping typically in smoke extraction operation to permit evacuation of a building. The use of Fire Mode itself causes a risk of fire from overloading of the motor or drive, so it must only be used after careful consideration of the balance of risks. Care must be taken to prevent inadvertent activation or deactivation of Fire Mode. Fire Mode is indicated by a flashing display text warning "Fire mode active". Care must be taken to ensure that parameters Pr 01.053 or Pr 01.054 are not inadvertently re-allocated to different inputs or variables. It should be noted that, by default, Pr 01.054 is

controlled from digital input 4 and changing Pr 08.024 can re-allocate this digital input to another parameter. These parameters are at access level 2 in order to minimize the risk of inadvertent or unauthorized changes. It is recommended that User Security be applied to further reduce the risk (see section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 109). These parameters may also be changed via serial communications so adequate precautions should be taken if this functionality is utilized.

7.1.1 **Basic requirements**

This section shows the basic connections which must be made for the drive to run in the required mode. For minimal parameter settings to run in each mode please see the relevant part of section 7.3 Quick start commissioning / start-up on page 139.

Table 7-1 Minimum control connection requirements for each control mode

Drive control method	Requirements
	Drive enable
Auto mode	Speed reference
	Run forward
Hand mode	Drive enable
Serial communications	Drive enable
Serial Communications	Serial communications link

Table 7-2 Minimum requirements for each mode of operation

Operating mode	Requirements				
Open loop mode	Induction motor				
RFC – A sensorless (without feedback position)	Induction motor without speed feedback				
RFC - S sensorless (without position feedback)	Permanent magnet motor without speed and position feedback				

7.2 Changing the operating mode

Changing the operating mode returns all parameters to their default value, including the motor parameters. User Security Status (Pr 00.049) and User Security Code (Pr 00.034) are not affected by this procedure).

Procedure

Use the following procedure only if a different operating mode is required:

- 1. Enter either of the following values in Pr mm.000, as appropriate: 1253 (50 Hz AC supply frequency) 1254 (60 Hz AC supply frequency)
- 2. Change the setting of Pr 00.048 as follows:

Pr 00.048 setting		Operating mode
00.048 t Open-100p	1	Open-loop
00.048 t RFC-A	2	RFC-A
00.048 t RFC-S	3	RFC-S

The figures in the second column apply when serial communications are

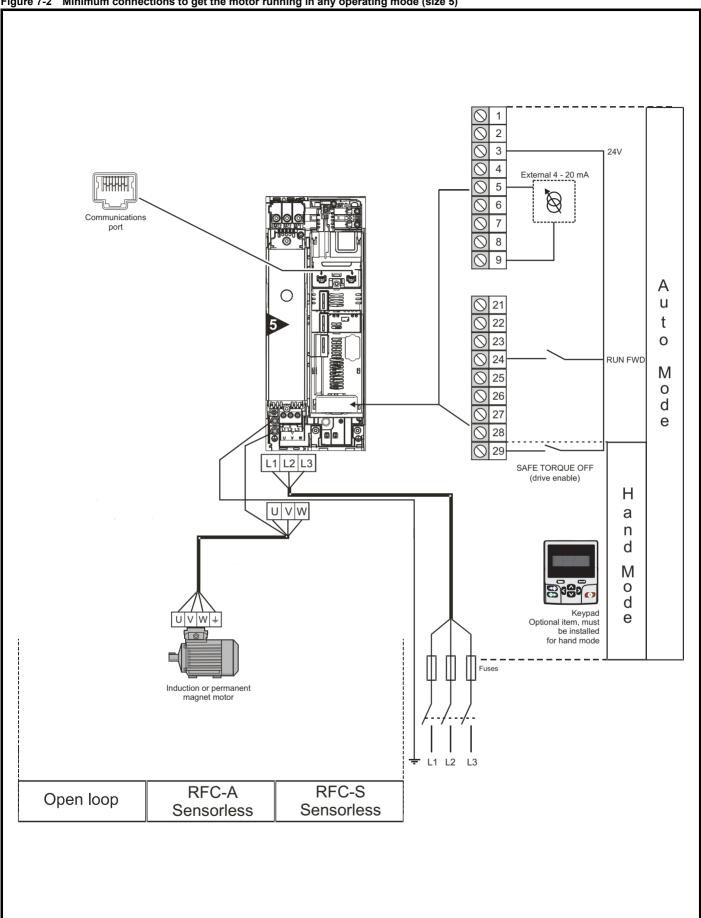
- Either:
- Press the red reset button
- Toggle the reset digital input
- Carry out a drive reset through serial communications by setting Pr 10.038 to 100 (ensure that Pr. mm.000 returns to 0).

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Figure 7-1 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 3 and 4) 2 3 External 4 - 20 mA 5 Communications 6 port 8 Α u t 23 0 24 RUN FWD M 25 0 27 d 28 е 29 L1 L2 L3 U V W SAFE TORQUE OFF (drive enable) Η а n d M 0 d U V W + Keypad optional item, must е be installed for hand mode Induction or permanent magnet motor RFC-A RFC-S Open loop Sensorless Sensorless L1 L2 L3

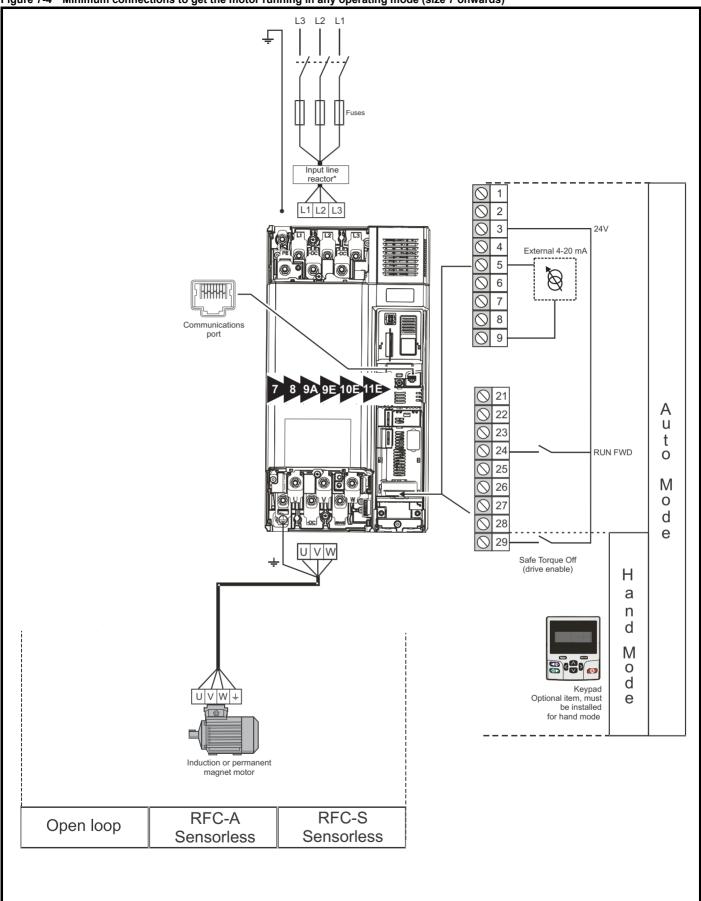
Figure 7-2 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 5)





Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 6) 2 3 24V 4 External 4-20 mA 5 6 Communications port 8 9 A u t 24 RUN FWD 0 M 0 d 28 е L2 L3 U SAFE TORQUE OFF (drive enable) Η а n d M 0 d Keypad Optional item, must е be installed for hand mode U V W + Fuses Induction or permanent magnet motor L2 RFC-A RFC-S Open loop Sensorless Sensorless

Figure 7-4 Minimum connections to get the motor running in any operating mode (size 7 onwards)



^{*} Required for size 9E,10E and 11E.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Quick start commissioning / start-up Open loop 7.3

7.3.1

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 29) Run signal is not given Motor is connected	X
Power-up the drive	Verify that Open Loop mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 <i>Changing the operating mode</i> on page 108. Ensure: • Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 260.	7
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter: • Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) • Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) • Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) • Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if 人 or △ connection	Mol X .XXXXXXX No XXXXXXX No XXXXXXXX No XXXXXXXXX No XXXXXXXX No XXXXXXX No XXXXXXX No XXXXXX No XXXXXX No XXXXX No XXXX No XXXXX No XXXX No XXXXX No XXXX No XXXXX No XXXX No XXXXX No XXXXX
Set maximum frequency	Enter: • Maximum frequency in Pr 00.002 (Hz)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s to Pr 01.006) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004	100Hz
Motor thermistor set-up	The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.111. Refer to Pr 07.011 for further information.	-
	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.	
	A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to $^2/_3$ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable.	
Autotune	 A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. A stationary autotune measures stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. These are required for good performance in vector control modes. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at ²/₃ base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the power factor of the motor. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune Close the Drive Enable signal (terminal 29). The drive will display 'Ready'. Close the run signal (terminal 24). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the autotune. Wait for the drive to display 'Inhibit' and for the motor to come to a standstill. 	R _s ot.
Causa marray 1	If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 <i>Diagnostics</i> on page 260. • Remove the drive enable and run signal from the drive. Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and	
Save parameters	press the red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
							Optimization		DI O			Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information
								- 1	_				

7.3.2 RFC - A Sensorless

Induction motor without position feedback

Action	Detail	
Before power- up	Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 29) Run signal is not given Motor is connected	X
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-A mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 108, otherwise restore parameter defaults (See section 5.8 Restoring parameter defaults on page 109. Ensure: • Drive displays 'Inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 Diagnostics on page 260.	7
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter: Motor rated frequency in Pr 00.047 (Hz) Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Motor rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V) - check if 人 or △ connection	May 12 / CONTINUES May 12
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s to Pr 01.006) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004	1000rpm
Autotune	The drive is able to perform either a stationary or a rotating autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. NOTE It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.040 set to 2). A rotating autotune will cause the motor to accelerate up to ² / ₃ base speed in the direction selected regardless of the reference provided. Once complete the motor will coast to a stop. The enable signal must be removed before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. **NATIONIST** The drive can be stopped at any time by removing the run signal or removing the drive enable. **A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to uncouple the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance and transient inductance of the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. Measured values are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. **A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is uncoupled. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune before rotating the motor at 2/3 base speed in the direction selected. The rotating autotune measures the stator inductance of the motor and calculates the power factor. To perform an autotune: **Set Pr 00.040 = 1 for a stationary autotune or set Pr 00.040 = 2 for a rotating autotune **Close the drive enable signal (terminal 29). The drive will display 'Inhibit'. **Close the run signal (terminal 24). The lower display will flash 'Autotune' while the drive is performing the autotune. **Wait for the drive to display 'Inhibit' and for	R _s oL _s Saturation break-points N rpm
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

7.3.3 RFC-S Sensorless

Permanent magnet motor without position feedback

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 29). Run signal is not given Motor is connected	X
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-S mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see Chapter 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 108, otherwise restore parameter defaults (see Chapter 5.8 Restoring parameter defaults on page 109). Ensure: • Drive displays 'inhibit' If the drive trips, see Chapter 13 Diagnostics on page 260.	7
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter: Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A) Number of poles in Pr 00.042 Motor rated voltage in Pr 00.044 (V)	The second secon
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration/ deceleration rates	Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s to Pr 01.006) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004	1000gm
Autotune	 The drive is able to perform a stationary autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance. A stationary autotune is performed to locate the flux axis of the motor. The stationary autotune measures the stator resistance, inductance in flux axis, inductance in torque axis with no load on the motor and values relating to deadtime compensation from the drive. Measured values are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 00.038 and Pr 00.039 are updated. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 or 2 for a stationary autotune. (Both perform the same tests). Close the run signal (terminal 24). Close the drive enable signal (terminal 29). The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' while the drive is performing the test. Wait for the drive to display 'Inhibit'. If the drive trips it cannot be reset until the drive enable signal (terminal 29) has been removed. See Chapter 13 Diagnostics on page 260. Remove the drive enabled and run signal from the drive. 	R ₁ (E) Ld No-load Lq
Check Saliency	In sensorless mode, when the motor speed is below Pr 00.045 / 10, a special low speed algorithm must be used to control the motor. There are two modes available, with the mode chosen based on the saliency of the motor. The ratio No-load Lq (Pr 00.056) / Ld (Pr 05.024) provides a measure of the saliency. If this value is > 1.1, then injection (0) mode may be used (this is the default). Non-salient (1) mode may be used (but with limitations). If this value is < 1.1, then Non-salient (1) mode must be used. Set Pr 00.054 for the selected mode: Injection (0) or Non-salient (1).	
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	

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Safetv	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Gettina	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
						3	Optimization		PLC			Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	'	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Ŭ	information

7.3.4 RFC-S mode (Sensorless) Dyneo LSRPM motor set-up with V01.12.02.00 onwards firmware

Action	Detail	
Before power-up	Ensure: The drive enable signal is not given (terminal 29). Run signal is not given Motor is connected	X
Power-up the drive	Verify that RFC-S mode is displayed as the drive powers up. If the mode is incorrect see section 5.6 Changing the operating mode on page 108, otherwise restore parameter defaults (see section 5.8 Restoring parameter defaults on page 109). Ensure that the drive displays 'inhibit'	[7
Enter motor nameplate details	Enter: • Motor rated current in Pr 00.046 (A)* • Rated speed in Pr 00.045 (rpm) • Volts per 1000 rpm in Pr 00.047 (V / 1000 rpm) Motor rated voltage Pr 00.044 and number of motor poles Pr 00.042 are also required but the default values in RFC-S mode for the Powerdrive F300 are set to match those required by the Dyneo LSRPM motor. From firmware version 01.12.xx.xx onwards, the rated current from the motor nameplate is entered into Pr 05.007 / Pr 00.046 and will be updated automatically to the sensorless value after an autotune.	1
Enter motor thermal data and switching frequency	 Enter: Motor Thermal Time Constant value into Pr 00.053 (s) from the values specified inTable 7-3 to Table 7-9. Switching frequency value into Pr 00.041 (kHz) from the values specified inTable 7-3 to Table 7-9. 	
Set maximum speed	Enter: • Maximum speed in Pr 00.002 (rpm)	0.02
Set acceleration / deceleration rates	Enter: Acceleration rate in Pr 00.003 (s to Pr 01.006) Deceleration rate in Pr 00.004	1000pm
Autotune	Perform a stationary autotune. The motor must be at a standstill before an autotune is enabled. To perform an autotune: Set Pr 00.040 = 1 or 2 for a stationary autotune. (Both perform the same tests). Close the drive enable signal (terminal 29). Press the green hand button. The upper row of the display will flash 'Auto Tune' during the test. Wait for the drive to display 'Inhibit'. If the drive trips it cannot be reset until the drive enable signal (terminal 29) has been removed. Remove the drive enable from the drive. If no trip occurs during or after the autotune then this indicates that the drive has been correctly set-up and is ready to run the Dyneo LSRPM motor. If a User Trip 40 occurs, then this indicates that the motor rated current or motor rated speed was not recognized as being a valid value for a Dyneo LSRPM motor. Check the Rated Speed (Pr 00.045) and Rated Current (Pr 00.046) entered in the drive against the Dyneo LSRPM motors listed in Table 7-3 to Table 7-9. Correct the values and perform an autotune again.	R _s (Ef) No-load Lq
Check Saliency	In sensorless mode, when the motor speed is below Pr 00.045 / 10, a special low speed algorithm must be used to control the motor. There are two modes available, with the mode chosen based on the saliency of the motor. The Dyneo LSRPM motors have little or no saliency so require the non-salient low speed mode to be used. Set Pr 00.054 to: Non-salient (1). Non-salient mode requires the ramp rate to be no slower than 5 s / 1000 rpm when operating in the region below Rated Speed Pr 00.045 / 10. The drive contains a feature to ensure that the ramp rate during the low speed region is at least 4 s / 1000 rpm. This feature is enabled automatically after a successful set-up of the Dyneo LSRPM motor.	
Save parameters	Select 'Save Parameters' in Pr mm.000 (alternatively enter a value of 1000 in Pr mm.000) and press red reset button or toggle the reset digital input.	
Run	Drive is now ready to run	•

^{*} When using V01.11.01.00 firmware the Sensorless motor rated current must be used rather than the nameplate value (see Table 7-3 to Table 7-9 overleaf).

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 7-3 Dyneo LSRPM 1500 rpm motors

LSRPM Motor model	Motor rated current (nameplate value) Pr 00.046*	Sensorless motor rated current after autotune*	Switching frequency Pr 00.041	Ke Pr 00.047	Motor Thermal Time Constant Pr 00.053	
	Α	Α	kHz	V / 1000 rpm	s	
1500 LSRPM 90SL 3 kW	5.9	6.0	3	212	850	
1500 LSRPM 100L 4.5 kW	8.6	8.6	3	223	850	
1500 LSRPM 100L 6 kW	10.9	10.9	3	237	850	
1500 LSRPM 132M 8.2 kW	16.0	17.3	3	232	1050	
1500 LSRPM 132M 10.2 kW	19.9	20.6	3	234	1050	
1500 LSRPM 132M 12 kW	23.0	23.6	3	237	1050	
1500 LSRPM 160MP 15.6 kW	30.0	30.0	3	241	1050	
1500 LSRPM 160MP 19.2 kW	37.0	37.0	3	242	1050	
1500 LSRPM 160LR 22.8 kW	43.0	43.0	3	245	1050	
1500 LSRPM 200L 25 kW	56.0	60.8	3	204	900	
1500 LSRPM 200L 33 kW	65.5	69.0	3	218	900	
1500 LSRPM 200L / 225ST1 40 kW	82.9	82.9	3	215	900	
1500 LSRPM 200LU / 250MY 55 kW	110	110	3	221	900	
1500 LSRPM 225MR1 70 kW	142	142	3	218	900	
1500 LSRPM 250ME / 280SCM 85 kW	175	175	3	208	1150	
1500 LSRPM 280SC 105 kW	215	215	3	210	1150	
1500 LSRPM 280SD / 315SN 125 kW	245	245	3	228	1150	
1500 LSRPM 280MK1 / 315MP1 145 kW	265	273	3	219	2600	
1500 LSRPM 315SP1 175 kW	350	350	3	213	2600	
1500 LSRPM 315MR1 220 kW	415	415	3	226	2600	
1500 LSRPM 315MR1 250 kW	490	490	3	226	2600	

^{*} From firmware version 01.12.xx.xx onwards, the rated current from the motor nameplate is entered into Pr **05.007** / Pr **00.046** and will be updated automatically to the sensorless value after an autotune.

Table 7-4 Dyneo LSRPM 1800 rpm motors

LSRPM Motor model	Motor rated current (nameplate value) Pr 00.046*	Sensorless motor rated current after autotune*	Switching frequency Pr 00.041	Ke Pr 00.047	Motor Thermal Time Constant Pr 00.053	
	Α	Α	kHz	V/1000 rpm		
1800 LSRPM 132M 9.8 kW	19.0	19.8	3	188	1050	
1800 LSRPM 132M 12.3 kW	24.0	24.7	3	197	1050	
1800 LSRPM 132M 14.4 kW	28.0	28.0	3	191	1050	
1800 LSRPM 160MP 18.7 kW	36.0	36.0	3	206	1050	
1800 LSRPM 160MP 23 kW	42.9	42.9	3	204	1050	
1800 LSRPM 160LR 27.3 kW	52.0	52.0	3	205	1050	
1800 LSRPM 200L 33 kW	79.0	80.3	3	170	900	
1800 LSRPM 200L 40 kW	82.5	85.0	3	172	900	
1800 LSRPM 200L 55 kW	120	124	3	181	900	
1800 LSRPM 225ST1 70 kW	145	145	3	182	900	
1800 LSRPM 225MR1 85 kW	172	172	3	187	900	
1800 LSRPM 250ME 100 kW	204	207	3	195	1150	
1800 LSRPM 280SC 125 kW	248	248	3	183	1150	
1800 LSRPM 280SD 150 kW	295	295	3	195	1150	
1800 LSRPM 280MK1 175 kW	330	330	3	196	2600	
1800 LSRPM 315SP1 195 kW	370	370	3	206	2600	
1800 LSRPM 315MR1 230 kW	425	425	3	201	2600	

 $^{^*}$ From firmware version 01.12.xx.xx onwards, the rated current from the motor nameplate is entered into Pr **05.007** / Pr **00.046** and will be updated automatically to the sensorless value after an autotune.

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
							Optimization		DI O			Diagnostics	
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information
										'			

Table 7-5 Dyneo LSRPM 2400 rpm motors

LSRPM Motor model	Motor rated current (nameplate value) Pr 00.046*	Sensorless motor rated current after autotune*	Switching frequency Pr 00.041	Ke Pr 00.047	Motor Thermal Time Constant Pr 00.053	
	Α	Α	kHz	V/1000 rpm	s	
2400 LSRPM 90SL 4.8 kW	9.1	9.4	4	145	850	
2400 LSRPM 100L 7.2 kW	13.4	13.4	4	146	850	
2400 LSRPM 100L 9.5 kW	17.7	17.7	4	151	850	
2400 LSRPM 132M 13.1 kW	25.0	27.2	8	149	1050	
2400 LSRPM 132M 16.3 kW	31.0	32.1	8	140	1050	
2400 LSRPM 132M 19.2 kW	37.0	37.1	8	152	1050	
2400 LSRPM 160MP 25 kW	47.0	47.0	8	153	1050	
2400 LSRPM 160MP 31 kW	58.0	58.0	8	156	1050	
2400 LSRPM 160LR 36 kW	69.0	69.0	8	156	1050	
2400 LSRPM 200L 50 kW	110	110	4	136	900	
2400 LSRPM 200L1 65 kW	137	137	4	128	900	
2400 LSRPM 200L1 80 kW	160	164	4	145	900	
2400 LSRPM 225MR1 100 kW	200	201	4	142	900	
2400 LSRPM 250SE 125 kW	235	240	4	146	1150	
2400 LSRPM 250ME 150 kW	285	288	4	146	1150	
2400 LSRPM 280SD1 190 kW	350	361	4	152	1150	
2400 LSRPM 280MK1 230 kW	429	429	4	147	2600	

^{*} From firmware version 01.12.xx.xx onwards, the rated current from the motor nameplate is entered into Pr **05.007** / Pr **00.046** and will be updated automatically to the sensorless value after an autotune.

Table 7-6 Dyneo LSRPM 3000 rpm motors

LSRPM Motor model	Motor rated current (nameplate value) Pr 00.046*	Sensorless motor rated current after autotune*	Switching frequency Pr 00.041	Ke Pr 00.047	Motor Thermal Time Constant Pr 00.053	
	Α	Α	kHz	V/1000 rpm		
3000 LSRPM 90SL 5.8 kW	11.0	11.1	4	120	850	
3000 LSRPM 100L 8.7 kW	16.2	16.2	4	131	850	
3000 LSRPM 100L 11.6 kW	21.0	21.0	4	134	850	
3000 LSRPM 132M 15.8 kW	30.0	31.8	8	121	1050	
3000 LSRPM 132M 19.7 kW	38.0	38.0	8	121	1050	
3000 LSRPM 132M 23 kW	44.0	44.0	8	126	1050	
3000 LSRPM 160MP 30 kW	57.0	57.0	8	127	1050	
3000 LSRPM 160MP 37 kW	67.8	67.8	8	128	1050	
3000 LSRPM 160LR 44 kW	82.0	82.0	8	129	1050	
3000 LSRPM 200L 50 kW	111	116	4	109	900	
3000 LSRPM 200L1 65 kW	126	136	4	118	900	
3000 LSRPM 200L1 85 kW	170	170	4	125	900	
3000 LSRPM 225ST2 110 kW	215	219	4	118	900	
3000 LSRPM 250SE 145 kW	285	285	4	114	1150	
3000 LSRPM 250ME1 170 kW	338	344	4	111	1150	
3000 LSRPM 280SD1 200 kW	365	365	4	126	1150	
3000 LSRPM 280SD1 220 kW	370	398	4	130	1150	

^{*} From firmware version 01.12.xx.xx onwards, the rated current from the motor nameplate is entered into Pr **05.007** / Pr **00.046** and will be updated automatically to the sensorless value after an autotune.

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	lechnical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
momation	miomiation	motanation	motanation	otartoa	parameters	the meter		Operation	1 20	parameters	data		miomiation

Table 7-7 Dyneo LSRPM 3600 rpm motors

LSRPM Motor model	Motor rated current (nameplate value) Pr 00.046*	Sensorless motor rated current after autotune*	Switching frequency Pr 00.041	Ke Pr 00.047	Motor Thermal Time Constant Pr 00.053
	Α	Α	kHz	V/1000 rpm	s
3600 LSRPM 132M 17.6 kW	33.0	33.7	8	103	1050
3600 LSRPM 132M 22 kW	39.4	41.2	8	103	1050
3600 LSRPM 132M 26 kW	48.0	48.0	8	106	1050
3600 LSRPM 160MP 34 kW	63.0	63.0	8	106	1050
3600 LSRPM 160MP 41 kW	77.0	77.0	8	107	1050
3600 LSRPM 160LR 49 kW	91.0	91.0	8	110	1050
3600 LSRPM 200L1 70 kW	129	137	4	100	900
3600 LSRPM 200L1 85 kW	162	162	4	100	900
3600 LSRPM 200LU2 115 kW	217	232	4	103	900
3600 LSRPM 225SG 132 kW	250	250	4	103	1150
3600 LSRPM 250SE1 165 kW	330	330	4	96	1150
3600 LSRPM 250SE1 190 kW	350	360	4	106	1150
3600 LSRPM 280SD1 240 kW	420	429	4	108	1150

^{*} From firmware version 01.12.xx.xx onwards, the rated current from the motor nameplate is entered into Pr **05.007** / Pr **00.046** and will be updated automatically to the sensorless value after an autotune.

Table 7-8 Dyneo LSRPM 4500 rpm motors

LSRPM Motor model	Motor rated current (nameplate value) Pr 00.046*	Sensorless motor rated current after autotune*	Switching frequency Pr 00.041	Ke Pr 00.047	Motor Thermal Time Constant Pr 00.053
	Α	Α	kHz	V/1000 rpm	s
4500 LSRPM 132M 18.6 kW	35.0	35.0	8	86	1050
4500 LSRPM 132M 23 kW	44.0	44.0	8	84	1050
4500 LSRPM 132M 27 kW	51.0	51.0	8	83	1050
4500 LSRPM 160MP 35 kW	67.0	67.0	8	90	1050
4500 LSRPM 160MP 44 kW	81.0	81.0	8	92	1050
4500 LSRPM 160LR 52 kW	97.0	97.0	8	86	1050
4500 LSRPM 200L1 65 kW	130	142	8	82	900
4500 LSRPM 200L1 80 kW	160	172	8	82	900
4500 LSRPM 200L1 100 kW	200	200	8	79	900
4500 LSRPM 200L2 120 kW	230	230	8	82	900
4500 LSRPM 200LU2 135 kW	258	260	8	84	900
4500 LSRPM 225SR2 150 kW	262	281	8	91	900

^{*} From firmware version 01.12.xx.xx onwards, the rated current from the motor nameplate is entered into Pr **05.007** / Pr **00.046** and will be updated automatically to the sensorless value after an autotune.

Table 7-9 Dyneo LSRPM 5500 rpm motors

LSRPM Motor model	Motor rated current (nameplate value) Pr 00.046*	Sensorless motor rated current after autotune*	Switching frequency Pr 00.041	Ke Pr 00.047	Motor Thermal Time Constant Pr 00.053
	Α	Α	kHz	V/1000 rpm	s
5500 LSRPM 132M 18.6 kW	35.0	35.0	8	74	1050
5500 LSRPM 132M 23 kW	44.0	44.0	8	74	1050
5500 LSRPM 132M 27 kW	52.0	52.0	8	77	1050
5500 LSRPM 160MP 35 kW	67.0	67.0	8	76	1050
5500 LSRPM 160MP 44 kW	82.0	82.0	8	77	1050
5500 LSRPM 160LR 52 kW	97.0	97.0	8	77	1050
5500 LSRPM 200L1 70 kW	140	141	8	68	900
5500 LSRPM 200L1 85 kW	170	170	8	64	900
5500 LSRPM 200L1 100 kW	210	210	8	64	900
5500 LSRPM 200L2 140 kW	265	296	8	67	900

^{*} From firmware version 01.12.xx.xx onwards, the rated current from the motor nameplate is entered into Pr **05.007** / Pr **00.046** and will be updated automatically to the sensorless value after an autotune.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters		Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

7.4 Quick start commissioning / start-up using Powerdrive F300 Connect (V02.00.00.00 onwards)

Powerdrive F300 Connect is a Windows™ based software commissioning/start-up tool for Powerdrive F300. Powerdrive F300 Connect can be used for commissioning / start-up and monitoring, drive parameters can be uploaded, downloaded and compared and simple or custom menu listings can be created. Drive menus can be displayed in standard list format or as live block diagrams. Powerdrive F300 Connect is able to communicate with a single drive or a network. Powerdrive F300 Connect can be downloaded from www.controltechniques.com (file size approximately 100 MB).

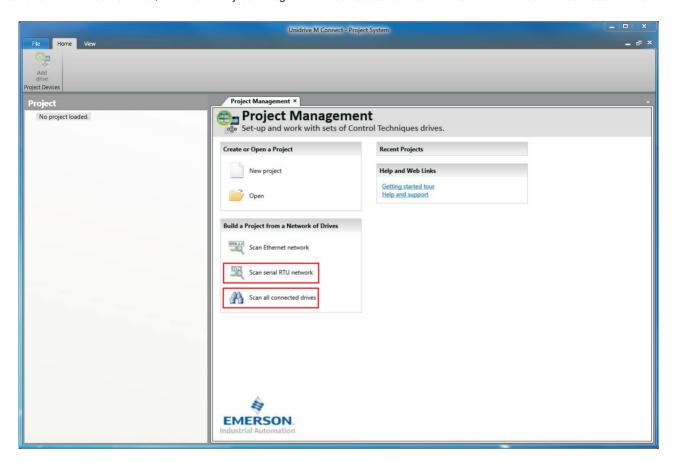
Powerdrive F300 Connect system requirements

- Windows 8, Windows 7 SP1, Windows Vista SP2, Windows XP SP3
- Minimum of 1280 x 1024 screen resolution with 256 colours
- Microsoft.Net Frameworks 4.0 (this is provided in the downloaded file)
- Note that you must have administrator rights to install Powerdrive F300 Connect

Any previous copy of Powerdrive F300 Connect should be uninstalled before proceeding with the installation (existing projects will not be lost). Included within Powerdrive F300 Connect is the *Parameter Reference Guide* for Powerdrive F300.

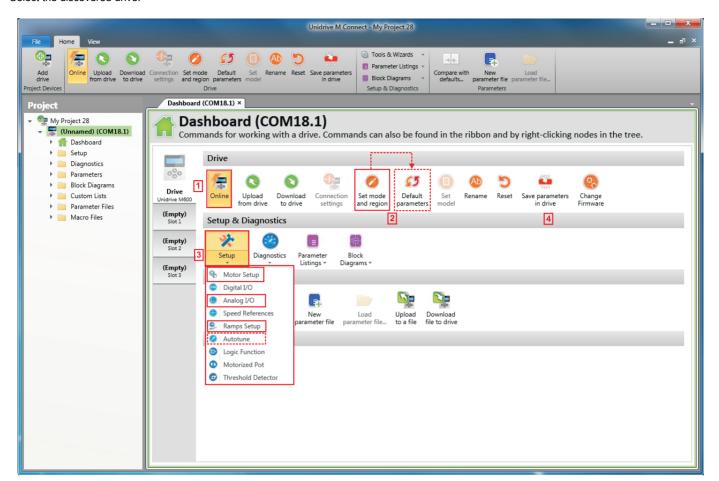
7.4.1 Power-up the drive

1. Start Powerdrive F300 Connect, and on the 'Project Management' screen select 'Scan serial RTU network' or 'Scan all connected drives'.



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Select the discovered drive.



- 1. Select the 'Online' icon to connect with the drive. When a successful connection is made the icon will be highlighted orange.
- 2. Select 'Set mode and region'.
 - If the required control mode is highlighted in the 'Drive Settings' dialogue, then:
 - Change the supply frequency, if required and select 'Apply', otherwise select 'Cancel'.
 - Select 'Default parameters' from the Dashboard and in the 'Default Parameters' dialogue, select 'Apply'
 - If the required control mode is not highlighted in the 'Drive Settings' dialogue then:
 - · Select the required mode and supply frequency.
 - · Select 'Apply'.
- 3. Select 'Setup' and perform the steps highlighted (dotted lines indicate a step which may not need to be performed (see overleaf):

Action	Detail
Motor Setup	Powerdrive F300 Connect contains a database for induction motors and permanent magnet motors. Provision is also made to enter motor nameplate data.
	The next section describes the use of the motor database for a Leroy Somer LSRPM motor used in RFC-S Sensorless mode.
Analog I/O	The motor thermistor can be selected in Pr 07.011. Refer to the parameter help for Pr 07.011 for further information.
Ramps Setup	Enter the required Acceleration rate and Deceleration rate
Autotune	Not required when using data from the motor database for a Leroy Somer LSRPM motor used in RFC-S Sensorless mode.

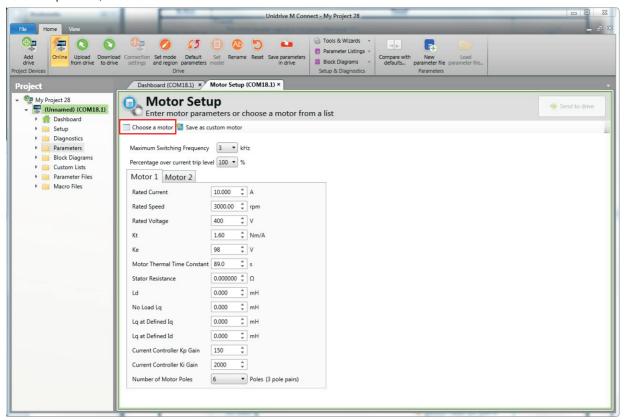
4. Select 'Save parameters in drive' to perform a parameter save. The drive is now ready to run.



7.4.2 Use of the motor database for a Leroy Somer LSRPM motor for use in RFC-S Sensorless mode.

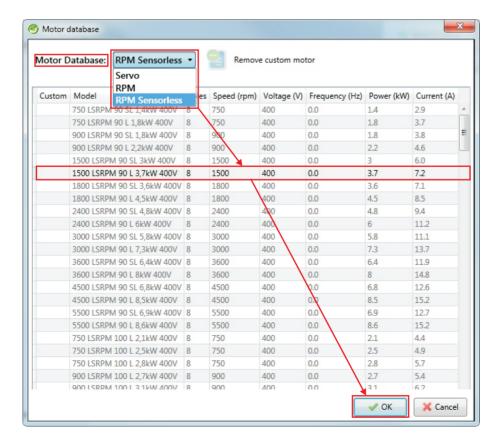
Select 'Motor Setup' from the 'Dashboard'.

On the 'Motor Setup' screen, select 'Choose a motor'.



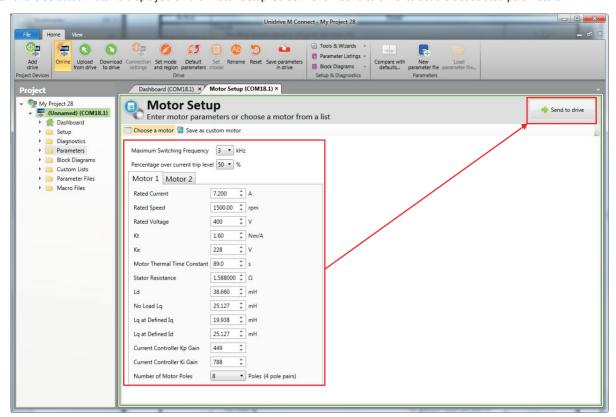
Select the required motor database:

Select the required motor from the list and click 'OK'.



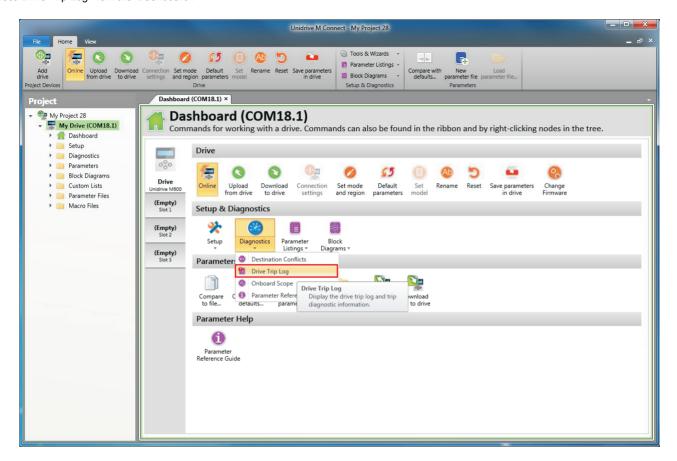
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

The data for the selected motor is displayed on the 'Motor Setup' screen. Click 'Send to drive' to set the associated parameters.

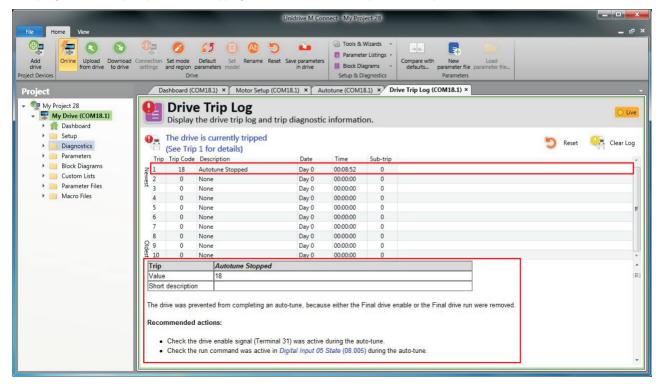


7.5 Diagnostics

If the drive trips, it is possible to interrogate the trip log from within Powerdrive F300 Connect. Select 'Drive Trip Log' from the 'Dashboard'.



The drive trip log shows the trip responsible for stopping the autotune and a description of the trip.



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8 Optimization

This chapter takes the user through methods of optimizing the drive set-up and maximize the performance. The auto-tuning features of the drive simplify the optimization tasks.

8.1 Motor map parameters

8.1.1 Open loop motor control

Pr 00.046 {05.007} Rated Current

Defines the maximum continuous motor current

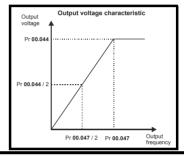
- · The rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:
- Current limits (see section 8.3 Switching frequency on page 160, for more information).
- Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.2 Motor thermal protection on page 159, for more information)
- Vector mode voltage control (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table)
- Slip compensation (see Enable Slip Compensation (05.027), later in this table)
- Dynamic V/F control

Pr 00.044 {05.009} Rated Voltage

Pr 00.047 {05.006} Rated Frequency

Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency
Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied

The Rated Voltage (00.044) and the Rated Frequency (00.047) are used to define the voltage to frequency characteristic applied to the motor (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table). The Rated Frequency (00.047) is also used in conjunction with the motor rated speed to calculate the rated slip for slip compensation (see Rated Speed (00.045), later in this table).



Pr 00.045 {05.008} Rated Speed

Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles

Defines the full load rated speed of the motor

Defines the number of motor poles

The motor rated speed and the number of poles are used with the motor rated frequency to calculate the rated slip of induction machines in Hz.

Rated slip (Hz) = Motor rated frequency - (Number of pole pairs x [Motor rated speed / 60]) = $00.047 = \left(\frac{00.042}{2} \times \frac{00.045}{60}\right)$

If Pr **00.045** is set to 0 or to synchronous speed, slip compensation is disabled. If slip compensation is required this parameter should be set to the nameplate value, which should give the correct rpm for a hot machine. Sometimes it will be necessary to adjust this when the drive is commissioned because the nameplate value may be inaccurate. Slip compensation will operate correctly both below base speed and within the field-weakening region. Slip compensation is normally used to correct for the motor speed to prevent speed variation with load. The rated load rpm can be set higher than synchronous speed to deliberately introduce speed droop. This can be useful to aid load sharing with mechanically coupled motors.

Pr **00.042** is also used in the calculation of the motor speed display by the drive for a given output frequency. When Pr **00.042** is set to 'Automatic', the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the rated frequency Pr **00.047**, and the motor rated speed Pr **00.045**.

Number of poles = 120 x (Rated Frequency (00.047) / Rated Speed (00.045)) rounded to the nearest even number.

Pr 00.043 {05.010} Rated Power Factor

Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current. The power factor is used in conjunction with the *Rated Current* (00.046), to calculate the rated active current and magnetising current of the motor. The rated active current is used extensively to control the drive, and the magnetising current is used in vector mode stator resistance compensation. It is important that this parameter is set up correctly. The drive can measure the motor rated power factor by performing a rotating autotune (see Autotune (Pr 00.040), below).

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diggrantias	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Pr 0.40 {5.12} Autotune

There are two autotune tests available in open loop mode, a stationary and a rotating test. A rotating autotune should be used whenever possible so the measured value of power factor of the motor is used by the drive.

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary test measures the Stator Resistance (05.017), Transient Inductance (05.024), Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060) which are required for good performance in vector control modes (see Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), later in this table), If Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) = 1, then Stator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046). The stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, as above, then a rotating test is performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of Rated Frequency (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at that level for 4 seconds. Stator Inductance (05.025) is measured and this value is used in conjunction with other motor parameters to calculate Rated Power Factor (05.010). To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the Drive Enable (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the Control Word (06.042) and Control Word Enable (06.043).

Pr 00.007 {05.014} Open Loop Control Mode

There are several voltage modes available which fall into two categories, vector control and fixed boost.

Vector control

Vector control mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to motor Rated Frequency (00.047), and then a constant voltage above motor rated frequency. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/50 and motor rated frequency/4, full vector based stator resistance compensation is applied. When the drive operates between motor rated frequency/4 and motor rated frequency/2 the stator resistance compensation is gradually reduced to zero as the frequency increases. For the vector modes to operate correctly the Rated Power Factor (00.043), Stator Resistance (05.017) and Voltage Offset At Zero Current (05.058) are all required to be set up accurately. The drive can be made to measure these by performing an autotune (see Pr 00.040 Autotune). The drive can also be made to measure the stator resistance and voltage offset automatically every time the drive is enabled or the first time the drive is enabled after it is powered up, by selecting one of the vector control voltage modes.

- (0) Ur S = The stator resistance and the voltage offset are measured and the parameters for the selected motor map are over-written each time the drive is made to run. This test can only be done with a stationary motor where the flux has decayed to zero. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary each time the drive is made to run. To prevent the test from being done before the flux has decayed there is a period of 1 second after the drive has been in the ready state during which the test is not done if the drive is made to run again. In this case, previously measured values are used. Ur S mode ensures that the drive compensates for any change in motor parameters due to changes in temperature. The new values of stator resistance and voltage offset are not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.(4)
- (4) Ur I = The stator resistance and voltage offset are measured when the drive is first made to run after each power-up. This test can only be done with a stationary motor. Therefore this mode should only be used if the motor is guaranteed to be stationary the first time the drive is made to run after each power-up. The new values of stator resistance and voltage offset are not automatically saved to the drive's EEPROM.
- (1) Ur = The stator resistance and voltage offset are not measured. The user can enter the motor and cabling resistance into the Stator Resistance (05.017). However this will not include resistance effects within the drive inverter. Therefore if this mode is to be used, it is best to use an autotune test initially to measure the stator resistance and voltage offset.
- (3) Ur_Auto = The stator resistance and voltage offset are measured once, the first time the drive is made to run. After the test has been completed successfully the Open Loop Control Mode (00.007) is changed to Ur mode. The Stator Resistance (05.017) and Voltage Offset At Zero Current (05.058)) parameters are written to, and along with the Open Loop Control Mode (00.007), are saved in the drive's EEPROM. If the test fails, the voltage mode will stay set to Ur Auto and the test will be repeated next time the drive is made to run.

Fixed boost

Neither the stator resistance nor the voltage offset are used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by Pr 00.008, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are two settings of fixed boost available:

- (2) Fixed = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to Rated Frequency (00.047), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.
- (5) Square = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to Rated Frequency (00.0 47), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.

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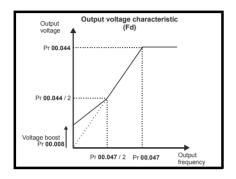
Pr 00.007 {05.014} Open Loop Control Mode (cont)

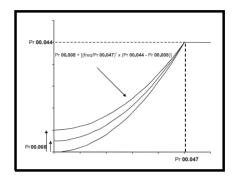
Fixed boost

Neither the stator resistance nor the voltage offset are used in the control of the motor, instead a fixed characteristic with low frequency voltage boost as defined by parameter Pr **00.008**, is used. Fixed boost mode should be used when the drive is controlling multiple motors. There are two settings of fixed boost available:

- (2) **Fixed** = This mode provides the motor with a linear voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency.
- (5) **Square** = This mode provides the motor with a square law voltage characteristic from 0 Hz to *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and then a constant voltage above rated frequency. This mode is suitable for variable torque applications like fans and pumps where the load is proportional to the square of the speed of the motor shaft. This mode should not be used if a high starting torque is required.

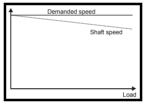
For both these modes, at low frequencies (from 0 Hz to ½ x Pr 00.047) a voltage boost is applied defined by Pr 00.008 as shown below:





Pr 05.027 Enable Slip Compensation

When a motor, being controlled in open loop mode, has load applied a characteristic of the motor is that the output speed droops in proportion to the load applied as shown:



In order to prevent the speed droop shown above slip compensation should be enabled. To enable slip compensation Pr **05.027** must be set to a 1 (this is the default setting), and the motor rated speed must be entered in Pr **00.045** (Pr **05.008**).

The motor rated speed parameter should be set to the synchronous speed of the motor minus the slip speed. This is normally displayed on the motor nameplate, i.e. for a typical 18.5 kW, 50 Hz, 4 pole motor, the motor rated speed would be approximately 1465 rpm. The synchronous speed for a 50 Hz, 4 pole motor is 1500 rpm, so therefore the slip speed would be 35 rpm. If the synchronous speed is entered in Pr 00.045, slip compensation will be disabled. If too small a value is entered in Pr 00.045, the motor will run faster than the demanded frequency. The synchronous speeds for 50 Hz motors with different numbers of poles are as follows:

2 pole = 3000 rpm, 4 pole = 1500 rpm, 6pole =1000 rpm, 8 pole = 750 rpm

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
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8.1.2 RFC-A Sensorless mode

Induction motor without position feedback

Pr 00.046 {05.007} Motor Rated Current

Defines the maximum motor continuous current

The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:

- Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.2 Motor thermal protection on page 159, for more information)
- · Vector control algorithm

Pr 00.044 {05.009} Rated Voltage

Pr 00.047 {05.006} Rated Frequency

Defines the voltage applied to the motor at rated frequency
Defines the frequency at which rated voltage is applied

The motor rated voltage Pr 00.044 and the motor rated frequency Pr 00.047 are used to define the relationship between the voltage and frequency applied to the motor, as shown.

The motor rated voltage is used by the field controller to limit the voltage applied to the motor. Normally this is set to the nameplate value. To allow current control to be maintained, it is necessary for the drive to leave some 'headroom' between the motor terminal voltage and the maximum available drive output voltage. For good transient performance at high speed, the motor rated voltage should be set below 95 % of the minimum supply voltage to the drive.

The motor rated voltage and motor rated frequency are also used during the rotating autotune test (see Autotune Pr **00.040** later in this table) and in the calculations required for automatic optimization of the motor rated speed (see Motor rated speed optimization Pr **05.016**, later in this table). Therefore, it is important that the correct value for motor rated voltage is used.

Pr 00.045 {05.008} Rated Speed

Defines the full load rated speed of the motor

Defines the number of motor poles

Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles

The motor rated speed and motor rated frequency are used to determine the full load slip of the motor which is used by the vector control algorithm. Incorrect setting of this parameter has the following effects:

- Reduced efficiency of motor operation
- · Reduction of maximum torque available from the motor
- Reduced transient performance
- Inaccurate control of absolute torque in torque control modes

The nameplate value is normally the value for a hot motor; however, some adjustment may be required when the drive is commissioned if the nameplate value is inaccurate. Either a fixed value can be entered in this parameter or an optimization system may be used to automatically adjust this parameter (see *Motor Parameter Adaptive Control* (05.016), later in this table).

When Pr **00.042** is set to 'Automatic', the number of motor poles is automatically calculated from the motor *Rated Frequency* (00.047), and the motor *Rated Speed* (00.045).

Number of poles = 120 x (Motor Rated Frequency (00.047 / Motor Rated Speed (00.045) rounded to the nearest even number.

Pr 00.043 {5.10} Rated Power Factor

Defines the angle between the motor voltage and current

The power factor is the true power factor of the motor, i.e. the angle between the motor voltage and current. If the *Stator Inductance* (05.025) is set to zero then the power factor is used in conjunction with the motor *Rated Current* (00.046) and other motor parameters to calculate the rated active and magnetising currents of the motor, which are used in the vector control algorithm. If the stator inductance has a non-zero value this parameter is not used by the drive, but is continuously written with a calculated value of power factor. The stator inductance can be measured by the drive by performing a rotating autotune (see *Autotune* (Pr 00.040), later in this table).

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Pr 00.040 {05.012} Autotune

There are three autotune tests available in RFC-A mode, a stationary test, a rotating test and an inertia measurement test. A stationary autotune will give moderate performance whereas a rotating autotune will give improved performance as it measures the actual values of the motor parameters required by the drive. An inertia measurement test should be performed separately to a stationary or rotating autotune.

It is highly recommended that a rotating autotune is performed (Pr 00.040 set to 2).

- A stationary autotune can be used when the motor is loaded and it is not possible to remove the load from the motor shaft. The stationary autotune measures the Stator Resistance (05.017) and Transient Inductance (05.024) of the motor. These are used to calculate the current loop gains, and at the end of the test the values in Pr 04.013 and Pr 04.014 are updated. Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.059) and Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation (05.060) for the drive are also measured. Additionally, if Enable Stator Compensation (05.049) = 1, then Stator Base Temperature (05.048) is made equal to Stator Temperature (05.046). A stationary autotune does not measure the power factor of the motor so the value on the motor nameplate must be entered into Pr 00.043. To perform a stationary autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).
- A rotating autotune should only be used if the motor is unloaded. A rotating autotune first performs a stationary autotune, a rotating test is then performed in which the motor is accelerated with currently selected ramps up to a frequency of *Rated Frequency* (05.006) x 2/3, and the frequency is maintained at the level for up to 40 s. During the rotating autotune the *Stator Inductance* (05.025), and the motor saturation breakpoints (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 06.062 and Pr 05.063) are modified by the drive. The power factor is also modified for user information only, but is not used after this point as the stator inductance is used in the vector control algorithm instead. To perform a Rotating autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 2, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).
- The inertia measurement test can measure the total inertia of the load and the motor. This is used to set the speed loop gains (see Speed loop gains) and to provide torque feed-forwards when required during acceleration. **Applied torque (sensorless mode)** This test may give inaccurate results, if the motor rated speed is not set to the correct value for the motor, or if standard ramp mode is active. During the inertia measurement test a series of progressively larger torque levels are applied to the motor (20 %, 40 % ... 100 % of rated torque) to accelerate the motor up to 3 /₄ x Rated Speed (05.008) to determine the inertia from the acceleration/ deceleration time. The test attempts to reach the required speed within 5 s, but if this fails the next torque level is used. When 100 % torque is used the test allows 60 s for the required speed to be reached, but if this is unsuccessful an Autotune trip is initiated. To reduce the time taken for the test it is possible to define the level of torque to be used for the test by setting Mechanical Load Test Level (05.021) to a non-zero value. When the test level is defined the test is only carried out at the defined test level and 60 s is allowed for the motor to reach the required speed. It should be noted that if the maximum speed allows for flux weakening then it may not be possible to achieve the required torque level to accelerate the motor quickly enough. If this is the case, the maximum speed reference should be reduced. To perform an Inertia measurement autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 4, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the *Drive Enable* (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (Pr **06.042** & Pr **06.043**)

Pr 00.038 {04.013} / Pr 00.039 {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. However, for optimal performance in dynamic applications it may be necessary to change the gains to improve the performance. The *Current Controller Kp Gain* (04.013) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune Pr* **00.040**, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

This will give a step response with minimum overshoot after a step change of current reference. The proportional gain can be increased by a factor of 1.5 giving a similar increase in bandwidth; however, this gives a step response with approximately 12.5 % overshoot. The equation for the integral gain gives a conservative value. In some applications where it is necessary for the reference frame used by the drive to dynamically follow the flux very closely (i.e. high speed Sensorless RFC-A induction motor applications) the integral gain may need to have a significantly higher value.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting information installation started parameters and parameters of the motor of th

Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 {03.010} and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 (03.011) and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 (0 3.012) and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

There are six methods of tuning the speed loop gains dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017:

1. Pr **03.017** = 0, User set-up.

This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the speed feedback.

Give the drive a step change in speed reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the speed overshoots and then reduced slightly.

The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the speed becomes unstable and then reduced slightly.

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response matches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.

2. Pr **03.017** = 1. Bandwidth set-up

If bandwidth based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

Pr 03.020 - Required bandwidth,

Pr 03.021 - Required damping factor,

Pr 03.018 - Motor and load inertia.

The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see Autotune Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

3. Pr 03.017 = 2, Compliance angle set-up

If compliance angle based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

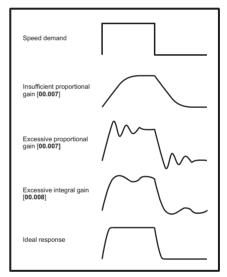
Pr 03.019 - Required compliance angle,

Pr 03.021 - Required damping factor,

Pr **03.018** - Motor and load inertia The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table)

4. Pr **03.017** = 3, Kp gains times 16

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 3 the selected proportional gain used by the drive is multiplied by 16.



5. Pr **03.017** = 4 - 6

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) is set to a value from 4 to 6 the Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010) and Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) are automatically set up to give the bandwidths given in the table below and a damping factor of unity. These settings give low, standard or high performance.

Pr 03.017	Performance	Bandwidth	
4	Low	5 Hz	
5	Standard	25 Hz	
6	High	100 Hz	

6. Pr **03.017** = 7

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 7 then Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010), Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) and Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1 (03.012) are set up to give a closed-loop speed controller response that approximates to a first order system with a transfer function of 1 / (s τ + 1), where τ = 1/ ω bw and ω bw = Bandwidth (03.020). In this case the damping factor is meaningless, and Damping Factor (03.021) and Compliance Angle (03.019) have no effect.

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8.1.3 RFC-S Sensorless mode

Permanent magnet motor without Position feedback

Pr 00.046 {05.007} Rated Current

Defines the maximum motor continuous current

The motor rated current parameter must be set to the maximum continuous current of the motor. The motor rated current is used in the following:

Motor thermal overload protection (see section 8.2 Motor thermal protection on page 159, for more information)

Pr 00.042 {05.011} Number Of Motor Poles

Defines the number of motor poles

The number of motor poles parameter defines the number of electrical revolutions in one whole mechanical revolution of the motor. This parameter must be set correctly for the control algorithms to operate correctly. When Pr **00.042** is set to "Automatic" the number of poles is 6.

Pr 00.040 {05.012} Autotune

There are two autotune tests available in RFC-S sensorless mode, a stationary autotune and an inertia measurement test.

· Stationary Autotune

The stationary autotune can be used to measure all the necessary parameters for basic control. The tests measures *Stator Resistance* (05.017), *Ld* (05.024), *No Load Lq* (05.068), *Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.059) and *Current At Maximum Deadtime Compensation* (05.060). If *Enable Stator Compensation* (05.049) = 1 then *Stator Base Temperature* (05.048) is made equal to *Stator Temperature* (05.046). *The Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Ld* (05.024) are then used to set up *Current controller Kp Gain* (04.013) and *Current Controller Ki Gain* (04.014). To perform a Stationary autotune, set Pr **00.040** to 1, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24).

Rotating Autotune

In sensorless mode, if Rotating autotune is selected (Pr 00.040 = 2), then a stationary autotune is performed.

Inertia measurement test

NOTE: It is not possible to perform this test if, after autotune, the ratio No load Lq (05.072) / Ld (05.024) < 1.1 and Pr 05.064 has been set to Nonsalient.

The inertia measurement test can measure the total inertia of the load and the motor. This is used to set the speed loop gains (see Speed loop gains) and to provide torque feed-forwards when required during acceleration. The test may give inaccurate results, if the motor rated speed is not set to the correct value for the motor, or if standard ramp mode is active. During the inertia measurement test a series of progressively larger torque levels are applied to the motor (20 %, 40 % ... 100 % of rated torque) to accelerate the motor up to 3/4 x Rated Speed (05.008) to determine the inertia from the acceleration/deceleration time. The test attempts to reach the required speed within 5 s, but if this fails the next torque level is used. When 100 % torque is used the test allows 60 s for the required speed to be reached, but if this is unsucessful an Autotune trip is initiated. To reduce the time taken for the test it is possible to define the level of torque to be used for the test by setting Mechanical Load Test Level (05.021) to a non-zero value. When the test level is defined the test is only carried out at the defined test level and 60 s is allowed for the motor to reach the required speed. It should be noted that if the maximum speed allows for flux weakening then it may not be possible to achieve the required torque level to accelerate the motor quickly enough. If this is the case, the maximum speed reference should be reduced. To perform an Inertia measurement autotune, set Pr 00.040 to 4, and provide the drive with both an enable signal (on terminal 29) and a run signal (on terminal 24). Following the completion of an autotune test the drive will go into the inhibit state. The drive must be placed into a controlled disable condition before the drive can be made to run at the required reference. The drive can be put in to a controlled disable condition by removing the Safe Torque Off signal from terminal 29, setting the drive Enable Parameter (06.015) to OFF (0) or disabling the drive via the control word (

Pr 03.079 Sensorless Mode Filter

When RFC-S sensorless mode is active the measured speed can include some ripple, which increases as the drive passes into field weakening. A filter is applied to the estimated speed and *Sensorless Mode Filter* (03.079) defines the time constant. The default time constant is 4 ms, but this can be extended to improve the filtering. This is particularly useful when using standard ramp or spinning start with a low friction high inertia load, and can prevent over voltage trips when the drive has no braking resistor.

Pr 05.071 Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current

Injection mode

For low speed sensorless operation with signal injection (*RFC Low Speed Mode* (05.064) = 0) it is necessary to have a ratio of Lq/Ld = 1.1. Even if a motor has a larger ratio on no load, this ratio normally reduces as the q axis current is increased from zero. *Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current* (05.071) should be set at a level that is lower than the point where the inductance ratio falls to 1.1. The value of this parameter is used to define the drive current limits when signal injection is active and prevent loss of control of the motor.

Non-salie0nt mode

For low speed sensorless operation for non-salient motors (*RFC Low Speed Mode* (05.064) = 1) this defines a current applied in the d axis to aid starting. For most motors and application requiring up to 60 % torque on starting the default value is suitable. However the level of current may need to be increased to make the motor start.

Pr 00.017 {04.012} Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant

Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant (00.017 / 04.012) defines the time constant of a first order filter that can be applied to the Final Current Reference (04.004). The filter is provided to reduce acoustic noise and vibration produced as a result of position feedback quantisation. The filter introduces a lag in the speed controller loop, and so the speed controller gains may need to be reduced to maintain stability as the filter time constant is increased. The time constant used is dependent on Speed Controller Gain Select (03.016) so that different time constants can be used with different gains. Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant (00.017 / 04.012) is used if Speed Controller Gain Select (03.016) = 0, and Current Reference Filter 2 Time Constant (04.023) is used if Speed Controller Gain Select (03.016) = 1.

Pr 00.038 {04.013} / Pr 00.039 {04.014} Current Loop Gains

The current loop gains proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) gains control the response of the current loop to a change in current (torque) demand. The default values give satisfactory operation with most motors. The proportional gain (Pr **04.013**) is the most critical value in controlling the performance. The values for the current loop gains can be calculated by performing a stationary or rotating autotune (see *Autotune* Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table) the drive measures the *Stator Resistance* (05.017) and *Transient Inductance* (05.024) of the motor and calculates the current loop gains.

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Speed Loop Gains (Pr 00.007 {03.010}, Pr 00.008 {03.011}, Pr 00.009 {03.012})

The speed loop gains control the response of the speed controller to a change in speed demand. The speed controller includes proportional (Kp) and integral (Ki) feed forward terms, and a differential (Kd) feedback term. The drive holds two sets of these gains and either set may be selected for use by the speed controller with Pr 03.016. If Pr 03.016 = 0, gains Kp1, Ki1 and Kd1 (Pr 00.007 to Pr 00.009) are used, and if Pr 03.016 = 1, gains Kp2, Ki2 and Kd2 (Pr 03.013 to Pr 03.015) are used. Pr 03.016 may be changed when the drive is enabled or disabled. If the load is predominantly a constant inertia and constant torque, the drive can calculate the required Kp and Ki gains to give a required compliance angle or bandwidth dependant on the setting of Pr 03.017.

NOTE: In sensorless mode, the speed controller bandwidth may need to be limited to 10 Hz or less for stable operation.

Speed Controller Proportional Gain (Kp), Pr 00.007 (03.010) and Pr 03.013

If the proportional gain has a value and the integral gain is set to zero the controller will only have a proportional term, and there must be a speed error to produce a torque reference. Therefore as the motor load increases there will be a difference between the reference and actual speeds. This effect, called regulation, depends on the level of the proportional gain, the higher the gain the smaller the speed error for a given load. If the proportional gain is too high either the acoustic noise produced by speed feedback quantization becomes unacceptable, or the stability limit is reached.

Speed Controller Integral Gain (Ki), Pr 00.008 (03.011) and Pr 03.014

The integral gain is provided to prevent speed regulation. The error is accumulated over a period of time and used to produce the necessary torque demand without any speed error. Increasing the integral gain reduces the time taken for the speed to reach the correct level and increases the stiffness of the system, i.e. it reduces the positional displacement produced by applying a load torque to the motor. Unfortunately increasing the integral gain also reduces the system damping giving overshoot after a transient. For a given integral gain the damping can be improved by increasing the proportional gain. A compromise must be reached where the system response, stiffness and damping are all adequate for the application. For RFC-A Sensorless mode, it is unlikely that the integral gain can be increased much above 0.50.

Differential Gain (Kd), Pr 00.009 (0 3.012) and Pr 03.015

The differential gain is provided in the feedback of the speed controller to give additional damping. The differential term is implemented in a way that does not introduce excessive noise normally associated with this type of function. Increasing the differential term reduces the overshoot produced by under-damping, however, for most applications the proportional and integral gains alone are sufficient.

There are six methods of tuning the speed loop gains dependant on the

setting of Pr 03.017:

1. Pr 03.017 = 0, User set-up.

This involves the connecting of an oscilloscope to analog output 1 to monitor the speed feedback.

Give the drive a step change in speed reference and monitor the response of the drive on the oscilloscope.

The proportional gain (Kp) should be set up initially. The value should be increased up to the point where the speed overshoots and then reduced slightly. The integral gain (Ki) should then be increased up to the point where the speed becomes unstable and then reduced slightly

It may now be possible to increase the proportional gain to a higher value and the process should be repeated until the system response matches the ideal response as shown.

The diagram shows the effect of incorrect P and I gain settings as well as the ideal response.

2. Pr 03.017 = 1, Bandwidth set-up

If bandwidth based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

Pr 03.020 - Required bandwidth,

Pr 03.021 - Required damping factor,

Pr 03.018 - Motor and load inertia.

The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see Autotune Pr **00.040**, earlier in this table).

3. Pr 03.017 = 2, Compliance angle set-up

If compliance angle based set-up is required, the drive can calculate Kp and Ki if the following parameters are set up correctly:

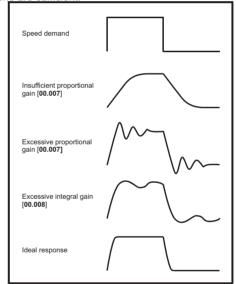
Pr 03.019 - Required compliance angle,

Pr 03.021 - Required damping factor.

Pr **03.018** - Motor and load inertia The drive can be made to measure the motor and load inertia by performing an inertia measurement autotune (see *Autotune* Pr 00.040, earlier in this table).

4. Pr **03.017** = 3, Kp gains times 16

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 3 the selected proportional gain used by the drive is multiplied by 16.



5. Pr **03.017** = 4 - 6

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) is set to a value from 4 to 6 the Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010) and Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) are automatically set up to give the bandwidths given in the table below and a damping factor of unity. These settings give low, standard or high performance.

Pr 03.017	Performance	Bandwidth		
4	Low	5 Hz		
5	Standard	25 Hz		
6	High	100 Hz		

6. Pr **03.017** = 7

If Speed Controller Set-up Method (03.017) = 7 then Speed Controller Proportional Gain Kp1 (03.010), Speed Controller Integral Gain Ki1 (03.011) and Speed Controller Differential Feedback Gain Kd1 (03.012) are set up to give a closed-loop speed controller response that approximates to a first order system with a transfer function of 1 / (s τ + 1), where τ = 1/ ω bw and ω bw = Bandwidth (03.020). In this case the damping factor is meaningless, and Damping Factor (03.021) and Compliance Angle (03.019) have no effect.

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

8.2 Motor thermal protection

A dual time constant thermal model is provided to estimate the motor temperature as a percentage of its maximum allowed temperature.

The motor thermal protection is modelled using losses in the motor. The losses in the motor are calculated as a percentage value, so that under these conditions the *Motor Protection Accumulator* (04.019) would eventually reach 100 %.

Percentage losses = 100 % x [Load related losses + Iron losses]

Where:

Load related losses = $(1 - K_{fe}) \times (I / (K_1 \times I_{Rated}))^2$

Iron losses = $K_{fe} \times (w / w_{Rated})^{1.6}$

Where:

I = Current Magnitude (04.001)

I_{Rated} = Rated Current (05.007)

K_{fe} = Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses (04.039) / 100 %

The Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) is given by:

Pr **04.019** = Percentage Losses x [(1 - K_2) (1 - $e^{-t/\tau 1}$) + K_2 (1 - $e^{-t/\tau 2}$)]

Where:

T = Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019)

K₂ = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling (04.038) / 100 %

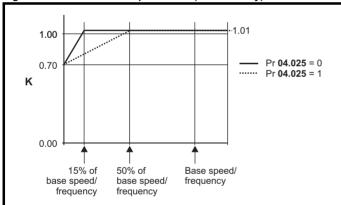
τ1 = Motor Thermal Time Constant 1 (04.015)

 τ^2 = Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 (04.037)

 K_1 = Varies, see below

If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is for a motor which can operate at rated current over the whole speed range. Induction motors with this type of characteristic normally have forced cooling. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect of motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed below 50 % of base speed/ frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.05, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 105 % current.

Figure 8-1 Motor thermal protection (Normal Duty)



Both settings of Pr **04.025** are intended for motors where the cooling effect of the motor fan reduces with reduced motor speed, but with different speeds below which the cooling effect is reduced. If Pr **04.025** is 0 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 15 % of base speed/frequency. If Pr **04.025** is 1 the characteristic is intended for motors where the cooling effect reduces with motor speed below 50 % of base speed/frequency. The maximum value for K1 is 1.01, so that above the knee of the characteristics the motor can operate continuously up to 101 % current.

When the estimated temperature in Pr **04.019** reaches 100 % the drive takes some action depending on the setting of Pr **04.016**. If Pr **04.016** is 0, the drive trips when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %. If Pr **04.016** is 1, the current limit is reduced to (K - 0.05) x 100 % when Pr **04.019** reaches 100 %.

The current limit is set back to the user defined level when Pr **04.019** falls below 95 %. The thermal model temperature accumulator is reset to zero at power-up and accumulates the temperature of the motor while them drive remains powered-up. If the rated current defined by Pr **05.007** is altered, the accumulator is reset to zero.

The default setting of the thermal time constant (Pr 04.015) is 89 s which is equivalent to an overload of 150 % for 60 s from cold.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diggrantias	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information



Fire Mode - Important Warning.

When Fire Mode is active the motor overload and thermal protection are disabled, as well as a number of drive protection functions. Fire Mode is provided for use only in emergency situations where the safety risk from disabling protection is less than the risk from the drive tripping - typically in smoke extraction operation to permit evacuation of a building. The use of Fire Mode itself causes a risk of fire from overloading of the motor or drive, so it must only be used after careful consideration of the balance of risks.

Care must be taken to prevent inadvertent activation or de-activation of Fire Mode. Fire Mode is indicated by a flashing display text warning "Fire mode active".

Care must be taken to ensure that parameters Pr 01.053 or Pr 01.054 are not inadvertently re-allocated to different inputs or variables. It should be noted that, by default, Pr 01.054 is controlled from digital input 4 and changing Pr 08.024 can re-allocate this digital input to another parameter. These parameters are at access level 2 in order to minimize the risk of inadvertent or unauthorized changes. It is recommended that User Security be applied to further reduce the risk (see section 5.9 Parameter access level and security on page 109). These parameters may also be changed via serial communications so adequate precautions should be taken if this functionality is utilized.

8.3 Switching frequency

The default switching frequency is 3 kHz, however this can be increased up to a maximum of 16 kHz by Pr 05.018 (dependent on drive size). The available switching frequencies are shown below.

Table 8-1 Available switching frequencies

Drive size	Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
3								
4	_							
5	1							
6	1							
7	1	√	√	✓	√	√	✓	✓
8	All	v				·		
9A								
9E								
10E								
11E								

If the switching frequency is increased from 3 kHz the following apply:

- 1. Increased heat loss in the drive, which means that derating to the output current must be applied. See the derating tables for switching frequency and ambient temperature in section 12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature) on page 232.
- Reduced heating of the motor due to improved output waveform quality.
- Reduced acoustic noise generated by the motor.
- Increased sample rate on the speed and current controllers. A trade off must be made between motor heating, drive heating and the demands of the application with respect to the sample time required.

Table 8-2 Sample rates for various control tasks at each switching frequency

	3, 6, 12 kHz	2, 4, 8, 16 kHz	Open loop	RFC-A / RFC-S	
Level 1	3 kHz = 167μs 6 kHz = 83 μs 12 kHz = 83 μs	2 kHz = 250 μs 4 kHz = 125 μs 8 kHz = 62.5 μs 16 kHz = 62.5 μs	Peak limit	Current controllers	
Level 2	250 μs	2 kHz -500 μs 4 kHz - 250 μs 8 kHz - 125 μs 16 kHz - 125 μs	Current limit and ramps	Speed controller and ramps	
Level 3	1	ms	Volta	ge controller	
Level 4	4	ms	Time critic	cal user interface	
Background		Non-time cr	Non-time critical user interface		

8.4 High speed operation

8.4.1 Field weakening (constant power) operation

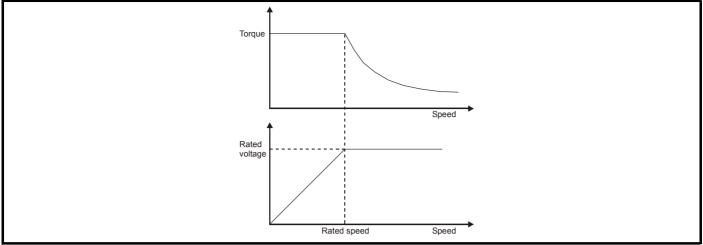
(Open loop and RFC-A mode only)

The drive can be used to run an induction machine above synchronous speed into the constant power region. The speed continues to increase and the available shaft torque reduces. The characteristics below show the torque and output voltage characteristics as the speed is increased above the rated value.

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Figure 8-2 Torque and rated voltage against speed



Care must be taken to ensure the torque available above base speed is sufficient for the application to run satisfactorily.

The saturation breakpoint parameters (Pr 05.029, Pr 05.030, Pr 05.062 and Pr 05.063) found during the autotune in RFC-A mode ensure the magnetizing current is reduced in the correct proportion for the specific motor. (In open loop mode the magnetizing current is not actively controlled).

8.4.2 Permanent magnet motor high speed operation

High speed servo mode is enabled by setting Pr 05.022 =1. Care must be taken when using this mode with permanent magnet motor to avoid damaging the drive. The voltage produced by the permanent magnet motor magnets is proportional to speed. For high speed operation the drive must apply currents to the motor to counter-act the flux produced by the magnets. It is possible to operate the motor at very high speeds that would give a very high motor terminal voltage, but this voltage is prevented by the action of the drive.

If however, the drive is disabled (or tripped) when the motor voltages would be higher than the rating of the drive without the currents to counter-act the flux from the magnets, it is possible to damage the drive. If high speed mode is enabled the motor speed must be limited to the levels given in the table below unless an additional hardware protection system is used to limit the voltages applied to the drive output terminals to a safe level.

Drive voltage rating	Maximum motor speed (rpm)	Maximum safe line to line voltage at the motor terminals (V rms)
200	400 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	400 / √2
400	800 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	800 / √2
575	955 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	955 / √2
690	1145 x 1000 / (Ke x √2)	1145 / √2

Ke is the ratio between r.m.s. line to line voltage produced by the motor and the speed in V/1000 rpm. Care must also be taken not to de-magnetize the motor. The motor manufacturer should always be consulted before using this mode.

By default, high speed operation is disabled (Pr 05.022 = 0).

It is also possible to enable high speed operation, and allow the drive to automatically limit the motor speed to the levels specified in the tables and generate an Overspeed. 1 trip if the levels are exceeded (Pr **05.022** = -1)

8.4.3 Maximum speed / frequency

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A and RFC-S) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz. However, in RFC-S mode the speed is also limited by the voltage constant (Ke) of the motor. Ke is a specific constant for the servo motor being used. It can normally be found on the motor data sheet in V/k rpm (volts per 1,000 rpm).

8.4.4 Quasi-Square wave (open-loop only)

The maximum output voltage level of the drive is normally limited to an equivalent of the drive input voltage minus voltage drops within the drive (the drive will also retain a few percent of the voltage in order to maintain current control). If the motor rated voltage is set at the same level as the supply voltage, some pulse deletion will occur as the drive output voltage approaches the rated voltage level. If Pr 05.020 (Quasi-square wave enable) is set to 1 the modulator will allow over modulation, so that as the output frequency increases beyond the rated frequency the voltage continues to increase above the rated voltage. The modulation depth will increase beyond unity; first producing trapezoidal and then quasi-square waveforms.

This can be used for example:

 To obtain high output frequencies with a low switching frequency which would not be possible with space vector modulation limited to unity modulation depth,

or

In order to maintain a higher output voltage with a low supply voltage.

The disadvantage is that the machine current will be distorted as the modulation depth increases above unity, and will contain a significant amount of low order odd harmonics of the fundamental output frequency. The additional low order harmonics cause increased losses and heating in the motor.

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NV Media Card Operation

9.1 Introduction

The Non-Volatile Media Card feature enables simple configuration of parameters, parameter back-up, storing / reading PLC programs and drive copying using a SMARTCARD or SD card storing / reading PLC programs. The drive offers backward compatibility for a Unidrive SP SMARTCARD.

The NV Media Card can be used for:

- Parameter copying between drives
- Saving drive parameter sets
- Saving an onboard user program

The NV Media Card is located at the top of the module under the drive display (if installed) on the left-hand side.

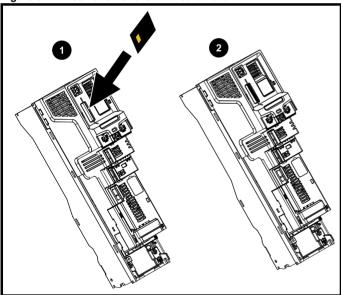
Ensure the NV Media Card is inserted with the contacts facing the lefthand side of the drive.

The drive only communicates with the NV Media Card when commanded to read or write, meaning the card may be "hot swapped".



Beware of possible live terminals when installing the NV Media Card.

Figure 9-1 Installation of the NV Media Card



- Installing the NV Media Card
- NV Media Card installed

NV Media Card	Part number
SD Card Adaptor (memory card not included)	3130-1212-03
8 kB SMARTCARD	2214-4246-03
64 kB SMARTCARD	2214-1006-03

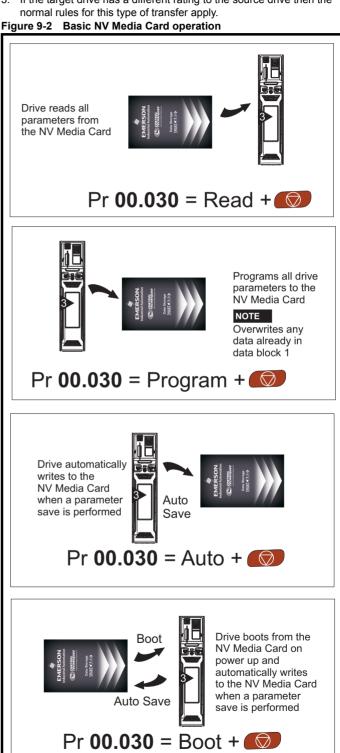
9.2 **NV Media Card support**

The NV Media Card can be used to store drive parameter sets and / or PLC programs set from the Powerdrive F300 in data blocks 001 to 499 on the card.

The Powerdrive F300 is compatible with a Unidrive SP SMARTCARD and is able to read and translate the Unidrive SP parameter set into a compatible parameter set for Powerdrive F300. This is only possible if the Unidrive SP parameter set was transferred to the SMARTCARD using the difference from defaults transfer method (i.e. 4yyy transfer).

The Powerdrive F300 is not able to read any other type of Unidrive SP data block on the card. Although it is possible to transfer difference from default data blocks from a Unidrive SP into the Powerdrive F300, the following should be noted:

- 1. If a parameter from the source drive does not exist in the target drive then no data is transferred for that parameter.
- If the data for the parameter in the target drive is out of range then the data is limited to the range of the target parameter.
- If the target drive has a different rating to the source drive then the normal rules for this type of transfer apply.



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The whole card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read-only flag as detailed in section 9.3.9 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card read only flag on page 164.

The card should not be removed during data transfer, as the drive will produce a trip. If this occurs then either the transfer should be reattempted or in the case of a card to drive transfer, default parameters should be loaded.

9.3 Transferring data

Data transfer, erasing and protecting the information is performed by entering a code in Pr mm.000 and then resetting the drive as shown in Table 9-1.

Table 9-1 SMARTCARD and SD card codes

Code	Operation	SMARTCARD	SD card
2001	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file 001 and sets the block as bootable. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	✓	✓
4ууу	Transfer the drive parameters to parameter file yyy. This will include the parameters from attached option modules.	✓	✓
5ууу	Transfer the onboard user program to onboard user program file yyy.	✓	✓
6ууу	Load the drive parameters from parameter file yyy or the onboard user program from onboard user program file yyy.	✓	✓
7ууу	Erase file yyy.	√	✓
8ууу	Compare the data in the drive with file yyy. If the files are the same then <i>Pr mm.000</i> (mm.000) is simply reset to 0 when the compare is complete. If the files are different a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated. All other NV media card trips also apply.	✓	√
9555	Clear the warning suppression flag	✓	✓
9666	Set the warning suppression flag	✓	✓
9777	Clear the read-only flag	√	✓
9888	Set the read-only flag	✓	✓
9999	Erase and format the NV media card	✓	
40ууу	Backup all drive data (parameter differences from defaults, an onboard user program and miscellaneous option data), including the drive name; the store will occur to the folder; if it does not exist, it will be created. Because the name is stored, this is a backup, rather than a copy. The command code will be cleared when all drive and option data have been saved.		√
60ууу	Load all drive data (parameter differences from defaults, an onboard user program and miscellaneous option data); the load will come from the folder. The command code will not be cleared until the drive and all option data have been loaded.		√

Where yyy indicates the block number 001 to 999.

NOTE

If the read only flag is set then only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

9.3.1 Writing to the NV Media Card

4yyy - Writes defaults differences to the NV Media Card The data block only contains the parameter differences from the last time default settings were loaded.

All parameters except those with the NC (Not copied) coding bit set are transferred to the NV Media Card. In addition to these parameters all menu 20 parameters (except Pr **20.000**), can be transferred to the NV Media Card.

Writing a parameter set to the NV Media Card (Pr 11.042 = Program (2))

Setting Pr **11.042** to Program (2) and resetting the drive will save the parameters to the NV Media Card, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 4001 to Pr **mm.000**. All NV Media Card trips apply except 'Card Change'. If the data block already exists it is automatically overwritten. When the action is complete this parameter is automatically reset to None (0).

9.3.2 Reading from the NV Media Card

6yyy - Reading from NV Media Card

When the data is transferred back to the drive, using 6yyy in Pr mm.000, it is transferred to the drive RAM and the EEPROM. A parameter save is not required to retain the data after-power down. Set up data for any option modules installed stored on the card are transferred to the drive. If the option modules installed are different between source and destination drives, the menus for the option module slots where the option module categories are different are not updated from the card and will contain their default values after the copying action. The drive will

produce a 'Card Option' trip if the option module installed to the source and the destination drives are different or are in different slots. If the data is being transferred to the drive with different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur.

The following drive rating dependant parameters (RA coding bit set) will not be transferred to the destination drive by a NV Media Card when the voltage rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file.

However, drive rating dependent parameters will be transferred if only the current rating is different. If drive rating dependant parameters are not transferred to the destination drive they will contain their default values.

Pr 02.008 Standard Ramp Voltage

Pr 04.005 to Pr 04.007 and Pr 21.027 to Pr 21.029 Motoring Current Limits

Pr 04.024, User Current Maximum Scaling

Pr 05.007, Pr 21.007 Rated Current

Pr 05.009, Pr 21.009 Rated Voltage

Pr 05.010, Pr 21.010 Rated Power Factor

Pr 05.017, Pr 21.012 Stator Resistance

Pr 05.018 Maximum Switching Frequency

Pr 05.024, Pr 21.014 Transient Inductance

Pr 05.025, Pr 21.024 Stator Inductance

Pr 06.006 Injection Braking Level

Pr 06.048 Supply Loss Detection Level

Pr 06.065 Standard Under Voltage Threshold

Pr 06.066 Low Under Voltage Threshold

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Reading a parameter set from the NV Media Card (Pr 11.042 = Read (1))

Setting Pr 11.042 to Read (1) and resetting the drive will transfer the parameters from the card into the drive parameter set and the drive EEPROM, i.e. this is equivalent to writing 6001 to Pr mm.000.

All NV Media Card trips apply. Once the parameters are successfully copied this parameter is automatically reset to None (0). Parameters are saved to the drive EEPROM after this action is complete.

9.3.3 Auto saving parameter changes (Pr 11.042 = Auto (3))

This setting causes the drive to automatically save any changes made to menu 0 parameters on the drive to the NV Media Card. The latest menu 0 parameter set in the drive is therefore always backed up on the NV Media Card. Changing Pr **11.042** to Auto (3) and resetting the drive will immediately save the complete parameter set from the drive to the card, i.e. all parameters except parameters with the NC coding bit set. Once the whole parameter set is stored only the individual modified menu 0 parameter setting is updated.

Advanced parameter changes are only saved to the NV Media Card when Pr mm.000 is set to 'Save Parameters' or a 1000 and the drive reset.

All NV Media Card trips apply, except 'Card Change'. If the data block already contains information it is automatically overwritten.

If the card is removed when Pr **11.042** is set to 3 Pr **11.042** is then automatically set to None (0).

When a new NV Media Card is installed Pr **11.042** must be set back to Auto (3) by the user and the drive reset so the complete parameter set is rewritten to the new NV Media Card if auto mode is still required.

When Pr **11.042** is set to Auto (3) and the parameters in the drive are saved, the NV Media Card is also updated, and therefore the NV Media Card becomes a copy of the drives stored configuration.

At power up, if Pr 11.042 is set to Auto (3), the drive will save the complete parameter set to the NV Media Card. The drive will display 'Card Write' during this operation. This is done to ensure that if a user puts a new NV Media Card in during power down the new NV Media Card will have the correct data

NOTE

When Pr 11.042 is set to Auto (3) the setting of Pr 11.042 itself is saved to the drive EEPROM but not the NV Media Card.

9.3.4 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr 11.042 = Boot (4))

When Pr **11.042** is set to Boot (4) the drive operates the same as Auto mode except when the drive is powered-up. The parameters on the NV Media Card will be automatically transferred to the drive at power up if the following are true:

- · A card is inserted in the drive
- Parameter data block 1 exists on the card
- The data in block 1 is type 1 to 4 (as defined in Pr 11.038)
- Pr 11.042 on the card set to Boot (4)

The drive will display 'Booting Parameters during this operation. If the drive mode is different from that on the card, the drive gives a 'Card Drive Mode' trip and the data is not transferred.

If 'Boot' mode is stored on the copying NV Media Card this makes the copying NV Media Card the master device. This provides a very fast and efficient way of re-programming a number of drives.

NOTE

Boot' mode is saved to the card, but when the card is read, the value of Pr **11.042** is not transferred to the drive.

9.3.5 Booting up from the NV Media Card on every power up (Pr mm.000 = 2001)

It is possible to create a bootable parameter data block by setting Pr mm.000 to 2001 and initiating a drive reset. This data block is created in one operation and is not updated when further parameter changes are made.

Setting Pr mm.000 to 2001 will overwrite the data block 1 on the card if it already exists.

9.3.6 8yyy - Comparing the drive full parameter set with the NV Media Card values

Setting 8yyy in Pr mm.000, will compare the NV Media Card file with the data in the drive. If the compare is successful Pr mm.000 is simply set to 0. If the compare fails a 'Card Compare' trip is initiated.

9.3.7 7yyy / 9999 - Erasing data from the NV Media Card values

Data can be erased from the NV Media Card either one block at a time or all blocks in one go.

- Setting 7yyy in Pr mm.000 will erase NV Media Card data block yyy
- Setting 9999 in Pr mm.000 will erase all the data blocks on a SMARTCARD, but not on an SD Card.

9.3.8 9666 / 9555 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card warning suppression flag

If the option modules installed to the source and destination drive are different or are in different slots the drive will produce a 'Card Option' trip. If the data is being transferred to a drive of a different voltage or current rating a 'Card Rating' trip will occur. It is possible to suppress these trips by setting the warning suppression flag. If this flag is set the drive will not trip if the option module(s) or drive ratings are different between the source and destination drives. The options module or rating dependent parameters will not be transferred.

- Setting 9666 in Pr mm.000 will set the warning suppression flag
- Setting 9555 in Pr mm.000 will clear the warning suppression flag

9.3.9 9888 / 9777 - Setting and clearing the NV Media Card read only flag

The NV Media Card may be protected from writing or erasing by setting the read only flag. If an attempt is made to write or erase a data block when the read only flag is set, a 'Card Read Only' trip is initiated. When the read only flag is set only codes 6yyy or 9777 are effective.

- Setting 9888 in Pr mm.000 will set the read only flag
- · Setting 9777 in Pr mm.000 will clear the read only flag

9.4 Data block header information

Each data block stored on a NV Media Card has header information detailing the following:

- NV Media Card File Number (11.037)
- NV Media Card File Type (11.038)
- NV Media Card File Version (11.039)
- NV Media Card File Checksum (11.040)

The header information for each data block which has been used can be viewed in Pr 11.038 to Pr 11.040 by increasing or decreasing the data block number set in Pr 11.037. If there is no data on the card Pr 11.037 can only have a value of 0.

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9.5 NV Media Card parameters

Table 9-2 Key to parameter table coding

RW	Read / Write	ND	No default value
RO	Read only	NC	Not copied
Num	Number parameter	PT	Protected parameter
Bit	Bit parameter	RA	Rating dependant
Txt	Text string	US	User save
Bin	Binary parameter	PS	Power-down save
FI	Filtered	DE	Destination

11.036	{00	.029}	NV Me	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded							
RO		Num						NC	PT		
OL											
RFC-A	Û		0 to 999				\Rightarrow		0		
RFC-S											

This parameter shows the number of the data block last transferred from a NV Media Card to the drive. If defaults are subsequently reloaded this parameter is set to 0.

11	.03	7	NV Media Card File Number								
RW Num											
OL											
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		0 to		\Rightarrow	⇒	0				
RFC-S											

This parameter should have the data block number which the user would like the information displayed in Pr 11.038, Pr 11.039 and Pr 11.040.

11	.03	3	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	Ту	pe			
RO		Txt		N	D	NC	PT			
OL RFC-A RFC-S	\$	RFC Rege	(0), O _l 2-A (2), n (4), U Option	RFC-S Iser Pro	s (3), og (5),	仓				

Displays the type/mode of the data block selected with Pr 11.037.

Pr 11.038	String	Type / mode
0	None	No file selected
1	Open-loop	Open-loop mode parameter file
2	RFC-A	RFC-A mode parameter file
3	RFC-S	RFC-S mode parameter file
4	Regen	Regen mode parameter file
5	User Prog	Onboard user program file
6	Option App	Option module application file

11	.03	9	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	Ve	rsio	n		
RO		Num				Ν	D	NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		0 to	9999		\Rightarrow				
RFC-S	RFC-S									

Displays the version number of the file selected in Pr 11.037.

11	.04	0	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	Ch	eck	sum		
RO		Num				N	D	NC	PT	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	\$	i	-214748 21474		to	仓				

Displays the checksum of the data block selected in Pr 11.037.

11.0	42	Paran	neter C	loning					
RW	Txt					NC		US*	
OL RFC-A RFC-S		one (0), gram (2 Boo			仓		None	(0)	

^{*} Only a value of 3 or 4 in this parameter is saved.

NOTE

If Pr 11.042 is equal to 1 or 2, this value is not transferred to the drive or saved to the EEPROM. If Pr 11.042 is set to 3 or 4 the value is saved to the EEPROM

None (0) = Inactive

Read (1) = Read parameter set from the NV Media Card

Program (2) = Program a parameter set to the NV Media Card

Auto (3) = Auto save

Boot (4) = Boot mode

11	.07	2	NV Me	edia Ca	ard Cre	ate	Spe	ecial F	ile	
RW		Num						NC		
OL										
RFC-A	${\bf \hat{v}}$		0 t	o 1		\Box			0	
RFC-S										

If NV Media Card Create Special File (11.072) = 1 when a parameter file is transferred to an NV media card the file is created as a macro file. NV Media Card Create Special File (11.072) is reset to 0 after the file is created or the transfer fails.

11.	073	3	NV Me	edia Ca	ard Typ	е				
RO		Txt				Ν	D	NC	PT	
OL RFC-A RFC-S	\$	S	MART	e (0), Card (′ ard (2)	1),	仓				

This will display the type of media card inserted; it will contain one of the following values:

"None" (0) - No NV Media Card has been inserted.

"SMART Card" (1) - A SMARTCARD has been inserted.

"SD Card" (2) - A FAT formatted SD card has been inserted.

11	.07	5	NV Me	edia Ca	ard Rea	ad-onl	y Flag		
RO		Bit				ND	NC	PT	
OL									
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	(Off (0) c	or On (1	1)	⇒			
RFC-S									

NV Media Card Read-only Flag (11.075) shows the state of the read-only flag for the currently installed card.

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11	.070	6	NV Me	edia Ca	ard Wa	rnin	g S	uppre	ssion	Flag	
RO		Bit				N[)	NC	PT		
OL											
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$	C	Off (0) c	or On (1	1)	⇒					
RFC-S											

NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag (11.076) shows the state of the warning flag for the currently installed card.

11	.07	7	NV Me	edia Ca	ard File	Re	qui	red Ve	rsion	
RW		Num				N	D	NC	PT	
OL										
RFC-A	${\mathfrak J}$		0 to 9999							
RFC-S										

The value of *NV Media Card File Required Version* (11.077) is used as the version number for a file when it is created on an NV Media Card. *NV Media Card File Required Version* (11.077) is reset to 0 when the file is created or the transfer fails.

9.6 NV Media Card trips

After an attempt to read, write or erase data from a NV Media Card a trip is initiated if there has been a problem with the command.

See Chapter 13 *Diagnostics* on page 260 for more information on NV Media Card trips.

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10 Onboard PLC

10.1 Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio

The drive has the ability to store and execute a 16 kB Onboard PLC user program without the need for additional hardware in the form of an option module.

Machine Control Studio is an IEC61131-3 development environment designed for use with Powerdrive F300 and compatible application modules. Machine Control Studio is based on CODESYS from 3S-Smart Software Solutions.

All of the programming languages defined in the IEC standard IEC 61131-3 are supported in the Machine Control Studio development environment.

- ST (Structured text)
- · LD (Ladder diagram)
- · FBD (Function block diagram)
- IL (Instruction list)
- · SFC (Sequential function chart)
- CFC (Continuous Function Chart). CFC is an extension to the standard IEC programming languages

Machine Control Studio provides a complete environment for the development of user programs. Programs can be created, compiled and downloaded to a Powerdrive F300 for execution, via the communications port on the front of the drive. The run-time operation of the compiled program on the target can also be monitored using Machine Control Studio and facilities are provided to interact with the program on the target by setting new values for target variables and parameters.

The Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio form the first level of functionality in a range of programmable options for Powerdrive F300.

Machine Control Studio can be downloaded from www.controltechniques.com.

See the Machine Control Studio help file for more information regarding using Machine Control Studio, creating user programs and downloading user programs to the drive.

10.2 Benefits

The combination of the Onboard PLC and Machine Control Studio, means that the drive can replace nano and some micro PLCs in many applications

Machine Control Studio benefits from access to the standard CODESYS function and function block libraries as well as those from third parties. Functions and function blocks available as standard in Machine Control Studio include, but not limited to, the following:

- Arithmetic blocks
- · Comparison blocks
- Timers
- Counters
- Multiplexers
- Latches
- · Bit manipulation

Typical applications for the Onboard PLC include:

- Ancillary pumps
- · Fans and control valves
- Interlocking logic
- Sequences routines
- Custom control words.

10.3 Features

The Powerdrive F300 Onboard PLC user program has the following features:

10.3.1 Tasks

The Onboard PLC allows use of two tasks.

- Clock: A high priority real time task. The clock task interval can be set from 4 ms to 262 s in multiples of 4 ms. The parameter Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used (11.051) shows the percentage of the available time used by clock task. A read or write of a drive parameter by the user program takes a finite period of time. It is possible to select up to 10 parameters as fast access parameter which reduced the amount of time it takes for the user program to read from or write to a drive parameter. This is useful when using a clock task with a fast update rate as selecting a parameter for fast access reduces the amount of the clock task resource required to access parameters.
- Freewheeling: A non-real time background task. The freewheeling task is scheduled for a short period once every 64 ms. The time for which the task is scheduled will vary depending on the loading of the drive's processor. When scheduled, several scans of the user program may be performed. Some scans may execute in microseconds. However, when the main drive functions are scheduled there will be a pause in the execution of the program causing some scans to take many milliseconds. The parameter Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second (11.050) shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

10.3.2 Variables

The Onboard PLC supports the use of variables with the data types of Boolean, integer (8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit, signed and unsigned), floating point (64 bit only), strings and time.

10.3.3 Custom menu

Machine Control Studio can construct a custom drive menu to reside in menu 30 on the drive. The following properties of each parameter can be defined using Machine Control Studio:

- · Parameter name
- · Number of decimal places
- The units for the parameter to be display on the keypad.
- The minimum, maximum and default values
- Memory handling (i.e. power down save, user save or volatile)
- Data type. The drive provides a limited set of 1 bit, 8 bit, 16 bit and 32 bit integer parameters to create the customer menu.

Parameters in this customer menu can be accessed by the user program and will appear on the keypad.

10.3.4 Limitations

The Onboard PLC user program has the following limitations:

- The flash memory allocated to the Onboard PLC is 16 kB which includes the user program and its header which results in a maximum user program size of about 12 kB
- The Onboard PLC is provided with 2 kB of RAM.
- The drive is rated for 100 program downloads. This limitation is imposed by the flash memory used to store the program within the drive.
- There is only one real-time task with a minimum period of 4 ms.
- The freewheeling background task runs at a low priority. The drive is
 prioritized to perform the clock task and its major functions first, e.g.
 motor control, and will use any remaining processing time to execute
 the freewheeling task as a background activity. As the drive's
 processor becomes more heavily loaded, less time is spent
 executing the freewheeling task.
- Breakpoints, single stepping and online program changes are not possible.
- The Graphing tool is not supported.
- The variable data types REAL (32 bit floating point), LWORD (64 bit integer) and WSTRING (Unicode string), and retained variables are not supported.

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10.4 Onboard PLC parameters

The following parameters are associated with the Onboard PLC user program.

1	11.0	047	Onboard User Program: Enable								
1	RW	Txt				US					
	\$	Stop	(0) or Ru	n (1)	\Rightarrow	Rui	n (1)				

This parameter stops and starts the user program.

0 - Stop the User Program

The onboard user program is stopped. If it is restarted by setting *Onboard User Program: Enable* (11.047) to a non-zero value the background task starts from the beginning.

1 - Run the User Program

The user program will execute.

1	11.0	048	Onboard User Program: Status								
I	RO	Txt		NC	PT						
	(47483648 14748364		\Rightarrow						

This parameter is read-only and indicates the status of the user program in the drive. The user program writes the value to this parameter.

- 0: Stopped
- 1: Running
- 2: Exception
- 3: No user program present

11.0	049	Onboard User Program: Programming Events								
RO	Uni		NC PT		PS					
\$	(0 to 65535	5	\Rightarrow						

This parameter holds the number of times an Onboard PLC user program download has taken place and is 0 on dispatch from the factory. The drive is rated for one hundred ladder program downloads. This parameter is not altered when defaults are loaded.

11.0	050	Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second								
RO	Uni		NC	PT						
\$		0 to 65535	5	ightharpoons						

This parameter shows the number of times the freewheeling task has started per second.

11.	051	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used								
RO			NC	PT						
\$	0.0	0 to 100.0	%	\Rightarrow						

This parameter shows the percentage of the available time used by the user program clock task.

11.	055	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Scheduled Interval									
RO			NC	PT							
\$	0 to	0 262128	ms	\Diamond							

This parameter shows the interval at which the clock task is scheduled to run at in ms.

If the drive detects an error in the user program it will initiate a User Program trip. The sub-trip number for the User Program trip details the reason for the error. See Chapter 13 *Diagnostics* on page 260 for more information on the User Program trip.

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11 Advanced parameters

This is a quick reference to all parameters in the drive showing units, ranges limits etc, with block diagrams to illustrate their function. Full descriptions of the parameters can be found in the *Parameter Reference Guide*.



These advanced parameters are listed for reference purposes only. The lists in this chapter do not include sufficient information for adjusting these parameters. Incorrect adjustment can affect the safety of the system, and damage the drive and or external equipment. Before attempting to adjust any of these parameters, refer to the *Parameter Reference Guide*.

Table 11-1 Menu descriptions

Menu	Description
wenu	Description
0	Commonly used basic set up parameters for quick / easy programming
1	Frequency / Speed reference
2	Ramps
3	Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control
4	Torque and current control
5	Motor control
6	Sequencer and clock
7	Analog I/O, Temperature monitoring
8	Digital I/O
9	Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum, timers and
	scope
10	Status and trips
11	Drive set-up and identification, serial communications
12	Threshold detectors and variable selectors
13	Standard motion control
14	User PID controller
15	Option module slot 1 set-up menu
16	Option module slot 2 set-up menu
17	Option module slot 3 set-up menu
18	General option module application menu 1
19	General option module application menu 2
20	General option module application menu 3
22	Menu 0 set-up
23	Not allocated
28	Reserved menu
29	Reserved for pumping functions
30	Onboard user programming application menu
Slot 1	Slot 1 option menus*
Slot 2	Slot 2 option menus*
Slot 3	Slot 3 option menus*

^{*} Only displayed when the option modules are installed.

Operation mode abbreviations:

Open-loop

Sensorless control for induction motors

RFC-A Sensorless:

Asynchronous Rotor Flux Sensorless Control for induction motors

RFC-S Sensorless: Synchronous Rotor Flux Sensorless Control for synchronous motors including permanent magnet motors.

Default abbreviations:

Standard default value (50 Hz AC supply frequency)
USA default value (60 Hz AC supply frequency)

NOTE

Parameter numbers shown in brackets {...} are the equivalent Menu 0 parameters. Some Menu 0 parameters appear twice since their function depends on the operating mode.

The Range - RFC-A / S column applies to both RFC-A and RFC-S. For some parameters, this column applies to only one of these modes, this is indicated accordingly in the Default columns.

In some cases, the function or range of a parameter is affected by the setting of another parameter. The information in the lists relates to the default condition of any parameters affected in this way.

Table 11-2 Key to parameter table coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/Write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter. 'On' or 'Off' on the display
Num	Number: can be uni-polar or bi-polar
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
Bin	Binary parameter
IP	IP Address parameter
Mac	Mac Address parameter
Date	Date parameter
Time	Time parameter
Chr	Character parameter
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: This parameter selects the destination of an input or logic function.
RA	Rating dependent: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. Parameters with this attribute will be transferred to the destination drive by non-volatile storage media when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive and the file is a parameter file. However, the values will be transferred if only the current rating is different and the file is a difference from default type file.
ND	No default: The parameter is not modified when defaults are loaded
NC	Not copied: not transferred to or from non-volatile media during copying.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: parameter saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: parameter automatically saved in drive EEPROM when the under volts (UV) trip occurs.

Table 11-3 Feature look-up table

Feature						Related	parame	ters (Pr)					
Acceleration rates	02.010	02.0	11 to	02.032	02.033	02.034							
		_	019					.=	.=				
Analog speed reference 1		07.010		07.007		07.009 07.012							
Analog speed reference 2 Analog I/O	01.037 Menu 7	07.014	01.041	07.002	07.011	07.012	07.013	07.028	07.031				
Analog input 1		07.007	07.008	07.009	07.010	07.025	07 026	07 020					-
Analog input 2	07.001	07.007	07.008	07.009		07.023		07.030					
Analog output 1		07.011		07.013	07.014	07.020	07.031						
Analog output 2		07.020		07.033									
Application menu		u 18		u 19	Men	11.20							
At speed indicator bit	03.006	03.007	03.009	10.006	10.005								
Auto reset	10.034		10.036	10.001	10.000	10.007							
Autotune		05.016		05.023	05 024	05.025	05 010	05 029	05.030				
Catch a spinning motor	06.009	05.040	00.0	00.020	00.02	00.020	00.0.0	00.020	00.000				
Coast to stop	06.001	00.0.0											
Comms		23 to 11	.026										
Copying	11.042		36 to 11.	.040									
Cost - per kWh electricity	_	_		06.025	06.026	06.040							
Current controller													
Current feedback		04.002	04.017	04.004	04.012	04.020	04.023	04.024	04.026	10.008	10.009	10.017	
Current limits		04.006		04.018	04.015		04.016		05.010	10.008	10.009	10.017	
DC bus voltage		02.008											
DC injection braking	06.006	06.007	06.001										
Deceleration rates	02.020	02.0	21 to 029	02.004		35 to 037	02.002	02.008	06.001	10.030	10.031	10.039	02.009
Defaults	11.043	11.046											
Digital I/O	Menu 8												
Digital I/O read word	08.020												
Digital I/O T22	08.001	08.011	08.021	08.031									
Digital I/O T23	08.002	08.012		08.032									
Digital I/O T24	08.003	08.013	08.023	08.033									
Digital input T25	08.004	08.014	08.024										
Digital input T26	08.005	08.015	08.025	08.039									
Digital input T27	08.006		08.026	08.039									
Digital output T3	800.80	08.018	08.028										
Direction	10.013	06.030	06.031	01.003	10.014	02.001	03.002	08.003	08.004	10.040			
Drive active	10.002	10.040											
Drive derivative	11.028												
Drive OK	10.001	08.027	08.007	08.017	10.036	10.040							
Dynamic performance	05.026												
Dynamic V/F	05.013		00.040										
Enable		08.009											
External trip		08.010	08.007										
Fan speed	06.045												-
Fast disable	06.029	05 000	04.000	05.000									
Field weakening - induction motor Field weakening - PM motor		01.006	01.006	05.028									
Fire mode			05.009										
Filter change		06.018											
Frequency reference selection		01.015											
High stability space vector		01.013											
modulation	05.019												
I/O sequencer					06.033	06.034	06.042	06.043	06.041				
Inertia compensation			04.022										
Keypad reference		01.014	01.043	01.051	06.012	06.013							
Kt	05.032												
Line power supply loss			10.016										
Logic function 1						09.008							
Logic function 2		09.014	09.015	09.016	09.017	09.018	09.019	09.020					
Maximum speed	01.006												
Menu 0 set-up		u 22											
Minimum speed		10.004											
Modules - number of	11.035												
Motor map	05.006	05.007	05.008	05.009	05.010	05.011							i

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	Feature					•	•	Delete	d noveme	toro (Dr)			•		
Motorized	potentiomet	or	09.021	00 022	100 022	00 024	00.035		d parame		1	1	1		
	ed reference				01.009	09.024	09.023	09.02	09.021	09.020				-	
Onboard P		,		47 to 11											
	vector mod	e		05.017											
Operating			00.048	11.031	03.024	05.014									
Output			05.001		05.003	05.004									
Overspeed	threshold		03.008												
PID contro	ller		Men	u 14											
Positive log	gic		08.029												
Power up p			11.022	11.021											
Preset spe			01.015	01.0	021 to 01.	.028	01.016	01.01	4 01.042	01.0	045 to 01	.048	01.05	0	
Programma			Menu 9												
	are operatio		05.020												
	el / decel) n		02.004	02.008	06.001	02.002	02.003	10.03	0 10.031	10.039					
	ed autotune		05.016	05.008											
Regenerati			10.010	10.011	10.030	10.031	06.001			10.012	10.039	10.040			
Relay outp	uts		08.007	08.017	08.027	8.045	8.055	8.065							
Reset			10.033	08.002	08.022	10.034	10.035	10.03	6 10.001				ļ		
RFC-A Ser	nsoriess		03.024	03.042	04.012	05.040									
S ramp			02.006	02.007											
Sample rat			05.018	00.040											
	e Off input		08.009	08.010											
Security co			11.030	11.044	000										
Serial com				23 to 11		04 022	04 022	04.02	4 01.035						
Skip speed				05.008	01.031	01.032	01.033	01.03	4 01.035						
Slip compe				36 to 11	040	11.042									
Firmware v				11.034	.040	11.042									
Speed con				11.034 10 to 03	017	03.019	03 030	03.03	1						
Speed con					03.004	03.019	03.020	03.02	1						
	dback - drive	3	03.002	03.003	03.004				+						
	rence selec		01.014	01 015	01.049	01.050	01 001							-	
Status work		don	10.040	01.013	01.043	01.000	01.001								
Supply	<u> </u>		06.044	05.005	06.046										
Switching f	frequency		05.018	05.035		07.035									
	rotection - di	rive	05.018	05.035	07.004	07.005	07.006	07.03	2 07.035	10.018					
	otection - m		04.015	05.007	04.019	04.016	04.025	07.01		10.0.0					
Thermistor			7.007	7.001	7.053	7.011	7.002	7.058							
Threshold	detector 1		12.001		003 to 12.										
Threshold			12.002		023 to 12.				1			<u> </u>			
Time - filter				06.018					+			1			
	ered up log				06.028										
Time - run					06.028				1						
Torque	-				05.032										
Torque mo	de				04.009	04.010			1			1			
Trip detect	ion			10.038		20 to 10.	029					1			
Trip log				20 to 10		10.0	41 to 10	.051	06.028	10.0	70 to 10	.079			
Under voltage					10.015										
V/F mode				05.014					<u> </u>						
Variable se				08 to 12											
	Variable selector 2			28 to 12											
Velocity feed forward				01.040											
Voltage controller			05.031												
Voltage mo				05.023	05.015										
	Voltage rating				05.005										
Voltage su	pply			05.005											
Warning					10.017	10.018	10.040								
Zero speed	d indicator b	it	03.005	10.003											

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Parameter ranges and Variable minimum/maximums:

Some parameters in the drive have a variable range with a variable minimum and a variable maximum values which is dependent on one of the following:

- The settings of other parameters
- · The drive rating
- The drive mode
- · Combination of any of the above

The tables below give the definition of variable minimum/maximum and the maximum range of these.

VM_AC_V	OLTAGE	Range applied to parameters showing AC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below	
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is	s drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4
Deminion	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] =	0

VM_AC_VOI	.TAGE_SET	Range applied to the AC voltage set-up parameters
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below	
Definition	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is	drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4
Delilliuon	VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MIN] =	0

VM_ACC	EL_RATE Maximum applied to the ramp rate parameters
Units	s / 100 Hz, s / 1000 rpm, s / 1000 mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 3200.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.000 to 3200.000
Definition	Open-loop mode If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 1: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.0 x Pr 01.006 / 100.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S modes If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 0: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 If Ramp Rate Units (02.039) = 1: VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 x Pr 01.006 / 1000.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MAX] = 3200.000 x Pr 01.006 / 1000.0 VM_ACCEL_RATE[MIN] = 0.000 If the second motor map is selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006.

VM_AMC_R	OLL_OVER	Range applied the position parameters in the advanced motion controller
Units	User units	
Range of [MIN]	0 or -2 ³¹	
Range of [MAX]	0 or -2 ³¹ -1	
Definition	VM_AMC_ROLL_OVER[N	

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VM_AMC_UN	IPOLAR_ROLL_OVER	Range applied the position parameters in the advanced motion controller that are restricted to positive values
Units	User units	
Range of [MIN]	0 L	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 2 ³¹ -1	
Definition		_ROLL_OVER[MAX] = VM_AMC_ROLL_OVER[MAX] _ROLL_OVER[MIN] = 0

VM_C	C_VOLTAGE Range applied to parameters showing	DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below	
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link voltage feedback drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4 VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MIN] = 0	(over voltage trip level) for the drive. This level is

VM_DC_	/OLTAGE_SET Range applied to DC voltage reference parameters
Units	V
Range of [MIN]	0
Range of [MAX]	0 to the value listed below
Definition	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4
	VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MIN] = 0

VM_DF	RIVE_CURRENT	Range applied to parameters showing current in A
Units	Α	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.00	0
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	VM_DRIVE_CURR by Full Scale Curre	ENT[MAX] is equivalent to the full scale (over current trip level) or Kc value for the drive and is given and Kc (11.061).
	VM_DRIVE_CURR	ENT[MIN] = - VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX]

VM_DRIVE_CURF	RENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_DRIVE_CURRENT
Units	A
Range of [MIN]	0.000
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999
Definition	VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_DRIVE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.000

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VM_HIGH	_DC_VOLTAGE	Range applied to parameters showing high DC voltage
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1500	
Definition		TAGE[MAX] is the full scale d.c. link voltage feedback for the high d.c. link voltage measurement the voltage if it goes above the normal full scale value. This level is drive voltage rating dependent. TAGE[MIN] = 0

VM_LOW	_UNDER_VOLTS	Range applied the low under-voltage threshold
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	24	
Range of [MAX]	24 to 1150	
Definition	If Back-up Mode En	_VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] nable (06.068) = 1: _VOLTS[MAX] = VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN] / 1.1.

VM MOTOR	A CURRENT LIMIT
	R1_CURRENT_LIMIT Range applied to current limit parameters
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
	VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MIN] = 0.0
	Open-loop $ VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I_{Tlimit} / I_{Trated}) \times 100 \% $ Where: $ I_{Tlimit} = I_{MaxRef} \times cos(sin^{-1}(I_{Mrated} / I_{MaxRef})) $ $ I_{Mrated} = Pr \ \textbf{05.007} \ sin \ \phi $ $ I_{Trated} = Pr \ \textbf{05.007} \times cos \ \phi $ $ cos \ \phi = Pr \ \textbf{05.010} $ $ I_{MaxRef} \ is \ the \ lower \ of \ 0.7 \times Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \ or \ 1.1 \times Pr \ \textbf{11.060}. $
Definition	RFC-A VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I _{Tlimit} / I _{Trated}) x 100 % Where: I _{Tlimit} = I _{MaxRef} x cos(sin ⁻¹ (I _{Mrated} / I _{MaxRef})) I _{Mrated} = Pr 05.007 x cos φ ₁
	ITrated = Pr 05.007 x sin ϕ_1 ϕ_1 = cos-1 (Pr 05.010) + ϕ_2 . ϕ_1 is calculated during an autotune. See the variable minimum / maximum calculations in the <i>Parameter Reference Guide</i> for more information regarding ϕ_2 . I _{MaxRef} is the lower of 0.9 x Pr 11.061 or 1.1 x Pr 11.060 .
	RFC-S and Regen $ VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] = (I_{MaxRef}/ Pr \ \textbf{05.007}) \times 100 \% $ Where: $ I_{MaxRef} \text{ is the lower of } 0.9 \times Pr \ \textbf{11.061} \text{ or } 1.1 \times Pr \ \textbf{11.060}. $
	For VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX] use Pr 21.007 instead of Pr 05.007 and Pr 21.010 instead of Pr 05.010.

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VM_NEGATIVE VM_NEGATIVE		Limits applied to the	negative frequency or speed clamp						
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm	n/s							
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -33000.0 to	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -33000.0 to 0.0							
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 330	00.0							
	Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MIN]	VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1[MAX]					
Definition	0	0	0.0	Pr 01.006					
Deminion	0	1	0.0	0.0					
	1	Х	-VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP[MAX]	0.0					
	/M_NEGATIVE_REF_CLAMP2 is defined in the same way except that Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006.								

	VE_REF_CLAMP1 Limits applied to the positive frequency or speed reference clamp
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 33000.0
	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] defines the range of the positive reference clamp, <i>Maximum Reference Clamp</i> (01.006), which in turn limit the references.
	In open-loop mode VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] is fixed at 550.0 Hz
Definition	In RFC mode a limit is applied to the speed reference of 550 x 60 / Motor pole pairs. Therefore, with a 4 pole motor the limit for VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MAX] will be 16,500 rpm.
	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1[MIN] = 0.0
	VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP2 is defined in the same way as VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP1 except VM_POSITIVE_REF_CLAMP2[MAX] defines the range of the positive reference clamp, <i>M2 Maximum Reference Clamp</i> (21.001), which in turn limits the references.

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	VM_POWER	Range applied to parameters that either set or display power
Units	kW	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.000	
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	with maximum a.c. or	s rating dependent and is chosen to allow for the maximum power that can be output by the drive utput voltage, at maximum controlled current and unity power factor. : \sqrt{3} x VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX] x VM_DRIVE_CURRENT[MAX] / 1000
	VM_POWER[MIN] =	-VM_POWER[MAX]

VM_RA	TED_CURRENT	Range applied to rated current parameters
Units	Α	
Range of [MIN]	-99999.999 to 0.00	0
Range of [MAX]	0.000 to 99999.999	
Definition	VM_RATED_CURF Normal Duty rating VM_RATED_CURF	

VM_REGEN	REACTIVE	Range applied to the reactive current reference in Regen mode
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition	where ILimit gives the highest levelues. If the current limits current capability left for the used for the reactive currecurrent limit due to the mo	MAX] = ?(VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT2 - ILimit2) vel of the active current reference that can occur. This value is defined by the current limit are all set to their maximum values (i.e. VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT) then there is no be reactive current. However, if the current limits are reduced the resulting headroom can be ont. ILimit is defined by a combination of all the current limits excluding any reduction of the tor thermal model. MIN] = - VM_REGEN_REACTIVE[MAX]

	VM_SPEED	Range applied to parameters showing speed					
Units	Open-loop, RFC-A, RFC	-S: rpm or mm/s					
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop, RFC-A, RFC	en-loop, RFC-A, RFC-S: -33000.0 to 0.0					
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop, RFC-A, RFC	-S: 0.0 to 33000.0					
Definition	the range is set to twice	naximum defines the range of speed monitoring parameters. To allow headroom for overshoot the range of the speed references. VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]					
	VM_SPEED[MIN] = 2 x \	/M_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MIN]					

VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF	Range applied to the frequency or speed reference parameters
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mr	n/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -33000.0 to	o 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 330	00.0
Definition	If Pr 01.008 = 1: VM_SPE If the second motor map is Pr 01.007 .	ED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 ED_FREQ_REF[MAX] = Pr 01.006 or Pr 01.007 , whichever is larger. s selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.001 is used instead of Pr 01.006 and Pr 21.002 instead of MIN] = -VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX].

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VM_SPEED_FR	Unipolar version of VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: 0.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 33000.0
Definition	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX] VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_UNIPOLAR[MIN] = 0.0

VM_SPEED_	FREQ_USER_REFS	Range applied to some	e Menu 1 reference parameters						
Units	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/	Open-loop: Hz RFC-A, RFC-S: rpm or mm/s							
Range of [MIN]	Open-loop: -550.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -33000.0 to	Dpen-loop: -550.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: -33000.0 to 33000.0							
Range of [MAX]	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 33000	Open-loop: 0.0 to 550.0 RFC-A, RFC-S: 0.0 to 33000.0							
	VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF_U Negative Reference Clamp Enable (01.008)	JNIPOLAR[MAX] = VN Bipolar Reference Enable (01.010)	VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_REFS [MIN]						
Definition	0	0	Pr 01.007						
Deminion	0	1	-VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]						
	1	0	0.0						
	1	1 1 -VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF[MAX]							
	If the second motor map is s	If the second motor map is selected (Pr 11.045 = 1) Pr 21.002 is used instead of Pr 01.007.							

VM_STD_UN	DER_VOLTS	Range applied the standard under-voltage threshold
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150	
Definition		S[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET / 1.1 S[MIN] is voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4

VM_SUPP	PLY_LOSS_LEVEL	Range applied to the supply loss threshold
Units	V	
Range of [MIN]	0 to 1150	
Range of [MAX]	0 to 1150	
Definition		_LEVEL[MAX] = VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] _LEVEL[MIN] is drive voltage rating dependent. See Table 11-4

VM_SWITCHING	FREQUENCY Rar	nge applied the switching frequency parameters
Units		
Range of [MIN]	0	
Range of [MAX]	6	
Definition	VM_SWITCHING_FREQUENC	CY[MAX] = Power stage dependent CY[MIN] = 0

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Dicapostica	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

VM_TO	RQUE_CURRENT R	Range applied to torque and torque producing current parameters					
Units	%						
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0						
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0						
	Select Motor 2 Pa	rameters (11.045)	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT [MAX]				
Definition	0		VM_MOTOR1_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]				
	1		VM_MOTOR2_CURRENT_LIMIT[MAX]				
	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[M	IN] = -VM_TORQUE_CURF	RENT[MAX]				

VM_TORQUE_CUF	RRENT_UNIPOLAR Unipolar version of VM_TORQUE_CURRENT
Units	%
Range of [MIN]	0.0
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0
Definition	VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MAX] = VM_TORQUE_CURRENT[MAX] VM_TORQUE_CURRENT_UNIPOLAR[MIN] =0.0

VM_USER_	CURRENT	Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with one decimal place
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.0 to 0.0	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.0	
Definition		AX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) IN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT[MAX]

VM_USER_C	IRRENT_HIGH_RES Range applied to torque reference and percentage load parameters with two decimal places	
Units	%	
Range of [MIN]	-1000.00 to 0.00	
Range of [MAX]	0.0 to 1000.00	
Definition	VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MAX] = User Current Maximum Scaling (04.024) with an additional decimal pla VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MIN] = -VM_USER_CURRENT_HIGH_RES[MAX]	асе

Table 11-4 Voltage ratings dependant values

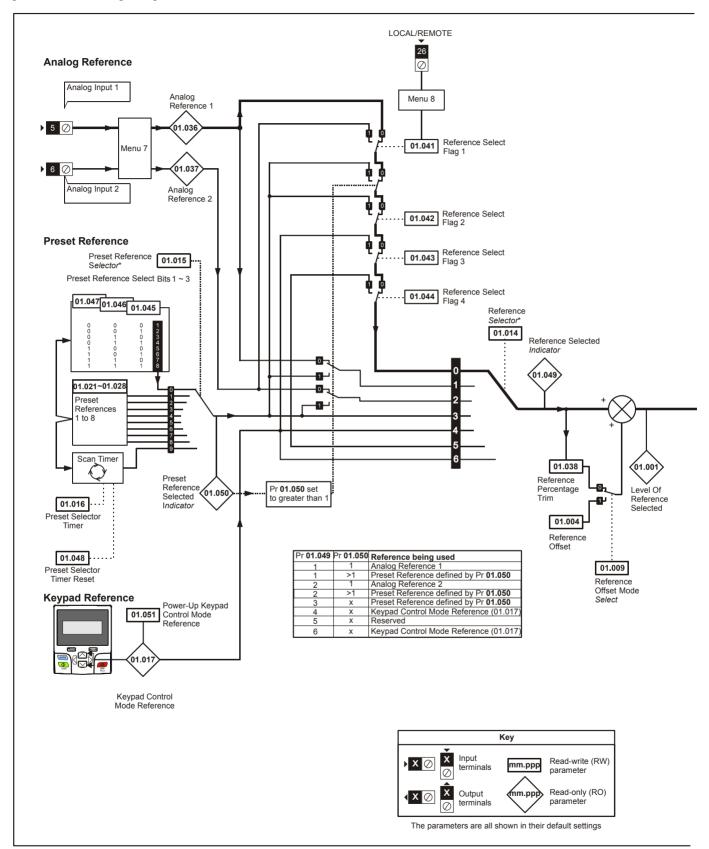
Variable min/max		Voltage level (V)							
variable mill/max	200 V	400 V	575 V	690 V					
VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX]	400	800	955	1150					
VM_DC_VOLTAGE(MAX]	415	830	990	1190					
VM_AC_VOLTAGE_SET(MAX]	240	480	575	690					
VM_AC_VOLTAGE[MAX]	325	650	780	930					
VM_STD_UNDER_VOLTS[MIN]	175	330	435	435					
VM_SUPPLY_LOSS_LEVEL{MIN]	205	410	540	540					
VM_HIGH_DC_VOLTAGE	1500	1500	1500	1500					

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Information Installation Installa

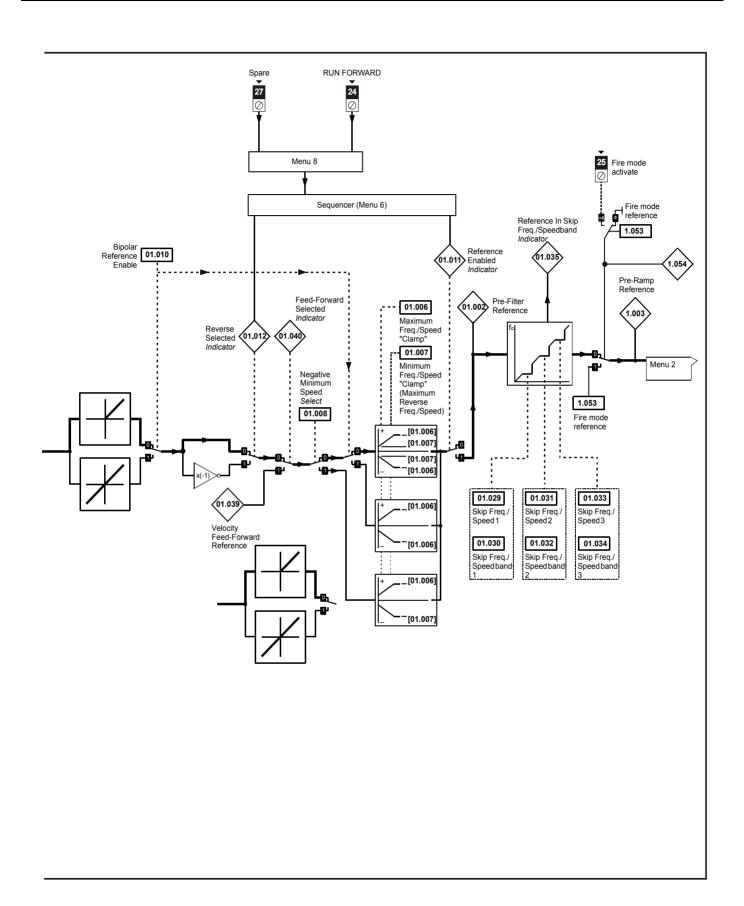
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.1 Menu 1: Frequency / speed reference

Figure 11-1 Menu 1 logic diagram



Onboard PLC Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Diagnostics Optimization information the motor information information installation installation started parameters Operation parameters data



		Rand	ge(\$)		Default(⇒)							\neg
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	-		Тур	е		
01.001	Reference Selected	±VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz		OL.	KI-C-A	KI-C-3	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	_
01.001	Pre-Skip Filter Reference	±VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	±VM SPEED_FREQ_REF rpm				RO	Num	ND	NC NC	PT	
01.002	Pre-Ramp Reference	±VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz	±VM SPEED FREQ REF rpm				RO	Num	ND		PT	
01.004	Reference Offset	±VM SPEED FREQ REF Hz			0.0		RW	Num	110	110		US
01.006	Maximum Reference Clamp	±VM_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 Hz	±VM_POSITIVE_REF_ CLAMP1 rpm	50Hz: 50.0 60Hz: 60.0	50Hz: 60Hz:		RW	Num				US
01.007	Minimum Reference Clamp	±VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1	±VM_NEGATIVE_REF_ CLAMP1	001121 0010	0.0		RW	Num				US
01.008	Negative Reference Clamp		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit			\dashv	US
01.009	Reference Offset Select		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.010	Bipolar Reference Enable	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
01.011	Reference On	, ,	or On (1)		.,		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.012	Reverse Select	Off (0) o	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.014	Reference Selector	A1 A2 (0), A1 Preso Preset (3), Keypa	et (1), A2 Preset (2) d (4), Precision (5) l Ref (6)		A1 A2 (0)		RW	Txt	ND			US
01.015	Preset Selector	0 t	0 9		0		RW	Num				US
01.016	Preset Selector Time	0.0 to	400.0 s		10.0 s		RW	Num			T	US
01.017	Keypad Control Mode Reference	±VM_SPEED_FR	EQ_USER_REFS		0.0		RO	Num		NC	PT	PS
01.021	Preset Reference 1	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.022	Preset Reference 2	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.023	Preset Reference 3	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.024	Preset Reference 4	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.025	Preset Reference 5	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.026	Preset Reference 6	±VM_SPEED	_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW	Num				US
01.027	Preset Reference 7	_			0.0		RW	Num				US
01.028	Preset Reference 8	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF 0.0 ±VM_SPEED_FREQ_REF 0.0										US
01.029	Skip Reference 1	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.030	Skip Reference Band 1	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.031	Skip Reference 2	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.032	Skip Reference Band 2	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.033	Skip Reference 3	0.0 to 550.0 Hz	0 to 33, 000 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.034	Skip Reference Band 3	0.0 to 25.0 Hz	0 to 250 rpm	0.0	0		RW	Num				US
01.035	Reference In Rejection Zone	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.036	Analog Reference 1	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_ REFS Hz	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_ REFS rpm		0.0		RO	Num		NC		
01.037	Analog Reference 2	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_ REFS Hz	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_USER_ REFS rpm		0.0		RO	Num		NC		
01.038	Percentage Trim		.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num		NC		
01.039	Speed Feed-forwards	_	_FREQ_REF				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
01.040	Speed Feed-forwards Select	, ,	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.041	Reference Select Flag 1	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.042	Reference Select Flag 2	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.043	Reference Select Flag 3		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.044	Reference Select Flag 4	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
01.045	Preset Select Flag 1		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit			PT	
01.046	Preset Select Flag 2		or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND		PT	
01.047	Preset Select Flag 3	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit	ND		PT	
01.048	Preset Selector Timer Reset	, ,	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW		ND		PT	
01.049	Reference Selected Indicator		0 6				RO	Num	ND		PT	
01.050	Preset Selected Indicator	1 t	0 8				RO	Num	ND	NC	۲۲	
01.051	Power-up Keypad Control Mode Reference		t (1), Preset (2)		Reset (0)		RW					US
01.052	Hand / Off / Auto operating mode		0 3		1		RW					US
01.053	Fire mode reference	_)_FREQ_REF		0.0		RW					US
01.054	Fire mode activate	Off (0) o	or On (1)		Off (0)		RO	Bit		NC		

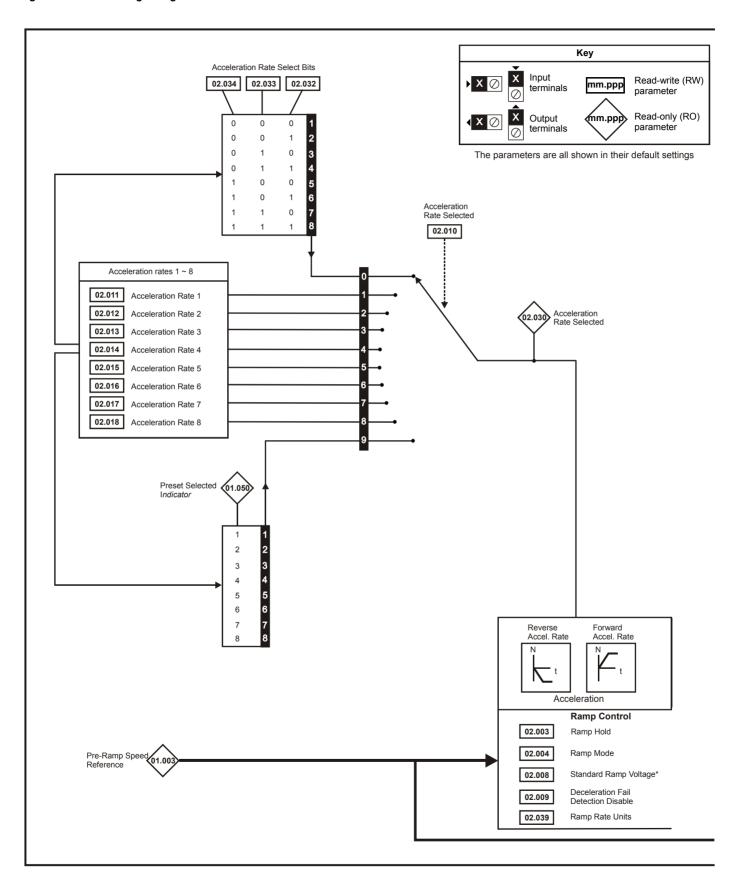
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Information Installation Installa

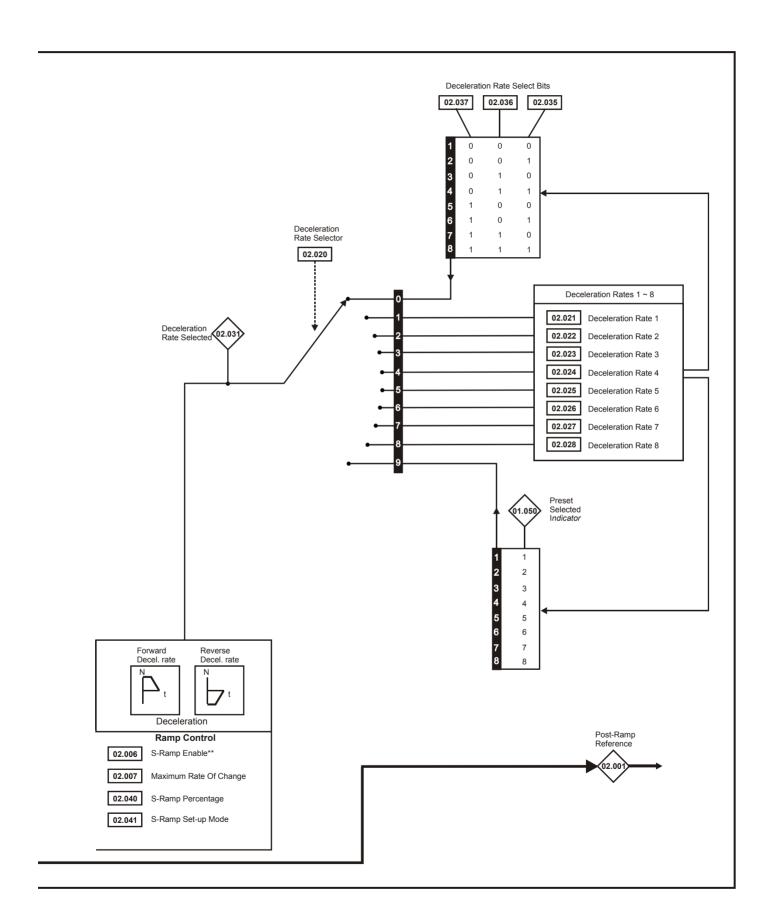
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.2 Menu 2: Ramps

Figure 11-2 Menu 2 logic diagram



Getting started Onboard PLC Product Electrical Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Diagnostics Optimization information installation the motor information information installation parameters Operation parameters data



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

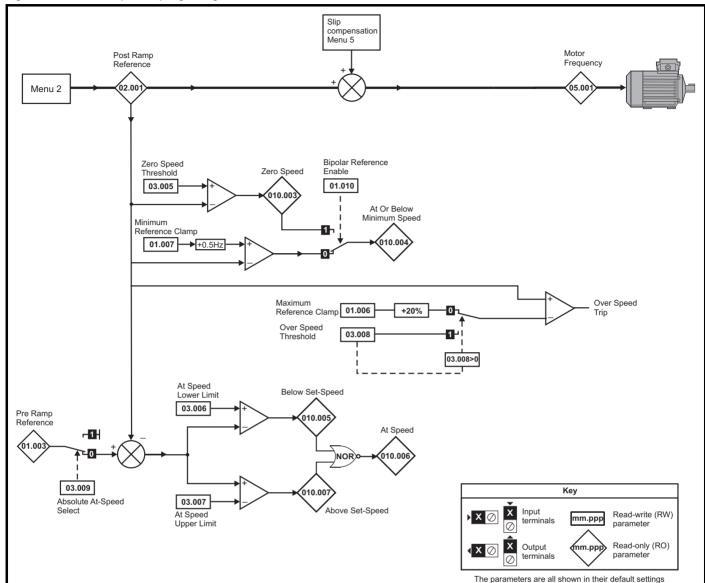
	D	Ran	ge(û)	De	fault(⇔)			_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A RFC-S			Тур)e		
02.001	Post Ramp Reference	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF Hz	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_ REF rpm			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	П
02.003	Ramp Hold	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
02.004	Ramp Mode	Fast (0), Standard (1), Std boost (2)	Fast (0), Standard (1)	Sta	indard (1)	RW	Txt				US
02.006	S Ramp Enable	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
02.007	Maximum Rate Of Change Of Acceleration	0.0 to 300.0 s ² /100 Hz	0.000 to 100.000 s ² /1000 rpm	3.1	1.500	RW	Num				US
02.008	Standard Ramp Voltage	±VM_DC_VO	LTAGE_SET V	400 V dri 400 V dri 575 V	drive: 375 V ve 50 Hz: 750 V ve 60 Hz: 775 V drive: 895 V V: 1075 V	RW	Num		RA		US
02.009	Deceleration Fail Detection Disable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
02.010	Acceleration Rate Selector	0 to 9	0 to 9		0	RW	Num				US
02.011	Acceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.012	Acceleration Rate 2	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.013	Acceleration Rate 3	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.014	Acceleration Rate 4	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.015	Acceleration Rate 5	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.016	Acceleration Rate 6	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.017	Acceleration Rate 7	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.018	Acceleration Rate 8	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.020	Deceleration Rate Selector		to 9		0	RW	Num				US
02.021	Deceleration Rate 1	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.022	Deceleration Rate 2	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.023	Deceleration Rate 3	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.024	Deceleration Rate 4	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.025	Deceleration Rate 5	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.026	Deceleration Rate 6	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.027	Deceleration Rate 7	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.028	Deceleration Rate 8	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	±VM_ACCEL_RATE s	20.0 s	20.000 s	RW	Num				US
02.030	Acceleration Rate Selected	01	to 8			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.031	Deceleration Rate Selected		to 8			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
02.032	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 0		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.033	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 1	()	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.034	Acceleration Rate Select Bit 2	` '	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.035	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 0	` '	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.036	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 1		or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.037	Deceleration Rate Select Bit 2	- (-)	or On (1)		Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
02.039	Ramp Rate Units	Off = 100 Hz (0) or On = Maximum frequency (1)	Off = 1000 rpm or 1000 mm/s (0) or On = Maximum speed (1)	Off = 100 Hz (0)	Off = 1000 rpm or 1000 mm/s (0)	RW	Bit				US
02.040	S Ramp Percentage		50.0 %		0.0 %	RW	Num				US
02.041	S Ramp Set-up Mode	Single (0), Percentag	e (1), Independent (2)	S	ingle (0)	RW	Txt				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

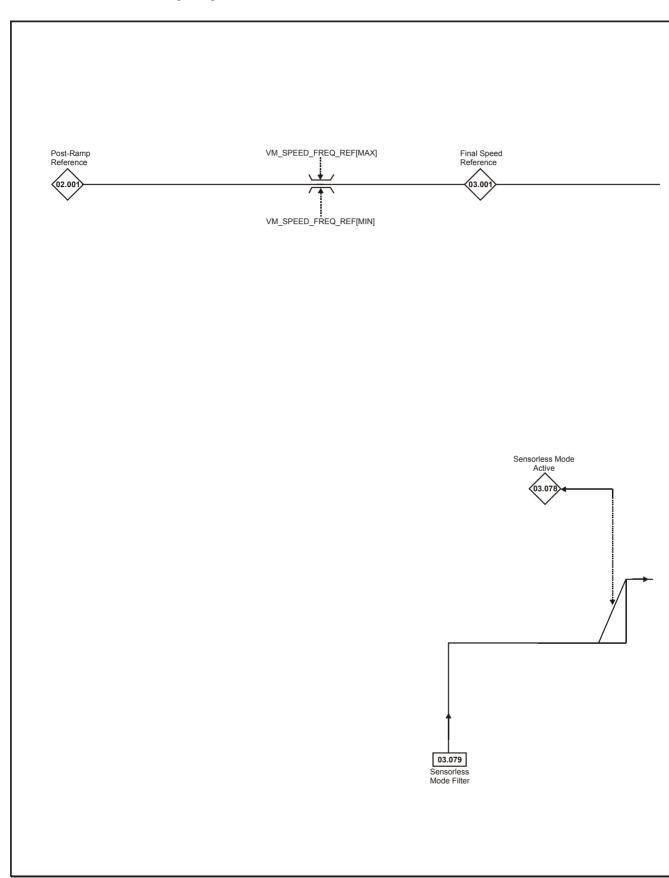
11.3 Menu 3: Frequency slaving, speed feedback and speed control

Figure 11-3 Menu 3 Open-loop logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

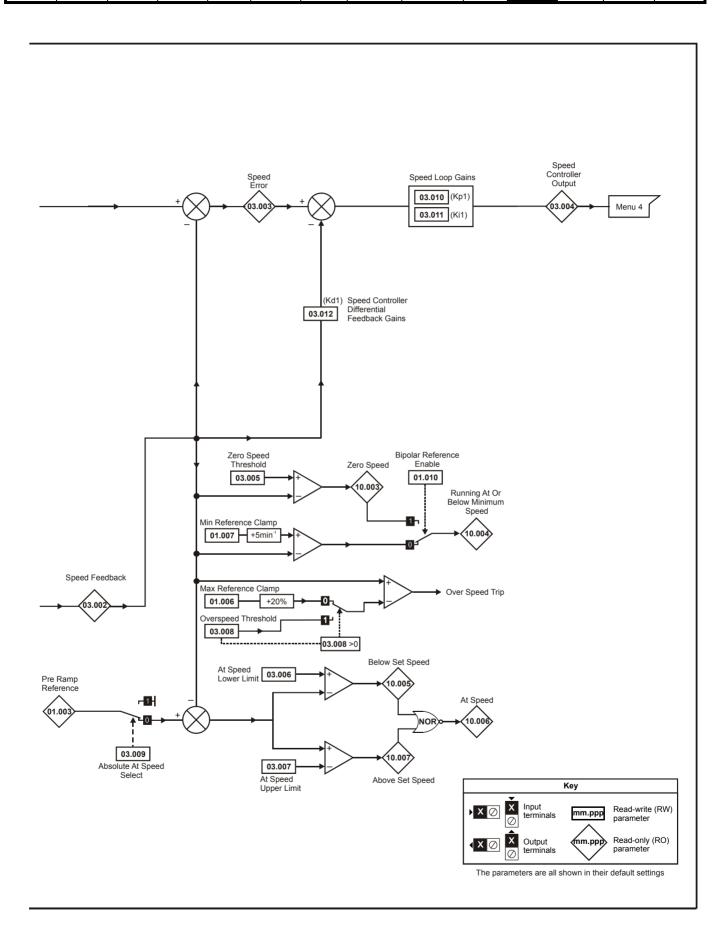
Figure 11-4 Menu 3 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram



NOTE

^{*} Automatic change over if the relevant 'bit' of Position Feedback Initialized (03.076) is 0.

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Diagnostics Optimization information the motor PLC information information installation installation started parameters Operation parameters data



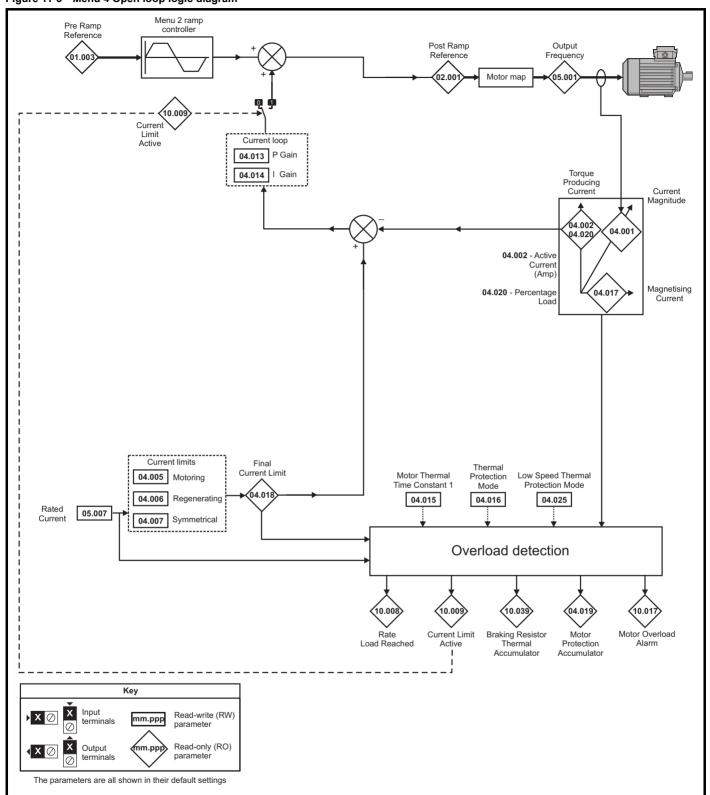
Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	1
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	Down					R	ange				Default					T			
	Para	meter			OL	RF	C-A	RFC-S	OL		RFC-A	RF	c-s			Тур	е		
03.001	Open-loop> F Demand	requer	ncy Slaving		±1000.0 Hz									RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
	RFC> Final S _I	peed R	Reference				±VM_	SPEED						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.002	Speed Feedba	ack					±VM_	SPEED						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
03.003	Speed Error						±VM_	SPEED						RO	Num	ND	NC	РΤ	FI
03.004	Speed Contro	ller Ou	itput			±VM_T	ORQL	IE_CURRENT %						RO	Num	ND	NC	РТ	FI
03.005	Zero Speed T	hresho	old		0.0 to 20.0 Hz		0 to 2	200 rpm	1.0 Hz	2	5	rpm		RW	Num				US
03.006	At Speed Low	er Lim	it		0.0 to 550.0 Hz		0 to 3	3000 rpm	1.0 Hz	<u>z</u>	5	rpm		RW	Num				US
03.007	At Speed Upp	er Lim	it		0.0 to 550.0 Hz		0 to 3	3000 rpm	1.0 Hz	Z	5	rpm		RW	Num				US
03.008	Over Speed T	hresho	old		0.0 to 550.0 Hz		0 to 4	0000 rpm	0.0 Hz	Z	0	rpm		RW	Num				US
03.009	Absolute At S	peed S	Select			Off (0)	or On	(1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
03.010	Speed Contro	ller Pro	oportional Ga	in Kp1		0.00	00 to 2	00.0000 s/rad			0.030	00 s/ra	d	RW	Num				US
03.011	Speed Contro	ller Inte	egral Gain Ki	1		0.	00 to 6	55.35 s ² /rad			0.10	s ² /rac	d	RW	Num				US
03.012	RFC> Speed Feedback Gai		ller Differenti	al				0.65535 1/rad			0.000	00 1/ra	ad	RW	Num				US
03.078	Sensorless Me	ode Ac	tive				Off (0)	or On (1)						RO	Bit	ND	NC	РТ	
03.079	Sensorless M	ode Fil	ter			4 (0), 8	(1), 16	(2),32 (3), 64 (4) ms			4 (0) ms		RW	Txt				US
RW R	ead / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number para	meter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text	string	Bin	Bina	y para	meter	FI	Fil	terec	
ND N	o default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected pa	rameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User	save	PS	Powe	er-dow	n save	DE	De	estina	ation

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

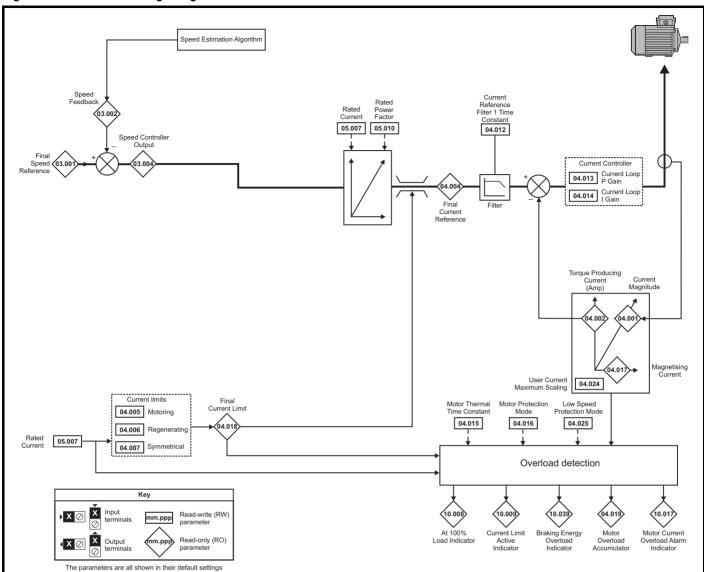
11.4 Menu 4: Torque and current control

Figure 11-5 Menu 4 Open loop logic diagram



Onboard PLC Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics parameters information information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation data

Figure 11-6 Menu 4 RFC-A logic diagram



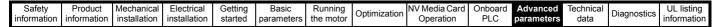
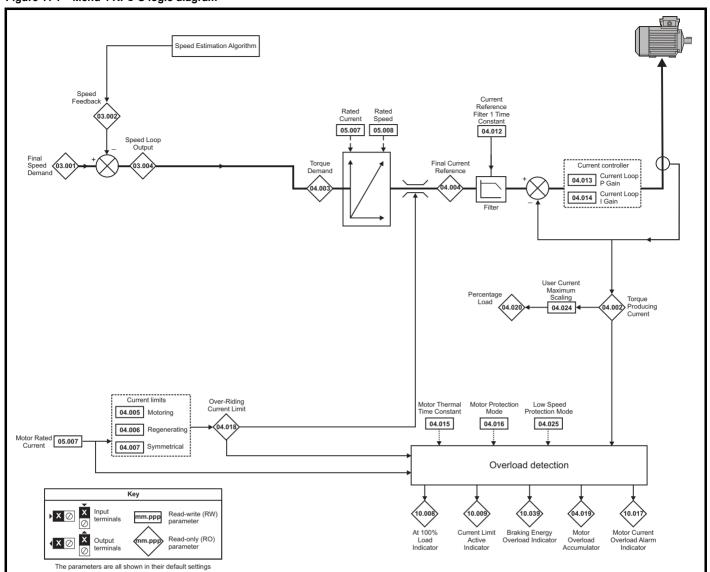


Figure 11-7 Menu 4 RFC-S logic diagram



Safety information in	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation		Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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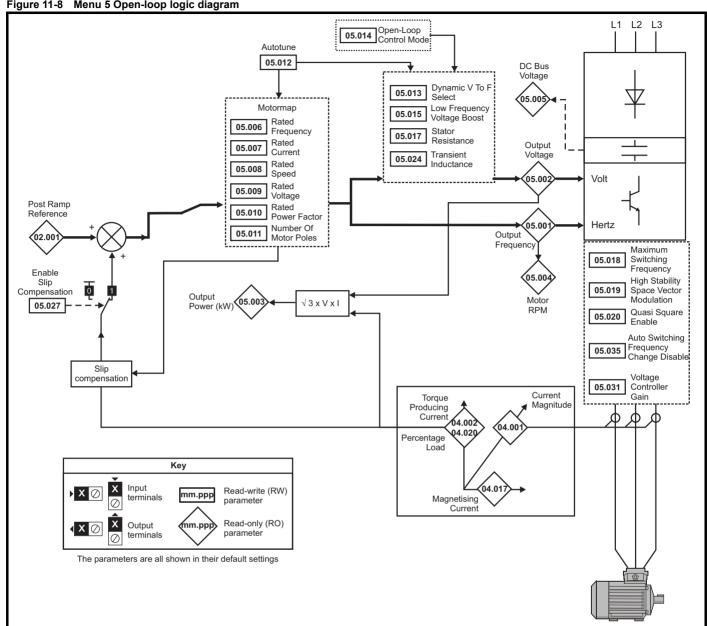
	Doromotor	Rar	nge(\$)		Default(⇔)				T			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	l		Тур	e		
04.001	Current Magnitude	±VM_DRIVE_CU	RRENT_UNIPOLAR				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.002	Torque Producing Current	±VM_DRI\	/E_CURRENT				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.003	Final Torque Reference	±VM_TORQ	UE_CURRENT				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.004	Final Current Reference	±VM_TORQ	UE_CURRENT				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.005	Motoring Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1	_CURRENT_LIMIT		110.0 %		RW	Num		RA		US
04.006	Regenerating Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1	_CURRENT_LIMIT		110.0 %		RW	Num		RA		US
04.007	Symmetrical Current Limit	±VM_MOTOR1	_CURRENT_LIMIT		110.0 %		RW	Num		RA		US
04.012	Current Reference Filter 1 Time Constant		0.0 to 25.0 ms		1.0	ms	RW	Num				US
04.013	Current Controller Kp Gain	0 to	30000	20	15	50	RW	Num				US
04.014	Current Controller Ki Gain	0 to	30000	40	20	00	RW	Num				US
04.015	Motor Thermal Time Constant 1	1.0 to	3000.0 s		89.0 s		RW	Num				US
04.016	Thermal Protection Mode	00) to 11		00		RW	Bin				US
04.017	Magnetising Current	±VM_DRI\	/E_CURRENT				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.018	Final Current Limit	±VM_TORQ	UE_CURRENT				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
04.019	Motor Protection Accumulator	0.0 to	100.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
04.020	Percentage Load	±VM_USE	R_CURRENT				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.021	Current feedback filter disable	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
04.024	User Current Maximum Scaling	±VM_TORQUE_C	URRENT_UNIPOLAR		110.0 %		RW	Num		RA		US
04.025	Low Speed Thermal Protection Mode	0	to 1		0		RW	Num				US
04.026	Percentage Torque	±VM_USER_ CURRENT %					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
04.027	Low load decision level	0.0	to100%		0.0 %		RW	Num				US
04.028	Low load detection speed / frequency threshold	±VM_SPEE	D_FREQ_REF		Unipolar 0.0		RW	Num				US
04.029	Enable trip on low load	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
04.036	Motor Protection Accumulator Power-Up Value	Power down (0), 2	Zero (1), Real time (2)		Power down (0)	RW	Txt				US
04.037	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2	1.0 to	3000.0 s		89.0 s		RW	Num				US
04.038	Motor Thermal Time Constant 2 Scaling	0 to	100 %		0 %		RW	Num				US
04.039	Rated Iron Losses As Percentage Of Losses	0 to	100 %		0 %		RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

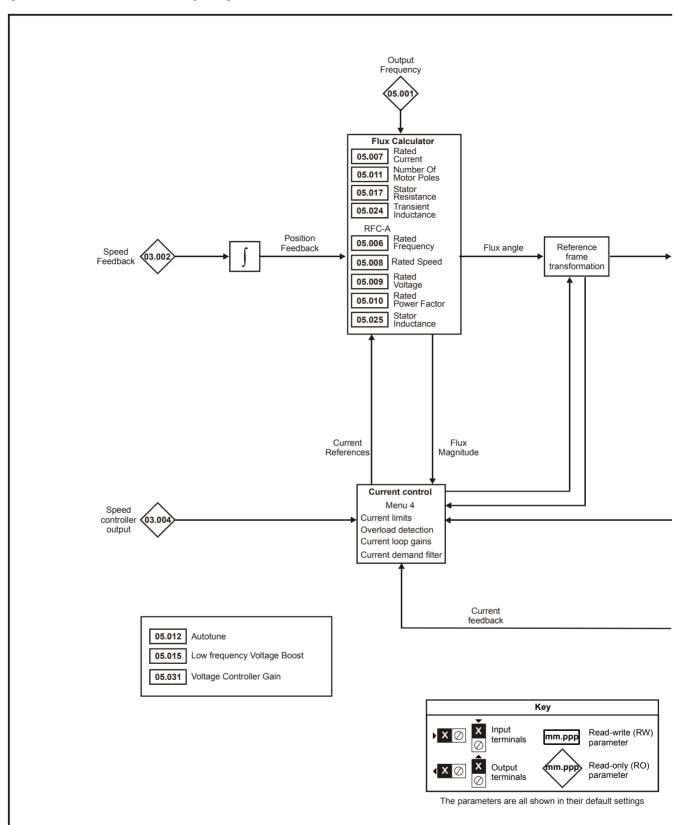
11.5 Menu 5: Motor control

Figure 11-8 Menu 5 Open-loop logic diagram

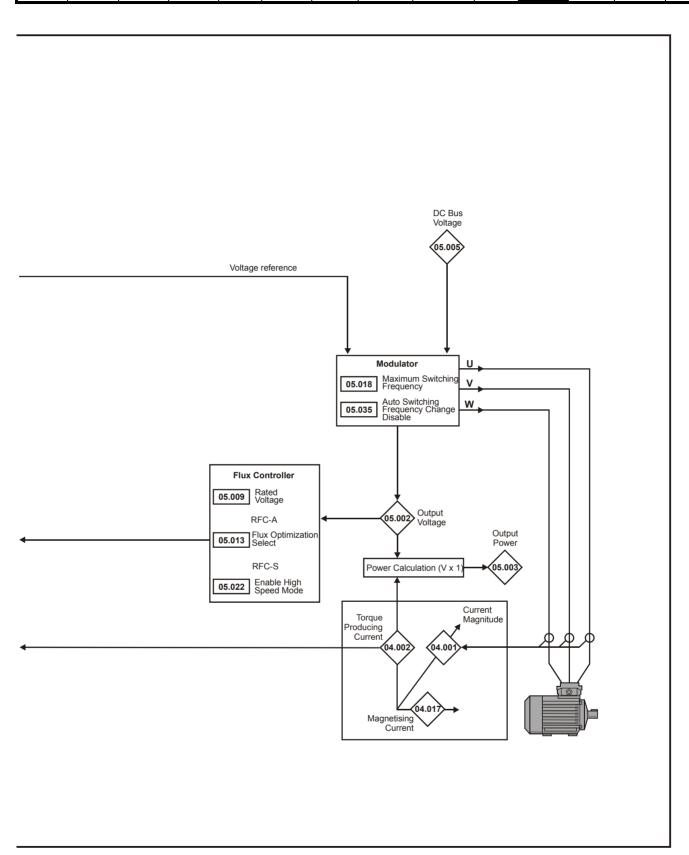


Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Figure 11-9 Menu 5 RFC-A, RFC-S logic diagram



Product information Electrical installation Getting started Running the motor Onboard PLC Advanced parameters UL listing information Safety Mechanical Basic NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics information installation parameters Operation data



		F	Range(兌)			Default(⇒)							
	Parameter	OL .	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
05.001	Output Frequency	±VM_SPEED_	+21	000.0 Hz				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.002		FREQ_REF Hz	C VOLTAGE					RO		ND	NC	PT	FI
05.002	Output Voltage Output Power	_	1 POWER W					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.003	Motor Rpm	±180000 rpm	I_FOWER W					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.005	D.C. Bus Voltage		 C_VOLTAGE	= V				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
					50Hz	z: 50.0							
05.006	Rated Frequency	0.0 to 550.0	HZ			z: 60.0		RW	Num				US
05.007	Rated Current	±VM_RA	TED_CURR	ENT	Maximur	n Rated Curr	ent 11.060	RW	Num		RA		US
05.008	Rated Speed	0 to 33000 rpm	0.00 to	33000.00 rpm	Eur - 1500 rpm USA - 1800 rpm	Eur - 1450.00 rpm USA - 1750.00 rpm	3000.00 rpm	RW	Num				US
05.009	Rated Voltage		_VOLTAGE_S	SET V	Eur USA 57	00 V drive: 23 - 400 V drive: - 400 V drive 75 V drive: 57 90 V drive: 69	400 V : 460 V '5 V	RW	Num		RA		US
05.010	Rated Power Factor	0.000 to 1.0				350		RW	Num		RA		US
05.011	Number Of Motor Poles		0) to 480 Pole		Autom	atic (0)	6 Poles (3)	RW	Txt				US
05.012	Autotune	0 to 2	0 to 3	0 to 4		0		RW	Num		NC		
05.013	Dynamic V To F Select / Flux Optimization Select	Off (0) or On	1 (1)		Off	f (0)		RW	Bit				US
05.014	Open-loop Control Mode / Action On Enable	Ur S (0), Ur (1), Fixed (2), Ur Auto (3), Ur I (4), Square (5), Current 1P (6)		Disabled (0), Short (1), Short Once (2), Long (3), Long Once (4)	Ur I (4)		Disabled (0)	RW	Txt				US
05.015	Low Frequency Voltage Boost	0.0 to 25.0	%		3.0) %		RW	Num				US
05.017	Stator Resistance	0.000000	to 1000.000	000 Ω		0.000000 Ω	1	RW			RA		US
05.018	Maximum Switching Frequency	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 8 kHz (4), 1	(1), 4 kHz (2 2 kHz (5), 16			3 kHz (1)		RW	Txt		RA		US
05.019	High Stability Space Vector Modulation	Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)			RW	Bit				US
05.020	Quasi-square Enable	OII (0) OI OII (1)			Oii (0)			RW	Bit				US
05.022	Enable High Speed Mode			Limit (-1), Disable (0), Enable (1)			Limit (-1)	RW	Bit				US
05.024	Transient Inductance / Ld	0.000	to 500.000 m	iH		0.000 mH		RW	Num		RA		US
05.025	Stator Inductance	0.00 to 5000.0	00 mH		0.00) mH		RW	Num		RA		US
05.027	Enable Slip Compensation	Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)			RW	Bit		RA		US
05.031	Voltage Controller Gain		1 to 30			1		RW	Num				US
05.033	Volts per 1000 rpm			0 to 10000 V			98 V	RW	Num				US
05.034	Percentage Flux		0.0 t	o 150.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	<u> </u>
05.035	Auto-switching Frequency Change Disable	Enabled (0), Disabl	led (1), No R	pple Detect (2)		Enabled (0))	RW	Txt				US
05.036	Auto-switching Frequency Step Size		1 to 2			2		RW	Num				US
05.037	Switching Frequency	2 kHz (0), 3 kHz 8 kHz (4), 1:	: (1), 4 kHz (2 2 kHz (5), 16					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
05.038	Minimum Switching Frequency	0 to VM_MIN_SWIT	TCHING_FRI	EQUENCY kHz		2 kHz (0)		RW	Txt				US
05.039	Maximum Inverter Temperature Ripple	2	0 to 60 °C			60 °C							
05.040	Spin Start Boost	0	0.0 to 10.0			1.0		RW	Num				US
05.041	Voltage Headroom		0	to 20 %		0 %	10 %	RW	Num				US
05.042	Reverse Output Phase Sequence	Off	(0) or On (1)	Initiative (O)		Off (0)	- Nie	RW	Bit				US
05.064	RFC Low Speed Mode			Injection (0), Non-salient (1) Disabled (0),			Non- salient (1)	RW	Txt				US
05.065	Saliency Torque Control			low (1), high (2)			Off (0)	RW	Bit				US

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

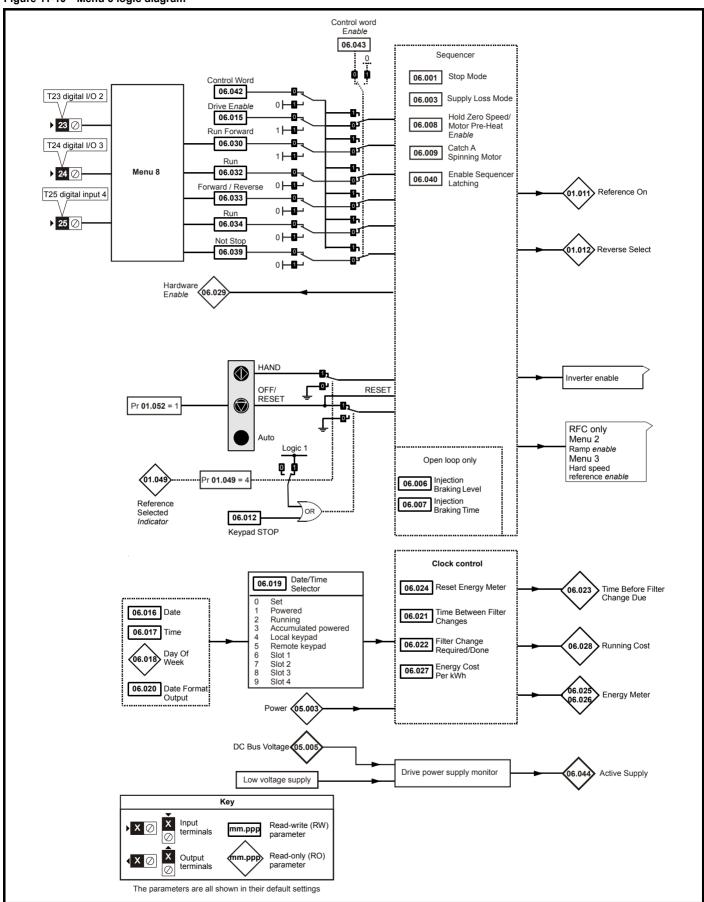
	Parameter		Range(\$)			Default(⇔)				T	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
05.067	Percentage Over-current Trip Level			10 (0), 20 (1), 30 (2), 40 (3), 50 (4), 60 (5), 70 (6), 80 (7), 90 (8), 100 (9) %			100 (9) %	RW	Txt				US
05.070	Inverted Saturation Characteristic			Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
05.071	Low Speed Sensorless Mode Current Limit			0.0 to 1000.0 %			20.0 %	RW	Num		RA		US
05.072	No-load Lq			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.075	Iq Test Current For Inductance Measurement			0 to 200 %			100 %	RW	Num				US
05.077	Phase Offset At Iq Test Current			±90.0 °			0.0 °	RW	Num		RA		US
05.078	Lq At The Defined Iq Test Current			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.082	Id Test Current for Inductance Measurement			-100 to 0 %			-50 %	RW	Num				US
05.084	Lq At The Defined Id Test Current			0.000 to 500.000 mH			0.000 mH	RW	Num		RA		US
05.088	Estimated Lq			0.000 to 500.000 mH				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
05.089	Rated Torque Angle			0 to 90 °				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

RV	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
NE	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.6 Menu 6: Sequencer and clock

Figure 11-10 Menu 6 logic diagram



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

		Range(食)		Default(⇒)							
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
06.001	Stop Mode	Coast (0), Ramp (1), Ramp dc I (2), dc I (3), Timed dc I (4), Disable (5)	Coast (0), Ramp (1), No Ramp (2)		Ramp (1)		RW	Txt				US
06.003	Supply Loss Mode	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2)	Disable (0), Ramp Stop (1), Ride Thru (2), Limit Stop (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.006	Injection Braking Level	0.0 to 150.0 %		100.0 %			RW	Num		RA		US
06.007	Injection Braking Time	0.0 to 100.0 s		1.0 s			RW	Num				US
06.008	Hold Zero Speed	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.009	Catch A Spinning Motor	Disable (0), Enable (1), Fwd	Only (2), Rev Only (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.010	Enable Conditions	00000000000 to 1	1111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.011	Sequencer State Machine Inputs	0000000 to 1	111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
06.015	Drive Enable	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit		NC		US
06.016	Date	00-00-00 to 31	-12-99				RW	Date	ND	NC	PT	
06.017	Time	00:00:00 to 23	3:59:59				RW	Time	ND	NC	PT	
06.018	Day Of Week	Sunday (0), Monday (1), Tuesc Thursday (4), Friday (5					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
06.019	Date/Time Selector	Set (0), Powered (1), Running Local Keypad (4), Rem Slot 1 (6), Slot 2 (7), Slo	ote Keypad (5),	Local Keypad (4)	Powe	red (1)	RW	Txt				US
06.020	Date Format	Std (0) or US	S (1)	Ī	Std (0)		RW	Txt				Us
06.021	Time Between Filter Changes	0 to 30000 F	lours		0 Hours		RW	Num				US
06.022	Filter Change Required / Change Done	Off (0) or Or	n (1)				RW	Bit	ND	NC		
06.023	Time Before Filter Change Due	0 to 30000 H	lours				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.024	Reset Energy Meter	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				
06.025	Energy Meter: MWh	-999.9 to 999.0	0 MWh				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.026	Energy Meter: kWh	±99.99 kV	Vh				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
06.027	Energy Cost Per kWh	0.0 to 600	0.0		0.0		RW	Num				US
06.028	Running Cost	±32000					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
06.029	Hardware Enable	Off (0) or Or	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.030	Run Forward	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.032	Run Reverse	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.033	Forward/Reverse	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.034	Run	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.039	Not Stop	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.040	Enable Sequencer Latching	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.041	Drive Event Flags	00 to 11			00		RW	Bin		NC		
06.042	Control Word	000000000000000 to 1	1111111111111	00	00000000000	00	RW	Bin		NC		
06.043	Control Word Enable	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.044	Active Supply	Off (0) or Or	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.045	Cooling Fan control	0 to 11			10		RW	Num				US
06.046	Supply Loss Hold Disable	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.047	Input Phase Loss Detection Mode	Full (0), Ripple Only (1	I), Disabled (2)		Full (0)		RW	Txt				US
06.048	Supply Loss Detection Level	±VM_SUPPLY_LO	SS_LEVEL	40 57	00 V drive: 205 00 V drive: 410 75 V drive: 540 00 V drive: 540) V) V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.051	Hold Supply Loss Active	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
06.052	Motor Pre-heat Current Magnitude	0 to 100 to	%		0 %		RW	Num				US
06.053	Sleep / Wake Threshold	±VM_SPEED_FREQ_R	REF_UNIPOLAR		0.0							
06.054	Sleep Time	0.0 to 250.	0 s		10.0 s							
06.055	Wake Time	0.0 to 250.	0 s		10.0 s							
06.056	Sleep Required	Off (0) or Or	n (1)									
06.057	Sleep Active	Off (0) or O	n (1)									
06.058	Output Phase Loss Detection Time	0.5 s (0), 1.0 s (1), 2.0	s (2), 4.0 s (3)		0.5 s (0)		1					
06.059	Output Phase Loss Detection Enable	Disabled (0), En	abled (1)		Disabled (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.060	Standby Mode Enable	Off (0) or Or	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.061	Standby Mode Mask	0000000 to 1°	111111		0000000		RW	Bin				US

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
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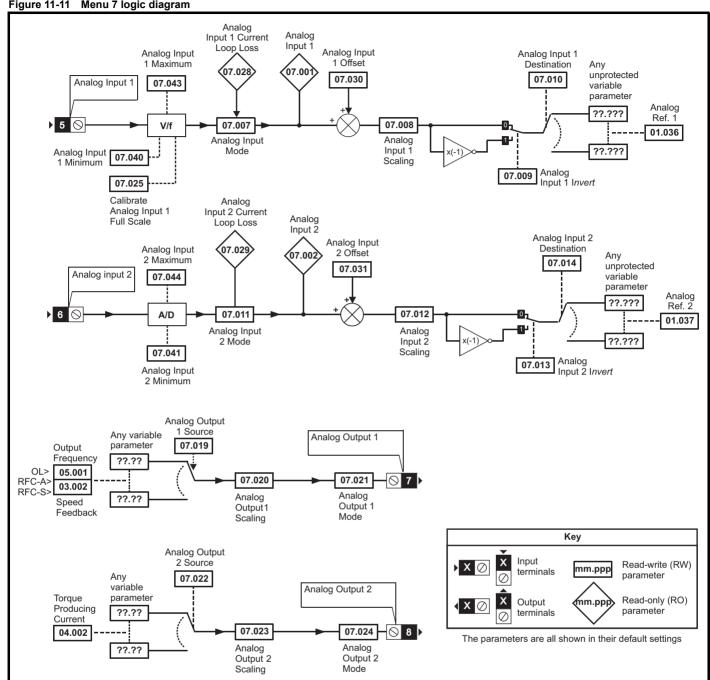
	Parameter	Range(()		Default(⇔)				T	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e		
06.065	Standard Under Voltage Threshold	±VM_STD_UNDE	ER_VOLTS	4 5	200 V drive: 175 100 V drive: 330 175 V drive: 435 1890 V drive: 435) V 5 V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.066	Low Voltage Under Voltage Threshold	±VM_LOW_UNDE	ER_VOLTS	4 5	200 V drive: 175 100 V drive: 330 175 V drive: 435 190 V drive: 435) V 5 V	RW	Num		RA		US
06.067	Low Under Voltage Threshold Select	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.068	Back Up Supply Mode Enable	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.069	Under-Voltage System Contactor Close	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
06.070	Under-Voltage System Contactor Closed	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.071	Slow Rectifier Charge Rate Enable	Off (0) or O	Off (0)		RW	Bit				US		
06.072	User Supply Select	Off (0) or O	n (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
06.084	Date And Time Offset	±24.00 Ho	urs		0.00 Hours		RW	Num				US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.7 Menu 7: Analog I/O

Figure 11-11 Menu 7 logic diagram



Safetv	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
Caroty	1 100000	Miconamica	Licotilicai	County	Daoio	i tarii ii ig	Ontimization	I V IVICAIA CAIA		Advanced	recininear	Diagnostics	OL nothing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
iiiioiiiiatioii	imomiation	IIIStaliation	IIIStaliation	Starteu	parameters	tile illotoi		Operation	I LO	parameters	uala		IIIIOIIIIalioii

	B t	Range	e (♠)		Default(⇔)				_			
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	1		Тур	oe .		
07.001	Analog Input 1	±100.0	0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.002	Analog Input 2	±100.0	0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	FI
07.004	Monitored Temperature 1	±250	°C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.005	Monitored Temperature 2	±250	°C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.006	Monitored Temperature 3	±250	°C				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
07.007	Analog Input 1 Mode	4-20 mA Low (-4), 20-4 mA Lot 20-4 mA Hold (-1), 0-20 4-20 mA Trip (2), 20-4 mA 20-4 mA (5), Volt (6), Therm S Therm No	mA (0), 20-0 mA (1), A Trip (3), 4-20 mA (4), hort Cct (7), Thermistor (8),		4-20 mA (4)		RW	Txt				US
07.008	Analog Input 1 Scaling	0.000 to 1	10.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
07.009	Analog Input 1 Invert	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
07.010	Analog Input 1 Destination	0.000 to 5	59.999		1.036		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
07.011	Analog Input 2 Mode	4-20 mA Low (-4), 20-4 mA Lo 20-4 mA Hold (-1), 0-20 4-20 mA Trip (2), 20-4 mA 20-4 mA (5), Volt (6), Therm S Therm No		Volt (6)		RW	Txt				US	
07.012	Analog Input 2 Scaling	0.000 to 1	10.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
07.013	Analog Input 2 Invert	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
07.014	Analog Input 2 Destination	0.000 to 5		1.037		RW	Num	DE		PT	US	
07.019	Analog Output 1 Source	0.000 to 5	5.001	3.0	002	RW	Num			PT	US	
07.020	Analog Output 1 Scaling	0.000 to 1		1.000		RW	Num				US	
07.021	Analog Output 1 Mode	Volt (0), 0-20 mA (1), 20-0 mA (Volt (0)		RW	Txt					
07.022	Analog Output 2 Source	0.000 to 5		4.002		RW	Num				US	
07.023	Analog Output 2 Scaling	0.000 to 1		1.000		RW	Num				US	
07.024	Analog Output 2 Mode	Volt (0), 0-20 mA (1), 20-0 mA (Volt (0)		RW	Txt					
07.025	Calibrate Analog Input 1 Full Scale	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC		
07.026	Analog Input 1 Fast Update Active	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.027	Analog Input 2 Fast Update Active	Off (0) or	, ,				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.028	Analog Input 1 Current Loop Loss	2 (2)	- ()				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.029	Analog Input 2 Current Loop Loss	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
07.030	Analog Input 1 Offset	±100.0	0 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.031	Analog Input 2 Offset	±100.0			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.033	Power Output	±100.0			0.00 70		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	-
07.034	Inverter Temperature	±250					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	-
07.035	Percentage Of d.c. Bus Thermal Trip Level	0 to 10					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	\vdash
07.036	Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level						RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	\vdash
07.037	Temperature Nearest To Trip Level	el 0 to 100 % 0 to 29999					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	-
07.037	Temperature Monitor Select 1	0 to 29999			1001		RW	Num				US
07.039	Temperature Monitor Select 1	0 to 29999			1001		RW	Num				US
07.040	Analog Input 1 Minimum	±100.00 %			-100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.040	Analog Input 2 Minimum	±100.00 %			-100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.041	Analog Input 1 Maximum	±100.00 %			100.00 %		RW	Num				US
07.043	• .	±100.00 % ±100.00 %			100.00 %		RW					US
07.044	Analog Input 1 Full Scale	±100.00 % 0 to 65535			100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
	Analog Input 1 Full Scale			4			Num	טא	INC	PI		
07.052	Temperature Monitor Select 3	0 to 29	ਬਬਬ		1		RW	Num				US

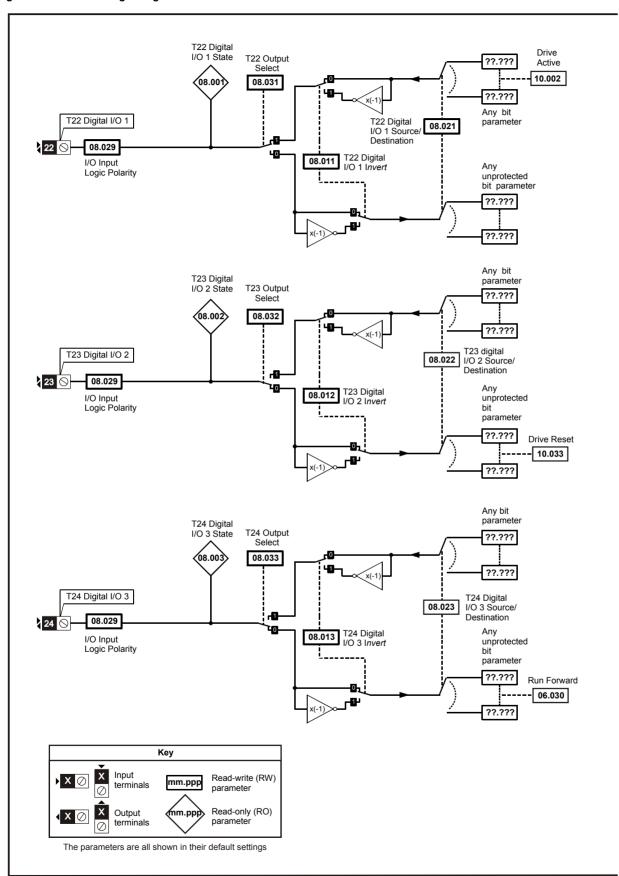
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running information installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization Optimizat

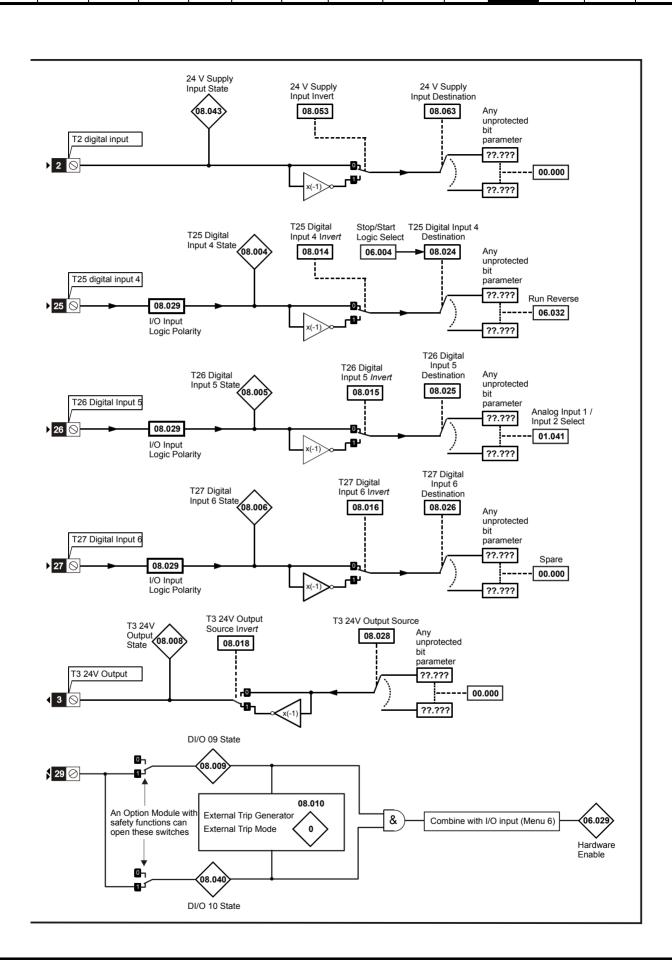
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.8 Menu 8: Digital I/O

Figure 11-12 Menu 8 logic diagram



Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation PLC parameters data information



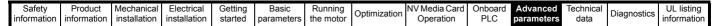
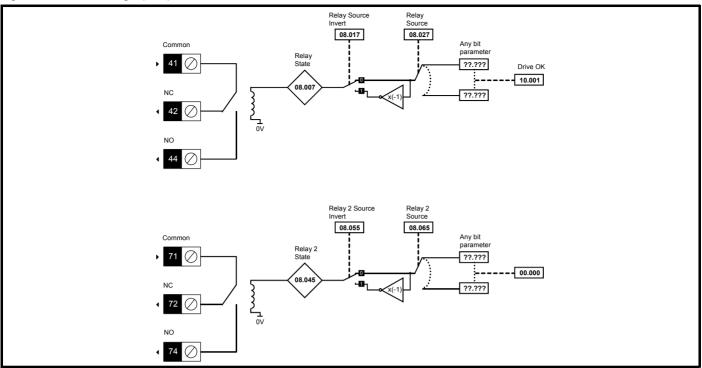
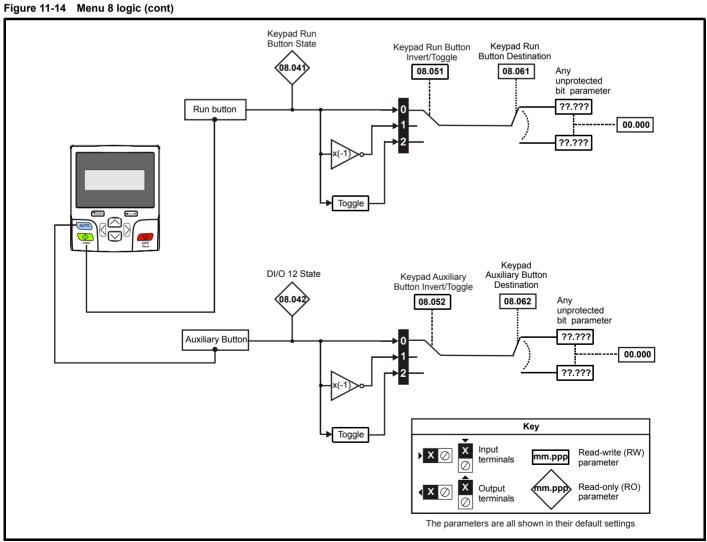


Figure 11-13 Menu 8 logic (cont)





Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

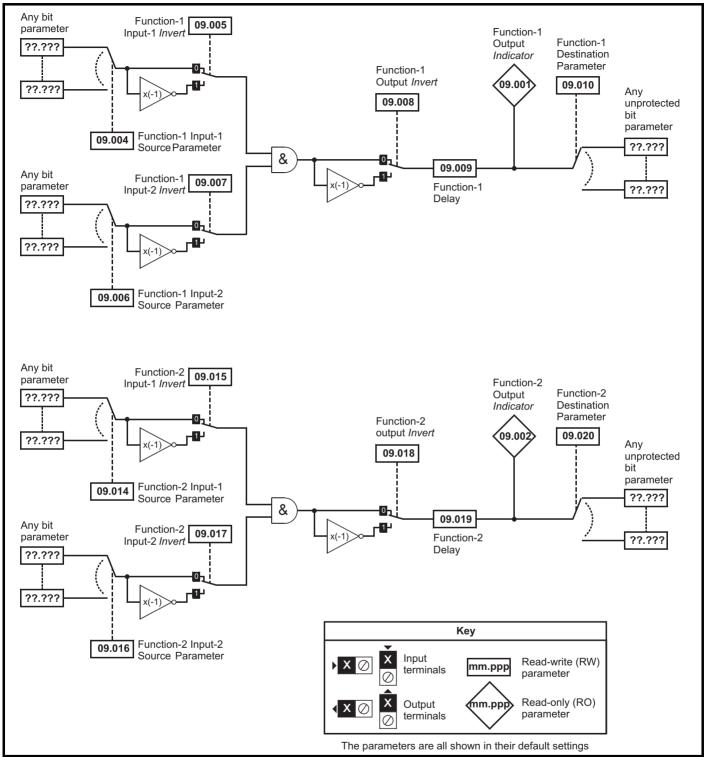
		Range	e(\$)		Default(⇔)				_			\neg
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	oe		
08.001	Digital I/O 01 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.002	Digital I/O 02 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.003	Digital I/O 03 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.004	Digital Input 04 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.005	Digital Input 05 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.006	Digital Input 06 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.007	Relay Output State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
800.80	24V Supply Output State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.009	STO Input 01 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.010	External Trip Mode	Disable (0), STO 1 (1), STO	2 (2), STO 1 OR STO 2 (3)		Disable (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.011	Digital I/O 01 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.012	Digital I/O 02 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.013	Digital I/O 03 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.014	Digital Input 04 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.015	Digital Input 05 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.016	Digital Input 06 Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.017	Relay Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.018	24V Supply Output Invert	Not Invert (0)	or Invert (1)		Invert (1)		RW	Txt				US
08.020	Digital I/O Read Word	0 to 5	511				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
08.021	Digital I/O 01 Source/Destination	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999			10.002		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.022	Digital I/O 02 Source/Destination	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999			10.033		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.023	Digital I/O 03 Source/Destination	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999			6.030		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.024	Digital Input 04 Destination	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999			1.054		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.025	Digital Input 05 Destination				1.041		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.026	Digital Input 06 Destination				0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.027	Relay Output Source				10.001		RW	Num			PT	US
08.028	24V Supply Output Source	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
08.029	Input Logic Polarity	Negative Logic (0) or		Positive Logic (1)	RW	Txt				US	
08.031	Digital I/O 01 Output Select	Negative Logic (0) or Positive Logic (1) Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)		RW	Bit				US
08.032	Digital I/O 02 Output Select	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
08.033	Digital I/O 03 Output Select	Off (0) or	On (1)		OII (0)		RW	Bit				US
08.040	STO Input 02 State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.041	Keypad Run Button State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.042	Keypad Auxiliary Button State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.043	24V Supply Input State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.044	Keypad Stop Button State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.045	Relay 2 Output State	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
08.051	Keypad Run Button Invert/Toggle	Not Invert (0), Inver	t (1) or Toggle (2)		Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.052	Keypad Auxiliary Button Invert/Toggle	() () ()			Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.053	24V Supply Input Invert	Not Invert (0) or Invert (1)			Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.055	Relay 2 Invert	Not Invert (0), Invert (1)			Not Invert (0)		RW	Txt				US
08.061	Keypad Run Button Destination	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.062	Keypad Auxiliary Button Destination	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
08.063	24V Supply Input Source	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
08.065	Relay 2 Source	0.000 to 59.999			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
08.071	DI/O Output Enable Register 1	000000000000000000 to 111111111111111111			000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin			PT	US
08.072	DI/O Input Register 1	00000000000000000000 to 1111111111111111			000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RO	Bin			PT	
08.073	DI/O Output Register 1	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	o 111111111111111	C	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	RW	Bin			PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

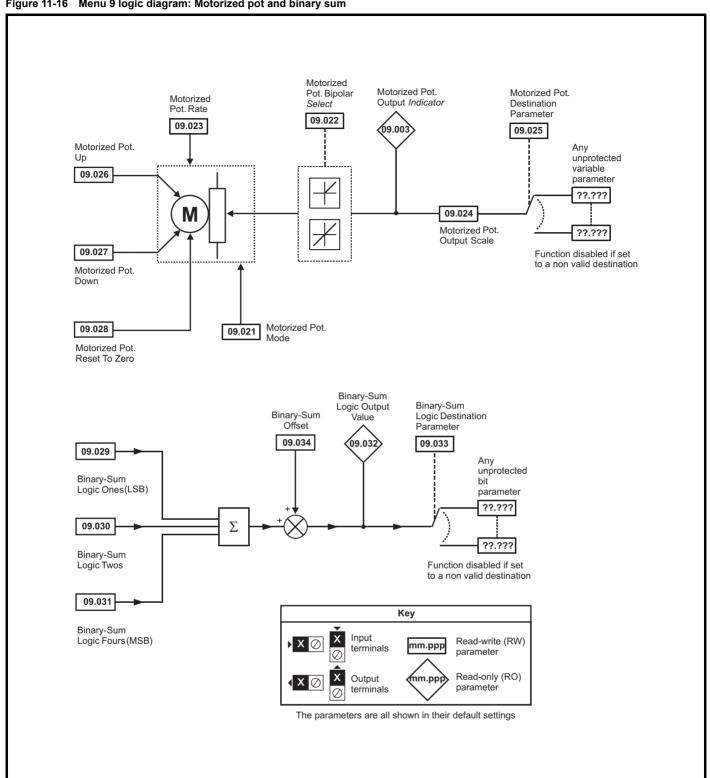
11.9 Menu 9: Programmable logic, motorized pot, binary sum and timers

Figure 11-15 Menu 9 logic diagram: Programmable logic



Product Electrical Basic NV Media Card Advanced **UL** listing Diagnostics Optimization information the motor PLC information information installation installation started parameters Operation parameters data

Figure 11-16 Menu 9 logic diagram: Motorized pot and binary sum



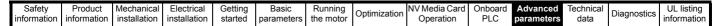
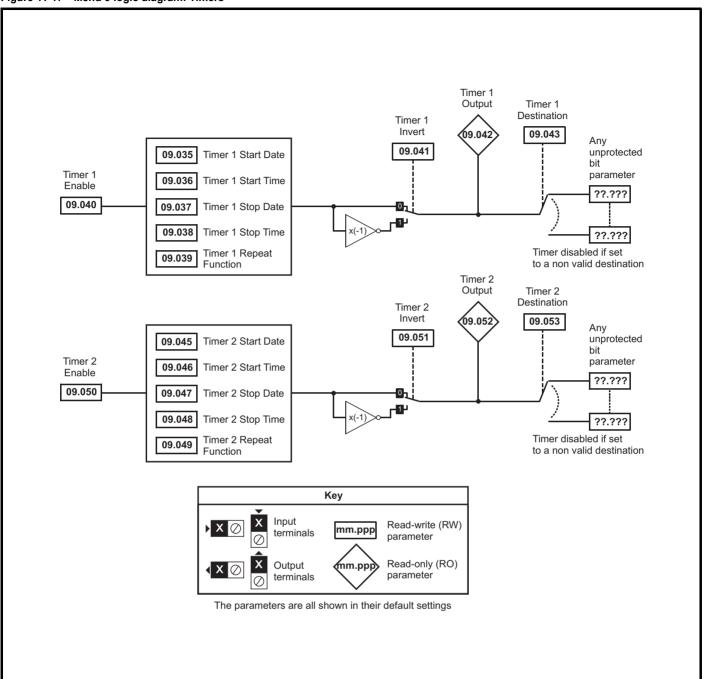


Figure 11-17 Menu 9 logic diagram: Timers



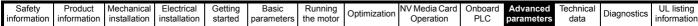


Figure 11-18 Menu 9 logic diagram: Scope function Scope Data Scope Saving Data Not Ready **(**09.066 09.065 Scope Trace 1 Source 09.055 09.063 Scope Mode Scope Trace 2 Source 09.067 Scope Sample Time 09.056 09.068 Scope Trigger Delay Scope Trace 3
Source 09.069 Time Period 09.057 Scope Trace 4 Source 09.058 Scope Arm 09.064 Scope Trigger Invert 09.062 Scope Trigger 09.059 OR Scope Trigger Source 09.060 Scope Trigger Threshold 09.061 Key Input Read-write (RW) mm.ppp terminals parameter

Read-only (RO)

parameter

mm.pp

The parameters are all shown in their default settings

Output

terminals

		Range(‡)	Default(⇔)						
	Parameter	OL RFC-A/S	OL RFC-A RFC-S			Тур	е		
09.001	Logic Function 1 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.002	Logic Function 2 Output	Off (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
09.003	Motorized Pot Output	±100.00 %		RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
09.004	Logic Function 1 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	DE			PT	US
09.005	Logic Function 1 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.006	Logic Function 1 Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	DE			PT	US
09.007	Logic Function 1 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.008	Logic Function 1 Output Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.009	Logic Function 1 Delay	±25.0 s	0.0s	RW	Num				US
09.010	Logic Function 1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	DE			PT	US
09.014	Logic Function 2 Source 1	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.015	Logic Function 2 Source 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.016	Logic Function 2 Source 2	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.017	Logic Function 2 Source 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.018	Logic Function 2 Output Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.019	Logic Function 2 Delay	±25.0 s	0.0 s	RW	Num				US
09.020	Logic Function 2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	DE			PT	US
09.021	Motorized Pot Mode	0 to 4	0	RW	Num				US
09.022	Motorized Pot Bipolar Select	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.023	Motorized Pot Rate	0 to 250 s	20 s	RW	Num				US
09.024	Motorized Pot Scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.025 09.026	Motorized Pot Up	0.000 to 59.999	0.000 Off (0)	RW	DE Bit		NC	PI	05
09.026	Motorized Pot Up Motorized Pot Down	Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.027	Motorized Pot Reset	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		-
09.029	Binary Sum Ones	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.030	Binary Sum Twos	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		
09.031	Binary Sum Fours	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit		NC		-
09.032	Binary Sum Output	0 to 255	Oii (0)	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
09.033	Binary Sum Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	DE			PT	US
09.034	Binary Sum Offset	0 to 248	0	RW	Num				US
09.035	Timer 1 Start Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.036	Timer 1 Start Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.037	Timer 1 Stop Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.038	Timer 1 Stop Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.039	Timer 1 Repeat Function	None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5),	None (0)	RW	Txt				US
		One off (6), Minute (7)		RW					US
09.040	Timer 1 Enable Timer 1 Invert	Off (0) or On (1) Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit Bit				US
09.041 09.042	Timer 1 Output	Off (0) or On (1)	Oli (0)	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	03
09.042	Timer 1 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	DE	שוי	110	PT	US
09.045	Timer 2 Start Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.046	Timer 2 Start Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.047	Timer 2 Stop Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99	00-00-00	RW	Date				US
09.048	Timer 2 Stop Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	00:00:00	RW	Time				US
09.049	Timer 2 Repeat Function	None (0), Hour (1), Day (2), Week (3), Month (4), Year (5),	None (0)	RW	Txt				US
	·	One off (6), Minute (7)	. ,						
09.050	Timer 2 Enable	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit				US
09.051	Timer 2 Invert	Off (0) or On (1)	Off (0)	RW	Bit	ND	NO	DŦ	US
09.052	Timer 2 Destination	Off (0) or On (1)	0.000	RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	110
09.053	Timer 2 Destination	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	DE			PT PT	US
09.055	Scope Trace 1 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.056 09.057	Scope Trace 2 Source Scope Trace 3 Source	0.000 to 59.999 0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW RW	Num			PT	US
09.057	Scope Trace 3 Source Scope Trace 4 Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
09.058	Scope Trace 4 Source Scope Trigger	0.000 to 59.999 Off (0) or On (1)	0.000 Off (0)	RW	Bit			rI	US
09.069	Scope Trigger Source	0.000 to 59.999	0.000	RW	Num			PT	US
	. 55							- '	US
09.061	Scope Trigger Threshold	-2147483648 to 2147483647	0	RW	Num				US

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Parameter		Ran		Default(⇔)				Tune					
	Farameter	OL	OL	OL RFC-A RFC-S				- Type					
09.062	Scope Trigger Invert	Off (0)		Off (0)							US		
09.063	Scope Mode	Single (0), Nor		Single (0)	RW	Txt				US			
09.064	Scope Arm	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC				
09.065	Scope Data Not Ready	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT		
09.066	Scope Saving Data	Off (0)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
09.067	Scope Sample Time	1 to		1							US		
09.068	Scope Trigger Delay	0 to		0 %			Num				US		
09.069	Scope Time Period	0.00 to 20				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
09.070	Scope Auto-save Mode	Disabled (0), Ove		Disabled (0)							US		
09.071	Scope Auto-save File Number	0 t		0			Num				PS		
09.072	Scope Auto-save Reset	Off (0)		Off (0)									
09.073	Scope Auto-save Status	Disabled (0), Active (1		Disabled (0)							PS		

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

11.10 Menu 10: Status and trips

Parameter		Range(≎)	Default(⇔)				_						
		OL RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S		Туре						
10.001	Drive OK	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.002	Drive Active	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.003	Zero Speed	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.004	Running At Or Below Minimum Speed	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.005	Below Set Speed	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.006	At Speed	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.007	Above Set Speed	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.008	Rate Load Reached	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.009	Current Limit Active	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.010	Regenerating	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.011	Braking IGBT Active	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.012	Braking Resistor Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.013	Reverse Direction Commanded	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.014	Reverse Direction Running	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.015	Supply Loss	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.016	Under Voltage Active	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.017	Motor Overload Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.018	Drive Over-temperature Alarm	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT			
10.019	Drive Warning	Off (0) or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	DC		
10.020	Trip 0	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC NC	PT PT	PS PS		
10.021	Trip 1 Trip 2	0 to 255 0 to 255				RO RO	Txt Txt	ND ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.022	Trip 3	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.023	Trip 4	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.024	Trip 5	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.026	Trip 6	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.027	Trip 7	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.028	Trip 8	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.029	Trip 9	0 to 255				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.030	Braking Resistor Rated Power	0.000 to 99999.999 kW		See Table 11-5		RW	Num				US		
10.031	Braking Resistor Thermal Time Constant	0.000 to 1500.000 s		See Table 11-5		RW	Num				US		
10.032	External Trip	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC				
10.033	Drive Reset	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit		NC				
10.034	Number Of Auto-reset Attempts	None (0), 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Infinite (6)		None (0)		RW	Txt				US		
10.035	Auto-reset Delay	0.0 to 600.0 s		1.0 s		RW	Num				US		
10.036	Auto-reset Hold Drive ok	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US		
10.037	Action On Trip Detection	00000 to 11111		00000		RW	Bin				US		
10.038	User Trip	0 to 255				RW	Num	ND	NC				
10.039	Braking Resistor Thermal Accumulator	0.0 to 100.0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT			
10.040	Status Word	000000000000000000 to 111111111111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT			
10.041	Trip 0 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.042	Trip 0 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.043	Trip 1 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.044	Trip 1 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.045	Trip 2 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.046	Trip 2 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.047	Trip 3 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.048	Trip 3 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.049	Trip 4 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO PO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS		
10.050	Trip 4 Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS PS		
10.051	Trip 5 Date Trip 5 Time	00-00-00 to 31-12-99 00:00:00 to 23:59:59				RO RO	Date Time	ND ND	NC NC	PT PT	PS		
											PS		
10.053	Trip 6 Date	00-00-00 to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	128		

	Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostica	UL listing
in	nformation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	Devemates	Ran	ge(‡)		Default(⇔)				T	_		\neg
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
10.054	Trip 6 Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.055	Trip 7 Date	00-00-00	to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.056	Trip 7 Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.057	Trip 8 Date	00-00-00	to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.058	Trip 8 Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.059	Trip 9 Date	00-00-00	to 31-12-99				RO	Date	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.060	Trip 9 Time	00:00:00	to 23:59:59				RO	Time	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.061	Braking Resistor Resistance	0.00 to 1	0000.00 Ω	5	See Table 11-5	j	RW	Num				US
10.062	Low Load Detected Alarm	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.063	Local Keypad Battery Low	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.064	Remote Keypad Battery Low	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.065	Auto-tune Active	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.067	Fire Mode Active	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.068	Hold Drive OK On Under Voltage	Off (0)	or On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
10.069	Additional Status Bits	0000000000	to 1111111111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	
10.070	Trip 0 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.071	Trip 1 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.072	Trip 2 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.073	Trip 3 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.074	Trip 4 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.075	Trip 5 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.076	Trip 6 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.077	Trip 7 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.078	Trip 8 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.079	Trip 9 Sub-trip Number	0 to	65535				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.080	Stop Motor	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.081	Phase Loss	Off (0)	or On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
10.101	Drive Status	Run (4), Supply Loss dc Injection (7), P Active (10 Hand (12), Auto	I), Stop (2), Scan (3), s (5), Deceleration (6), osition (8), Trip (9), o), Off (11), o (13), Heat (14), 15), Phasing (16)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.102	Trip Reset Source	<u> </u>	1023				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	PS
10.103	Trip Time Identifier	-2147483648 to	2147483647 ms				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
10.104	Active Alarm	Overload (3), Auto Tune (5), Limit (7), Low Load (8), Op Slot 2 (10), Option S	Resistor (1), Motor pad (2), Drive Overload (4), Switch (6), Fire Mode stition Slot 1 (9), Option slot 3 (11), Option Slot (12)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
10.106	Potential Drive Damage Conditions	0000	to 1111				RO	Bin	ND	NC	PT	PS

	RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
I	ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
	ΙP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Table 11-5 Defaults for Pr 10.030, Pr 10.031 and Pr 10.061

Drive size	Pr 10.030	Pr 10.031	Pr 10.061
3	50 W	3.3 s	75 Ω
4 and 5	100 W	2.0 s	38 Ω
All other ratings and frame sizes	0.0	000	0.00

11.11 Menu 11: General drive set-up

		Range(()		Default(⇔)						
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
11.018	Status Mode Parameter 1	0.000 to 59	1.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
11.019	Status Mode Parameter 2	0.000 to 59	0.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
11.020	Reset Serial Communications	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RW	Bit	ND	NC		
11.021	Parameter 00.030 Scaling	0.000 to 10	0.000		1.000		RW	Num				US
11.022	Parameter Displayed At Power-up	0.000 to 0.	.080		0.010		RW	Num				US
11.023	Serial Address	1 to 24	7		1		RW	Num				US
11.024	Serial Mode	8 2 NP (0), 8 1 NP (1), 8 1 8 2 NP M (4), 8 1 NP M 8 1 OP M (7), 7 2 NP (8), 7 7 1 OP (11), 7 2 NP M (1 7 1 EP M (14), 7 1	(5), 8 1 EP M (6), 1 NP (9), 7 1 EP (10), 2), 7 1 NP M (13), 1 OP M (15)		8 2 NP (0)		RW	Txt				US
11.025	Serial Baud Rate	300 (0), 600 (1), 1200 (2), 9600 (5), 192 38400 (7), 57600 (8), 768	200 (6),		19200 (6)		RW	Txt				US
11.026	Minimum Comms Transmit Delay	0 to 250	ms		2 ms		RW	Num				US
11.027	Silent Period	0 to 250	ms		0 ms		RW	Num				US
11.028	Drive Derivative	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.029	Software Version	00.00.00.00 to 9					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.030	User Security Code	0 to 214748	3647				RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.031	User Drive Mode	Open-loop (1), RFC-A	(2), RFC-S (3)	Open- loop (1)	RFC-A (2)	RFC-S (3)	RW	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.033	Drive Rated Voltage	200 V (0), 400 V (1), 57	5 V (2), 690 V (3)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.034	Software Sub-version	0 to 99	1				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.035	Number Of Power Modules Test	-1 to 20			-1		RW	Num				US
11.036	NV Media Card File Previously Loaded	0 to 999			0		RO	Num		NC	PT	
11.037	NV Media Card File Number	0 to 99			0		RW	Num				
11.038	NV Media Card File Type	None (0), Open-loop (1), R Regen (4), User Prog (5					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	
11.039	NV Media Card File Version	0 to 999	99				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.040	NV Media Card File Checksum	-2147483648 to 2	147483647				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.042	Parameter Cloning	None (0), Read (1), Program	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		None (0)		RW	Txt		NC		US
11.043	Load Defaults	None (0), Standard					RW	Txt		NC		
11.044	User Security Status	Menu 0 (0), All Menus (1), F Read-only (3), Status Only			Menu 0 (0)		RW	Txt	ND		PT	
11.046	Defaults Previously Loaded	0 to 200					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.047	Onboard User Program: Enable	Stop (0) or R	. ,		Run (1)		RW	Txt				US
11.048	Onboard User Program: Status	-2147483648 to 2					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.049	Onboard User Program: Programming Events	0 to 655					RO	Num			PT	
11.050	Onboard User Program: Freewheeling Tasks Per Second	0 to 655					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.051	Onboard User Program: Clock Task Time Used	0.0 to 100.					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.052	Serial Number LS	000000000 to 99					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.053	Serial Number MS	0 to 999999					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.054 11.055	Drive Date Code Onboard User Program: Clock Task Scheduled Interval	0 to 655					RO RO	Num	ND ND	NC NC	PT	
11.055	Option Slot Identifiers	1234 (0), 1243 (1), 1324 (2 1432 (5), 4123 (6), 3124 (7 3142 (10), 2143 (11), 34 2413 (14), 4213 (15), 23 2341 (18), 2431 (19), 32 4231 (22), 43), 1342 (3), 1423 (4),), 4132 (8), 2134 (9), 12 (12), 4312 (13), 14 (16), 3214 (17), 41 (20), 3421 (21),		1234 (0)		RW	Txt	ואט	INC	PT	
11.060	Maximum Rated Current	0.000 to 999	99.999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.061	Full Scale Current Kc	0.000 to 999	99.999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.063	Product Type	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.064	Product Identifier Characters	F300 (1295396912) t	0 (2147483647)		F300		RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.065	Drive Rating And Configuration	00000000 to 99	9999999				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.066	Power Stage Identifier	0 to 25	5				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.067	Control Board Identifier	0.000 to 65					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.068	Internal I/O Identifier	0 to 25					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.069	Position Feedback Interface Identifier	0 to 25					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.070	Core Parameter Database Version	0.00 to 99	0.99				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	Parameter	Range(()		Default(⇒)		RW Num I RO Num ND RO Bit ND RO Bit ND RW Num ND RW Chr RW RW Chr RW RW Chr RW RO Txt ND RO Txt ND RW Num RW RO Chr ND				
	raidilletei	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			iyp	ie		
11.071	Number Of Power Modules Detected	0 to 20)				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	US
11.072	NV Media Card Create Special File	0 to 1			0		RW	Num		NC		
11.073	NV Media Card Size	None (0), SMART Card	I (1), SD Card (2)				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.075	NV Media Card Read-only Flag	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.076	NV Media Card Warning Suppression Flag	Off (0) or O	n (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
11.077	NV Media Card File Required Version	0 to 999	99				RW	Num	ND	NC	PT	
11.079	Drive Name Characters 1-4	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.080	Drive Name Characters 5-8	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.081	Drive Name Characters 9-12	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.082	Drive Name Characters 13-16	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)		(0)		RW	Chr			PT	US
11.084	Drive Mode	Open-loop (1), RFC-A	A (2), RFC-S (3)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	US
11.085	Security Status	None (0), Read-only (1) No Access					RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.086	Menu Access Status	Menu 0 (0) or All	Menus (1)				RO	Txt	ND	NC	PT	PS
11.090	Keypad Port Serial Address	1 to16	i e		1		RW	Num				US
11.091	Product Identifier Characters 1	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.092	Product Identifier Characters 2	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	
11.093	Product Identifier Characters 3	(-2147483648) to	(2147483647)				RO	Chr	ND	NC	PT	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination
IP	IP address	Mac	Mac address	Date	Date parameter	Time	Time parameter	SMP	Slot,menu,parameter	Chr	Character parameter	Ver	Version number

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.12 Menu 12: Threshold detectors and variable selectors

Figure 11-19 Menu 12 logic diagram

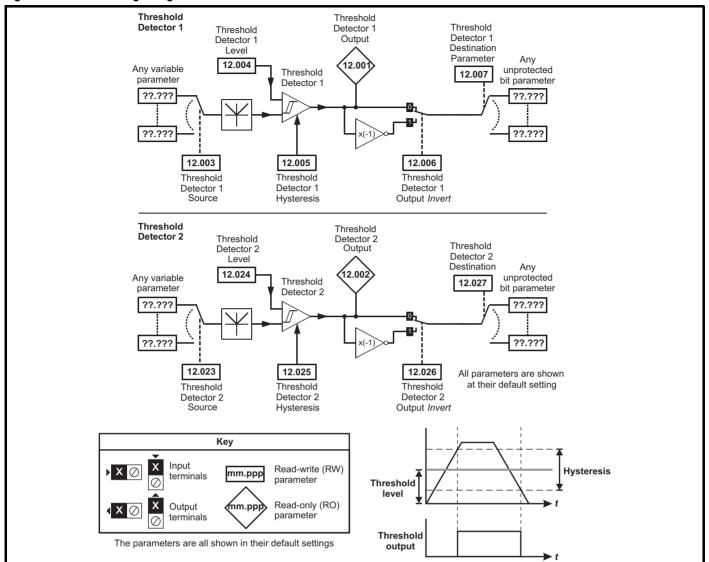
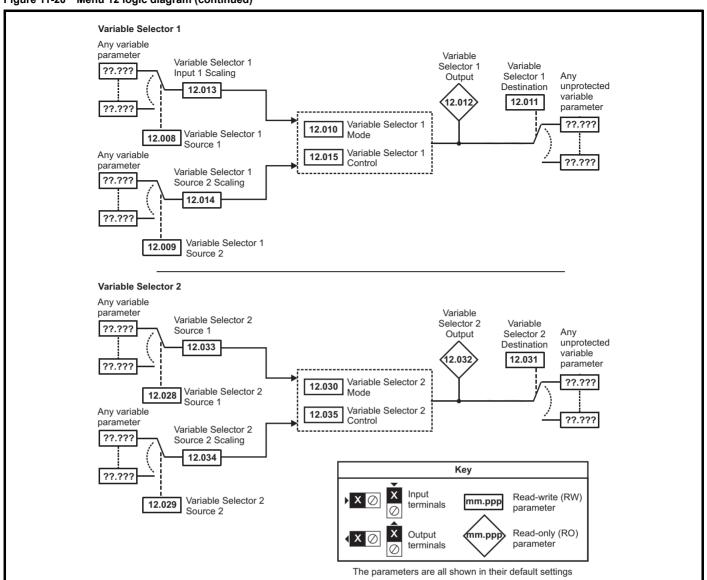




Figure 11-20 Menu 12 logic diagram (continued)



Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.13 Menu 12: Threshold detectors and variable selectors

	Devemates	Range	e (\$)		Default(⇔)				Turn	_		
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	е		
12.001	Threshold Detector 1 Output	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.002	Threshold Detector 2 Output	Off (0) or	On (1)				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
12.003	Threshold Detector 1 Source	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.004	Threshold Detector 1 Level	0.00 to 10	0.00 %		0.00.0/		RW	Num				US
12.005	Threshold Detector 1 Hysteresis	0.00 to 25	5.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.006	Threshold Detector 1 Output Invert	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.007	Threshold Detector 1 Destination						RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.008	Variable Selector 1 Source 1	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.009	Variable Selector 1 Source 2						RW	Num			PT	US
12.010	Variable Selector 1 Mode	Input 1 (0), Input 2 (1), Multiply (4), Divide (5), Tin Modulus (8), Powers	ne Const (6), Ramp (7),		Input 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.011	Variable Selector 1 Destination	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.012	Variable Selector 1 Output	±100.0	0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.013	Variable Selector 1 Source 1 Scaling	±4.00	00		1.000		RW	Num				US
12.014	Variable Selector 1 Source 2 Scaling	±4.00	00		1.000		RW	Num				US
12.015	Variable Selector 1 Control	0.00 to 1	00.00		0.00		RW	Num				US
12.016	Variable Selector 1 Enable	Off (0) or	On (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US
12.023	Threshold Detector 2 Source	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.024	Threshold Detector 2 Level	0.00 to 10	0.00 %		0.00.0/		RW	Num				US
12.025	Threshold Detector 2 Hysteresis	0.00 to 25	5.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
12.026	Threshold Detector 2 Output Invert	Off (0) or	On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
12.027	Threshold Detector 2 Destination	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.028	Variable Selector 2 Source 1	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.029	Variable Selector 2 Source 2	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
12.030	Variable Selector 2 Mode	Input 1 (0), Input 2 (1), Multiply (4), Divide (5), Tin Modulus (8), Powers	ne Const (6), Ramp (7),		Input 1 (0)		RW	Txt				US
12.031	Variable Selector 2 Destination	0.000 to	59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
12.032	Variable Selector 2 Output	±100.0	0 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
12.033	Variable Selector 2 Source 1 Scaling	±4.00	00		1.000		RW	Num				US
12.034	Variable Selector 2 Source 2 Scaling	±4.00	00		1.000		RW	Num				US
12.035	Variable Selector 2 Control	0.00 to 1	00.00		0.00		RW	Num				US
12.036	Variable Selector 2 Enable	Off (0) or	On (1)		On (1)		RW	Bit				US

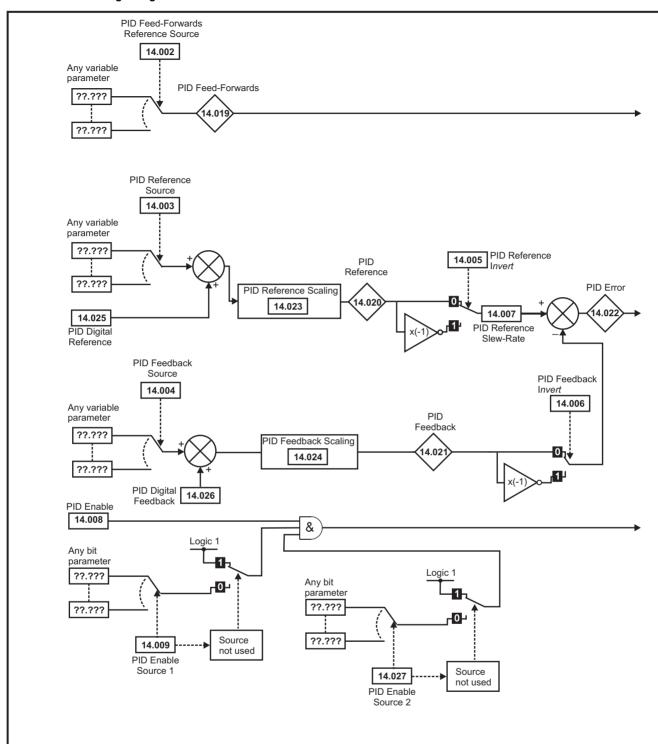
RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Safety Product Mechanical Electrical Getting Basic Running information installation installation started parameters the motor Optimization Optimizat

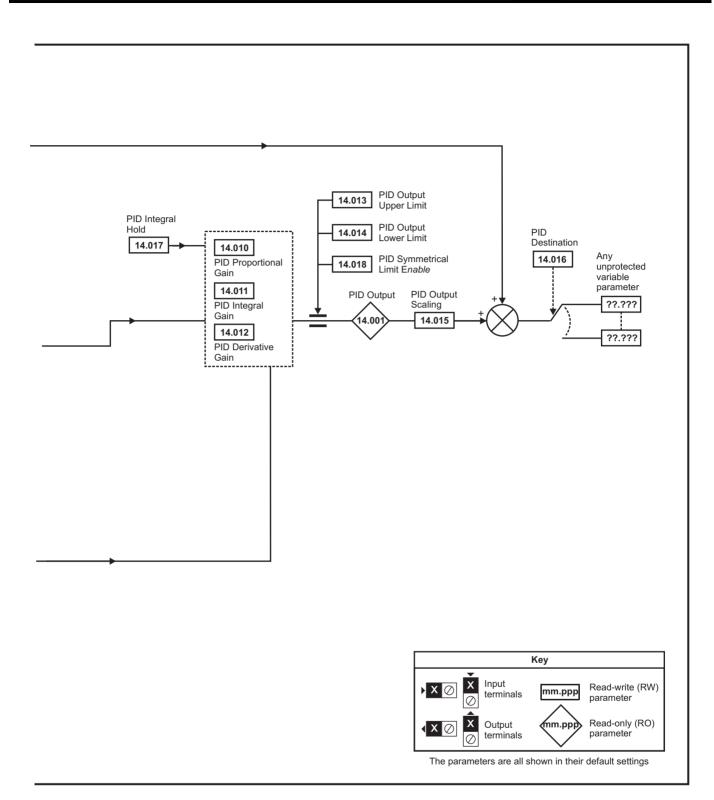
Sa	ıfety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
inforr	mation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.14 Menu 14: User PID controller

Figure 11-21 Menu 14 Logic diagram



Product information Electrical installation Getting started Running the motor Onboard PLC UL listing information Safety Mechanical Basic NV Media Card Advanced Optimization Diagnostics information installation parameters parameters Operation data



Safety Product Information Installation Inst

		Rang	e(\$)	Def	ault(⇔)							
	Parameter	Open-Loop	RFC-A / S	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S			Туре	•		
14.001	PID1 Output	±100.	00 %		1	I	RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.002	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000 to	59.999	(0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.003	PID1 Reference Source	0.000 to			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.004	PID1 Feedback Source		59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.005	PID1 Reference Invert	, ,	r On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.006	PID1 Feedback Invert	Off (0) o	٠,		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.007	PID1 Reference Slew Rate	0.0 to 3			0.0 s		RW	Num				US
14.008	PID1 Enable	Off (0) o	` ,		Off (0)		RW	Bit			D.T.	US
14.009	PID1 Enable Source 1	0.000 to			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.010	PID1 Proportional Gain PID1 Integral Gain	0.000 to			1.000 0.500		RW	Num Num				US
14.011	PID1 Integral Gain PID1 Differential Gain	0.000 to			0.000		RW	Num				US
14.012	PID1 Output Upper Limit	0.000 to 1			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
14.013	PID1 Output Lower Limit	±100.			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
14.015	PID1 Output Scaling	0.000 to			1.000		RW	Num				US
14.016	PID1 Destination	0.000 to			0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.017	PID1 Integral Hold	Off (0) o			Off (0)		RW	Bit			- '	
14.018	PID1 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) o	()		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.019	PID1 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.	٠,				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	†
14.020	PID1 Reference	±100.	00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.021	PID1 Feedback	±100.					RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.022	PID1 Error	±100.	00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.023	PID1 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000			RW	Num				US
14.024	PID1 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000			RW	Num				US
14.025	PID1 Digital Reference	±100.00 %		0.00 %			RW	Num				US
14.026	PID1 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US	
14.027	PID1 Enable Source 2	0.000 to	59.999	0.000		RW	Num			PT	US	
14.028	PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level	0.00 to 1	00.00 %	0	.00 %		RW	Num				US
14.029	PID1 Maximum Boost Time	0.0 to 2	250.0 s		0.0 s		RW	Num				US
14.030	PID1 Pre-sleep Boost Level Enable	Off (0) o	٠,				RO	Bit	ND	NC	PT	
14.031	PID2 Output	±100.		0.000			RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.032	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference Source	0.000 to		0.000			RW	Num			PT	US
14.033	PID2 Reference Source	0.000 to			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.034	PID2 Feedback Source		59.999		0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.035	PID2 Reference Invert	Off (0) o			Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.036 14.037	PID2 Feedback Invert PID2 Reference Slew Rate Limit	Off (0) o	. ,		Off (0) 0.0 s		RW RW	Bit				US
	PID2 Reference Siew Rate Limit PID2 Enable		r On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Num Bit				US
14.039	PID2 Enable Source 1	0.000 to			0.000		RW	Num			PT	US
14.040	PID2 Proportional Gain	0.000 to			1.000		RW	Num			' '	US
14.041	PID2 Integral Gain	0.000 to			0.500		RW	Num				US
14.042	PID2 Differential Gain	0.000 to			0.000		RW	Num				US
14.043	PID2 Output Upper Limit		00.00 %		0.00 %		RW	Num				US
14.044	PID2 Output Lower Limit	±100.			0.00 %		RW	Num				US
14.045	PID2 Output Scaling		0 4.000	-	1.000		RW	Num				US
14.046	PID2 Destination		59.999		0.000		RW	Num	DE		PT	US
14.047	PID2 Integral Hold		r On (1)	C	Off (0)		RW	Bit				
14.048	PID2 Symmetrical Limit Enable	Off (0) o	r On (1)		Off (0)		RW	Bit				US
14.049	PID2 Feed-forwards Reference	±100.	00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.050	PID2 Reference	±100.	00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.051	PID2 Feedback	±100.	00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.052	PID2 Error	±100.	00 %				RO	Num	ND	NC	PT	
14.053	PID2 Reference Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000			RW	Num				US
14.054	PID2 Feedback Scaling	0.000 to 4.000		1.000			RW	Num				US
14.055	PID2 Digital Reference	±100.00 %		0.00 %			RW	Num				US
14.056	PID2 Digital Feedback	±100.00 %		0.00 %			RW	Num				US
14.057	PID2 Enable Source 2	0.000 to 59.999		0.000			RW	Num			PT	US
14.058	PID1 Feedback Output Scaling	0.000 to	o 4.000	1.000			RW	Num				US

	Getting Ba	Basic Running	Ontimization I'	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information information installation installation	started param	ameters the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

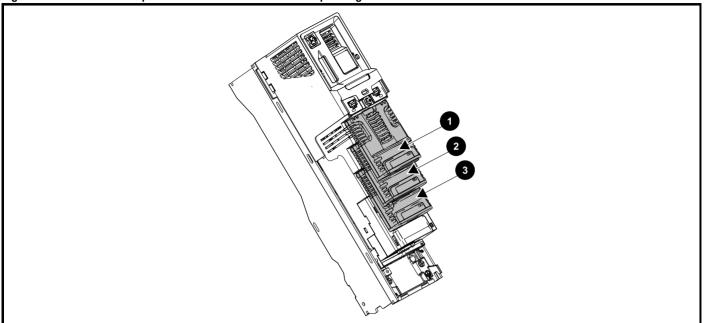
	Parameter	Ran	ge(\$)	Defa	ault(⇔)		Туре					
	i didilicitoi	Open-Loop	RFC-A / S	Open-Loop	RFC-A	RFC-S			.ypc			
14.059	PID1 Mode Selector	Fbk1 + Fbk2 (Max Fbk (4	, Fbk2 (1), (2), Min Fbk (3), -), Av Fbk (5), , Max Error (7)	Fbk1 (0)			RW	Txt			ı	US
14.060	PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable 1	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)			RW	Bit			ı	US
14.061	PID2 Feedback Square Root Enable	Off (0) or On (1)		Off (0)			RW	Bit			1	US
14.062	PID1 Feedback Square Root Enable 2	Off (0)	or On (1)	0	ff (0)		RW	Bit			ı	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

Sa	ıfety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
inforr	mation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.15 Menus 15, 16 and 17: Option module set-up

Figure 11-22 Location of option module slots and their corresponding menu numbers



- 1. Solutions Module Slot 1 Menu 15
- 2. Solutions Module Slot 2 Menu 16
- 3. Solutions Module Slot 3 Menu 17

11.15.1 Parameters common to all categories

	Parameter	Range(ℚ)	Default(⇔)	Type
mm.001	Module ID	0 to 65535		RO Num ND NC PT
mm.002	Software Version	00.00.00 to 99.99.99		RO Num ND NC PT
mm.003	Hardware Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO Num ND NC PT
mm.004	Serial Number LS	0 to 9999999		RO Num ND NC PT
mm.005	Serial Number MS	0 (0 9999999		RO Num ND NC PT

The option module ID indicates the type of module that is installed in the corresponding slot. See the relevant option module user guide for more information regarding the module.

Option module ID	Module	Category
0	No module installed	
209	SI-I/O	Automation (I/O Expansion)
443	SI-PROFIBUS	
447	SI-DeviceNet	
448	SI-CANopen	Fieldbus
433	SI-Ethernet	
432	SI-PROFINET RT	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

11.16 Menu 18: Application menu 1

	Parameter	Range	((\$)		Default(⇔)		Type					
	r ai ailletei	OL	RFC-A / S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ועי	Je		
18.001	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num				PS
18.002 to 18.010	Application Menu 1 Read-only Integer	-32768 to	32767				RO	Num	ND	NC		US
18.011 to 18.030	Application Menu 1 Read-write Integer	-32768 to		0		RW	Num				US	
18.031 to 18.050	Application Menu 1 Read-write bit	Off (0) or	Off (0)			RW	Bit				US	
18.051 to 18.054	Application Menu 1 Power-down Save long Integer	-2147483648 to 2147483647			0			Num				PS

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

11.17 Menu 19: Application menu 2

	Parameter	Range		Default(⇔)		Туре						
	r ai ailletei	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ı y	pe		
19.001	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num				PS
19.002 to 19.010	Application Menu 2 Read-only Integer	-32768 to	32767				RO	Num	ND	NC		US
19.011 to 19.030	Application Menu 2 Read-write Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num				US
19.031 to 19.050	Application Menu 2 Read-write bit	Off (0) or	Off (0)			RW	Bit				US	
19.051 to 19.054	Application Menu 2 Power-down Save long Integer	-2147483648 to	0			RW	Num				PS	

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

11.18 Menu 20: Application menu 3

	Parameter	Range	·(\$)		Default(⇔))			Туре	
	i didilicioi	OL	RFC-A/S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Турс	
20.001 to 20.020	Application Menu 3 Read-write Integer	-32768 to	32767		0		RW	Num		
20.021 to 20.040	Application Menu 3 Read-write Long Integer	-2147483648 to	2147483647		0		RW	Num		

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

11.19 Menu 22: Additional Menu 0 set-up

		Ī	Range(ŷ)			Default(⇒)		I				
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Type		
22.001	Parameter 00.001 Set-up		<u> </u>			1.007		RW	Num		PT	US
22.002	Parameter 00.002 Set-up					1.006		RW	Num		PT	US
22.003	Parameter 00.003 Set-up					2.011		RW	Num		PT	US
22.004	Parameter 00.004 Set-up					2.021		RW	Num		PT	US
22.005	Parameter 00.005 Set-up					1.014		RW	Num		PT	US
22.006	Parameter 00.006 Set-up					4.007		RW	Num		PT	US
22.007	Parameter 00.007 Set-up				5.014		.010	RW	Num		PT	US
22.008	Parameter 00.008 Set-up				5.015		.011	RW	Num		PT	US
22.009	Parameter 00.009 Set-up				5.013	3	.012	RW	Num		PT	US
22.010	Parameter 00.010 Set-up				5.004		.002	RW	Num		PT	US
22.011	Parameter 00.011 Set-up				5.	001	3.029	RW	Num		PT	US
22.012	Parameter 00.012 Set-up					4.001		RW	Num		PT	US
22.013	Parameter 00.013 Set-up					4.002		RW	Num		PT	US
22.014	Parameter 00.014 Set-up					4.011		RW	Num		PT	US
22.015	Parameter 00.015 Set-up					2.004		RW	Num		PT	US
22.016	Parameter 00.016 Set-up				0.000		.002	RW	Num		PT	US
22.017	Parameter 00.017 Set-up				8.026		.012	RW	Num		PT	US
22.018	Parameter 00.018 Set-up					0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.019	Parameter 00.019 Set-up					7.007		RW	Num		PT	US
22.020	Parameter 00.020 Set-up	Į				7.010		RW	Num		PT	US
22.021	Parameter 00.021 Set-up					7.011		RW	Num		PT	US
22.022	Parameter 00.022 Set-up					1.010		RW	Num		PT	US
22.023	Parameter 00.023 Set-up					1.005		RW	Num		PT	US
22.024	Parameter 00.024 Set-up					1.021		RW	Num		PT	US
22.025	Parameter 00.025 Set-up					1.022		RW	Num		PT	US
22.026	Parameter 00.026 Set-up				1.023		.008	RW	Num		PT	US
22.027	Parameter 00.027 Set-up				1.024		.034	RW	Num		PT	US
22.028	Parameter 00.028 Set-up					6.013		RW	Num		PT	US
22.029	Parameter 00.029 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999			11.036		RW	Num		PT	US
22.030	Parameter 00.030 Set-up					11.042		RW	Num		PT	US
22.031	Parameter 00.031 Set-up					11.033		RW	Num		PT	US
22.032	Parameter 00.032 Set-up					11.032		RW	Num		PT	US
22.033	Parameter 00.033 Set-up				6.009	5.016	0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.034	Parameter 00.034 Set-up					11.030		RW	Num		PT	US
22.035	Parameter 00.035 Set-up					11.024		RW	Num		PT	US
22.036	Parameter 00.036 Set-up					11.025		RW	Num		PT	US
22.037	Parameter 00.037 Set-up					11.023		RW	Num		PT	US
22.038	Parameter 00.038 Set-up					4.013		RW	Num		PT	US
22.039	Parameter 00.039 Set-up					4.014		RW	Num		PT	US
22.040	Parameter 00.040 Set-up					5.012		RW	Num		PT	US
22.041	Parameter 00.041 Set-up					5.018		RW	Num		PT	US
22.042	Parameter 00.042 Set-up					5.011	0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.043	Parameter 00.043 Set-up				5.	5 000	0.000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.044	Parameter 00.044 Set-up					5.009		RW	Num		PT	US
22.045	Parameter 00.045 Set-up					5.008		RW	Num		PT	US
22.046	Parameter 00.046 Set-up					5.007	E 000	RW	Num		PT	US
22.047	Parameter 00.047 Set-up				5.	11 021	5.033	RW	Num		PT	US
22.048	Parameter 00.048 Set-up	Į				11.031		RW	Num		PT	US
22.049 22.050	Parameter 00.049 Set-up Parameter 00.050 Set-up	Į				11.044		RW	Num		PT	US
22.050	Parameter 00.050 Set-up Parameter 00.051 Set-up	ł				10.037		RW	Num		PT	US
22.051		ł						RW	Num		PT	US
22.052	Parameter 00.052 Set-up Parameter 00.053 Set-up	ł				11.020 4.015		RW	Num		PT	US
22.053		ł					5 OE4	RW	Num		PT	US
22.054	Parameter 00.054 Set-up	ł				000	5.064	RW	Num		PT	US
22.055	Parameter 00.055 Set-up Parameter 00.056 Set-up	ł				000	5.071 5.072	RW	Num		PT	US
		Į						RW	Num		PT	US
22.057	Parameter 00.057 Set-up				0.	000	5.075	RW	Num		PT	US

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

	Damanustan.		Range(‡)			Default(⇔)				T	_	
	Parameter	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			Тур	e	
22.058	Parameter 00.058 Set-up		•		0.	000	5.077	RW	Num		PT	US
22.059	Parameter 00.059 Set-up				0.	000	5.078	RW	Num		PT	US
22.060	Parameter 00.060 Set-up				0.	000	5.082	RW	Num		PT	US
22.061	Parameter 00.061 Set-up				0.	000	5.084	RW	Num		PT	US
22.062	Parameter 00.062 Set-up						•	RW	Num		PT	US
22.063	Parameter 00.063 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.064	Parameter 00.064 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.065	Parameter 00.065 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.066	Parameter 00.066 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.067	Parameter 00.067 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.068	Parameter 00.068 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.069	Parameter 00.069 Set-up		0.000 to 59.999					RW	Num		PT	US
22.070	Parameter 00.070 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.071	Parameter 00.071 Set-up					0.000		RW	Num		PT	US
22.072	Parameter 00.072 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.073	Parameter 00.073 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.074	Parameter 00.074 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.075	Parameter 00.075 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.076	Parameter 00.076 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.077	Parameter 00.077 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.078	Parameter 00.078 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.079	Parameter 00.079 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US
22.080	Parameter 00.080 Set-up							RW	Num		PT	US

RW	Read / Write	RO	Read only	Num	Number parameter	Bit	Bit parameter	Txt	Text string	Bin	Binary parameter	FI	Filtered
ND	No default value	NC	Not copied	PT	Protected parameter	RA	Rating dependent	US	User save	PS	Power-down save	DE	Destination

11.20 Menu 29: Dyneo LSRPM motor configuration

	Parameter		Range(≎)		Default(⇒)				Тур	20	
	i didilietei	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S	OL	RFC-A	RFC-S			ıyı	<i>.</i>	
29.199	Low Speed Acceleration Ramp Control Enable			Off (0) or On (1)			Off (0)	RW	Num			
29.200	LSRPM Motor Set-up Enable			Off (0) or On (1)			On (1)	RW	BU			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

12 Technical data

12.1 Drive technical data

12.1.1 Power and current ratings (Derating for switching frequency and temperature)

For a full explanation of Normal Duty refer to Chapter 2.3 Ratings on page 11.

Table 12-1 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient

					Normal D	uty			
Model	Nomina	ıl rating	Maxim	ium permiss	ible continuo	us output cur frequencies		he following s	witching
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
200 V									
03200066	1.1	1.5				6.6			
03200080	1.5	2.0				8.0			
03200110	2.2	3.0				11			10.2
03200127	3.0	3.0			12.7			12.1	10.2
04200180	4.0	5.0				18			
04200250	5.5	7.5			25			24	22
05200300	7.5	10			30			27.6	23.7
06200500	11	15			50			42.3	24.5
06200580	15	20		;	58		53	42.3	32.5
07200750	18.5	25			75		•	74.3	59.7
07200940	22	30			94			74.3	59.7
07201170	30	40		117		114	96	74.3	59.7
08201490	37	50		1	49	•	146	125.2	93
08201800	45	60		180		160.2	148.8	126	93
09202160	55	75		2	16	•	184	128	93
09202660	75	100	26	36	258	218	184	128	93
10203250	90	125		325	•	313	266	194	144
10203600	110	150		360		313	266	194	144
400 V									
03400034	1.1	1.5				3.4			
03400045	1.5	2.0				4.5			
03400062	2.2	3.0				6.2			5.0
03400077	3.0	5.0			7.7			6.2	5.0
03400104	4.0	5.0			10.4			7.6	5.7
03400123	5.5	7.5		1.	2.3		10.5	7.6	5.8
04400185	7.5	10			18.5			14.6	11.1
04400240	11	15		24		21.8	19.2	14.6	11.2
05400300	15	20		30		25.8	22.2	17.1	13.5
06400380	18.5	25			38	•		31	24.3
06400480	22	30		4	48		41	31	24.5
06400630	30	40	6	3	57	48	41	31	24.5
07400790	37	50			79	•	•	63	53.6
07400940	45	60		(94		80.6	63	53.6
07401120	55	75	112 95.2 80.6					63	53.8
08401550	75	100		1	98	77			
08401840	90	125		184		169	142	106.7	77

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listina
information		installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

					Normal Du	ty			
Model	Nomina	al rating	Maxim	um permiss	ible continuo	us output cur frequencies		he following s	witching
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
09402210	110	150		221	•	192	159	108	77
09402660	132	200	266	255	231	192	160	109	77
10403200	160	250		320		285	238	173	124
10403610	200	300	36	51	339	285	238	173	126
11404370	225	350	43	57	415	336	272		
11404870	250	400	487	460	415	336	272		
11405070	280	400	507	460	415	336	272		
75 V									
05500039	2.2	3.0				3.9			
05500061	4.0	5.0				6.1			
05500100	5.5	7.5				10			
06500120	7.5	10.0				12			
06500170	11.0	15.0				17			14.8
06500220	15.0	20.0			22			20.5	15
06500270	18.5	25.0			27		26.2	20	16
06500340	22.0	30.0		34		31	26.2	20	16.8
06500430	30.0	40.0	4:	3	39.6	31	26.2	20	16.8
07500530	45	50		53		51.8	40.2	27.7	21.2
07500730	55	60	7:	3	71.5	51.8	40.2	27.7	21.2
08500860	75	75			86		73.1	49.7	37.8
08501080	90	100		108		91.8	73.1	49.7	37.8
09501250	110	125		1	25	•	101	71	54
09501500	110	150		150		126	100	70	54
10502000	130	200	20	0	168	126	100	70	54
11502480	185	250	24	-8	205	TBC	TBC		
11502880	225	300	288	252	209	TBC	TBC		
11503150	250	350	315	252	209	TBC	TBC		
90 V		•			•	•	•		
07600230	18.5	25				23			21.2
07600300	22	30			30			27.9	21.2
07600360	30	40			36			28.1	21.2
07600460	37	50			46		40.5	28.1	21.2
07600520	45	60		52		51.5	40.6	28.1	21.2
07600730	55	75	7:	3	71.5	51.8	40.6	28.1	21.2
08600860	75	100			86		72.2	49.7	37.8
08601080	90	125		108		91.8	72.4	49.7	37.8
09601250	110	150		1	25	ı	100	71	54
09601550	132	175		155		126	100	71	54
10601720	160	200	17	'2	169	126	100	71	55
10601970	185	250		197	1	154	114	75	55
11602250	200	250	22	25	209	TBC	TBC		
11602750	250	300	275	252	209	TBC	TBC		
11603050	280	400	305	252	209	TBC	TBC		

Cofoty	Droduct	Machaniaal	Flootrical	Getting	Dooio	Dunning		NV Media Card	Onhoord	Advanced	Tachnical		UL listina
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	O-4''4'	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	D1	UL listing
							Optimization					Diagnostics	
information	Information	Installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC:	parameters	data		information
miomiation	miorination	motanation	motanation	otartoa	parameters	tile illetel		Operation		parameters	auta		miormation

Table 12-2 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 40 °C (104 °F) ambient with high IP insert installed

				Normal Duty							
Model		M	aximum permiss for the follo	ible continuous wing switching		A)					
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz				
00 V	KIIZ	NI IZ	KIIZ	KIIZ	KIIZ	K112	KIIZ				
03200066	1			6.6							
03200080				8.0							
03200110		11.0									
03200127	12.3										
04200180	1	14.5 13.5 12.2 10.5									
04200250		14.5 13.5 12.2 10.5									
05200300	25.5	25.5 25.2 24.9 24.3 23.7 22.5									
00 V		•	•		•	•					
03400034			3	4		3.3					
03400045		4.5		4.4	4.1	3.6	3.3				
03400062	5.1	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.1	3.6	3.3				
03400077	7	7.7	7.4	6.7	6.2	5.7	5.0				
03400104		8.3	1	7.6	6.9	6.0	5.2				
03400123		8.3		7.6	6.9	6.0	5.2				
04400185			8.6			8.4	6.9				
04400240		8.6 8.4									
05400300	17.1	15.6	14.4	12.6	11.4	9.6	8.7				
75 V											
05500039		3.9									
05500061				6.1							
05500100				10.0							

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 12-3 Maximum permissible continuous output current @ 50 °C (122 °F

				Normal Duty						
Model		N		sible continuous owing switching		A)				
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz			
00 V										
03200066				6.6						
03200080				8.0						
03200110			11			10.5	9.1			
03200127	1.	2.7	12.6	12.2	11.7	10.5	9.1			
04200180				18						
04200250			2	2.2			20.2			
05200300		;	30		29.7	25.2	21.6			
06200500		,	50		49	38	30			
06200580		58		56	49	38	30.2			
07200750			75			59.7	48.8			
07200940		94		92.1	80	59.7	48.9			
07201170	1	17	112	92.4	80	59.7	49.1			
08201490		149	"	147	133	113	84			
08201800	1	80	167	148	133	113	84			
09202160		216	1	197	168	117	84			
09202660	253	237	221	197	168	117	85			
10203250	325	320	302	266	241	176	130			
10203600	346	320	302	266	241	176	130			
00 V			<u>'</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				
03400034				3.4						
03400045				4.5						
03400062		6	3.2	5.9 5.4						
03400077	7.6	7.2	6.9	6.4	5.9	5.4	4.4			
03400104		10.4	L	9.3	8.5	6.9	5.1			
03400123	11.9	11.2	10.5	9.3	8.5	6.9	5.2			
04400185	18	17.5	17	16.3	15.8	12.2	9.3			
04400240	18	17.5	17	16.3	15.8	12.2	9.3			
05400300		25.5	1	23.6	20.4	15.6	12.3			
06400380		;	38	•	37	28	21.4			
06400480		48		43	36.5	27.4	21.4			
06400630	63	58	52	43	37	28	21.4			
07400790			79	ı	73.5	57.7	49			
07400940		94		86.5	73.3	58.3	49			
07401120	1	12	109	87.4	72.8	58.3	49.3			
08401550		155	•	146	123	93	69			
08401840	1	84	180	146	123	93.8	69			
09402210	2	21	213	175	144	97	69			
09402660	253	237	213	176	144	98	69			
10403200	3	20	300	259	217	154	112			
10403610	343	321	300	260	217	155	112			

	Product nformation	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic paramete	Running the motor	Optim	ization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advance	ed Technica ers data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
								Nori	nal Duty					
Мос	del				М	aximum pe for the			ontinuous o switching fr)		
			2 KHz	3 kF		4 kHz			6 kHz	8 kHz		12 kHz		16 kHz
11404	4370		437	41		374			298	240		RHZ		RIIZ
11404	4870		462	41	5	374			298	240				
11405	5070		462	41	5	374			298	240	_			
575 V														
05500	0039								3.9					
05500	0061								6.1					
05500	0100								10					
06500	0120								12					
06500	0170						1	7						13.4
06500	0220					22						17.8		13.4
06500	0270				2	7				23.5		17.8		15
06500	0340			3-	4				28.2	23.5		18		15
06500	0430	4	13.0	41	.7	36.1			28	23.7		18		15
07500	0530			5	3				46.7	35.8		24.8		19
07500	0730		7	3		65			46.7	35.8		24.8		19
08500	0860			86					76.7	64.5		44.3		31.3
08501	1080		104	97	97.2				76.7	64.8		44.3		31.3
09501	1250			12	25				114	90		62		48
09501	1500			15	50				114	90		62		48
10502	2000		200	18	34	154			114	90		62		48
11502	2480		22	26		189			TBC	TBC				
11502	2880	:	262	22	9	189			TBC	TBC				
11503	3150		286	22	.9	189			TBC	TBC				
690 V														
07600	0230						2	3						19
07600	0300					30						24.8		19
07600					3					35.8		24.8		19
07600					4	6				35.8		24.8		19
07600				5	2				46.7	35.8		25		19
07600			7	3		65			46.7	35.8		25		19
08600				8					76.7	64.5		44.3		31.3
08601			104	97		90.7			76.7	64.8		44.3		31.3
09601				12	25				114	90		62		48
09601			155			153			113	89		62		48
10601			172			153			114	89		62		48
10601			197					134	102		67		48	
11602)5		189			TBC	TBC	_			
11602			250	22		189			TBC	TBC				
11603	3050		286	22	29	189			TBC	TBC				

NOTE

55 ° C ratings are available for frame sizes 3 to 10 on request.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	n information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

12.1.2 Power dissipation

Table 12-4 Losses @ 40° C (104° F) ambient

					Normal Duty	•			
Model	Nomina	al rating	Drive I	osses (W) taki	ng into accou	nt any curren	t derating for	the given cor	nditions
	kW	hp	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
0 V									
03200066	1.1	1.5		93	95	99	104	113	122
03200080	1.5	2		100	102	107	113	122	133
03200110	2.2	3		123	126	133	139	151	146
03200127	3	3		136	141	149	158	168	157
04200180	4	5		180	187	201	216	244	273
04200250	5.5	7.5		239	248	266	284	308	314
05200300	7.5	10		291	302	324	344	356	342
06200500	11	15		394	413	452	490	480	
06200580	15	20		463	484	528	522	481	
07200750	18.5	25		570	597	650	703		
07200940	22	30		718	751	815	881		
07201170	30	40		911	951	1004	911		
08201490	37	50		1433	1536	1765	1943		
08201800	45	60		1753	1894	1914	1985		
09202160	55	75	1889	2031	2174	2458	2348	2112	2006
09202660	75	100	2375	2554	2625	2482	2348	2108	2009
10203250	90	125	2478	2672	2867	3123	2952	2701	2554
10203600	110	150	2802	3016	3230	3126	2957	2706	2554
0 V									
03400034	1.1	1.5		80	84	94	103	123	141
03400045	1.5	2		88	92	104	115	137	160
03400062	2.2	3		104	112	125	139	167	157
03400077	3	5		114	122	137	153	149	147
03400104	4	5		145	158	186	212	201	197
03400123	5	7.5		163	179	209	208	201	200
04400185	7.5	10		225	244	283	322	325	310
04400240	11	15		283	307	325	329	325	315
05400300	15	20		324	353	356	355	359	362
06400380	18.5	25		417	456	532	613	652	645
06400480	22	30		515	561	657	651	646	650
06400630	30	40		656	659	650	646	643	
07400790	37	50		830	907	1062	1218		
07400940	45	60		999	1088	1264	1241		
07401120	55	75		1152	1247	1218	1170		
08401550	75	100		1652	1817	2154	2121		
08401840	90	125		2004	2191	2333	2279		
09402210	110	150	2286	2565	2844	2966	2917	2807	2815
09402660	132	200	2806	2998	2984	2955	2925	2821	2811
10403200	160	250	3210	3582	3954	4148	4034	3939	3843
10406100	200	300	3703	4121	4226	4154	4038	3947	3874

	roduct ormation	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optim	nization	NV Media Opera	a Card ation	Onboard PLC	Advand		Techni data		gnostic	UL listing information
								Norma	l Duty	1							
N41 - 1		Nomi	nal rating		Drive Io	sses (W)	takin				/ current	t deratii	ng fo	r the	given	cond	itions
Model		kW	hp		2 kHz	3 kHz		4 kF	,		6 kHz	8 kH			12 kHz		16 kHz
1140437	n	225	350		4138	4482		46			350	415			КПZ		КПZ
1140487		250	400		4690	4750		46			1350	415					
1140507		280	400		4962	4793		46			1394	419					
575 V		200	400		1002	4700		400			1004	710					
0550003	9	2.2	3			92		10	2		121	14	2				
0550006		4	5			135		15			180	20					
0550010		5.5	7.5			194		21			260	30					
0650012		7.5	10	-		215		23			287	33					
0650017	0	11	15			284		31	5		376	43	8				
0650022	0	15	20			362		39	19		484	56	9				
0650027	0	18.5	25			448		50	15		596	68	2				
0650034	0	22	30			623		71	2		810	82	2				
0650043	0	30	40			798		83	6		813	82	:3				
0750053	0	45	50			1004		113	39	1	358	126	62				
0750073	0	55	60			1248		13	75	1	209	112	22				
0850086	0	75	75			1861		218	30	2	2814	298	32				
0850108	0	90	100			2374		27	53	2	2947	296	63				
0950125	0	110	125		1595	1865		213	35	2	2675	264	14		2687		2831
0950150	0	110	150		1933	2256		258	80	2	2696	26	16		2654		2831
1050200	0	130	200		2692	3137		292	23	2	2696	26	16		2654		2831
1150248	0	185	250		3126	3569		34	73	3	3237	329	91				
1150288	0	225	300		3661	3627		34	73	3	3237	329	91				
1150315	0	250	350		4081	3671		35	17	3	3281	333	34				
690 V			L				· ·					<u> </u>					
0760023	0	18.5	25			428		49	1		617	74	3				
0760030	0	22	30			551		63	1		791	95	2				
0760036	0	30	40			660		75	4		941	112	29				
0760046	0	37	50	\dashv		854		97	'1	1	206	127	71				
0760052	0	45	60	_		985		111	17	1	350	127	75				
0760073	0	55	75	\dashv		1248		13	75	1	209	112	22				
0860086	0	75	100			1861		218	30	2	2814	294	45				
0860108	0	90	125	_		2374		27	53	2	2947	293	35				
0960125	0	110	150		1730	2065		240	00	3	3070	305	58		3215		3434
0960155	0	132	175	\dashv	2160	2573		298	36	3	3083	305	58		3216		3443
1060172	0	160	200		2420	2882		32	70	3	3083	305	52		3192		3472
1060197	0	185	250		2614	3132		364	49	3	3667	349	95		3633		3993
1160225	0	200	250	一	3012	3520		384	43	3	3778	388	31				
1160275	0	250	300		3704	3941		384	43	3	3778	388	31				
11603050	0	280	400		4184	3985		388	36	3	821	392	25				

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

Table 12-5 Losses @ 40° C (104° F) ambient with high IP insert installed

				Normal Duty			
Model	Driv	e losses (W) tak	ing into conside	eration any curr	ent derating for	the given condit	tions
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
00 V	•	•				•	•
03200066		93	95	99	104	113	122
03200080		100	102	107	113	122	133
03200110		123	126	133	140	158	157
03200127		128	124	122	118	98	84
04200180		145	151	151	146	142	146
04200250		215	205	194	189	187	199
5200300		244	249	262	274	298	328
00 V			•		•	•	
03400034		80	84	94	103	123	137
03400045		88	92	102	105	110	134
03400062		84	85	89	92	109	134
03400077		114	117	122	135	172	203
03400104		118	134	155	173	221	267
03400123		118	134	155	173	221	267
04400185	1	105	114	132	153	197	207
04400240		101	111	131	152	197	207
05400300	1	170	173	182	194	223	268
75 V	-	•	Г				
05500039	I						
05500061							
05500100		1					

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 12-6 Losses @ 50° C (122° F) ambient

				Normal Duty			
Model	Di	rive losses (W) 1	aking into acco	ount any curren	t derating for th	ne given condition	ons
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
0 V	_	•					
03200066		93	95	99	104	113	122
03200080		100	102	107	113	122	133
03200110		123	126	133	139	144	139
03200127		136	140	143	147	151	150
04200180		180	187	201	216	253	297
04200250		214	223	244	265	312	334
05200300		292	306	331	357	357	357
06200500		394	413	452	481	434	
06200580		463	484	509	483	437	
07200750		570	597	650	703		
07200940		718	751	799	750		
07201170		898	898	805	751		
08201490		1433	1536	1741	1770		
08201800		1737	1740	1759	1771		
09202160	1889	2031	2174	2240	2172	1970	1889
09202660	2241	2239	2223	2243	2161	1975	1900
10203250	2478	2625	2641	2625	2671	2490	2379
10203600	2666	2629	2643	2629	2678	2495	2374
0 V							
03400034		80	84	118	103	123	141
03400045		88	92	104	115	137	160
03400062		104	112	125	132	146	155
03400077		106	109	114	117	145	155
03400104		145	158	175	194	225	225
03400123		152	160	175	194	225	230
04400185		213	227	262	300	323	325
04400240		212	227	262	300	318	321
05400300		288	323	368	384	417	
06400380		417	456	536	607	609	597
06400480		515	561	597	595	601	614
06400630		613	600	593	601	613	
07400790		830	907	1062	1141		
07400940		999	1087	1163	1138		
07401120		1136	1200	1118	1074		
08401550	Ī	1652	1815	2016	1970		
08401840		1957	2114	1998	1979		
09402210	2286	2565	2738	2709	2675	2611	2638
09402660	2648	2760	2735	2723	2675	2632	2651
10403200	3210	3582	3681	3765	3700	3597	3591
10403610	3482	3598	3676	3776	3694	3625	3589

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				Normal Duty			
Model	Di	rive losses (W) to	aking into acco	ount any curren	t derating for th	ne given condition	ons
	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kH
11404370	4138	4236	4134	3834	3749		
11404870	4413	4236	4134	3834	3749		
11405070	4456	4276	4178	3938	3793		
0550039		92	102	121	142		
05500061		135	150	180	209		
05500100		194	215	260	302		
06500120		215	239	287	334		
06500170		284	315	376	443		
06500220		362	399	482	575		
06500270		445	490	592	614		
06500340		623	712	739	751		
06500430		774	758	734	757		
07500530		988	1115	1225	1144		
07500730		1225	1228	1098	1030		
08500860		1850	2172	2540	2672		
08501080		2090	2291	2540	2684		
09501250	1595	1865	2135	2443	2392	2460	2674
95015000	1933	2256	2580	2448	2392	2447	2652
10502000	2692	2841	2654	2448	2392	2447	2652
11502480	3126	3297	3172	3076	3113		
11502880	3627	3297	3172	3076	3113		
11503150	3671	3341	3216	3120	3156		
07600230		428	491	617	743		
07600300		551	631	791	958		
07600360		660	754	944	1144		
07600460		854	965	1206	1144		
07600520		969	1094	1225	1144		
07600730		1225	1228	1098	1030		
08600860		1850	2172	2540	2672		
08601080		2090	2291	2540	2684		
09601250	1730	2065	2400	2810	2803	2934	3223
09601550	2160	2573	2955	2796	2778	2934	3225
10601720	2420	2882	2947	2805	2789	2932	3229
10601970	2614	3132	3610	3243	3221	3420	3771
11602250	3012	3520	3512	3517	3647		
11602750	3704	3582	3512	3517	3647		
11603050	3899	3625	3556	3560	3691		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	D	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 12-7 Power losses from the front of the drive when throughpanel mounted

Frame size	Power loss
3	≤ 50 W
4	≤ 75 W
5	≤ 100 W
6	≤ 100 W
7	≤ 204 W
8	≤ 347 W
9A/9E	≤ 480 W
10E/11E	≤ 480 W

12.1.3 Supply requirements

AC supply voltage:

200 V drive: 200 V to 240 V \pm 10 % 400 V drive: 380 V to 480 V \pm 10 % 575 V drive: 500 V to 575 V \pm 10 % 690 V drive: 500 V to 690 V \pm 10 %

Number of phases: 3

Maximum supply imbalance: 2 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 3 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Frequency range: 45 to 66 Hz

For UL compliance only, the maximum supply symmetrical fault current must be limited to 100 kA.

12.1.4 Line reactors

Input line reactors reduce the risk of damage to the drive resulting from poor phase balance or severe disturbances on the supply network.

Where line reactors are to be used, reactance values of approximately 2 % are recommended. Higher values may be used if necessary, but may result in a loss of drive output (reduced torque at high speed) because of the voltage drop.

For all drive ratings, 2 % line reactors permit drives to be used with a supply unbalance of up to 3.5 % negative phase sequence (equivalent to 5 % voltage imbalance between phases).

Severe disturbances may be caused by the following factors, for example:

- Power factor correction equipment connected close to the drive.
- Large DC drives having no or inadequate line reactors connected to the supply.
- Across the line (DOL) started motor(s) connected to the supply such that when any of these motors are started, the voltage dip exceeds 20 %

Such disturbances may cause excessive peak currents to flow in the input power circuit of the drive. This may cause nuisance tripping, or in extreme cases, failure of the drive.

Drives of low power rating may also be susceptible to disturbance when connected to supplies with a high rated capacity.

Line reactors are particularly recommended for use with the following drive models when one of the above factors exists, or when the supply capacity exceeds 175 kVA:

03200066, 03200080, 03200110, 03200127 03400034, 03400045, 03400062, 03400077

Model sizes 03400104 to 07600730 have an internal DC choke and model sizes 08201490 to 0801080 and frame 9A have internal AC line chokes so they do not require AC line reactors except for cases of excessive phase unbalance or extreme supply conditions. Drive sizes 9E,10E and 11E do not have internal input line reactors hence an external input line reactor must be used. For more information refer to section 4.2.3 *Input line reactor specification for size 9E, 10E and 11E* on page 78.

When required, each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

When required each drive must have its own reactor(s). Three individual reactors or a single three-phase reactor should be used.

Reactor current ratings

The current rating of the line reactors should be as follows:

Continuous current rating:

Not less than the continuous input current rating of the drive

Repetitive peak current rating:

Not less than twice the continuous input current rating of the drive

12.1.5 Motor requirements

No. of phases: 3 Maximum voltage: 200 V drive: 240 V 400 V drive: 480 V 575 V drive: 575 V 690 V drive: 690 V

12.1.6 Temperature, humidity and cooling method

Ambient temperature operating range:

- 20 °C to 50 °C (- 4 °F to 122 °F).

Output current derating must be applied at ambient temperatures >40 $^{\circ}$ C (104 $^{\circ}$ F).

Cooling method: Forced convection

Maximum humidity: 95 % non-condensing at 40 °C (104 °F)

12.1.7 Storage

-40 °C (-40 °F) to +55 °C (131 °F) for long term storage, or to +70 °C (158 °F) for short term storage.

Storage time is 2 years.

Electrolytic capacitors in any electronic product have a storage period after which they require reforming or replacing.

The DC bus capacitors have a storage period of 10 years.

The low voltage capacitors on the control supplies typically have a storage period of 2 years and are thus the limiting factor.

Low voltage capacitors cannot be reformed due to their location in the circuit and thus may require replacing if the drive is stored for a period of 2 years or greater without power being applied.

It is therefore recommended that drives are powered up for a minimum of 1 hour after every 2 years of storage.

This process allows the drive to be stored for a further 2 years.

12.1.8 Altitude

Altitude range: 0 to 3,000 m (9,900 ft), subject to the following conditions:

1,000 m to 3,000 m (3,300 ft to 9,900 ft) above sea level: de-rate the maximum output current from the specified figure by 1% per 100 m (330 ft) above 1,000 m (3,300 ft)

For example at 3,000 m (9,900 ft) the output current of the drive would have to be de-rated by 20 %.

12.1.9 IP / UL Rating

The drive is rated to IP21 pollution degree 2 (dry, non-conductive contamination only) (NEMA 1). However, it is possible to configure the drive to achieve IP65 rating (sizes 3 to 8) or IP54 rating (size 9, 10 and 11) (NEMA 12) at the rear of the heatsink for through-panel mounting (some current derating is required).

In order to achieve the high IP rating at the rear of the heatsink with drive sizes 3,4 and 5 it is necessary to seal a heatsink vent by installing the high IP insert.

The IP rating of a product is a measure of protection against ingress and contact to foreign bodies and water. It is stated as IP XX, where the two digits (XX) indicate the degree of protection provided as shown in Table 12-8 *IP Rating degrees of protection* on page 243.

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	information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	o purmeation.	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	D.ag.ioot.oo	information

Table 12-8 IP Rating degrees of protection

	able 12-0 IF Italing degrees of protection							
	First digit		Second digit					
	otection against contact and gress of foreign bodies	Pr	otection against ingress of water					
0	No protection	0	No protection					
1	Protection against large foreign bodies φ > 50 mm (large area contact with the hand)	1	Protection against vertically falling drops of water					
2	Protection against medium size foreign bodies $\phi > 12$ mm (finger)	2	Protection against spraywater (up to 15 ° from the vertical)					
3	Protection against small foreign bodies φ > 2.5 mm (tools, wires)	3	Protection against spraywater (up to 60 ° from the vertical)					
4	Protection against granular foreign bodies ϕ > 1mm (tools, wires)	4	Protection against splashwater (from all directions)					
5	Protection against dust deposit, complete protection against accidental contact.	5	Protection against heavy splash water (from all directions, at high pressure)					
6	Protection against dust ingress, complete protection against accidental contact.	6	Protection against deckwater (e.g. in heavy seas)					
7	-	7	Protection against immersion					
8	-	8	Protection against submersion					

Table 12-9 UL enclosure ratings

UL rating	Description
Type 1	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against limited amounts of falling dirt.
Type 12	Enclosures are intended for indoor use, primarily to provide a degree of protection against dust, falling dirt and dripping non-corrosive liquids.

12.1.10 Corrosive gasses

Concentrations of corrosive gases must not exceed the levels given in:

- Table A2 of EN 50178:1998
- Class 3C2 of IEC 60721-3-3

This corresponds to the levels typical of urban areas with industrial activities and/or heavy traffic, but not in the immediate neighborhood of industrial sources with chemical emissions.

12.1.11 RoHS compliance

The drive meets EU directive 2002-95-EC for RoHS compliance.

12.1.12 Vibration

Maximum recommended continuous vibration level 0.14 g r.m.s. broadband 5 to 200 Hz.

NOTE

This is the limit for broad-band (random) vibration. Narrow-band vibration at this level which coincides with a structural resonance could result in premature failure.

Bump Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn. Referenced standard:IEC 60068-2-29: Test Eb:

Severity: 18 g, 6 ms, half sine

No. of Bumps: 600 (100 in each direction of each axis)

Random Vibration Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn.

Referenced standard:IEC 60068-2-64: Test Fh:

Severity: 1.0 m^2/s^3 (0.01 g^2/Hz) ASD from 5 to 20 Hz

-3 dB/octave from 20 to 200 Hz

Duration: 30 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes.

Sinusoidal Vibration Test

Testing in each of three mutually perpendicular axes in turn.

Referenced standard: IEC 60068-2-6: Test Fc:

Frequency range: 5 to 500 Hz

Severity: 3.5 mm peak displacement from 5 to 9 Hz

10 m/s² peak acceleration from 9 to 200 Hz 15 m/s² peak acceleration from 200 to 500 Hz

Sweep rate: 1 octave/minute

Duration: 15 minutes in each of 3 mutually perpendicular axes. EN 61800-5-1:2007, Section 5.2.6.4. referring to IEC 60068-2-6

Frequency range: 10 to 150 Hz

Amplitude: 10 to 57 Hz at 0.075 mm pk

57 to 150 Hz at 1g p

Sweep rate: 1 octave/minute

Duration: 10 sweep cycles per axis in each of 3 mutually

perpendicular axes

12.1.13 Starts per hour

By electronic control: unlimited

By interrupting the AC supply: ≤20 (equally spaced)

12.1.14 Start up time

This is the time taken from the moment of applying power to the drive, to the drive being ready to run the motor:

Sizes 3

12.1.15 Output frequency / speed range

In all operating modes (Open loop, RFC-A, RFC-S) the maximum output frequency is limited to 550 Hz.

12.1.16 Accuracy and resolution

Speed:

The absolute frequency and speed accuracy depends on the accuracy of the crystal used with the drive microprocessor. The accuracy of the crystal is 100 ppm, and so the absolute frequency/speed accuracy is 100 ppm (0.01 %) of the reference, when a preset speed is used. If an analog input is used the absolute accuracy is further limited by the absolute accuracy of the analog input.

The following data applies to the drive only; it does not include the performance of the source of the control signals.

Open loop resolution:

Preset frequency reference: 0.1 Hz
Precision frequency reference: 0.001 Hz

Closed loop resolution

Preset speed reference: 0.1 rpm
Precision speed reference: 0.001 rpm
Analog input 1: 11 bit plus sign
Analog input 2: 11 bit plus sign

Current

The resolution of the current feedback is 10 bit plus sign.

Accuracy: typical 2 % worst case 5 %

					a.								
Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Racio	Runnina		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical		UL listing
Salety	1 Toduct	Mechanical	Liectrical	Getting	Dasic	Running			Olibbalu	Auvanceu	recillical	Diagnostics	OL listing
information	information	installation	installation	ctarted	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	DI C	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information
imormation	imormation	IIIStaliation	IIIStaliation	started	parameters	tne motor	-	Operation	PLU	parameters	data	_	information
4													

12.1.17 Acoustic noise

The heatsink fan generates the majority of the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive. The heatsink fan on all drive sizes are a variable speed fan. The drive controls the speed at which the fan runs based on the temperature of the heatsink and the drive's thermal model system.

Table 12-10 gives the sound pressure level at 1 m produced by the drive for the heatsink fan running at the maximum and minimum speeds.

Table 12-10 Acoustic noise data

Size	Max speed dBA	Min speed dBA
3	56	20
4	58	35
5	61	25
6	58	47
7	65	52
8	68	51
9	75	56
10	77	55
11	TBC	TBC

12.1.18 Overall dimensions

H Height including surface mounting brackets

W Width

D Projection forward of panel when surface mounted

F Projection forward of panel when through-panel mounted

R Projection rear of panel when through-panel mounted

Table 12-11 Overall drive dimensions

Size			Dimension		
Size	Н	W	D	F	R
3	382 mm	83 mm			67 mm
_	(15.04 in)	(3.27 in)	200 mm	134 mm	(2.64 in)
4	391 mm	124 mm	(7.87 in)	(5.28 in)	66 mm
7	(15.39 in)	(4.88 in)			(2.59 in)
5	391 mm	143 mm	202 mm	135 mm	67 mm
5	(15.39 in)	(5.63 in)	(7.95 in)	(5.32 in)	(2.64 in)
6	391 mm	210 mm	227 mm	131 mm	96 mm
· ·	(15.39 in)	(8.27 in)	(8.94 in)	(5.16 in)	(3.78 in)
7	557 mm	270 mm	279 mm	187 mm	92 mm
,	(21.93 in)	(10.63 in)	(10.98 in)	(7.36 in)	(3.62 in)
8	803 mm	310 mm	290 mm	190 mm	100 mm
0	(31.61 in)	(12.21 in)	(11.42 in)	(7.48 in)	(3.94 in)
9A	1108 mm	310 mm	290 mm	190 mm	100 mm
3/	(43.61 in)	(12.21 in)	(11.42 in)	(7.48 in)	(3.94 in)
9E and	1069 mm	310 mm	289 mm	190 mm	99 mm
10E	(42.09 in)	(12.21 in)	(11.38 in)	(7.48 in)	(3.90 in)
11E	1242 mm	310 mm	312 mm	190 mm	122 mm
116	(48.9 in)	(12.21 in)	(12.28 in)	(7.48 in)	(4.8 in)

12.1.19 Weights

Table 12-12 Overall drive weights

Size	Model	kg	lb
3	03400104, 03400123	4.5	9.9
3	All other variants	4.0	8.8
4		6.5	14.30
5		7.4	16.30
6		14	30.90
7	All variants	28	61.70
8	All variants	52	114.64
9A		66.5	146.6
9E/10E		46	101.40
11E		63	138.9

12.1.20 Safe Torque Off data

Data as verified by TÜV Rheinland:

According to EN ISO 13849-1:

PL = e

Category = 4

 $MTTF_D = High$

DC_{av} = High

Mission Time and Proof Test Interval = 20 years

The calculated MTTF_D for the complete STO function is:

STO1 2574 yr

According to EN 61800-5-2:

SIL = 3

PFH = $4.21 \times 10^{-11} \, h^{-1}$

Logic levels comply with IEC 61131-2:2007 for type 1 digital inputs rated at 24 V. Maximum level for logic low to achieve SIL3 and PL e $\,$ 5 V and 0.5 mA.

12.1.21 Input current, fuse and cable size ratings

The input current is affected by the supply voltage and impedance.

Typical input current

The values of typical input current are given to aid calculations for power flow and power loss.

The values of typical input current are stated for a balanced supply.

Maximum continuous input current

The values of maximum continuous input current are given to aid the selection of cables and fuses. These values are stated for the worst case condition with the unusual combination of stiff supply with bad balance. The value stated for the maximum continuous input current would only be seen in one of the input phases. The current in the other two phases would be significantly lower.

The values of maximum input current are stated for a supply with a 2 % negative phase-sequence imbalance and rated at the maximum supply fault current given in Table 12-13.

Table 12-13 Supply fault current used to calculate maximum input currents

Model	Symmetrical fault level (kA)
All	100

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical Diggs	oction	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	ostics	information



Fuses

The AC supply to the drive must be installed with suitable protection against overload and short-circuits. Table 12-14 to Table 12-17 shows the recommended fuse ratings. Failure to observe this requirement will cause risk of fire.

Table 12-14 AC Input current and fuse ratings (200 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	use rating		
Model	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
wodei	current	input current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
03200066	8.2	10.4	15.8	16			20		
03200080	9.9	12.6	20.9	20	25	aC	20	25	CC, J or T**
03200110	14	17	25	20	25	gG	25	25	CC, 3 01 1
03200127	16	20	34	25	1		25		
04200180	17	20	30	25	25	aC.	25	25	CC, J or T**
04200250	23	28	41	32	32	gG	30	30	- CC, J OI I
05200300	24	31	52	40	40	gG	40	40	CC, J or T**
06200500	42	48	64	63	63	aC.	60	60	CC, J or T**
06200580	49	56	85	03	03	gG	60	- 00	CC, 3 01 1
07200750	58	67	109	80	80		80	80	
07200940	73	84	135	100	100	gG	100	100	CC, J or T**
07201170	91	105	149	125	125		125	125	1
08201490	123	137	213	200	200	αD	200	200	HSJ
08201800	149	166	243	200	200	gR	225	225	ПОЛ
09202160	172	205	270	250	250	αD	250	250	HSJ
09202660	228	260	319	315	315	gR	300	300	ПОЛ
10203250	277	305	421	400	400	αD	400	400	HSJ
10203600	333	361	494	450	450	gR	450	450	1 1100

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 12-15 AC Input current and fuse ratings (400 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fus	se rating		
	input	continuous	overload		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	input current	input current	Nominal	Maximum		Nominal	Maximum	01
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
03400034	5	5	7						
03400045	6	7	9	10	10		10	10	
03400062	8	9	13			0			CC T**
03400077	11	42	21			gG			CC, J or T**
03400104	12	13	20	20	20		20	20	
03400123	14	16	25						
04400185	17	19	30	25	25	0	25	25	CC T**
04400240	22	24	35	32	32	gG	30	30	CC, J or T**
05400300	26	29	52	40	40	gG	35	35	CC, J or T**
06400380	32	36	67				40		
06400480	41	46	80	63	63	gG	50	60	CC, J or T**
06400630	54	60	90				60		
07400790	67	74	124	100	100		80	80	
07400940	80	88	145	100	100	gG	100	100	CC, J or T**
07401120	96	105	188	125	125		125	125	1
08401550	137	155	267	250	250	αD	225	225	HSJ
08401840	164	177	303	250	250	gR	225	225	ПОЛ
09402210	211	232	306	315	315	αD	300	300	HSJ
09402660	245	267	359	313	313	gR	350	350	ПОЛ
10403200	306	332	445	400	400	αD	400	400	HSJ
10403610	370	397	523	450	450	gR	450	450	пол
11404370	424	499	579						
11404870	455	492	613	500	500	gR	600	600	HSJ
11405070	502	539	752						

Table 12-16 AC Input current and fuse ratings (575 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fu	se rating		
	input	continuous input	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	3.0.00	Α	Α	3.000
05500039	4	4	7	10			10	10	
05500061	6	7	9	10	20	gG	10	10	CC, J or T**
05500100	9	11	15	20			20	20	
06500120	12	13	22	20			20		
06500170	17	19	33	32	40		25	30	
06500220	22	24	41	40		0	30		CC Lor T*
06500270	26	29	50	50		gG	35	50	CC, J or T**
06500340	33	37	63	50	63		40		
06500430	41	47	76	63			50	1	
07500530	41	45	75	50	50	0	50	50	CC T**
07500730	57	62	94	80	80	gG	80	80	CC, J or T**
08500860	74	83	121	125	125	D	100	100	110.1
08501080	92	104	165	160	160	gR	150	150	HSJ
09501250	145	166	190	150	150	~D	150	150	110.1
09501500	145	166	221	200	200	gR	175	175	HSJ
10502000	177	197	266	250	250	gR	250	250	HSJ
11502480	240	265	327						
11502880	285	310	395	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ
11503150	313	338	473	400	400	_			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical Diag	nostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	1051105	information

Table 12-17 AC Input current and fuse ratings (690 V)

	Typical	Maximum	Maximum			Fuse ra	iting		
Marilal	input	continuous	overload input		IEC			UL / USA	
Model	current	current	current	Nominal	Maximum	Class	Nominal	Maximum	Class
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Class	Α	Α	Class
07600230	18	20	32	25			25		
07600300	23	26	41	32	F0		30	50	
07600360	28	31	49	40	- 50		35	50	CC, J
07600460	36	39	65	F0		gG _	50	†	or T**
07600520	40	44	75	50	00		50	00	
07600730	57	62	92	80	- 80		80	80	
08600860	74	83	121	125	125	*D	100	100	1101
08601080	92	104	165	160	160	gR _	150	150	HSJ
09601250	124	149	194	150	150	*D	150	150	1101
09601550	145	171	226	200	200	gR _	200	200	HSJ
10601720	180	202	268	225	225	gR	250	250	1101
10601970	202	225	313	250	250	aR*	250	250	HSJ
11602250	225	256	379						
11602750	217	302	425	400	400	gR	400	400	HSJ
11603050	298	329	465						

^{*} Class aR fuses do not provide branch circuit protection. Ensure that the input cables are suitably protected using HRC fuses or breaker.

NOTE

Ensure cables used suit local wiring regulations.



The nominal cable sizes below are only a guide. The mounting and grouping of cables affects their current-carrying capacity, in some cases smaller cables may be acceptable but in other cases a larger cable is required to avoid excessive temperature or voltage drop. Refer to local wiring regulations for the correct size of cables.

^{**} These fuses are fast acting.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 12-18 Cable ratings (200V)

			Cable siz mn					Cable s	size (UL) WG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03200066	1.5			1.5			14		14	
03200080	1.5	4	B2	1.5	4	B2	14	10	14	10
03200110	4	7	D2	4	7	DZ	12	10	12	10
03200127	7			7			12		12	
04200180	6	8	B2	6	8	B2	10	8	10	8
04200250	8	-	DZ.	8		DZ.	8	Ü	8	
05200300	10	10	B2	10	10	B2	8	8	8	8
06200500	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06200580	25	20	DZ.	25	20	DZ.	3	J	3	J
07200750	35			35			2		2	
07200940	00	70	B2	00	70	B2	1	1/0	1	1/0
07201170	70			70			1/0		1/0	
08201490	95	2 x 70	B2	95	2 x 70	B2	3/0	2 x 1	3/0	2 x 1
08201800	2 x 70	2 X 7 0	52	2 x 70	ZXTO	52	2 x 1	2 % 1	2 x 1	2 % 1
09202160	2 :	x 70	B1 2 x 9	x 95	B2	2)	(2/0	2 x	2/0	
09202660	2 :	x 95			120	52		4/0		4/0
10203250	2 x	120	B1	2 x	120	С	2 x	250	2 x	250
10203600	2 x	150	С	2 x	120		2 x	300	2 x	250

Table 12-19 Cable ratings (400 V)

			Cable size mm						ize (UL) NG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Out	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
03400034							18		18	
03400045	1.5			1.5			16		16	
03400062		4	B2		4	B2		10		10
03400077		7	DZ		1	DZ.	14	10	14	10
03400104	2.5			2.5						
03400123							12		12	
04400185	4	6	B2	4	6	B2	10	8	10	8
04400240	6		DZ	6		52	8	1	8	
05400300	6	6	B2	6	6	B2	8	8	8	8
06400380	10			10			6		6	
06400480	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
06400630	25			25			3		3	
07400790	35			35			1		1	
07400940	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
07401120	70			70			1/0		1/0	
08401550	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 50	2 x 70	B2	2 x 1	2 x 1/0	2 x 1	2 x 1/0
08401840	2 x 70	2 × 10	DZ	2 x 70	2 × 10	DZ	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0	2 x 1/0	2 X 1/0
09402210		(70	B1		(95	B2		3/0		2/0
09402660		95	5.	2 x	120	52		4/0	2 x	4/0
10403200		120	С		120	B2		300		250
10403610	2 x	150			150	52		350	2 x	300
11404370				2 x	185		4 x	3/0		
11404870	4 x	95	С	2 x	240	С	4 v	4/0	2 x	400
11405070					2-10		^	110		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	L)iagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 12-20 Cable ratings (575 V)

			Cable size						ize (UL) NG	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
05500039	0.75			0.75			16		16	
05500061	1	1.5	B2	1	1.5	B2	14	16	14	16
05500100	1.5	1		1.5			14		14	
06500120	2.5			2.5			14		14	
06500170	4	1		4			10		10	
06500220	6	25	B2	6	25	B2	10	3	10	3
06500270	10		B2		25	B2	8	3	8	3
06500340	10			10			6		6	
06500430	16						6		6	
07500530	16	25	B2	16	25	B2	4	3	4	3
07500730	25	25	DZ	25	20	D2	3	3	3	3
08500860	35	50	B2	35	50	B2	1	1	1	1
08501080	50	50	DZ	50	30	D2		'		'
09501250	2.	. 70	B2	2)	35	B2	2	x 1	2	x 3
09501500	2,	70	DZ	2 >	¢ 50	D2	2	X I	2	x 1
10502000	2)	70	B2	2)	¢ 70	B2	2 x	2/0	2 x	2/0
11502480	2)	70 95 120		2)	¢ 70		2 x	3/0	2 x	3/0
11502880	2)		С	2)	(95	c	2 x	4/0	2 x	4/0
11503150	2 x			2 x	120	1	2 x	250	2 x	250

Table 12-21 Cable ratings (690 V)

			Cable siz mn					Cable siz	` '	
Model		Input			Output		In	put	Ou	tput
	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Installation method	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum
07600230							8		8	
07600300	10			10			6		6	
07600360		25	B2		25	B2	6	3	6	3
07600460	16	20	D2	16	20	DZ	4		4	3
07600520	16			16			4		4	
07600730	25			25			3		3	
08600860	50	70	B2	50	70	B2	2	1/0	2	1/0
08601080	70	10	D2	70	1 70	DZ	1/0	1/0	1/0	1/0
09601250	2)	¢ 50	B2	2)	x 35	B2	2	x 1	2	x 3
09601550	2)	¢ 70	- D2	2)	x 50	DZ	2 x	1/0	2	x 1
10601720	2)	<i>c</i> 70	B2	2.	x 70	B2	2 x	2/0	2 x	1/0
10601970	2)	¢ 95	DZ	2)	X / U	D2	2 x	3/0	2 x	2/0
11602250	2)	<i>c</i> 70		2)	x 70		2 x	3/0	2 x	3/0
11602750	2.	, OE	С	2)	x 95	С	2 x	4/0	2 x	4/0
11603050		¢ 95		2)	x 95	1	2 x	250	2 x	250

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optzation	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diag.ioo.ioo	information

12.1.22 Protective ground cable ratings

Table 12-22 Protective ground cable ratings

Input phase conductor size	Minimum ground conductor size
≤ 10 mm ²	Either 10 mm ² or two conductors of the same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor.
> 10 mm ² and ≤ 16 mm ²	The same cross-sectional area as the input phase conductor
> 16 mm ² and ≤ 35 mm ²	16 mm ²
> 35 mm ²	Half of the cross-sectional area of the input phase conductor

12.1.23 Input line reactor specification for size 9E, 10E and 11E



A separate line reactor (INLXXX) of at least the value shown in Table 12-24 and Table 12-23 must be used with size 9E, 10E and 11E. Failure to provide sufficient reactance could damage or reduce the service life of the drive.

Table 12-23 Size 9E and 10 Model and Line reactor part number

Size	Drive model	Inductor model	Line reactor part number
	00202160 00202660 00402210 00402660	INL 401	4401-0181
9E	09202160, 09202660, 09402210, 09402660	INL 401W**	4401-0208
	09501250, 09501500, 09601720, 09601970	INL 601	4401-0183
	10203250, 10203600, 10403200, 10403610	INL 402	4401-0182
10E	10203230, 10203000, 10403200, 10403010	INL 402W**	4401-0209
	10502000, 10601720, 10601970	INL 602	4401-0184
	11404370	INL 403L***	4401-0274
11E	11404370, 11404870, 11405070	INL 403*	4401-0259
	11502480, 11502880, 11503150, 11602250, 11602750, 11603050	INL 603*	4401-0261

^{*} Natural cooling.

Figure 12-1 Input line reactor dimensions

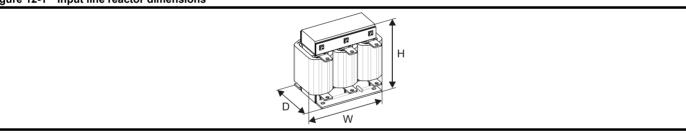


Table 12-24 Input line reactor ratings

Part number	Model	Current	Inductance	Overall width (W)	Overall depth (D)	Overall height (H)	Weight	Max ambient temp	Min airflow	Maximum losses	Quantity required
		Α	μ H	mm	mm	mm	kg	°C	m/s	w	
4401-0181	INL 401	245	63	240	190	225	32	50	1	148	1
4401-0182	INL 402	339	44	276	200	225	36	50	1	205	1
4401-0208	INL 401W**	245	63	255	235	200	27	40	3		1
4401-0209	INL 402W**	339	44	255	235	200	27	40	3		1
4401-0274	INL 403L*	420	30	300	216	264	57	40	0		1
4401-0259	INL403*	557	30	300	216	264	57	40	0		1
4401-0183	INL 601	145	178	240	190	225	33	50	1	88	1
4401-0184	INL 602	192	133	276	200	225	36	50	1	116	1
4401-0261	INL 603*	331	93	300	216	264	58	40	0		1

^{*} Natural cooling.

NOTE

If symmetrical fault current exceeds 38 kA then a line reactor with a higher inductance must be used, consult the supplier of the drive.

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^{**} May represent a more economic solution where operating temperature and cooling requirements are observed.

^{***} May represent a more economic solution when operating below 420 A.

^{**} May represent a more economic solution where operating temperature and cooling requirements are observed.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	n information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

12.1.24 Maximum motor cable lengths
Table 12-25 Maximum motor cable lengths (200 V drives)

		200	V Nominal AC su	pply voltage			
	Ma	ximum permissil	ble motor cable lei	ngth for each o	f the following sv	vitching frequenc	cies
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
03200066			65 m (210 ft)				
03200080		100 m	(330 ft)		75	50 m	37 m
03200110		130 m (425 ft)		100 m	- 75 m (245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
03200127	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	(330 ft)	(240 11)		
04200180	000	(000 #)	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
04200250		(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
05200300	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
03200300	200 111	(000 11)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft)
06200500	300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	
06200580	(984 ft)	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	
07200750			185 m	125 m	90 m		
07200940	250 m	(820 ft)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)		
07201170			(007 11)	(41011)	(200 11)		
08201490	250 m	(820 ft)	185 m	125 m	90 m		
08201800	250 111	(820 11)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)		
09202160	250 m	(820 ft)					
09202660	250 111	250 m (820 ft)					
10203250	250 m	250 m (820 ft)					
10203600	7 200 111	(020 11)					

Table 12-26 Maximum motor cable lengths (400 V drives)

		400	V Nominal AC s	upply voltage			
	Ma	ximum permissi	ble motor cable l	ength for each of	f the following sv	vitching frequen	cies
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
03400034		1	65 m (210 ft)				
03400045		100 m	(330 ft)			1	
03400062		130 m (425 ft)			1	50 m	37 m
03400077				100 m	75 m (245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft
03400104	200 m	(660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 11)		
03400123			(490 11)				
04400185			150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	37 m
04400240	200 m	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	(120 ft
05400300	200 m (660 ft)		150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	37 m (120 fl
06400380	300 m	200 m	150 m	100 m	75 m	50 m	
06400480	(984 ft)	(660 ft)	(490 ft)	(330 ft)	(245 ft)	(165 ft)	
06400630	(00111)	(000 11)	(10011)	(555.1)	(= 15 15)	(100.19)	
07400790			185 m	125 m	90 m		
07400940	250 m	(820 ft)	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)		
07401120			, ,	, ,			
08401550	250 m	(820 ft)	185 m	125 m	90 m		
08401840		, ,	(607 ft)	(410 ft)	(295 ft)		
09402210	250 m	(820 ft)					
09402660		• •					
10403200	250 m	(820 ft)					
10403610		200 111 (020 11)					
11404370							
11404870	250 m	(820 ft)					
11405070							

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data	g	information

Table 12-27 Maximum motor cable lengths (575 V drives)

		575	V Nominal AC s	upply voltage			
	Max	ximum permissib	le motor cable le	ength for each of	the following sv	vitching frequenc	ies
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
05500039							
05500061	200 m	(660 ft)					
05500100							
06500120							
06500170							
06500220	200 (004 ft)	000 (000 #)	450 (400 ft)	400 (000 #)	75 (045 #)	50 (405 ft)	
06500270	300 m (984 ft)	200 m (660 ft)	150 m (490 ft)	100 m (330 ft)	75 m (245 ft)	50 m (165 ft)	
06500340							
06500430							
07500530	200	(000 #)					
07500730		(660 ft)					
08500860	250	(000 ft)					
08501080	250 111	(820 ft)					
09501250	050	(000 #)					
09501500	250 m	(820 ft)					
10502000	250 m	(820 ft)					
11502480							
11502880	250 m	(820 ft)					
11503150		250 m (820 ft)					

Table 12-28 Maximum motor cable lengths (690 V drives)

		6	90 V Nominal AC s	upply voltage			
	Ма	ximum permis	sible motor cable le	ength for each of	the following swi	tching frequenc	ies
Model	2 kHz	3 kHz	4 kHz	6 kHz	8 kHz	12 kHz	16 kHz
07600230							
07600300	1						
07600360	250 m	(820 ft)	195 m (607 ft)	105 m (410 ft)	00 m (205 ft)		
07600460	250 111	(820 11)	185 m (607 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	90 m (295 ft)		
07600520	1						
07600730	1						
08600860	250 m	(820 ft)	185 m (607 ft)	125 m (410 ft)	90 m (295 ft)		
08601080	250 111	(020 11)	165 111 (607 11)	125 111 (410 11)	90 111 (295 11)		
09601250	250 m	(820 ft)					
09601550	250 111	(620 11)					
10601720	250 m	(820 ft)					
10601970	250 111	(020 11)					
11602250							
11602750	250 m	(820 ft)					
11603050	1						

[·] Cable lengths in excess of the specified values may be used only when special techniques are adopted; refer to the supplier of the drive.

The maximum cable length is reduced from that shown in section 4.8.1 *Cable types and lengths* on page 86 if high capacitance or reduced diameter motor cables are used. For further information, refer to section 4.8.2 *High-capacitance / reduced diameter cables* on page 87.

[•] The default switching frequency is 3 kHz for Open-loop and RFC-A and 6 kHz for RFC-S mode.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

12.1.25 Torque settings Table 12-29 Drive control and relay terminal data

Model	Connection type	Torque setting
All	Plug-in terminal block	0.5 N m (0.4 lb ft)

Table 12-30 Drive power terminal data

Powerdrive	AC and mot	or terminals	DC ter	minals	Ground t	terminals	
F300 frame size	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	Recommended	Maximum	
3 and 4	Plug-in ter	minal block	T20 To	rx (M4)	T20 Torx (M4) / M	4 Nut (7 mm AF)	
J and 4	0.7 N m (0.5 lb ft)	0.8 N m (0.6 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	
5	Plug-in ter	minal block	T20 Torx (M4) / M	4 Nut (7 mm AF)	M5 Nut (8 mm AF)		
J	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	1.8 N m (1.3 lb ft)	1.5 N m (1.1 lb ft)	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	2.0 N m (1.4 lb ft)	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)	
6	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	M6 Nut (1	0 mm AF)	
· ·	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	6.0 N m (4.4 lb ft)	8.0 N m (6.0 lb ft)	
7	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	M8 Nut (1	3 mm AF)	
•	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	12 N m (8.8 lb ft)	14 N m (10.0 lb ft)	
8 to 11	M10 Nut (17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (17 mm AF)	M10 Nut (17 mm AF)		
0 10 11	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	15 N m (11.1 lb ft)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	

Table 12-31 Plug-in terminal block maximum cable sizes

Model size	Terminal block description	Max cable size
All	11 way control connectors	1.5 mm ² (16 AWG)
All	2 way relay connector	2.5 mm ² (12 AWG)
3	6 way AC power connector	6 mm ² (10 AWG)
4		O Hilli (10 AWO)
5	3 way AC power connector	8 mm ² (8 AWG)
	3 way motor connector	(5)
6		
7	2 way low voltage power	
8	24 V supply connector	1.5 mm ² (16 AWG)
9A/9E		
10E/11E		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 12-32 External EMC filter terminal data

CT part		wer ections		ound ections	
number	Max cable size	Max torque	Ground stud size	Max torque	
4200-1132	2 (4 (2 4)4(2)	0.0 N m (6.0lb ft)			
4200-0672	50 mm ² (1/0 AWG)	8.0 N m (6.0lb ft)	M10	10 N m /12 2 lb ft	
4200-1972	052 (0/0 A)A(0)	20 N m (14.8 lb ft)	- IVITO	18 N m (13.3 lb ft)	
4200-1662	95 mm ² (3/0 AWG)	20 N III (14.6 ID IL)			
4200-0122		2.3 N m (1.7 lb ft)		5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)	
4200-0252					
4200-0272	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	1.8 N m (1.4 lb ft)	M6		
4200-0312		1.6 N III (1.4 ID IL)			
4200-0402					
4200-3230	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	2.5 N m (1.9 lb ft)	
4200-3480	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	2.5 N m (1.8 lb ft)	
4200-2300					
4200-4800	16 mm ² (6 AWG)	2.3 N m (1.70 lb ft)	M6	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)	
4200-3690					
4200-3021	TBC	TBC		TBC	
4200-4460	TBC	25 N m (18.4 lb ft)	M10	TBC	
4200-1660	TBC	TBC	IVITO	TBC	
4200-2210	TBC	25 N m (18.4 lb ft)		TBC	
4200-0400	TBC	TBC	M12	25 N m /19 4 lb ff	
4200-0690	TBC	TBC	IVI IZ	25 N m (18.4 lb ft)	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Ü	information

12.1.26 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

This is a summary of the EMC performance of the drive. For full details, refer to the *EMC Data Sheet* which can be obtained from the supplier of the drive

Table 12-33 Immunity compliance

Standard	Type of immunity	Test specification	Application	Level
IEC61000-4-2 EN61000-4-2	Electrostatic discharge	6 kV contact discharge 8 kV air discharge	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-3 EN61000-4-3	Radio frequency radiated field	10 V/m prior to modulation 80 - 1000 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Module enclosure	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-4	Fast transient	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency via coupling clamp	Control lines	Level 4 (industrial harsh)
EN61000-4-4	burst	5/50 ns 2 kV transient at 5 kHz repetition frequency by direct injection	Power lines	Level 3 (industrial)
		Common mode 4 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to ground	Level 4
IEC61000-4-5 EN61000-4-5	Surges	Differential mode 2 kV 1.2/50 μs waveshape	AC supply lines: line to line	Level 3
		Lines to ground	Signal ports to ground ¹	Level 2
IEC61000-4-6 EN61000-4-6	Conducted radio frequency	10V prior to modulation 0.15 - 80 MHz 80 % AM (1 kHz) modulation	Control and power lines	Level 3 (industrial)
IEC61000-4-11 EN61000-4-11	Voltage dips and interruptions	-30 % 10 ms +60 % 100 ms -60 % 1 s <-95 % 5 s	AC power ports	
IEC61000-6-1 EN61000-6- 1:2007		ity standard for the nmercial and light - onment		Complies
IEC61000-6-2 EN61000-6- 2:2005	Generic immun industrial enviro	ity standard for the onment		Complies
IEC61800-3 EN61800- 3:2004	Product standa speed power di (immunity requi		Meets immunit requirements for second enviror	or first and

¹ See section *Surge immunity of control circuits - long cables and connections outside a building* on page 96 for control ports for possible requirements regarding grounding and external surge protection

Emission

The drive contains an in-built filter for basic emission control. An additional optional external filter provides further reduction of emission. The requirements of the following standards are met, depending on the motor cable length and switching frequency.

Table 12-34 Size 3 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable		Swit	ching F	requen	cy (kHz)							
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16					
Using internal filter:												
0 – 2		C3 C4										
Using internal	sing internal filter and ferrite ring (2 turns):											
0 – 10		C3				C4						
10-20		C3			С	4						
Using externa	ıl filter:											
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)					
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3					

Table 12-35 Size 3 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable		Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16				
Using internal filter:											
0 – 5		C3 C4									
Using internal	filter and	ferrite rin	g (2 turn	s):							
0 – 10			C3			C	4				
Using externa	ıl filter:										
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)				
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3				

Table 12-36 Size 4 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motorcable	Switching Frequency (kHz)										
length (m)	2	3	8	12	16						
Using internal	filter:										
0 – 2		C3				C4					
Using internal	filter and	ferrite rin	g (2 turns	s):							
0 – 4	C	3			C4						
Using externa	ıl filter:										
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)				
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3				

Table 12-37 Size 4 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable		Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16				
Using internal filter:											
0 – 4		C3 C4									
Using interna	filter and	ferrite rin	g (2 turn	s):							
0 – 10	C	3			C4						
Using externa	ıl filter:										
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)				
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3				

Table 12-38 Size 5 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable		Sw	itching	Frequen	ıcy (kHz)				
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using interna	l filter:									
0 – 2	(C3 C4								
Using internal filter and ferrite ring (1 turn – no advantage to 2 turns):										
0 – 2		C3 C4								
0 – 5		C3			С	:4				
0 – 7	(C3			C4					
0 – 10	C3			C4	1					
Using externa	ıl filter:	filter:								
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1)	1) I (C2) I (C2) I (C2) I (C2) I (C2)							
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diamagatica	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 12-39 Size 5 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable		Sv	vitching	Freque	ncy (kHz	<u>z</u>)			
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16		
Using internal	filter:								
0 – 4		C3 C4							
0 – 10	C3			С	4				
No advantage	to using t	errite rin	g						
Using external	l filter:								
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1) I (C2) I (C2) I (C2) I (C2)							
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2) C3 C3 C3 C3 C3							

Table 12-40 Size 5 emission compliance (575 V drives)

Motor cable		Sw	itching	Frequer	ıcy (kHz	:)				
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16			
Using internal	filter:									
-	C4	4								
Using internal filter and ferrite ring (2 turns):										
0 – 4		C3			С	:4				
0 – 2			C3			С	:4			
Using externa	l filter:									
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1) R (C1) I (C2) I (C2) I (C2)					I (C2)			
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

Table 12-41 Size 6 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable		Sı	vitching	Freque	ncy (kH	z)			
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16		
Using internal	filter:								
0 – 2	C3	C4							
Using internal filter and ferrite ring (1 turn – no advantage to 2 turns):									
0 – 2		C3 C4							
0 – 5		C3			C	4			
0 – 7	С	3			C4				
0 – 10	C3		•	С	:4				
Using externa	ıl filter:								
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)		
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3		

Table 12-42 Size 6 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable		Sı	vitching	Freque	ncy (kHz	<u>z</u>)			
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16		
Using internal filter:									
0 – 4		C3 C4							
0 – 10	C3			С	4				
No advantage	to using	ferrite rin	ıg						
Using externa	l filter:								
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1) I (C2) I (C2) I (C2) I (C2) I (C2)							
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3		

Table 12-43 Size 6 emission compliance (575 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6 8 12		16				
Using interna	l filter:									
-	C4									
Using internal filter and ferrite ring (2 turns):										
0 – 4		C3			C ²	4				
0 – 2			C3			C4	4			
Using externa	al filter:									
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	(C2)			
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	C3	C3	C3	C3	C3			

Table 12-44 Size 7 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8 1					
Using internal fil	ter:									
2 – 10		C4								
Using external fi	Iter:									
0 – 20			R (C1)						
20 – 40		R (C1)								
40 – 100		R (C1) I (C2)								

Table 12-45 Size 7 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable		Sv	vitching	Freque	ncy (kHz	12 16 I (C2) I (C2)						
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16					
Using internal	filter:		•	•	•	•						
2 – 10				C4								
No advantage	No advantage to using ferrite ring											
Using external	filter:											
0 – 20	R (C1)	R (C1)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)					
20 – 50		I (C2)										
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	-	-	-	-					

Table 12-46 Size 7 emission compliance (575 and 690 V drives)

							,		
Motor cable		Sv	vitching	Freque	ncy (kHz	<u>z</u>)			
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16		
Using internal	filter:								
2 – 10		C4							
Using externa	l filter:								
0 – 20	R (C1)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)		
20 – 50	R (C1)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)	I (C2)		
20 – 100	I (C2)	I (C2)	_	_	_	_	_		

Table 12-47 Size 8 emission compliance (200 V drives)

Motor cable		Sv	vitching	Freque	ncy (kHz	z)					
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16				
Using internal filter:											
2 – 10		C3									
No advantage	to using	ferrite rin	g								
Using external	l filter:										
0 – 20	R(C1)	R(C1)	R(C1)	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)				
20 – 50	R(C1)	R(C1)	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)				
50 – 100	R(C1)	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I	_	I(C2)				

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Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical		Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	optzatio	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 12-48 Size 8 emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable		Sv	vitching	Freque	ncy (kHz	<u>z)</u>	
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16
Using internal	filter:						
2 – 10				C3			
No advantage	to using	ferrite rin	g				
Using external	l filter:						
0 – 20	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)
20 – 50	R(C1)	R(C1)	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)
50 – 100	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	-	-	-	-

Table 12-49 Size 8 emission compliance (575 V and 690 V drives)

Motor cable		Sv	vitching	Freque	ncy (kHz	<u>z</u>)	
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12	16
Using internal	filter:						
2 – 10				C4			
No advantage	to using	ferrite rin	g				
Using external	filter:						
0 – 20	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)
20 – 50	R(C1)	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)
50 – 100	R(C1)	R(C1)	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)

Table 12-50 Size 9E and 10E emission compliance (200 V drives)

Matanashia		Switc	hing Free	nuency (· kHz\	•					
Motor cable		Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12					
Using internal file	ter:										
2 – 10			C	3							
No advantage to	using ferr	ite ring									
Using external fi	lter:										
0 – 20	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)					
20 – 100	I(C2)	I(C2)	_	_	_	_					
20 - 100	1(02)	1(02)	_	_	_	_					

Table 12-51 Size 9E and 10E emission compliance (400 V drives)

Motor cable	Switching Frequency (kHz)									
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12				
Using internal fil	ter:									
2 – 10			C3	3						
No advantage to	using ferr	ite ring								
Using external fi	lter:									
0 – 20	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)				
20 – 100	I(C2)	I(C2)	_	_	_	-				

Table 12-52 Size 9E and 10E emission compliance (575 V and 690 V drives)

Motor cable		Switching Frequency (kHz)								
length (m)	2	3	4	6	8	12				
Using internal file	ter:									
2 – 10			C3	3						
No advantage to	using ferr	ite ring								
Using external fi	lter:									
0 – 20	R(C1)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)	I(C2)				
20 – 100	I(C2)	I(C2)	-	_	_	_				

Key (shown in decreasing order of permitted emission level):

EN 61800-3:2004 second environment, restricted distribution (Additional measures may be required to prevent interference)

E2U EN 61800-3:2004 second environment, unrestricted distribution

Industrial generic standard EN 61000-6-4:2007

EN 61800-3:2004 first environment restricted distribution (The following caution is required by EN 61800-3:2004)



This is a product of the restricted distribution class according to IEC 61800-3. In a residential environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Residential generic standard EN 61000-6-3:2007 EN 61800-3:2004 first environment unrestricted distribution

EN 61800-3:2004 defines the following:

- The first environment is one that includes residential premises. It also includes establishments directly connected without intermediate transformers to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- The second environment is one that includes all establishments other than those directly connected to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for residential purposes.
- Restricted distribution is defined as a mode of sales distribution in which the manufacturer restricts the supply of equipment to suppliers, customers or users who separately or jointly have technical competence in the EMC requirements of the application of

IEC 61800-3:2004 and EN 61800-3:2004

The 2004 revision of the standard uses different terminology to align the requirements of the standard better with the EC EMC Directive.

Power drive systems are categorized C1 to C4:

Category	Definition	Corresponding code used above
C1	Intended for use in the first or second environments	R
C2	Not a plug-in or movable device, and intended for use in the first environment only when installed by a professional, or in the second environment	I
C3	Intended for use in the second environment, not the first environment	E2U
C4	Rated at over 1000 V or over 400 A, intended for use in complex systems in the second environment	E2R

Note that category 4 is more restrictive than E2R, since the rated current of the PDS must exceed 400 A or the supply voltage exceed 1000 V, for the complete PDS.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor		Operation	PLC	parameters	data	g	information

12.2 Optional external EMC filters

Table 12-53 EMC filter cross reference

Model	CT part number
200 V	
09202160 to 09202660 (9A)	4200-3021
09202160 to 09202660 (9E)	4200-4460
10203250 to 10203600	4200-4460
400 V	
09402210 to 09402660 (9A)	4200-3021
09402210 to 09402660 (9E)	4200-4460
10403200 to 10403610	4200-4460
11404370 to 11405070	4200-0400
575 V	
09501250 to 09501500 (9A)	4200-1660
09501250 to 09501500 (9E)	4200-2210
10502000	4200-2210
11502480 to 11503150	4200-0690
690 V	
09601250 to 09601550 (9A)	4200-1660
09601250 to 09601550 (9E)	4200-2210
10601720 to 10601970	4200-2210
11602250 to 11603050	4200-0690

12.2.1 EMC filter ratings

Table 12-54 Optional external EMC filter details

		mum	Voltage	rating			sipation at	Ground lea	akage	
CT part number	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	IEC	UL	IP rating	@ 40 °C (104 °F)	@ 50 °C (122 °F)	Balanced supply phase-to-phase and	Worst case	Discharge resistors
	Α	Α	v	v		w	w	phase-to-ground mA	mA	MΩ
4200-3230	20	18.5	250	300		20	17	2.4	60	
4200-0272	27	24.8	250	300		33	28	6.8	137	
4200-0312	31	28.5	250	300		20	17	2.0	80	
4200-2300	55	51	250	300		41	35	4.2	69	
4200-3480	16	15	528	600	20	13	11	10.7	151	1.60
4200-0252	25	23	528	600	20	28	24	11.1	182	1.68
4200-0402	40	36.8	528	600		47	40	18.7	197	
4200-4800	63	58	528	600		54	46	11.2	183	
4200-0122	12	11	760	600	1					
4200-3690	42	39	760	600		45	39	12	234	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical Diagra	oction	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	USIICS	information

12.2.2 Overall EMC filter dimensions

Table 12-55 Optional external EMC filter dimensions

			Dimens	ion (mm)			Wo	iaht
CT part number		Н		W		D	- vve	ight
	mm	inch	mm	inch	mm	inch	kg	lb
4200-3230	426	16.77	83	3.27	41	1.61	1.9	4.20
4200-0272	437	17.20	123	4.84	60	2.36	4.0	8.82
4200-0312	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13
4200-2300	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	6.5	14.30
4200-3480	426	16.77	83	3.27	41	1.61	2.0	4.40
4200-0252	437	17.20	123	4.84	60	2.36	4.1	9.04
4200-0402	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13
4200-4800	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	6.7	14.80
4200-0122	437	17.20	143	5.63	60	2.36	5.5	12.13
4200-3690	434	17.09	210	8.27	60	2.36	7.0	15.40
4200-1132	270	10.63	90	3.54	205	8.07	6.9	15.20
4200-0672	270	10.63	90	3.54	205	8.07		
4200-1972	270	10.63	90	3.54	205	8.07	6.9	15.20
4200-1662	270	10.63	90	3.54	205	8.07		
4200-3021	339	13.34	230	9.06	120	4.72	5.2	11.5
4200-4460	320	12.6	245	9.65	102	4.02	12	26.5
4200-0400	386	15.2	260	10.2	135	5.32	TBC	TBC
4200-1660	339	13.34	230	9.06	120	4.72	5.2	11.5
4200-2210	360	14.7	245	9.65	105	4.13	TBC	TBC
4200-0690	386	15.2	260	10.2	135	5.32	TBC	TBC

12.2.3 EMC filter torque settings

Table 12-56 Optional external EMC Filter terminal data

CT part		ower nections	Grot connec		
number	Max cable size	Max torque	Ground stud size	Max torque	
4200-1132	50 mm ²	8.0 N m			
4200-0672	(1/0 AWG)	(6.0lb ft)	M10	18 N m	
4200-1972	95 mm ²	20 N m	- IVITO	(13.3 lb ft)	
4200-1662	(3/0 AWG)	(14.8 lb ft)			
4200-0122		2.3 N m (1.7 lb ft)			
4200-0252	16 mm ²		MC	5.0 N m	
4200-0272	(6 AWG)	1.8 N m	M6	(3.7 lb ft)	
4200-0312		(1.4 lb ft)			
4200-0402					
4200-3230	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	2.5 N m	
4200-3480	4 mm ² (12 AWG)	0.8 N m (0.59 lb ft)	M5	(1.8 lb ft)	
4200-2300		221		5 O N	
4200-4800	16 mm ²	2.3 N m (1.70 lb ft)	M6	5.0 N m (3.7 lb ft)	
4200-3690	(6 AWG)	(1.70 15 11)		(3.7 10 11)	
4200-3021	TBC	TBC		TBC	
4200-4460	TBC	25 N m (18.4 lb ft)	M10	TBC	
4200-1660	TBC	TBC	IVITO	TBC	
4200-2210	TBC	25 N m (18.4 lb ft)		TBC	
4200-0400	TBC	TBC	M12	25 N m	
4200-0690	TBC	TBC	10112	(18.4 lb ft)	

Safety NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the moto Operation PLC parameters information

13 Diagnostics

The keypad display on the drive gives various information about the status of the drive. The keypad display provides information on the following categories:

- Trip indications
- Alarm indications
- Status indications

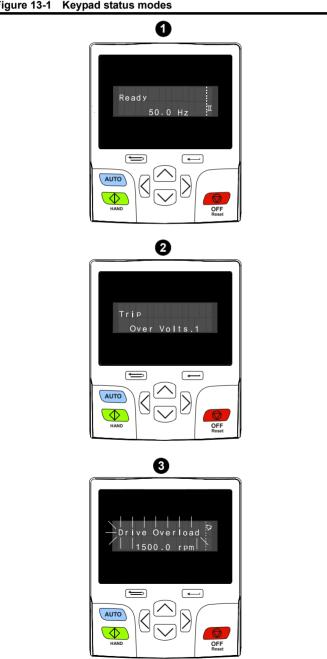


Users must not attempt to repair a drive if it is faulty, nor carry out fault diagnosis other than through the use of the diagnostic features described in this chapter.

If a drive is faulty, it must be returned to an authorized WARNING Control Techniques distributor for repair.

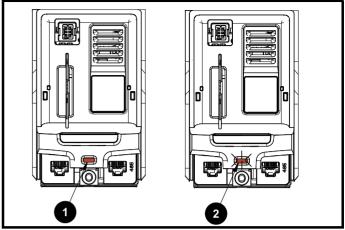
13.1 Status modes (Keypad and LED status)

Figure 13-1 Keypad status modes



- Drive OK status 1
- 2. Trip status
- Alarm status

Figure 13-2 Location of the status LED



- Non flashing: Normal status
- Flashing: Trip status

13.2 Trip indications

The output of the drive is disabled under any trip condition so that the drive stops controlling the motor. If the motor is running when the trip occurs it will coast to a stop.

During a trip condition, where a KI-Keypad is being used, the upper row of the display indicates that a trip has occurred and the lower row of the keypad display will display the trip string. Some trips have a sub-trip number to provide additional information about the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number, the sub-trip number is flashed alternately with the trip string unless there is space on the second row for both the trip string and the sub-trip number in which case both the trip string and sub-trip information is displayed separated by a decimal place.

The back-light of the KI-Keypad display will also flash during a trip condition. If a display is not being used, the drive LED Status indicator will flash with 0.5 s duty cycle if the drive has tripped. Refer to Figure 13-2.

Trips are listed alphabetically in Table 13-3 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Alternatively, the drive status can be read in Pr 10.001 'Drive OK' using communication protocols. The most recent trip can be read in Pr 10.020 providing a trip number. It must be noted that the hardware trips (HF01 to HF20) do not have trip numbers. The trip number must be checked in Table 13-4 to identify the specific trip.

Example

- Trip code 2 is read from Pr 10.020 via serial communications.
- Checking Table 13-3 shows Trip 2 is an Over Volts trip.



- Look up Over Volts in Table 13-3.
- Perform checks detailed under Diagnosis.

Sa	afety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
infor	rmation	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

13.3 Identifying a trip / trip source

Some trips only contain a trip string whereas some other trips have a trip string along with a sub-trip number which provides the user with additional information about the trip.

A trip can be generated from a control system or from a power system. The sub-trip number associated with the trips listed in Table 13-1 is in the form xxyzz and used to identify the source of the trip.

Table 13-1 Trips associated with xxyzz sub-trip number

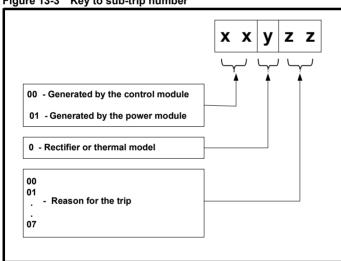
Over Volts	OHt dc bus
OI ac	Phase Loss
PSU	OI Snubber
OHt Inverter	OHt Rectifier
OHt Power	Temp Feedback
OHt Control	Power Data

The digits xx are 00 for a trip generated by the control system. For a single drive (not part of a multi-power module drive), if the trip is related to the power system then xx will have a value of 01, when displayed the leading zeros are suppressed.

The y digit is used to identify the location of a trip which is generated by a rectifier module connected to a power module (if xx is non zero). For a control system trip (xx is zero), the v digit, where relevant is defined for each trip. If not relevant, the y digit will have a value of zero.

The zz digits give the reason for the trip and are defined in each trip description.

Figure 13-3 Key to sub-trip number



For example, if the drive has tripped and the lower line of the display shows 'OHt Control.2', with the help Table 13-2 below the trip can be interpreted as; an over temperature has been detected; the trip was generated by fault in the control module, the control board thermistor 2 over temperature.

Table 13-2 Sub-trip identification

Source	XX	у	ZZ	Description
Control system	00	0	01	Control board thermistor 1 over temperature
Control system	00	0	02	Control board thermistor 2 over temperature
Control system	00	0	03	Control board thermistor 3 over temperature

information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation Operation PLC parameters data	Safety formation in	Product	Mechanical	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
--	------------------------	---------	------------	-------------------------	-----------------	------------------	-------------------	--------------	----------------------------	----------------	---------------------	----------------	-------------	------------------------

Trips, Sub-trip numbers 13.4

Table 13-3 Trip indic	ations	
Trip		Diagnosis
An Input 1 Loss	Analog input 1	current loss
		trip indicates that a current loss was detected in current mode on Analog input 1 (Terminal 5). In 4-20 mA odes loss of input is detected if the current falls below 3 mA.
	Recommended	l actions:
28	Check contr	rol wiring is correct
		rol wiring is undamaged
		Analog Input 1 Mode (07.007)
		nal is present and greater than 3 mA
An Input 2 Loss	Analog input 2	
		indicates that a current loss was detected in current mode on Analog input 2 (Terminal 6). In 4-20 mA and loss of input is detected if the current falls below 3 mA.
		·
	Recommended	
29		rol wiring is correct
		rol wiring is undamaged Analog Input 2 Mode (07.011)
		nal is present and greater than 3 mA
An Output Calib	-	calibration failed
		Calib trip indicates that one or both of the Analog outputs have failed during the zero offset calibration. The
		n be identified by the sub-trip number.
	Sub-trip	Reason
	1	Output 1 failed (Terminal 7)
219	2	Output 2 failed (Terminal 8)
219		Output 2 failed (Terrillian 6)
	Recommended	l actions:
	Check the w	viring associated with analog outputs
		the wiring that is connected to analog outputs and perform the calibration
		ts replace the drive
App Menu Changed	Customization	
- p-mona-onangea		table for an application module has changed
pp mona-onangea	The App Menu	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that
- pp mona onangou	The App Menu of has been change	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number.
	The App Menu of has been chang Sub-trip	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason
	The App Menu (has been chang) Sub-trip 1	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18
217	The App Menu (has been chang) Sub-trip 1 2	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19
	The App Menu (has been chang) Sub-trip 1	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18
	The App Menu (has been chang) Sub-trip 1 2	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20
	The App Menu (has been chang) Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20
	The App Menu of has been change Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings
217	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions:
217	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri Position feedbath The drive has tri	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number.
217	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri Position feedba The drive has tri Sub-trip	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason
217	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri Position feedba The drive has tri Sub-trip 1	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune.
217 Autotune 1	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri Position feedba The drive has tri Sub-trip	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason
217 Autotune 1	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri Position feedba The drive has tri Sub-trip 1	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement.
217 Autotune 1	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri Position feedba The drive has tri Sub-trip 1 2 Recommended	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement.
217 Autotune 1	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri Position feedboth The drive has tri Sub-trip 1 2 Recommended Recommended Ensure the tri	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement.
217 Autotune 1	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri Position feedbare The drive has tri Sub-trip 1 2 Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Resource the sub-trip Recommended	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement. I actions: motor is free to turn
217 Autotune 1	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri Position feedbare The drive has tri Sub-trip 1 2 Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Resource the Insure	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement. I actions: motor is free to turn tia has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction
217 Autotune 1	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the tri Position feedbare The drive has tri Sub-trip 1 2 Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Resource the Insure	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement. I actions: motor is free to turn tia has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction ipped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be
217 Autotune 1	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement. I actions: motor is free to turn that has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction ipped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be the associated sub-trip number.
217 Autotune 1	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1 2 3 Recommended Reset the trip Position feedbare The drive has trip 1 2 Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Reset the trip 1 2 Recommended Recommended Recommended Recommended Resured Inertification of the Insure the Insure the Insure the Insure the Insured Inertification of the Insured Inertification of the Insured Insur	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement. I actions: motor is free to turn tia has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction ipped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be ne associated sub-trip number. Reason
217 Autotune 1 11 Autotune 3	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement. I actions: motor is free to turn tia has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction ipped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be the associated sub-trip number. Reason Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range during a mechanical load measurement
217 Autotune 1 11 Autotune 3	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement. I actions: motor is free to turn that has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction ipped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be nee associated sub-trip number. Reason Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range during a mechanical load measurement. The commutation signals changed in the wrong direction during a rotating autotune
217 Autotune 1 11 Autotune 3	The App Menu of has been changed Sub-trip 1	Changed trip indicates that the customization table for an application menu has changed. The menu that led can be identified by the sub-trip number. Reason Menu 18 Menu 19 Menu 20 I actions: ip and perform a parameter save to accept the new settings ack did not change or required speed could not be reached ipped during an autotune. The cause of the trip can be identified from the sub-trip number. Reason The position feedback did not change when position feedback is being used during rotating autotune. The motor did not reach the required speed during rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement. I actions: motor is free to turn that has exceeded the parameter range or commutation signals changed in wrong direction ipped during a rotating autotune or mechanical load measurement test. The cause of the trip can be nee associated sub-trip number. Reason Measured inertia has exceeded the parameter range during a mechanical load measurement. The commutation signals changed in the wrong direction during a rotating autotune

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	Trip						D	iagnosis					
Aut	totune 7	Motor	r number o	of poles	position	feedback		set incorrect	ly				
	17	set up Recor	incorrectly mmended heck line p	where pactions: er revolu	osition fee	dback is i	peing used.	the motor pol	les or the	position fe	edback r	esolution ha	ave been
Autotur	ne Stoppe				pefore con								
							autotune tes	t, because eit	her the d	rive enable	or the dr	ive run wer	e removed.
	18	Reco	mmended	actions	:								
	10	• C	heck the di	rive enab	le signal (T	erminal 2	9) was active	e during the a	utotune				
		• C	heck the ru	ın comm	and was ac	tive in Pr	08.005 durir	ng autotune					
Card	d Access		edia Card										
	185	transfedrive to transfe the dr	er to the ca then the da er, the para ive down a mmended	ard then to ta transformeters a and up ag actions: ledia Car	he file bein er may be i are not save ain. : d is installe	g written incomplet ed to non-	may be corri e. If a param volatile men	o access the upted. If the trueter file is trainory, and so the	ip occurs	when the to the drive	data bein and this	g transferre trip occurs	ed to the during the
Car	rd Boot		•			on canno	t be saved t	o the NV Med	dia Card				
							exiting edit m						
	177	The C and P the ne subse	Card Boot to r 11.042 is we parame equently res	rip will oc set for a ter value set.	cur if a writ uto or boot . This occu	e to a Me mode, bu	nu 0 parame	eter has been sary boot file h changed to Au	as not be	een created	d on the N	NV Media C	ard to take
		• E		Pr 11.04 2	2 is correctl	-	then reset to nu 0 parame	the drive to cr	eate the	necessary	file on the	e NV Media	Card
Car	rd Busy		•	•			•	essed by an o	ption m	odule			
	178	The Calread	Card Busy to Busy to B	rip indica cessed b actions:	tes that an by an option	attempt h n module,	nas been ma such as one	de to access e of the Applic	a file on lations m	NV Media (odules. No	data is tr	ansferred.	dia Card is
Card D	Data Exists			•	ation alrea			Media Card a	nu re-au	empt the re	quireu iu	HCUOH	
	179	The Calreac		<i>xist</i> s trip data.	indicates t	•		en made to st	ore data	on a NV M	edia Card	l in a data b	lock which
	179												
			rase the da /rite data to		a localion native data	location							
Card	Compare						ne in the d	rive					
			•		ied out beto ifferent to the		e on the NV	Media Card, a	Card Co	ompare trip	is initiate	d if the para	ameters on
	188	Reco	mmended	actions	:								
					and reset th								
Cond-E	Neissa Allanda							dia Card has b		d for the co	mpare.		
Card D	Orive Mode			•				the drive mo		data block	on the N	V Media Ca	ard is
	407	differe Media	ent from the Card to th	current e drive if	drive mode the operat	e. This trip	is also proc	luced if an atte	empt is n	nade to trai	nsfer para	ameters froi	m a NV
	187	• Eı	lear the va	lestinatio lue in Pr	n drive sup mm.000 ar	nd reset th	ne drive	ing mode in th					

Ensure destination drive operating mode is the same as the source parameter file

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	S UL listing information		
7	Ггір						Di	agnosis							
Card	d Error	NV M	edia Card	data stru	icture erro	or									
		the da		e on the	card. Rese	tting the tr	ip will cause	de to access a the drive to							
		Sı	ub-trip					Reaso	n						
			1				ructure is no	ot present							
1	182		2		DER.DAT		•	folder have t	ho samo	filo idontifi	cation nur	nhor			
		• E	Recommended actions: Erase all the data block and re-attempt the process Ensure the card is located correctly Replace the NV Media Card NV Media Card full The Card Full trip indicates that an attempt has been made to create a data block on a NV Media Card, but there is not enough space left on the card. Recommended actions: Delete a data block or the entire NV Media Card to create space Use a different NV Media Card NV Media Card data not found The Card No Data trip indicates that an attempt has been made to access non-existent file or block on a NV Media Card.												
Car	rd Full														
1	184	Recor													
Card	No Data	NV M													
		The C													
1	183	Reco	Recommended actions: - Ensure data block number is correct												
Card	Option							rent betweer ult difference							
1	180	the dr data t the va Reco • EI • Pi th	rive, but the ransfer, but the ransfer, but alues from mmended ansure the consure the ress the relieir default	e option n t is a war the card. actions: correct op option mo d reset bu values	nodule cate ning that the This trip al tion modul dules are i atton to ack	egories are le data for so applies es are ins in the sam anowledge	e different be the option n if a compar talled. e option mo that the par	etween source nodules that a e is attempted dule slot as the ameters for o	e and des are differe d between ne paramone or mor	etination dri ent will be s in the data eter set sto re of the op	ves. This et to the c block and red.	trip does n lefault valu the drive.	not stop the ues and not		
Card	Product		•					e drive deriv		unve.					
	175	The Control of the Co	Card Producen the sou and the ca mmended	ct trip is in a line of trip i	nitiated eith arget drive	ner at pow	er-up or who	en the card is et and data ca	accesse			. ,			
		l l	se a differe his trip can			settina Pr	mm.000 to 9	9666 and rese	ettina the	drive					
Card	Rating		•					g of the sour			drives a	re differen	ıt		
	186	The C and / Pr mr not sto destin	Card Rating or voltage n.000 set t	trip indic ratings ar o 8yyy) is a transfer	eates that pre different attempted but is a wa	arameter between s between	data is being source and o the data blo	g transferred destination dri ck on a NV M ic parameters	from a N\ ives. This ledia Card	/ Media Ca trip also a d and the d	ord to the opplies if a rive. The	drive, but t compare (Card Ratin	the current (using ng trip does		
		l l	eset the dr			andont ==	romotor= b =	vo tronof	1 00 mm = ±1:	,					
Card P	Read Only		nsure that edia Card				ameters na	ve transferred	a correctly	/					
		The Country block.	Card Read A NV Med	<i>Only</i> trip i dia Card i	ndicates th s read-only	at an atter		n made to mo nas been set.	dify a rea	id-only NV	Media Ca	rd or a read	d-only data		
1	181	• C	mmended lear the rea ocks in the	ad only fla	ag by settir	ng Pr mm.	000 to 9777	and reset the	e drive. TI	his will clea	ir the read	l-only flag	for all data		

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Ontimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Trip	Diagnosis										
Card Slot	NV Media Card Trip; Option module application program transfer has failed										
174	The Card Slot trip is initiated, if the transfer of an option module application program to or from an application module faile because the option module does not respond correctly. If this happens this trip is produced with the sub-trip indicating the option module slot number.										
	Recommended actions:										
	Ensure the source / destination option module is installed on the correct slot										
Configuration	The number of power modules installed is different from the modules expected										
	The Configuration trip indicates that the Number Of Power Modules Detected (11.071) does not match the previous value stored.										
	Recommended actions:										
111	Ensure that all the power modules are correctly connected / simultaneously										
	Ensure all the power modules have powered up correctly										
	 Ensure that the value in Pr 11.071 is set to the number of power modules connected Set Pr 11.035 to 0 to disable the trip if it is not required 										
Control Word	Trip initiated from the Control Word (06.042)										
Control Word	The Control Word trip is initiated by setting bit 12 on the control word in Pr 06.042 when the control word is enabled										
	(Pr 06.043 = On).										
	Recommended actions:										
35	Check the value of Pr 06.042.										
	 Check the value of Pr 06.042. Disable the control word in Control Word Enable (Pr 06.043) 										
	Bit 12 of the control word set to a one causes the drive to trip on Control Word										
	When the control word is enabled, the trip can only be cleared by setting bit 12 to zero										
Current Offset	Current feedback offset error										
	The Current Offset trip indicates that the current offset is too larger to be trimmed.										
225	Recommended actions:										
225	• Ensure that there is no possibility of current flowing in the output phases of the drive when the drive is not enabled										
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive										
Data Changing	Drive parameters are being changed										
	A user action or a file system write is active that is changing the drive parameters and the drive has been commanded to enable, i.e. <i>Drive Active</i> (10.002) = 1.										
	Recommended actions:										
97	Ensure the drive is not enabled when one of he following is being carried out										
	Loading defaults										
	Changing drive mode										
	Transferring data from NV Media Card or position feedback device Transferring user programs										
Destination	Two or more parameters are writing to the same destination parameter										
Destination											
	The Destination trip indicates that destination output parameters of two or more logic functions (Menus 3, 7, 8, 9, 12 or 14 within the drive are writing to the same parameter.										
199											
	Recommended actions:										
Duivo Cino	• Set Pr mm.000 to 'Destinations' or 12001 and check all visible parameters in all menus for parameter write conflicts										
Drive Size	Power stage recognition: Unrecognized drive size										
	The <i>Drive Size</i> trip indicates that the control PCB has not recognized the drive size of the power circuit to which it is connected.										
224											
224	Recommended action:										
	 Ensure the drive is programmed to the latest firmware version Hardware fault - return drive to supplier 										
erivative Image	Derivative Image error										
	The Derivative Image trip indicates that an error has been detected in the derivative image.										
	Recommended action:										
248	Recommended action.										

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
	Trip						D	iagnosis						
EEPF	ROM Fail	Defaul	t parame	ters have	e been loa	ded								
					dicates that o number.	default p	arameters h	ave been load	led. The	exact caus	e/reason	of the trip o	an be	
		Sub	-trip					Reason						
		1	Th	ne most s	significant o	ligit of the	internal par	ameter databa	ase versi	on number	has chan	ged		
		2	of	paramet	ers cannot	be loaded	i	ored in interna						
		3	or	he drive mode restored from internal non-volatile memory is outside the allowed range for the product r the derivative image does not allow the previous drive mode he drive derivative image has changed										
	31	5		ne drive derivative image has changed ne power stage hardware has changed										
	0.			ne power stage hardware has changed ne internal I/O hardware has changed										
		1 7		ne internal I/O hardware has changed ne position feedback interface hardware has changed										
		8		ne position reedback interrace naroware has changed ne control board hardware has changed										
		9		ne checksum on the non-parameter area of the EEPROM has failed										
		DeAlloIf th	ow sufficiente trip per	drive and ent time to rsists - re	perform a operform a turn drive t	a save bef		oly to the drive	e is remo	ved				
Exte	rnal Trip		An External trip is initiated											
		See tak	ole below					identified from vriting a value			er display	ed after the	trip string.	
		Sub	•					Reason						
								afe Torque Of						
		2		External Trip Mode (08.010) = 2 or 3 and Safe Torque Off input 2 is low External Trip (10.032) = 1										
	6	3) [5]	xterriai ir	<i>ip</i> (10.032)	- 1								
		· Chi · Chi · If e · Chi · Sel · Ens	 Recommended actions: Check the Safe Torque Off signal voltage on terminal 29 equals to 24 V Check the value of Pr 08.009 which indicates the digital state of terminal 29, equates to 'on'. If external trip detection of the Safe Torque Off input is not required, set Pr 08.010 to OFF (0). Check the value of Pr 10.032. Select 'Destinations' (or enter 12001) in Pr mm.000 and check for a parameter controlling Pr 10.032. Ensure Pr 10.032 or Pr 10.038 (= 6) is not being controlled by serial comms 											
ŀ	HF01	_			CPU addre									
		failed.	mended			address e	rror nas occ	urred. This tri _l	o indicate	es that the o	control PC	B on the a	rive nas	
					tact the su									
ŀ	1F02	_		_	DMAC add									
		failed.				C address	error has o	ccurred. This	rip indica	ites that the	e control F	PCB on the	drive has	
			mended											
	JE02				tact the su		ne drive							
	1F03			•	llegal inst		haa aagurra	1 This trip indi	natan that	the central	DCD on th	o drivo boo	foiled	
			mended		_	i isti uctioi i	nas occurre	d. This trip indi	Jaies illai	. u ie comuoi	FCB OII II	ie unve nas	, ialieu.	
					tact the su	oplier of th	ne drive							
	HF04				llegal slot	-								
		_		_				occurred.This	trip indica	ates that th	e control	PCB on the	e drive has	
		failed.	•		3.									
		Recom	mended	actions:										
		• Ha	rdware fa	ult – Con	tact the su	oplier of th	ne drive							

information information ins	chanical Electrical Getting started parameters Running the motor Optimization Optim											
Trip	Diagnosis											
HF05	Data processing error: Undefined exception											
	The <i>HF05</i> trip indicates that an undefined exception error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the dri has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF06	Data processing error: Reserved exception											
HFU6	The HF06 trip indicates that a reserved exception error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Watchdog failure											
HF07												
	The <i>HF07</i> trip indicates that a watchdog failure has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF08	Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash											
	Data processing error: CPU Interrupt crash The HF08 trip indicates that a CPU interrupt crash has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF09	Data processing error: Free store overflow											
	The <i>HF09</i> trip indicates that a free store overflow has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF10	Data processing error: Parameter routing system error											
HF11	The <i>HF10</i> trip indicates that a Parameter routing system error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive Data processing error: Access to EEPROM failed The <i>HF11</i> trip indicates that access to the drive EEPROM has failed. This trip indicates that the central PCB on the drive											
	The <i>HF11</i> trip indicates that access to the drive EEPROM has failed. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF12	Data processing error: Main program stack overflow											
	The <i>HF12</i> trip indicates that the main program stack over flow has occurred. The stack can be identified by the sub-trip number. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed.											
	Sub-trip Stack											
	1 Freewheeling tasks											
	2 Clock tasks 3 Main system interrupts											
	Recommended actions: Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF13	Data processing error: Firmware incompatible with hardware											
	The <i>HF13</i> trip indicates that the drive firmware is not compatible with the hardware. This trip indicates that the control PCE on the drive has failed. Recommended actions: Re-program the drive with the latest version of the drive firmware Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											
HF14	Data processing error: CPU register bank error											
	The <i>HF14</i> trip indicates that a CPU register bank error has occurred. This trip indicates that the control PCB on the drive has failed. Recommended actions:											
	Hardware fault – Contact the supplier of the drive											

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information
	Trip						Di	iagnosis					
Н	1F15	Data	processin	g error:	CPU divid	e error							
		failed Reco	mmended	actions	:			red. This trip i	ndicates	that the co	ntrol PCE	3 on the driv	re has
		• H	ardware fa	ult – Cor	ntact the su	pplier of tl	ne drive						
Н	IF16			_	RTOS erro								
		The F	<i>IF16</i> trip in	dicates tl	hat a RTOS	S error has	s occurred. T	his trip indica	ites that t	he control	PCB on t	he drive ha	s failed.
		Reco	mmended	actions	:								
		• H	ardware fa	ult – Cor	ntact the su	pplier of the	ne drive						
Н	IF17					-		oard is out o					
			IF17 trip in oI PCB on t			ck supplied	d to the cont	rol board logic	c is out of	f specificati	on. This	trip indicate	s that the
		Reco	mmended	actions	:								
		• H	ardware fa	ult – Cor	ntact the su	pplier of the	ne drive						
Н	IF18	Data	processin	g error:	Internal fla	ash memo	ory has faile	d					
					hat the inte			failed when	writing op	tion modul	e parame	eter data. Th	ne reason
		Sub	-trip			Reas	on						
			•	on modu	le initializa	tion timed	out						
							nenu in flash	1					
							menus faile						
		4	l Eras	se flash b	lock conta	ining appli	cation menu	s failed					
		Ę	Inco	rrect set	up menu C	RC contai	ned in flash						
		6	S Inco	rrect app	lication me	enu CRC o	contained in	flash					
		7						contained in fl					
		8	3 Inco	rrect con	nmon appli	cation me	nu 19 CRC (contained in fl	ash				
		9) Inco	rrect con	nmon appli	cation me	nu 20 CRC (contained in fl	ash				
		Reco	mmended	actions	:								
					tact the su	•							
Н	łF19						irmware ha						
		The F	<i>IF19</i> trip in	dicates tl	hat the CR	C check o	n the drive fi	rmware has f	ailed.				
		Reco	mmended	actions	:								
			e-program			!! € 41-	a data.						
	IF20				tact the su			a bardwara					
	11720						ible with the	atible with the	drive firm	nware The	ASIC va	reion can h	a identified
			he sub-trip			C VEISION	is not compe	alibie willi lile	unve iiin	iwaie. Tile	ASIC VE	ision can be	s identified
			mmended										
		• н	ardware fa	ult - Con	tact the su	oplier of th	e drive						
I/O O	verload	Digita	l output o	verload									
								from 24 V us	ser supply	y or from th	ne digital	output has	exceeded
		the lin	nit. A trip is	initiated	if one or n	nore of the	following co	onditions:					
						_	output is 100		4				
	26				•		•	1 and 2 is 100 and +24 V ou		00 mA			
			mmended		•	ourront ii	om output o	una - 2 i v oc	riput io it	70 1111 (
		• c	heck total I	oads on	digital outp	outs							
			heck contr	_									
					s undamaç								
Keypa	ad Mode							the speed re				61 on d th - 1	(0) (0 c d l
					dicates that nected from			mode [Refere	ence Sele	ctor (01.01	4) = 4 or	oj and the k	eypad nas
	34		mmended				•						
I	V -7		e-install ke										
I						.014) to s	elect the refe	erence from a	nother so	ource			
					`								

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
1	rip		Diagnosis											
Low	Load	The lo	ad on the	drive ha	as fallen b	elow the l	low load de	tection level						
	When the low load detector is active, the low load condition is detected when the <i>Percentage Load</i> (Pr 04.020) falls below the threshold defined by the <i>Low Load Detection Level</i> (Pr 04.027).													

Motor Too Hot

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Output current overload timed out (I²t)

The *Motor Too Hot* trip indicates a motor thermal overload based on the output current (Pr **05.007**) and motor thermal time constant (Pr **04.015**). Pr **04.019** displays the motor temperature as a percentage of the maximum value. The drive will trip on *Motor Too Hot* when Pr **04.019** gets to 100 %.

Enable Trip On Low Load (Pr 04.029) defines the action taken when low load is detected. If Enable Trip On Low Load

(Pr 04.029) = 0, a Low Load warning is displayed and Low Load Detected Alarm (Pr 10.062) = 1. If Enable Trip On Low

Recommended actions:

Recommended actions:

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- Ensure the load is not jammed / sticking
- Check the load on the motor has not changed

Check the load on the motor has not changed

• Tune the rated speed parameter (RFC-A mode only)

Load (Pr 04.029) = 1 no warning is given, but a Low Load trip is initiated.

- · Check feedback signal for noise
- · Ensure the motor rated current is not zero

OHt Control

Control stage over temperature

This *OHt Control* trip indicates that a control stage over-temperature has been detected. From the sub-trip 'xxyzz', the Thermistor location is identified by 'zz'.

Source	ХХ	У	ZZ	Description
Control system	00	0	01	Control board thermistor 1 over temperature
Control system	00	0	02	Control board thermistor 2 over temperature
Control system	00	0	03	I/O board thermistor over temperature

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Recommended actions:

- · Check enclosure / drive fans are still functioning correctly
- · Check enclosure ventilation paths
- · Check enclosure door filters
- · Increase ventilation
- Reduce the drive switching frequency
- · Check ambient temperature

OHt dc bus

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DC bus over temperature

The *OHt dc bus* trip indicates a DC bus component over temperature based on a software thermal model. The drive includes a thermal protection system to protect the DC bus components within the drive. This includes the effects of the output current and DC bus ripple. The estimated temperature is displayed as a percentage of the trip level in Pr **07.035**. If this parameter reaches 100 % then an *OHt dc bus* trip is initiated. The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping. If the motor does not stop in 10 seconds the drive trips immediately.

Source	xx	У	ZZ	Description
Control system	00	2	00	DC bus thermal model gives trip with sub-trip 0

Recommended actions:

- Check the AC supply voltage balance and levels
- Check DC bus ripple level
- · Reduce duty cycle
- Reduce motor load
- Check the output current stability. If unstable;

Check the motor map settings with motor nameplate (Pr 05.006, Pr 05.007, Pr 05.008, Pr 05.009, Pr 05.010,

Pr **05.011**) – (All Modes)

Disable slip compensation (Pr **05.027** = 0) – (Open loop)

Disable dynamic V to F operation (Pr **05.013** = 0) - (Open loop)

Select fixed boost (Pr **05.014** = Fixed) – (Open loop)

Select high stability space vector modulation (Pr **05.020** = 1) – (Open loop)

Disconnect the load and complete a rotating autotune (Pr 05.012) – (RFC-A, RFC-S)

Auto-tune the rated speed value (Pr 05.016 = 1) - (RFC-A, RFC-S)

Reduce speed loop gains (Pr 03.010, Pr 03.011, Pr 03.012) - (RFC-A, RFC-S)

Add a speed feedback filter value (Pr 03.042) – (RFC-A, RFC-S)

Add a current demand filter (Pr 04.012) - (RFC-A, RFC-S)

Safety information	Product information	Mecha			tting Bas irted param			ion NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	1
	Trip							Diagnosis						
OHt	Inverter	Ir	verter ov	er tempe	erature bas	ed on ther	mal model							
		Т	his trip ind	icates tha	at an IGBT	junction ove	er-temperati	ire has been det	ected bas	sed on a so	oftware the	ermal mode	el.	1
		lг	Sou	rce	ХX	у	ZZ			Descripti	on			
			Control	system	00	1	00	Inverter therma	al model o	gives {OHt	Inverter} t	rip with su	b-trip 0	
	21	R	Reduce Ensure Reduce Decrea Reduce	the selection Auto-swife duty cycles acceled motor lo	cted drive statement of the control	switching fre	nge Disable	(05.035) is set to		5 (
				OC bus ri		es are prese	nt and hala	nced						
OH	Power	P			emperatur		iii aiiu bala	nceu						4
	. I OWC		· ·		•		emperature	has been detect	ted. From	the sub-tri	p 'xxvzz'	the Therm	istor	1
			cation is i			olago o ro. l	opo.a.a.	200 40.00.			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
		Iг	Sou	rce	ХX	у	ZZ			Descrip	tion			
			Powers	vstem	01	0	ZZ	Thermistor I	ocation in	the drive	defined by	' ZZ		
	22	R	Force t Check Check Increas Reduce Reduce Decrea Reduce Check	enclosure ne heatsing enclosure enclosure e ventilat the drive duty cyc se accele motor lo the derati	e / drive fan nk fans to r e ventilation e door filters ion e switching ele eration / decad ng tables a	frequency celeration ra	tes	correctly sized fo	r the appl	lication.				
OHt	Rectifier		ectifier o						<u> </u>					
	102	fr	Power system Check Fit an of Force to Check Check Check Increase Decreae Reduce	Powe number of action when the motor utput line he heatsine enclosure enclosure e ventilat	r module umber as: and motor reactor or nk fans to re de / drive fan e ventilatior de door filters ion eration / decele	y Rectifier number cable insula sinusoidal fun at maxim s are still fun paths	zz zz ation with ar lter num speeds nctioning co	Thermistor location insulation tester by setting Pr 06 prectly	ion define	Descriptio ed by zz		on can be i	dentified	

Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started narameters the motor Operation PLC parameters information Trip Diagnosis OI ac Instantaneous output over current detected The instantaneous drive output current has exceeded above VM DRIVE CURRENT MAX. Source Description Control Rectifier 00 number system Instantaneous over-current trip when the measured a.c. current 00 exceeds VM DRIVE CURRENT[MAX]. Power Power module Λ svstem number 3 Recommended actions: Acceleration/deceleration rate is too short If seen during auto-tune reduce the voltage boost Check for short circuit on the output cabling Check integrity of the motor insulation using an insulation tester Check feedback device wiring Check feedback device mechanical coupling Check feedback signals are free from noise Is motor cable length within limits for the frame size Reduce the values in the speed loop gain parameters - (Pr 03.010, 03.011, 03.012) or (Pr 03.013, 03.014, 03.015) Has the phase angle autotune been completed? (RFC-S mode only) Reduce the values in current loop gain parameters (RFC-A, RFC-S modes only) OI dc Power module over current detected from IGBT on state voltage monitoring The OI dc trip indicates that the short circuit protection for the drive output stage has been activated. Recommended actions: 109 Disconnect the motor cable at the drive end and check the motor and cable insulation with an insulation tester Replace the drive OI Snubber Snubber over-current detected The OI Snubber trip indicates that an over-current condition has been detected in the rectifier snubber circuit. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Source ХX Description ν 77 Power Power Rectifier module 00 Rectifier snubber over-current trip detected. system number number 92 Recommended actions: Ensure the internal EMC Filter is installed Ensure the motor cable length does not exceed the maximum for selected switching frequency Check for supply voltage imbalance Check for supply disturbance such as notching from a DC drive Check the motor and motor cable insulation with an insulation tester Fit an output line reactor or sinusoidal filter **Option Disable** Option module does not acknowledge during drive mode changeover The Option Disable trip indicates that the option module did not acknowledge notifying the drive that communications with the drive has been stopped during the drive mode changeover with in the allocated time. Recommended trip: 215 Reset the trip If the trip persists replace the option module **Out Phase Loss** Output phase loss detected The Out Phase Loss trip indicates that a phase loss has been detected at the drive output. If Output Phase Loss Detection Enable (06.059) = 1 then output phase loss is detected as follows: 1. When the drive is enabled short pulses are applied to make sure each output phase is connected. During running the output current is monitored and the output phase loss condition is detected if the current contains 98 more than TBD % negative phase sequence current for TBDs. Recommended action: Check motor and drive connections To disable the trip set Output Phase Loss Detection Enable (06.059) = 0

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical Electinstallation instal				unning motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technica data	Diagnostic	S UL listing information			
٦	Trip						Di	agnosis								
Over F	requency	Output free	quency ha	s exceed	ded the n	naxim	num frequen	cy threshol	d							
2	222	The Over F	requency t	rip indica	tes that t	he out	tput frequenc	y has exceed	ded 560 l	Hz for more	than 4 r	ns.				
Over	r Speed	Motor spee	ed has exc	eeded th	ne over s	speed	threshold									
	7	direction an Speed Thre then equal	Over Special Shold in Properties 1.2 x the sided action	ed trip is possible of trip is possible of the contract of the	produced n either d et in Pr 0 1	d. In R direction 1.006.	FC-A and RI on an Over S	eds the threst FC-S mode, is speed trip is p 0) to reduce	f the Spe produced	ed Feedba . If Pr 03.00	ck (03.00 8 is set t	02) exceeds to 0.0 the th	s the Over nreshold is			
Ove	er Volts		•				,	um continuo			,	,	,,			
		The Over V	olts trip ind	icates tha	at the DC	C bus v	voltage has	exceeded the varies deper	VM_DC	_VOLTAGE	[MAX] o		nown below.			
		Voltage ı	Voltage rating VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX] VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX] 200 415 410													
		200			415			410								
		400			830			815								
		575			990			970								
		690			1190			1175	5							
		Sub-trip Id	ub-trip Identification Source xx y zz													
		Source	Control 0 0 01: Instantaneous trip when the DC bus voltage exceeds													
	2	Control														
	_	system	system VM_DC_VOLTAGE[MAX].													
		Control	Control 02: Time delayed trip indicating that the DC bus voltage is above													
		system	1 UU 1 U 1													
		Power	system VM_DC_VOLTAGE_SET[MAX].													
		IncreasDecreaCheck iCheck i	Recommended actions: Increase deceleration ramp (Pr 00.004) Decrease the braking resistor value (staying above the minimum value) Check nominal AC supply level Check for supply disturbances which could cause the DC bus to rise Check motor insulation using a insulation tester													
Phas	se Loss	Supply pha	se loss													
		attempt to simmediately	top the mo . The <i>Phas</i> threshold	tor before se <i>Loss</i> tr , the drive	e this trip rip works e will trip	is init by mo on Ph	tiated. If the i onitoring the nase Loss. P	an input phas motor cannot ripple voltage otential cause	be stoppe on the l	ed in 10 se DC bus of t	conds the drive,	ne trip occur if the DC b	rs us ripple			
		Source	х	X	У					ZZ						
		Control system	C	0	0	а	ttempts to st	s detected ba op the drive t .037) is set to	efore trip	•						
		Power system	Power 00: Phase loss has been detected by the rectifier module. Ensure that on a single phase supply the unused supply terminal is connected to one of													
	32	Control system	nun	nber	numb	m	nodule syste	s has been do m, where this ge to the driv	must be							
		Input phase supply in In						is required to	operate	from the DO	Supply	or from a si	ngle phase			
		Recommen	nded actio	ns:												
		 Check the AC supply voltage balance and level at full load Check the DC bus ripple level with an isolated oscilloscope Check the output current stability Reduce the duty cycle 														
			the motor		action as	ot Dr 🐧	C 0.47 to 0									

Disable the phase loss detection, set Pr 06.047 to 2.

Optimization Diagnostics information information installation installation started parameters the motor Operation PLC parameters information Trip Diagnosis **Power Comms** Communication has been lost / errors detected between power, control and rectifier modules The Power Comms trip is initiated if there is no communications between power, control or the rectifier module or if excessive communication errors have been detected. The reason for the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number. Source 01: No communications between the control system and the power იი 0 Control 02: Excessive communication errors between the control system and 90 system power system Power module Rectifier 00: Excessive communications errors detected by the rectifier module number number Recommended actions: Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive **Power Data** Power system configuration data error The Power Data trip indicates that there is an error in the configuration data stored in the power system. Source У Description Control 0 00 01 No data was obtained from the power board. system Control 0 02 00 There is no data table in node 1. system Control The power system data table is bigger than the space available in 00 0 03 system the control pod to store it. Control 0 00 04 The size of the table given in the table is incorrect. system Control 0 00 05 Table CRC error. 220 system The version number of the generator software that produced the Control 0 06 00 system table is too low. Power Power The power data table used internally by the power module has an module 0 00 system number Power Power The power data table that is uploaded to the control system on module n 01 system power up has an error. number Power Power The power data table used internally by the power module does module 0 02 not match the hardware identification of the power module. system number Recommended actions: Hardware fault - Contact the supplier of the drive **Power Down Save** Power down save error The Power Down Save trip indicates that an error has been detected in the power down save parameters saved in nonvolatile memory. 37 Recommended actions: Perform a 1001 save in Pr mm.000 to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. PSU Internal power supply fault The PSU trip indicates that one or more internal power supply rails are outside limits or overloaded. Description Source XX ZZ У Control 00 0 system 00 Internal power supply overload. Power Power Rectifier module 5 system number number Recommended actions: Remove any option modules and perform a reset Remove encoder connection and perform a reset Hardware fault within the drive - return the drive to the supplier

		Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostic	UL listing information
Trip)						D	iagnosis					
PSU 2		24V ir	nternal pov	ver sup	oly overloa	ad							
9		Recoi	sts of the dr mmended educe the I	ive digita actions: oad and xternal 2	al outputs a reset 4 V power	ind main e	dules has exencoder sup		nternal 24	V power s	upply lim	it. The use	er load
Rating Mis	match					odula valt	age or cur	ent rating m	iematch				
223		The R This to voltag Recor	lating Mism rip is only a e or curren mmended	patch trip pplicable t ratings action:	indicates to modula within the sees in a mul	hat there in drives the same multion ti-modular	s a voltage nat are conn ti-module dr	rating or curre ected in paral ive system is m are of the s	ent rating llel. A mix not allow	cture of pow ed and will	ver modul cause a l	es with dif Rating Mis	fferent smatch trip.
Reserv	ved.		ved trips	iii — 0011	tact the 3u	pplici oi ti	ic drive						
Reserv	reu	These	trip numbe ams.		eserved trip			se. These trip	s should	not be use	d by the ι	ıser applic	cation
01		Tri	ip Number				ription						
94 -9	5		01		erved rese	•							
103 – 1			94 -95		erved rese								
161 164 – 1			103 - 108		erved rese								
170 – 1			161		erved rese								
228 - 2	247		64 – 197		erved rese	<u>'</u>							
			170 - 173		erved rese								
			228 - 247	Res	erved non-	resettable	trip						
Resista	ince	Meas	ured resist	ance ha	s exceede	d the par	ameter ran	ge					
33		possible The structure first ructure can od Recoil Cl. Cl. Cl. Cl. Cl. El. El.	ole value of sationary au in comman cour if the remmended heck the meck the inheck the meck the masure the s	stator Futo-tune id after photor is vactions: otor cable tegrity of otor phaetator resident in the stator resident in the stator resident in the stator stator in the stator resident i	Resistance is initiated to ower up in very small in e / connection the motor se to phase se to phase istance of the second control of the connection of the	(05.017). using the a mode 4 (U n compari tions stator win e resistance resistance he motor f	auto-tune fur Jr_I) or on e son to the ra ding using a se at the driv se at the mo 'alls within the	istance during nection (Pr 05.0 very run compating of the draw insulation teads to terminals the range of the year the output compating the output compati	012) or in mand in r ive.	open loop on the second of the	vector mo	ode (Pr 05. (Ur_Auto)	.014) on the
		• R	eplace the	motor			u) and veni	y trie output c	urrent wa	iveloillis w	itii aii osc	illoscope	
Slot4 Not	Fitted		ace in slot				rfaco in alat	4 on the drive	hae haa	n romoved	cinco the	last nove	or up
253		Reco	mmended ardware fai	actions				4 on the drive	e nas bee	en removed	since the	e last powe	er-up.
Slot App	Menu	Appli	cation mer	nu Custo	omization	conflict e	rror						
216		The Slot App Menu trip indicates that more than one option slot has requested to customize the application menus 18, 19 and 20. The sub-trip number indicates which option slot has been allowed to customize the menus. Recommended actions:											
		• Er	nsure that o	only one	of the Appl	ication mo	odules is cor	nfigured to cu	stomize t	he applicat	ion menu	s 18, 19 a	nd 20

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation		Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostic	UL listing information
	Trip						Di	agnosis					
	Different	Optio	n module	in optio	n slot X ha	s change							
								option slot X one trip can be					talled when
		Sı	ub-trip					Reason					
			1	No modu	ule was ins	talled prev	iously						
			2					lled, but the s			option slo	ot has been	1
	204		3	A modul	e with the s	same iden	tifier is insta	been loaded lled, but the a	pplication	ns menu fo	r this opt	ion slot has	been
	209 214		4					e been loaded led, but the se			is menu f	for this option	on slot
								neters have b		ed for thes	e menus		
			>99	Shows to	ne identifie	r of the mo	odule previo	usly installed.					
		Reco	mmended	dactions	:								
								are installed		•			
					ently install in Pr mm.0		module is co	orrect, ensure	option m	odule para	meters a	re set corre	ectly and
Slot	tX Error				n slot X ha		ed a fault						
	202							ion slot X on	the drive	has detect	ed an en	or. The rea	son for the
	202 207			-	the sub-trip	p number.							
	212		mmended			O tal £		us a toda					
SI	otX HF		ee reievar on module	-		er Guiae t	or details of	tne trip					
310		-				option mo	dule in optio	n slot X on the	e drive ha	s indicated	a hardw	are fault. T	he possible
							trip number						, possine
		Sub	-trip					Reason					
			1 The	module	category ca	annot be id	dentified						
		2	2 All t	the require	ed customi	zed menu	table inform	ation has not	been su	oplied or th	e tables	supplied ar	e corrupt
		3	3 The	ere is insu	fficient mer	mory avail	able to alloc	ate the comm	ns buffers	for this mo	dule		
		4	1 The	module l	nas not ind	icated tha	t it is running	correctly du	ring drive	power-up			
	200	5	5 Mo	dule has b	een remov	ed after p	ower-up or i	t has stopped	working				
	205 210	6	6 The	module l	nas not ind	icated tha	t it has stopp	ed accessing	g drive pa	rameters d	uring a d	Irive mode	change
	210	7	7 The	module l	nas failed to	o acknowl	edge that a	request has b	een mad	e to reset t	he drive	processor	
		8	3 The	drive fail	ed to corre	ctly read t	he menu tab	ole from the m	nodule du	ring drive p	ower up		
		9) The	drive fail	ed to uploa	nd menu ta	ables from th	e module and	d timed o	ut (5 s)			
			<u> </u>										
		Reco	mmended	dactions	:								
				•	dule is inst	talled corr	ectly						
			eplace the eplace the	•	iodule								
SlotX N	ot installe		•		n slot X ha	s been re	emoved						
				n <i>stalled</i> tr	ip indicates	that the	option modu	e in option sl	ot X on th	e drive has	s been re	moved sine	ce the last
	203	power		4!									
	208		mmended			allod corr	ootly						
	213		e-install th		odule is inst module.	alleu com	ectly.						
		• To	o confirm t	hat the re	moved opt			er required pe	erform a s	ave function	n in Pr n	nm.000.	
SlotX	Watchdog	_			g function				-4 V !	-11	4:	-4-1-1	
	201				indicates the watchdog of		uon module	installed in SI	ot X has	started the	option w	atchdog ful	nction and
	206		mmended		•								
-	211	1											

211

Replace the option module

Safety information	Product information	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization		edia Card eration	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data		UL listing nformation		
Т	Ггір						[Diagno	sis							
Soft	t Start	Soft s	tart relay	failed to	close, soft	start me										
		The S	<i>oft Start</i> tri	p indicate	es that the s	oft start	relay in the	drive fa	ailed to	close or t	he soft star	t monitori	ng circuit has	failed.		
2	226	Recor	nmended	actions:												
		• Ha	ardware fa	ult – Con	tact the sup	plier of t	he drive									
Stor	red HF	Hardy	vare trip h	as occu	rred during	last po	wer down									
								-HF17)	has occ	curred an	d the drive	has been	power cycled	d. The		
١,	221	sub-tri	p number	identifies	the HF trip	i.e. store	ed HF.17.									
_	L I	Recor	nmended	actions:												
		• Er	nter 1299 i	n Pr mm .	. 000 and pre	ess reset	t to clear the	e trip								
Sub-ar	ray RAM	RAM	allocation	error												
		param with th number	eter RAM ne highest	than is a sub-trip r	llowed. The	RAM all	ocation is c	hecked calcula	d in orde ated as (r of resul paramete	ting sub-tri	p number	quested more s, and so the type) + sub-a	failure		
			1 bit	SIZE	1000				Paramet Vola			0	_			
			8 bit		2000		-		User			100	\dashv			
			16 bit		3000			Р	ower-do	wn save		200				
			32 bit		4000											
			64 bit		5000											
2	227				o-array				lenus		Value	9				
			cations me						18-20		1					
			erivative image 29 2													
		I	ser program image 30 3													
			n slot 1 se	•					15 25		5					
		L	n slot 2 se		5				16		6					
			n slot 2 ap		 S				26		7					
			n slot 3 se						17		8					
		Optio	n slot 3 ap	plication	S				27		9					
		Optio	n slot 4 se	t-up					24		10					
		Optio	n slot 4 ap	plication	S				28		11					
Temp F	Feedback	Intern	al thermis	tor has	failed											
romp	Coulden	The Te		oack trip		at an inte	ernal thermi	stor ha	s failed.	The ther	mistor loca	tion can t	e identified b	y the		
		S	ource		ХХ		у					ZZ				
,	218	Powe	er system	Power	module nur	nber	0		Always	zero						
l '		Powe	er system	Power	module nur	nber	Rectifier nu	mber	Always	zero						
		Recor	nmended	actions:	ı				<u> </u>							
					tact the sup	nlier of t	he drive									
Th Sho	ort Circuit		thermist			pilot of t	ne drive									
		The T	h Short Cii	<i>cuit</i> trip i					nected to	o an anal	log input is	short circ	uit or low imp	edance.		
		Sı	ıb-trip		Reason											
			1	Analog ii	nput 1											
1	25		2	Analog iı	nput 2											
		• CI	mmended neck therm eplace mot	istor con												

Safety information in	Product nformation	Mechanical installation	Electrical installation	Getting started	Basic parameters	Running the motor	Optimization	NV Media Card Operation	Onboard PLC	Advanced parameters	Technical data	Diagnostics	UL listing information	
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Trip	Diagnosis	
Thermistor	Motor thermistor over-temperature	
	The <i>Thermistor</i> trip indicates that the motor thermistor connected to an analog input has indicated a motor over temperature. The cause of the trip can be identified by the sub-trip number	
	Sub-trip Reason	
	1 Analog input 1	
24	2 Analog input 2	
	Recommended actions: Check motor temperature Check thermistor continuity	
Undefined	Drive has tripped and the cause of the trip is Undefined	
110	The <i>Undefined</i> trip indicates that the power system has generated but did not identify the trip the power system. The confidence of the trip is unknown.	ause
110	Recommended actions: Hardware fault – return the drive to the supplier	
User 24V	User 24 V supply is not present on control terminals (1,2)	
-	A <i>User 24 V</i> trip is initiated, if <i>User Supply Select</i> (Pr 06.072) is set to 1 or <i>Low Under Voltage Threshold Select</i> (06.001) 1 and no user 24 V supply is present on control terminals 1 and 2.	67) =
91	Recommended actions: • Ensure the user 24 V supply is present on control terminals 1 (0 V) and 2 (24 V)	

Trip		Diag	nosis
User Program		ser program error	
		ogram trip indicates that an error has been detect fied by the sub-trip number.	ed in the onboard user program image. The reason for the trip
	Sub-trip	Reason	Comments
	1	Divide by zero	
	2	Undefined trip	
	3	Attempted fast parameter access set-up with non-existent parameter	
	4	Attempted access to non-existent parameter	
	5	Attempted write to read-only parameter	
	6	Attempted and over-range write	
	7	Attempted read from write-only parameter	
	30	The image has failed because either its CRC is incorrect, or there are less than 6 bytes in	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed. The image tasks will not run
	31	The image requires more RAM for heap and stack than can be provided by the drive.	As 30
	32	The image requires an OS function call that is higher than the maximum allowed	As 30
	33	The ID code within the image is not valid	As 30
	34	The derivative image has been changed for an image with a different derivative number.	As 30
	40	The timed task has not completed in time and has been suspended	
249	41	Undefined function called, i.e. a function in the host system vector table that has not been	As 40
	51	Core menu customization table CRC check failed	As 30
	52	Customized menu table CRC check failed	As 30
	53	Customized menu table changed	Occurs when the drive powers-up or the image is programmed and the table has changed. Defaults are loaded for the derivative menu and the trip will keep occurring until drive parameters are saved.
	61	The option module installed in slot 1 is not allowed with the derivative image	As 30
	62	The option module installed in slot 2 is not allowed with the derivative image	As 30
	63	The option module installed in slot 3 is not allowed with the derivative image	As 30
	64	The option module installed in slot 4 is not allowed with the derivative image	As 30
	70	An option module that is required by the derivative image is not installed in any slot.	As 30
	71	An option module specifically required to be installed in slot 1 not present	As 30
	72	An option module specifically required to be installed in slot 2 not present	As 30
	73	An option module specifically required to be installed in slot 3 not present	As 30
	74	An option module specifically required to be installed in slot 4 not present	As 30
	80	Image is not compatible with the control board	Initiated from within the image code
	81	Image is not compatible with the control board serial number	As 80

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Trip	Diagnosis						
User Prog Trip	Trip generated by an onboard user program						
	This trip can be initiated from within an onboard user program using a function call which defines the sub-trip number.						
96	Recommended actions:						
	Check the user program						
User Save	User Save error / not completed						
	The <i>User Save</i> trip indicates that an error has been detected in the user save parameters saved in non-volatile memory. For example, following a user save command, If the power to the drive was removed when the user parameters were bein saved.						
36	Recommended actions:						
	 Perform a user save in Pr mm.000 to ensure that the trip doesn't occur the next time the drive is powered up. Ensure that the drive has enough time to complete the save before removing the power to the drive. 						
User Trip	Motor Rated Current Pr 05.007 or Motor Rated Speed Pr 05.008 not recognized as valid for an LSRPM motor						
	A 'User Trip 40' is generated if the Motor Rated Current Pr 05.007 or the Motor Rated Speed Pr 05.008 is not recognized being a valid value for a Dyneo LSRPM motor.						
40	Recommended actions:						
	Check the user program						
User Trip	User generated trip						
	These trips are not generated by the drive and are to be used by the user to trip the drive through an application program						
41 -89	Recommended actions:						
112 -159	Check the Motor Rated Current Pr 05.007 and the Motor Rated Speed Pr 05.008 entered into the drive against the Dyneo LSRPM motors listed in Table 7-3 and Table 7-9 Dyneo LSRPM 5500 rpm motors on page 145.						
Watchdog	Control word watchdog has timed out						
30	The Watchdog trip indicates that the control word has been enabled and has timed out						
30	Recommended actions:						

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

Table 13-4 Serial communications look up table

No	Trip	No	Trip	No	Trip		
1	Reserved 001	92	Ol Snubber	198	Encoder 10		
2	Over Volts	93	Inductor Too Hot	199	Destination		
3	OI ac	94 - 95	Reserved 94 -95	200	Slot1 HF		
4	Not Used	96	User Prog Trip	201	Slot1 Watchdog		
5	PSU	97	Data Changing	202	Slot1 Error		
6	External Trip	98	Out Phase Loss	203	Slot1 Not installed		
7	Over Speed	99	CAM	204	Slot1 Different		
8	Reserved 008	100	Reset	205	Slot2 HF		
9	PSU24	101	Not Used	206	Slot2 Watchdog		
10	Not Used	102	OHt Rectifier	207	Slot2 Error		
11	Autotune 1	103 - 108	Reserved 103 - 108	208	Slot2 Not installed		
12	Autotune 2	109	OI dc	209	Slot2 Different		
13	Autotune 3	110	Undefined	210	Slot3 HF		
14	Autotune 4	111	Configuration	211	Slot3 Watchdog		
15	Autotune 5	112 - 167	User Trip 112 - 167	212	Slot3 Error		
16	Autotune 6	168	Frequency Range	213	Slot3 Not installed		
17	Autotune 7	169	Voltage Range	214	Slot3 Different		
18	Autotune Stopped	170 - 173	Reserved 170 - 173	215	Option Disable		
19	Not Used	174	Card Slot	216	Slot App Menu		
20	Motor Too Hot	175	Card Product	217	App Menu Changed		
21	OHt Inverter	176	Name Plate	218	Temp Feedback		
22	OHt Power	177	Card Boot	219	An Output Calib		
23	OHt Control	178	Card Busy	220	Power Data		
24	Thermistor	179	Card Data Exists	221	Stored HF		
25	Th Short Circuit	180	Card Option	222	Over Frequency		
26	I/O Overload	181	Card Read Only	223	Rating Mismatch		
27	OHt dc bus	182	Card Error	224	Drive Size		
28	An Input Loss 1	183	Card No Data	225	Current Offset		
29	An Input Loss 2	184	Card Full	226	Soft Start		
30	Watchdog	185	Card Access	227	Sub-array RAM		
31	EEPROM Fail	186	Card Rating	228 - 247	Reserved 228 - 247		
32	Phase Loss	187	Card Drive Mode	248	Derivative Image		
33	Resistance	188	Card Compare	249	User Program		
34	Keypad Mode	189	Not Used	250	Slot4 HF		
35	Control Word	190	Not Used	251	Slot4 Watchdog		
36	User Save	191	Not Used	252	Slot4 Error		
37	Power Down Save	192	Not Used	253	Slot4 Not installed		
38	Low Load	193	Not Used	254	Slot4 Different		
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informa	ation inf	formation	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

The trips can be grouped into the following categories. It should be noted that a trip can only occur when the drive is not tripped or is already tripped but with a trip with a lower priority number.

Table 13-5 Trip categories

Priority	Category	Trips	Comments
1	Internal faults	HF01, HF02, HF03, HF04, HF05, HF06, HF07, HF08, HF09, HF10, HF11, HF12, HF13, HF14, HF15, HF16, HF17, HF18, HF19, HF20	These indicate internal problems and cannot be reset. All drive features are inactive after any of these trips occur. If a KI-Keypad is installed it will show the trip, but the keypad will not function.
1	Stored HF trip	{Stored HF}	This trip cannot be cleared unless 1299 is entered into <i>Parameter</i> (mm.000) and a reset is initiated.
2	Non-resettable trips	Trip numbers 218 to 247, {Slot1 HF}, {Slot2 HF}, {Slot3 HF} or {Slot4 HF}	These trips cannot be reset.
3	Volatile memory failure	{EEPROM Fail}	This can only be reset if Parameter mm.000 is set to 1233 or 1244, or if Load Defaults (11.043) is set to a non-zero value.
3	Internal 24 V power supply	{PSU 24}	
4	NV Media Card trips	Trip numbers 174, 175 and 177 to 188	These trips are priority 5 during power-up.
5	Trips with extended reset times	{Ol ac} and Ol dc}	These trips cannot be reset until 10 s after the trip was initiated.
5	Phase loss and d.c. link power circuit protection	{Phase Loss} and {Oht dc bus}	The drive will attempt to stop the motor before tripping if a {Phase Loss}. 000 trip occurs unless this feature has been disabled (see <i>Action On Trip Detection</i> (10.037). The drive will always attempt to stop the motor before tripping if an {Oht dc bus} occurs.
5	Standard trips	All other trips	

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running	Optimization	NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diagnostics	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	- p	Operation	PLC	parameters	data		information

13.5 Internal / Hardware trips

Trips {HF01} to {HF20} are internal faults that do not have trip numbers. If one of these trips occurs, the main drive processor has detected an irrecoverable error. All drive functions are stopped and the trip message will be displayed on the drive keypad. If a non permanent trip occurs this may be reset by power cycling the drive. On power up after it has been power cycled the drive will trip on Stored HF. Enter 1299 in **mm.000** to clear the Stored HF trip.

13.6 Alarm indications

In any mode, an alarm is an indication given on the display by alternating the alarm string with the drive status string on the first row and showing the alarm symbol in the last character in the first row. If an action is not taken to eliminate any alarm except "Auto Tune and Limit Switch" the drive may eventually trip. Alarms are not displayed when a parameter is being edited, but the user will still see the alarm character on the upper row.

Table 13-6 Alarm indications

Alarm string	Description
Motor Overload	Motor Protection Accumulator (04.019) in the drive has reached 75.0 % of the value at which the drive will trip and the load on the drive is >100 %.
Drive Overload	Drive over temperature. <i>Percentage Of Drive Thermal Trip Level</i> (07.036) in the drive is greater than 90 %.
Auto Tune	The autotune procedure has been initialized and an autotune in progress.

13.7 Status indications

Table 13-7 Status indications

Upper row string	Description	Drive output stage
Inhibit	The drive is inhibited and cannot be run. The Safe Torque Off signal is not applied to Safe Torque Off terminals or Pr 06.015 is set to 0	Disabled
Ready	The drive is ready to run. The drive enable is active, but the drive inverter is not active because the final drive run is not active	Disabled
Stop	The drive is stopped / holding zero speed.	Enabled
Run	The drive is active and running	Enabled
Supply Loss	Supply loss condition has been detected	Enabled
Deceleration	The motor is being decelerated to zero speed / frequency because the final drive run has been deactivated.	Enabled
dc injection	The drive is applying dc injection braking	Enabled
Trip	The drive has tripped and no longer controlling the motor. The trip code appears in the lower display	Disabled
Under Voltage	The drive is in the under voltage state either in low voltage or high voltage mode	Disabled
Heat	The motor pre-heat functions inactive	Enabled
Phasing	The drive is performing a 'phasing test on enable'.	Enabled

Table 13-8 Option module and NV Media Card and other status indications at power-up

First row string	Second row string	Status						
Booting	Parameters	Parameters are being loaded						
Drive param	eters are being loade	d from a NV Media Card						
Booting	User Program	User program being loaded						
User program is being loaded from a NV Media Card to the drive								
Booting	Option Program	User program being loaded						
User program is being loaded from a NV Media Card to the option module in slot X								
Writing To	NV Card	Data being written to NV Media Card						
		ia Card to ensure that its copy of the se the drive is in Auto or Boot mode						
Waiting For	Power System	Waiting for power stage						
The drive is after power-	•	sor in the power stage to respond						
Waiting For	Options	Waiting for an option module						
The drive is	The drive is waiting for the Options Modules to respond after power-up							
Uploading From	Options	Loading parameter database						
At power-up	it may be necessary	to update the parameter database						

13.8 Programming error indications

Following are the error message displayed on the drive keypad when an error occurs during programming of drive firmware.

held by the drive because an option module has changed or because an applications module has requested changes to the parameter structure. This may involve data transfer between the drive an option modules. During this period 'Uploading From Options' is displayed

Table 13-9 Programming error indications

Error String	Reason	Solution
Error 1	There is not enough drive memory requested by all the option modules.	Power down drive and remove some of the option modules until the message disappears.
Error 2	At least one option module did not acknowledge the reset request.	Power cycle drive
Error 3	The boot loader failed to erase the processor flash	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive
Error 4	The boot loader failed to program the processor flash	Power cycle drive and try again. If problem persists, return drive
Error 5	One option module did not initialize correctly. Option module did not set Ready to Run flag.	Remove faulty option module.

Safety	Product	Mechanical	Electrical	Getting	Basic	Running		NV Media Card	Onboard	Advanced	Technical	Diamagatica	UL listing
information	information	installation	installation	started	parameters	the motor	Optimization	Operation	PLC	parameters	data	Diagnostics	information

13.9 Displaying the trip history

The drive retains a log of the last ten trips that have occurred. *Trip 0* (10.020) to *Trip 9* (10.029) store the most recent 10 trips that have occurred where *Trip 0* (10.020) is the most recent and *Trip 9* (10.029) is the oldest. When a new trip occurs it is written to *Trip 0* (10.020) and all the other trips move down the log, with oldest being lost. The date and time when each trip occurs are also stored in the date and time log, i.e. *Trip 0 Date* (10.041) to *Trip 9 Time* (10.060). The date and time are taken from *Date* (06.016) and *Time* (06.017). The date / time source can be selected with *Date / Time Selector* (06.019). Some trips have sub-trip numbers which give more detail about the reason for the trip. If a trip has a sub-trip number its value is stored in the sub-trip log, i.e. *Trip 0 Sub-trip Number* (10.070) to *Trip 9 Sub-trip Number* (10.079). If the trip does not have a sub-trip number then zero is stored in the sub-trip log.

If any parameter between Pr **10.020** and Pr **10.029** inclusive is read by serial communication, then the trip number in Table 13-3 is the value transmitted.

NOTE

The trip logs can be reset by writing a vale of 255 in Pr 10.038.

13.10 Behaviour of the drive when tripped

If the drive trips, the output of the drive is disabled so the load coasts to a stop. If any trip occurs the following read only parameters are frozen until the trip is cleared. This is to help in diagnose the cause of the trip.

Parameter	Description
01.001	Frequency / speed reference
01.002	Pre-skip filter reference
01.003	Pre-ramp reference
02.001	Post-ramp reference
03.001	Frequency slaving demand / Final speed ref
03.002	Speed feedback
03.003	Speed error
03.004	Speed controller output
04.001	Current magnitude
04.002	Active current
04.017	Reactive current
05.001	Output frequency
05.002	Output voltage
05.003	Power
05.005	DC bus voltage
07.001	Analog input 1
07.002	Analog input 2

If the parameters are not required to be frozen then this can be disabled by setting bit 4 of Pr 10.037.

UL listing Safety Product Electrica NV Media Card Optimization Diagnostics installation data information information installation parameters the motor Operation PLC parameters information

14 UL listing information

14.1 General

14.1.1 Scope of approvals

All models with the exception of Frame 9A, Frame 9 and 10 690 V and Frame 11 are listed to both US and Canadian safety requirements.

The UL file number is: E171230.

The Manufacturing Location Code is: 8D14.

14.1.2 Manufacturers name

The manufacturer is Control Techniques Ltd

14.1.3 Electrical ratings

The electrical ratings are tabulated in section 2.3 Ratings on page 11.

14.1.4 Multiple wiring arrangements

The drives are not intended for use in applications that require different wiring arrangements. The drives are not multiple rated.

14.1.5 Model numbers

Model numbers are shown in Chapter 2 Product information on page 10.

14.1.6 Plenum rating

The drives are suitable for installation in a compartment (duct) handling conditioned air when installed as enclosed types with the intended Type 1 terminal kit.

14.1.7 Operating temperature

The drives are rated for use at 40 °C ambient temperature.

Operation at 50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ is permitted with derated output. Refer to Table 12-3 on page 235.

14.1.8 Installation warnings, cautions and notes

The appropriate installation warnings, cautions and notes are located in section 1 *Safety information* on page 8, and in the Getting Started Guide provided with the drive.

14.2 Overload, overcurrent and overspeed protection

14.2.1 Degree of protection level

The devices incorporate solid state overload protection for the motor load. The protection levels, expressed as a percentage of full-load current, are shown in section 2.3.1 *Typical short term overload limits* on page 14.

In order for the motor protection to work properly, the motor rated current must be entered into Pr **00.046** or Pr **05.007**.

The protection level may be adjusted below 150 % if required. Refer to section 8.2 *Motor thermal protection* on page 159.

The drive incorporates solid state motor overspeed protection. However, this feature does not provide the level of protection provided by an independent, high-integrity overspeed protection device.

14.2.2 Thermal memory protection

The drives are provided with motor load and speed sensitive overload protection with thermal memory retention.

The thermal memory protection complies with UL requirements for shutdown, loss of power and speed sensitivity.

For a full explanation of the thermal protection system, refer to section 8.2 *Motor thermal protection* .

In order to comply with UL requirements for thermal memory retention it is necessary to set the *Thermal Protection Mode* (Pr **04.016**) to zero; and the *Low Speed Protection Mode* (Pr **04.025**) must be set to 1.

14.2.3 Use with motors with thermal protectors

The drive is provided with a means to accept and act upon a signal from a thermal sensor or switch imbedded in the motor or from an external protective relay This is described in section 4.8 *Output circuit and motor protection* on page 86 and section 7.3 *Quick start commissioning / start-*

up on page 139.

14.2.4 Specific overcurrent protective device

The drive is not required to be connected to a supply source with a specific overcurrent protective device other than those specified in section 4.7 *Ratings* on page 81.

14.3 Short-circuit protection for branch circuits

14.3.1 Short-circuit rating

The drive is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 100,000 RMS symmetrical amperes, 600 Vac maximum, when protected by the overcurrent protective devices as described in section 4.7 *Ratings* on page 81.

Unless otherwise indicated in the rating tables in section 4.7 *Ratings* on page 81, branch fuses may be any UL listed Class CC, J or T rated 600 Vac.

Unless otherwise indicated in the rating tables in section 4.7 *Ratings* on page 81, circuit breakers may be any UL listed type with category control number DIVQ or DIVQ7, rated 600 Vac.

14.3.2 Solid state short-circuit protection

The drive is provided with solid state short-circuit protection. Integral solid state protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes.

14.3.3 Common DC bus systems

Frame sizes 3, 4, 5 and 6 are approved for use in modular drive systems using a common DC bus.

For permitted combinations of converter and inverter, along with the required branch circuit protection, contact Control Techniques.

14.4 Control circuit protection

14.4.1 Control circuit wiring

All control circuits are located in limited voltage, limited current isolated secondary circuits. Additional wiring protection is not required.

14.4.2 Supplemental fuse

When the control circuits are supplied with an external 24 V supply, a supplemental fuse is required as described in section 4.5 24 Vdc supply on page 80.

14.4.3 Accessory kits boxes

All drives are supplied with an accessory kit box, described in section 2.8 Items supplied with the drive on page 20.

14.5 Wiring terminal markings

14.5.1 Marking for proper connection

All main terminals are plainly marked. There are no multiple circuit arrangements.

14.5.2 Terminal connection of ground supply conductor

The terminals for the connection of the grounded supply circuit conductor are identified by means of an earth symbol (IEC 60417, symbol No. 5019)

Ground connections must use UL listed closed loop (ring) terminals.

14.5.3 User relay contact

An isolated user relay contact is provided that may be wired in the field to become part of a class 1 or class 2 circuit. This is described in section 4.12 *Control connections* on page 98.

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14.5.4 Type of conductors

Use copper conductors only.

14.5.5 Temperature rating of conductors

Use 75 °C rated conductors only.

14.5.6 Torque values

Torque values for field wiring terminals are provided in section 3.12.2 *Terminal sizes and torque settings* on page 65.

14.6 Environment

14.6.1 Environment

Drives are intended for operation in pollution degree 2 environments.

Drives are supplied as Open type.

Drives are classed as Enclosed Type 1 when installed with the intended Type 1 terminal kit.

Devices are classed as Type 12 when installed in a Type 12 enclosure.

14.7 Mounting

14.7.1 Surface mounting

All drives are suitable for Surface mounting. Mounting instructions are given in section 3.5.1 *Surface mounting* on page 32.

14.7.2 Bookcase mounting

In order to minimise the width of the installation, devices may be mounted side by side with or without airspace between them.

14.7.3 Tile mounting

Frame sizes 3, 4 and 5 are suitable for tile mounting. The drive is mounted sideways with the side panel against the mounting surface. Tile mounting kits are available.

14.7.4 Through-hole mounting

All models may be through hole mounted. When through-hole mounted, inside a Type 12 enclosure, the high-IP insert (where provided) and the Type 12 sealing kit must be used in order to prevent ingress of dust and water. Refer to section 3.5.2 *Through-panel mounting* on page 39.

14.8 Listed Accessories

14.8.1 Option modules

The following option modules and accessories are UL listed:

Open Type:

SI-PROFINET RT SI-I/O

SI-Ethernet SD-Card Adaptor
SI-DeviceNet KI-485 Adaptor
SI-CANopen KI-HOA keypad RTC

SI-PROFIBUS

NOTE

Not all option modules are compatible with all drive models.

14.9 cUL Marking requirements

14.9.1 External transient suppression

Model numbers 07500530, 07500730, 8500860, 8501080 rated 575 V require external transient suppression in order to comply with cUL approval requirements:



Transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 575 Vac (phase to ground), 575 Vac (phase to phase), suitable for overvoltage protection category III, and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 6 kV and a clamping voltage of maximum 2400 V.

14.9.2 Opening of branch-circuit protection



The opening of the branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, current-carrying parts, and other components of the controller should be examined and replaced if damaged.

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